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(54) **COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS RELATED TO PROTEIN A (SPA) ANTIBODIES AS AN ENHANCER OF IMMUNE RESPONSE**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention concerns methods and compositions for treating or preventing a bacterial infection, particularly infection by a *Staphylococcus* bacterium. The invention provides methods and compositions for stimulating an immune response against the bacteria. In certain embodiments, the methods and compositions involve a non-toxigenic Protein A (SpA) variant or an antibody directed thereto.

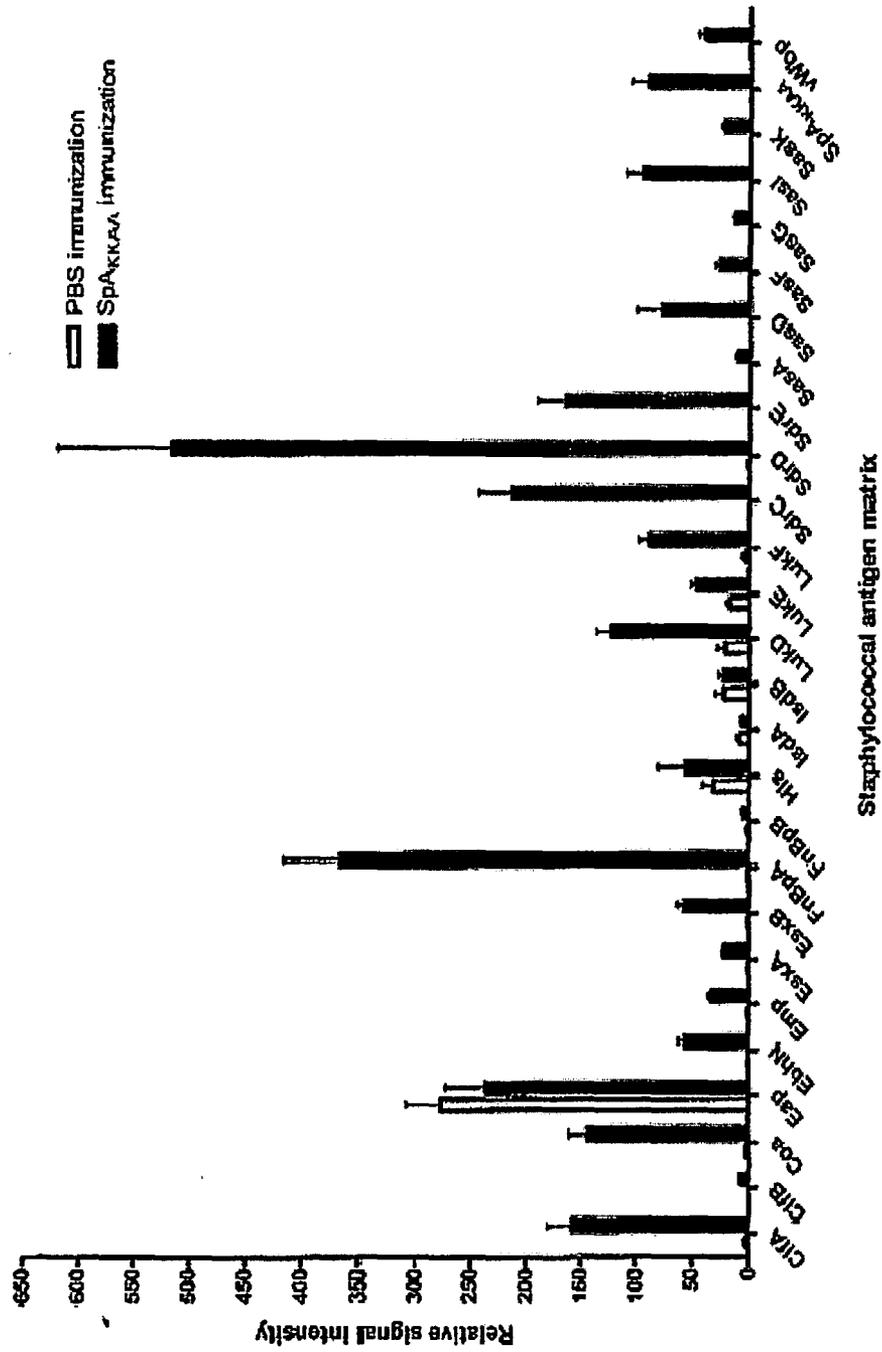


FIG. 1

## COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS RELATED TO PROTEIN A (SPA) ANTIBODIES AS AN ENHANCER OF IMMUNE RESPONSE

[0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/321,050 filed Apr. 5, 2010, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0002] This invention was made with government support under AI057153, AI75258, AI052474, and GM007281 awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The United States government has certain rights in the invention.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] I. Field of the Invention

[0004] The present invention relates generally to the fields of immunology, microbiology, and pathology. More particularly, it concerns methods and compositions for enhancing an immune response against a bacterial antigen.

[0005] II. Background

[0006] The number of both community acquired and hospital acquired infections have increased over recent years with the increased use of intravascular devices. Hospital acquired (nosocomial) infections are a major cause of morbidity and mortality, more particularly in the United States, where it affects more than 2 million patients annually. The most frequent infections are urinary tract infections (33% of the infections), followed by pneumonia (15.5%), surgical site infections (14.8%) and primary bloodstream infections (13%) (Emorl and Gaynes, 1993).

[0007] The major nosocomial pathogens include *Staphylococcus aureus*, coagulase-negative Staphylococci (mostly *Staphylococcus epidermidis*), *enterococcus* spp., *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. Although these pathogens cause approximately the same number of infections, the severity of the disorders they can produce combined with the frequency of antibiotic resistant isolates balance this ranking towards *S. aureus* and *S. epidermidis* as being the most significant nosocomial pathogens.

[0008] Staphylococci can cause a wide variety of diseases in humans and other animals through either toxin production or invasion. Staphylococcal toxins are also a common cause of food poisoning, as the bacteria can grow in improperly stored food.

[0009] *Staphylococcus epidermidis* is a normal skin commensal, which is also an important opportunistic pathogen responsible for infections of impaired medical devices and infections at sites of surgery. Medical devices infected by *S. epidermidis* include cardiac pacemakers, cerebrospinal fluid shunts, continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis catheters, orthopedic devices and prosthetic heart valves.

[0010] *Staphylococcus aureus* is the most common cause of nosocomial infections with a significant morbidity and mortality. It is the cause of some cases of osteomyelitis, endocarditis, septic arthritis, pneumonia, abscesses, and toxic shock syndrome. *S. aureus* can survive on dry surfaces, increasing the chance of transmission. Any *S. aureus* infection can cause the staphylococcal scalded skin syndrome, a cutaneous reaction to exotoxin absorbed into the bloodstream. It can also cause a type of septicemia called pyaemia that can be life-threatening. Problematically, Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) has become a major cause of hospital-acquired infections.

[0011] *S. aureus* and *S. epidermidis* infections are typically treated with antibiotics, with penicillin being the drug of

choice, whereas vancomycin is used for methicillin resistant isolates. The percentage of staphylococcal strains exhibiting wide-spectrum resistance to antibiotics has become increasingly prevalent, posing a threat for effective antimicrobial therapy. In addition, the recent emergence of vancomycin resistant *S. aureus* strain has aroused fear that MRSA strains are emerging and spreading for which no effective therapy is available.

[0012] An alternative to antibiotic treatment for staphylococcal infections is under investigation that uses antibodies directed against staphylococcal antigens. This therapy involves administration of polyclonal antisera (WO00/15238, WO00/12132) or treatment with monoclonal antibodies against lipoteichoic acid (WO98/57994).

[0013] An alternative approach would be the use of active vaccination to generate an immune response against staphylococci. The *S. aureus* genome has been sequenced and many of the coding sequences have been identified (WO02/094868, EP0786519), which can lead to the identification of potential antigens. The same is true for *S. epidermidis* (WO01/34809). As a refinement of this approach, others have identified proteins that are recognized by hyperimmune sera from patients who have suffered staphylococcal infection (WO01/98499, WO02/059148).

[0014] *S. aureus* secretes a plethora of virulence factors into the extracellular milieu (Archer, 1998; Dinges et al., 2000; Foster, 2005; Shaw et al., 2004; Sibbald et al., 2006). Like most secreted proteins, these virulence factors are translocated by the Sec machinery across the plasma membrane. Proteins secreted by the Sec machinery bear an N-terminal leader peptide that is removed by leader peptidase once the pre-protein is engaged in the Sec translocon (Dalbey and Wickner, 1985; van Wely et al., 2001). Recent genome analysis suggests that Actinobacteria and members of the Firmicutes encode an additional secretion system that recognizes a subset of proteins in a Sec-independent manner (Pallen, 2002). ESAT-6 (early secreted antigen target 6 kDa) and CFP-10 (culture filtrate antigen 10 kDa) of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* represent the first substrates of this novel secretion system termed ESX-1 or 5 nm in *M. tuberculosis* (Andersen et al., 1995; Hsu et al., 2003; Pym et al., 2003; Stanley et al., 2003). In *S. aureus*, two ESAT-6 like factors designated EsxA and EsxB are secreted by the Ess pathway (ESAT-6 secretion system) (Burts et al., 2005).

[0015] The first generation of vaccines targeted against *S. aureus* or against the exoproteins it produces have met with limited success (Lee, 1996). There remains a need to develop effective vaccines against staphylococcal infections. Additional compositions for treating staphylococcal infections are also needed.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0016] Protein A (SpA) (SEQ ID NO:33), a cell wall anchored surface protein of *Staphylococcus aureus*, provides for bacterial evasion from innate and adaptive immune responses. Protein A binds immunoglobulins at their Fc portion, interacts with the VH3 domain of B cell receptors inappropriately stimulating B cell proliferation and apoptosis, binds to von Willebrand factor A1 domains to activate intracellular clotting, and also binds to the TNF Receptor-1 to contribute to the pathogenesis of staphylococcal pneumonia. Due to the fact that Protein A captures immunoglobulin and displays toxic attributes, the possibility that this surface molecule may function as a vaccine in humans has not been

rigorously pursued. Here the inventors demonstrate that antibodies specific for Protein A stimulate or enhance an immune response to other bacterial antigens.

**[0017]** Embodiments include the use of antibodies that specifically bind Protein A and peptides that elicit such antibodies in methods and compositions for the treatment, attenuation, or prevention of bacterial and/or staphylococcal infection and/or pathological conditions resulting from such an infection. Furthermore, the present invention provides methods and compositions that can be used to treat (e.g., limiting staphylococcal abscess formation and/or persistence in a subject), attenuate, or prevent bacterial infection or pathological conditions resulting from such infection.

**[0018]** In certain aspects, methods for stimulating or enhancing an immune response involve administering to the subject an effective amount of an isolated protein A (SpA) specific antibody and a bacterial antigen. The bacterial antigen or immunogenic fragment can be administered before, after, and/or concurrently with the protein A specific antibody. The bacterial antigen or immunogenic fragment and the Protein A specific antibody can be administered in the same or a separate composition.

**[0019]** In a further aspect, the methods include stimulating or enhancing an immune response involving administering an SpA polypeptide variant prior to or after the administration of one or more bacterial antigens. The SpA polypeptide variant can be administered 12, 24, 48, 72 hours, or 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 days before or after administration of one or more bacterial antigen. In certain aspects, a subject administered a SpA polypeptide variant can be evaluated for production of SpA specific antibodies prior to administration of one or more bacterial antigens or bacteria. In certain embodiments a SpA polypeptide variant can be administered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more times prior to or after administration of one or more bacterial antigen or bacteria. In certain embodiments the SpA variant is a full length SpA variant comprising a variant A, B, C, D, and/or E domain. In certain aspects, the SpA variant comprises or consists of the amino acid sequence that is 80, 90, 95, 98, 99, or 100% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:34. In other embodiments the SpA variant comprises a segment of SpA. The SpA segment can comprise at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more IgG binding domains. The IgG domains can be at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more variant A, B, C, D, or E domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant A domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant B domains. In still a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant C domains. In yet a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant D domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant E domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises a combination of A, B, C, D, and E domains in various combinations and permutations. The combinations can include all or part of a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In other aspects the SpA variant does not include a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In certain aspects a variant A domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:4. In another aspect a variant B domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:6. In still another aspect a variant C

domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:5. In certain aspects a variant D domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 9, 10, 36, and/or 37 of SEQ ID NO:2. In a further aspect a variant E domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 6, 7, 33, and/or 34 of SEQ ID NO:3. In certain aspects, an SpA domain D variant or its equivalent can comprise a mutation at position 9 and 36; 9 and 37; 9 and 10; 36 and 37; 10 and 36; 10 and 37; 9, 36, and 37; 10, 36, and 37, 9, 10 and 36; or 9, 10 and 37 of SEQ ID NO:2. In a further aspect, analogous mutations can be included in one or more of domains A, B, C, or E. In further aspects, the amino acid glutamine (Q) at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an aspartic acid (D), a cysteine (C), a glutamic acid (E), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the glutamine at position 9 can be substituted with an arginine (R). In a further aspect, the glutamine at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with a lysine or a glycine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In another aspect, the amino acid glutamine (Q) at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an aspartic acid (D), a cysteine (C), a glutamic acid (E), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the glutamine at position 10 can be substituted with an arginine (R). In a further aspect, the glutamine at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with a lysine or a glycine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In certain aspects, the aspartic acid (D) at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an arginine (R), a cysteine (C), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a glutamine (Q), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the aspartic acid at position 36 can be substituted with a glutamic acid (E). In certain aspects, an aspartic acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with an alanine or a serine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In another aspect, the aspartic acid (D) at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an arginine (R), a cysteine (C), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a glutamine (Q), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the aspartic acid at position 37 can be substituted with a glutamic acid (E). In certain aspects, an aspartic acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with an alanine or a serine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In a particular embodiment the amino at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a

valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a glycine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a lysine. In a particular embodiment the amino acid at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a glycine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a lysine. In a particular embodiment the amino acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a serine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by an alanine. In a particular embodiment the amino acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a serine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by an alanine. In certain aspects the SpA variant includes a substitution of (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a  $V_H3$  binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to  $V_H3$ . In still further aspects the amino acid sequence of a SpA variant comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, or 100% identical, including all values and ranges there between, to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:2-6. In a further aspect the SpA variant includes (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a  $V_H3$  binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that disrupts or decreases binding to  $V_H3$ . In certain aspects amino acid residue F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35 (SEQ ID NO:2, QQNNFNKDKQSAFYEILNMPNLNEAQRNG-FIQSLKDDPSQSTNVLGEAKKLNES) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted. In certain aspects amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the  $V_H3$  binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted such that binding to Fc or  $V_H3$  is attenuated. In further aspects corresponding modifications or substitutions can be engineered in corresponding positions of the domain A, B, C, and/or E. Corresponding positions are defined by alignment of the domain D amino acid sequence with one or more of the amino acid sequences from other IgG binding domains of SpA. In certain aspects the amino acid substitution can be any of the other 20 amino acids. In a further aspect conservative amino acid substitutions can be specifically excluded from possible amino acid substitutions. In other aspects only non-conservative substitutions are included. In any event, any substitution or combination of substitutions that reduces the binding of the domain such that SpA toxicity is significantly reduced is contemplated. The significance of the reduction in

binding refers to a variant that produces minimal to no toxicity when introduced into a subject and can be assessed using in vitro methods described herein. In certain embodiments, a variant SpA comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more variant SpA domain D peptides. In certain aspects 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, or 19 or more amino acid residues of the variant SpA are substituted or modified—including but not limited to amino acids F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D and amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the  $V_H3$  binding sub-domain of domain D. In one aspect of the invention glutamine residues at position 9 and/or 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In another aspect, aspartic acid residues 36 and/or 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In a further aspect, glutamine 9 and 10, and aspartic acid residues 36 and 37 are mutated. Purified non-toxicogenic SpA or SpA-D mutants/variants described herein are no longer able to significantly bind (i.e., demonstrate attenuated or disrupted binding affinity) Fcγ or F(ab)<sub>2</sub>  $V_H3$  and also do not stimulate B cell apoptosis. These non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can be used to enhance or stimulate an immune response against a bacterial antigen, thereby raising humoral immune responses that confer protective immunity against *S. aureus* challenge. Compared to wild-type full-length Protein A or the wild-type SpA-domain D, immunization with SpA-D variants resulted in an increase in Protein A specific antibody. Using a mouse model of staphylococcal challenge and abscess formation, it was observed that immunization with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants generated significant protection from staphylococcal infection and abscess formation. As virtually all *S. aureus* strains express Protein A, immunization of humans with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can neutralize this virulence factor and thereby establish protective immunity. In certain aspects the protective immunity protects or ameliorates infection by drug resistant strains of *Staphylococcus*, such as USA300 and other MRSA strains. In certain embodiments 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more SpA variants can be specifically excluded from the claimed invention.

**[0020]** Bacterial antigens include, but are not limited to (i) a secreted virulence factor, and/or a cell surface protein or peptide, or (ii) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a secreted virulence factor, and/or a cell surface protein or peptide. The bacterial antigen can include one or more of at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, or 19 additional staphylococcal antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, including, but not limited to FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD (GI:2765304), LukE (GI:2765303), LukF (GI:12231006), SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh, 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa (GenBank CAC80837), Aap (GenBank accession AJ249487), Ant (GenBank accession NP\_372518), autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor,

Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg<sup>2+</sup> transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein (see PCT publications WO2007/113222, WO2007/113223, WO2006/032472, WO2006/032475, WO2006/032500, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in their entirety). In certain aspects, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen. The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects the bacterial antigens include one or more of sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid (SEQ ID NO:155) polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof (see PCT publication WO/2010/119343, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety).

**[0021]** In certain embodiments, the claimed invention specifically excludes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more of FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD (GI:2765304), LukE (GI:2765303), LukF (GI:12231006), SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh, 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa (GenBank CAC80837), Aap (GenBank accession AJ249487), Ant (GenBank accession NP\_372518), autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg<sup>2+</sup> transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein (see PCT publications WO2007/113222, WO2007/113223, WO2006/032472, WO2006/032475, WO2006/032500, each of which

is incorporated herein by reference in their entirety). In certain aspects, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen. The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects the bacterial antigens include one or more of sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

**[0022]** Certain embodiments are directed to an immunogenic composition comprising an isolated Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and a bacterial antigen, wherein the Protein A specific antibody enhances an immune response to the bacterial antigen. In certain aspects, the antibody is a polyclonal antibody, a monoclonal antibody, or an antibody fragment. In still further aspects, the bacterial antigen is comprised in or on a bacteria. The bacteria can be an attenuated bacteria, in particular an attenuated staphylococcal bacteria.

**[0023]** In certain embodiments a subject is administered an SpA polypeptide variant (before or after administering one or more bacterial antigens) or administered a protein A specific antibody in combination with one or more bacterial antigens selected from: FnBpA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, FnBpB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, LukD antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, LukE antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, LukF antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasD antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasG antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasI antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasK antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SpA (and variants thereof) antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Eap antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Ebh antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Emp antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsaB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsaC antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsxA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsxB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SdrC antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SdrD antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SdrE antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, IsdA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, IsdB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, ClfA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, ClfB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Coa antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants) antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, IsdC antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasF antigen or immunogenic fragment















FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWh, sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

**[0054]** In other aspects, a subject is administered an SpA polypeptide variant (before or after one or more bacterial antigens) or administered a protein A antibody (before, concurrently or after one or more bacterial antigens) in combination with vWh and 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more bacterial antigens selected from FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

**[0055]** Certain embodiment are directed to the above listed antibody and bacterial antigen combinations comprised in a vaccine composition having a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

**[0056]** Further embodiments include methods of making a vaccine comprising the steps of mixing antibody and antigens to make the compositions described herein.

**[0057]** Still further embodiments include methods of preventing or treating staphylococcal infection comprising the step of administering the vaccine as described herein to a patient in need thereof.

**[0058]** Certain embodiments are directed to use of the compositions described herein in the treatment or prevention of bacterial or staphylococcal infection. Certain embodiments are directed to use of the compositions described herein in the

treatment or prevention of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial or staphylococcal infection.

**[0059]** A further embodiment includes methods for treating a bacterial infection in a subject comprising providing to a subject having, suspected of having or at risk of developing a bacterial infection effective amounts of an isolated Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and one or more bacterial antigens. In certain aspects, the one or more bacterial antigens are comprised in or on a bacteria, or are isolated recombinant polypeptides or peptides. In a further aspect the bacteria comprising the antigens is an attenuated bacteria, in a particular aspect the attenuated bacteria is a staphylococcal bacteria. In certain aspects the subject is diagnosed with a staphylococcal infection. In various aspects described above, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen. The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof.

**[0060]** The methods further include steps wherein two or more bacterial antigens are provided to the subject. In certain aspects the Protein A (SpA) specific antibody is provided before, after, and/or concurrently with the bacterial antigen. In certain aspects, the Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and the one or more bacterial antigens are provided in the same composition. In a further aspect, the subject is a mammal, particularly human.

**[0061]** Embodiments include methods for enhancing an immune response against a bacterium in a subject. In certain aspects the methods include providing to the subject effective amounts of an isolated Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and one or more antigens from the bacterium. In a further aspect the methods include pre-immunization with an SpA polypeptide variant followed by administration of one or more antigens from the bacterium. Still further aspects include administration of an SpA polypeptide variant after administration of one or more antigens from the bacterium. In certain aspects, one or more bacterial antigens are comprised in or on or produced by a bacteria, or are isolated recombinant polypeptides or peptides. In a further aspect the bacteria comprising the antigens is an attenuated bacteria, in a particular aspect the attenuated bacteria is a staphylococcal bacteria. In certain aspects the subject is diagnosed with a staphylococcal infection. In various aspects described above, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen. The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects the *staphylococcus* bacterium is a *S. aureus* bacterium. In a further aspect, the *staphylococcus* bacterium is resistant to one or more treatments, such as methicillin resistant. In certain aspects the composition is administered more than one time to the subject.

**[0062]** In certain aspects, a bacterium delivering a composition of the invention will be limited or attenuated with respect to prolonged or persistent growth or abscess formation. In yet a further aspect, bacterial antigens can be overexpressed in an attenuated bacterium to further enhance or supplement an immune response or vaccine formulation.



**[0088]** The term “Hla protein” refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type Hla polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria Hla proteins.

**[0089]** The term “IsdC protein” refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type IsdC polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria IsdC proteins.

**[0090]** The term “SasF protein” refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SasF polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SasF proteins.

**[0091]** The term “vWbp protein” refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type vWbp (von Willebrand factor binding protein) polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria vWbp proteins.

**[0092]** The term “vWh protein” refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type vWh (von Willebrand factor binding protein homolog) polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria vWh proteins.

**[0093]** An immune response refers to a humoral response, a cellular response, or both a humoral and cellular response in an organism. An immune response can be measured by assays that include, but are not limited to, assays measuring the presence or amount of antibodies that specifically recognize a protein or cell surface protein, assays measuring T-cell activation or proliferation, and/or assays that measure modulation in terms of activity or expression of one or more cytokines

**[0094]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a FnBpA protein. In certain aspects the FnBpA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number A32192/GI:97812.

**[0095]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an FnBpB protein. In certain aspects the FnBpB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number A32192/GI:97812.

**[0096]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an LukD protein. In certain aspects the LukD protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number CAA73668/GI:2765304.

**[0097]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an LukE protein. In certain aspects the LukE protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number CAA73667.1/GI:2765303.

**[0098]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is

or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an LukF protein. In certain aspects the LukF protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number AAC60446.1/GI:410007.

**[0099]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasA protein. In certain aspects the SasA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number Q06904.2/GI:93141309.

**[0100]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasD protein. In certain aspects the SasD protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number AAR15215.1/GI:38259745.

**[0101]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasG protein. In certain aspects the SasG protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number Q2G2B2.1/GI:122540575.

**[0102]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasI protein. In certain aspects the SasI protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number AAR15295.1/GI:38259905.

**[0103]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasK protein. In certain aspects the SasK protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number ZP\_06340589.1/GI:283767674.

**[0104]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an EsxA protein. In certain aspects the EsxA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:11.

**[0105]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an EsxB protein. In certain aspects the EsxB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12.

**[0106]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SdrD protein. In certain aspects the SdrD protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:13.

**[0107]** In further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SdrE protein. In certain aspects the SdrE protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14.

**[0108]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%,

98%, or 99% identical or similar to an IsdA protein. In certain aspects the IsdA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:15.

**[0109]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an IsdB protein. In certain aspects the IsdB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16.

**[0110]** Embodiments of the invention include compositions that include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a EsaB protein. In certain aspects the EsaB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:17.

**[0111]** In a further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a ClfB protein. In certain aspects the ClfB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:18.

**[0112]** In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an IsdC protein. In certain aspects the IsdC protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19.

**[0113]** In yet further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a SasF protein. In certain aspects the SasF protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20.

**[0114]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a SdrC protein. In certain aspects the SdrC protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:21.

**[0115]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a ClfA protein. In certain aspects the ClfA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:22.

**[0116]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an Eap protein. In certain aspects the Eap protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:23.

**[0117]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an Ebh protein. In certain aspects the Ebh protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:24.

**[0118]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an Emp protein. In certain aspects the Emp protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:25.

**[0119]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an EsaC protein. In certain aspects the EsaC protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:26. Sequence of EsaC polypeptides can be found in the protein databases and include, but are not limited to accession numbers ZP\_02760162 (GI:168727885), NP\_645081.1 (GI:21281993), and NP\_370813.1 (GI:15923279), each of which is incorporated herein by reference as of the priority date of this application.

**[0120]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a Coa protein. In certain aspects the Coa protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:27.

**[0121]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a Hla protein. In certain aspects the Hla protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:28.

**[0122]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a vWw protein. In certain aspects the vWw protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:29.

**[0123]** In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a vWbp protein. In certain aspects the vWbp protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:32.

**[0124]** In certain aspects, a polypeptide or segment/fragment can have a sequence that is at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99% or more identical to the amino acid sequence of the reference polypeptide. The term "similarity" refers to a polypeptide that has a sequence that has a certain percentage of amino acids that are either identical with the reference polypeptide or constitute conservative substitutions with the reference polypeptides.

**[0125]** The 'sta001' antigen is annotated as '5'-nucleotidase family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta001 is SAOU-HSC\_00025 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:35 (GI:88193846). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0022 (GI:151220234). It has also been referred to as AdsA and SasH and SA0024.

**[0126]** Useful sta001 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:35 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO: 35; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 35, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta001 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO: 35. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 35. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,

6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 35 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO: 35. The final 34 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 35 can usefully be omitted. The first 38 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 35 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0127]** The sta002 antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC\*8325 strain sta002 is SAOUHSC 00356 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:36 (GI:88194155). In the Newman strain it is nwmmn\_0364 (GI:151220576).

**[0128]** Useful sta002 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:36 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:36; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:36, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta002 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:36. Preferred 5 fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:36. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:36 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:36. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:36 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains. sta002<sub>19-187</sub> and sta002<sub>19-124</sub> are two useful fragments of SEQ ID NO:36 which reduce the antigen's similarity with human proteins.

**[0129]** The 'sta003' antigen is annotated as 'surface protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta003 is SAOUHSC\_00400 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:37 (GI:88194195). In the Newman strain it is nwmmn\_0401 (GI:151220613).

**[0130]** Useful sta003 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:37 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:37; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:37, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta003 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:37. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:37. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:37 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:37. The first 32 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:37 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0131]** The 'sta004' antigen is annotated as 'Siderophore binding protein FatB'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta004 is SAOUHSC\_00749 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:38 (GI:88194514). In the Newman strain it is nwmmn\_0705 (GI:151220917).

**[0132]** Useful sta004 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:38 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%,

98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:38; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:38, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta004 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:38. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:38. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:38 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:38. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:38 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0133]** The 'sta005' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta005 is 10 SAOUHSC\_01127 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:39 (GI:88194870). In the Newman strain it is nwmmn\_1077 (GI:151221289).

**[0134]** Useful sta005 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:39 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:39; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:39, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta005 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:39. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:39. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:39 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:39. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:39 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0135]** The 'sta006' antigen is annotated as 'ferrichrome-binding protein', and has also been referred to as 25 'FhuD2' in the literature. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta006 is SAOUHSC\_02554 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:40 (GI:88196199). In the Newman strain it is nwmmn\_2185 (GI:151222397).

**[0136]** Useful sta006 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:40 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:40; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:40, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta006 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:40. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:40. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:40 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:40. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:40 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains. A sta006 antigen may be lipi-

dated e.g. with an acylated N-terminus cysteine. One useful sta006 sequence has a Met-Ala-Ser-sequence at the N-terminus.

**[0137]** The 'sta007' antigen is annotated as 'secretory antigen precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta007 is SAOUHSC\_02571 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:41 (GI:88196215). In the Newman strain it is nwmm\_2199 (GI:151222411). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

**[0138]** Useful sta007 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:41 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:41; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:41, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta007 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:41. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:41. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:41 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:41. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:41 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0139]** The 'sta008' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta008 is SAOUHSC\_02650 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:42 (GI:88196290). In the Newman strain it is nwmm\_2270 (GI:151222482).

**[0140]** Useful sta008 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:42 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:42; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:42, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta008 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:42. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:42. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:42 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:42. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:42 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0141]** The 'sta009' antigen is annotated as 'immunoglobulin G-binding protein Sbi'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta009 is SAOUHSC\_02706 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:43 (GI:88196346). In the Newman strain it is nwmm\_2317 (GI:151222529).

**[0142]** Useful sta009 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:43 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:43; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:43, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14,

16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta009 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:43. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:43. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:43 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:43. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:43 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0143]** The 'sta010' antigen is annotated as 'immunodominant antigen A'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta010 is SAOUHSC\_02887 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:44 (GI:88196515). In the Newman strain it is nwmm\_2469 (GI:151222681). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

**[0144]** Useful sta010 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:44 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:44; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:44, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta010 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:44. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:44. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:44 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:44. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:44 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0145]** The 'sta011' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta011 is SAOUHSC\_00052 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:45 (GI:88193872).

**[0146]** Useful sta011 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:45 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:45; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:45, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta011 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:45. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:45. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:45 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:45. The first 23 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:45 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains. A sta011 antigen may be lipidated e.g. with an acylated N-terminus cysteine.

**[0147]** The 'sta012' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta012 is SAOUHSC\_00106 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:46 (GI:88193919).

**[0148]** Useful sta012 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:46 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:46; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:46, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta012 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:46. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:46. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:46 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:46. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:46 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0149]** The 'sta013' antigen is annotated as 'poly-gamma-glutamate capsule biosynthesis protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain staOB is SAOUHSC\_00107 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:47 (GI:88193920).

**[0150]** Useful sta013 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:47 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:47; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:47, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta013 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:47. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:47. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:47 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:47. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0151]** The 'sta014' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta014 is SAOUHSC\_00137 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:48 (GI:88193950).

**[0152]** Useful sta014 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:48 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:48; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:48, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta014 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:48. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:48. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:48 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:48. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:48 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0153]** The 'sta015' antigen is annotated as 'extracellular solute-binding protein; ROD containing lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta015 is SAOUHSC\_00170 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:49 (GI:88193980).

**[0154]** Useful sta015 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:49 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:49; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:49, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta015 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:49. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:49. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:49 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:49. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:49 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0155]** The 'sta016' antigen is annotated as 'gamma-glutamyltranspeptidase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta016 is SAOUHSC\_00171 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:50 (GI:88193981).

**[0156]** Useful sta016 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:50 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:50; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:50, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta016 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:50. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:50. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:50 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:50. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0157]** The 'sta017' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta017 is SAOUHSC\_00186 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:51 (GI:88193996).

**[0158]** Useful sta017 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:51 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:51; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:51, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta017 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:51. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:51. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:51 while retaining at least one epitope

of SEQ ID NO:51. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:51 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0159]** The 'sta018' antigen is annotated as 'extracellular solute-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta018 is SAOUHSC\_00201 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:52 (GI:88194011).

**[0160]** Useful sta018 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:52 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:52; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:52, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta018 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:52. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:52. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:52 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:52. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0161]** The 'sta019' antigen is annotated as 'peptidoglycan hydrolase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta019 is SAOUHSC\_00248 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:53 (GI:88194055). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0210 (GI:151220422).

**[0162]** Useful sta019 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:53 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:53; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:53, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta019 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:53. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:53. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:53 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:53. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:53 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0163]** Sta019 does not adsorb well to aluminium hydroxide adjuvants, so Sta019 present in a composition may be unadsorbed or may be adsorbed to an alternative adjuvant e.g. to an aluminium phosphate.

**[0164]** The 'sta020' antigen is annotated as 'exported protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta020 is SAOUHSC\_00253 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:54 (GI:88194059).

**[0165]** Useful sta020 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:54 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:54; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:54, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These

sta020 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:54. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:54. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:54 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:54. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:54 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0166]** The 'sta021' antigen is annotated as 'secretory antigen SsaA-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta021 is SAOUHSC\_00256 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:55 (GI:88194062).

**[0167]** Useful sta021 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:55 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:55; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:55, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta021 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:55. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:55. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:55 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:55. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:55 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0168]** The 'sta022' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta022 is SAOUHSC\_00279 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:56 (GI:88194083).

**[0169]** Useful sta022 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:56 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:56; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:56, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta022 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:56. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:56. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:56 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:56. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:56 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0170]** The 'sta023' antigen is annotated as '5'-nucleotidase; lipoprotein e(P4) family'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta023 is SAOUHSC\_00284 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:57 (GI:88194087).

**[0171]** Useful sta023 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:57 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%,

98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:57; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:57, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta023 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:57. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:57. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:57 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:57. The first 31 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:57 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0172]** The 'sta024' antigen is annotated as 'lipase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta024 is SAOUHSC\_00300 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:58 (GI:88194101).

**[0173]** Useful sta024 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:58 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:58; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:58, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta024 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:58. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:58. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:58 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:58. The first 37 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:58 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0174]** The 'sta025' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta025 is SAOUHSC\_00362 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:59 (GI:88194160).

**[0175]** Useful sta025 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:59 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:59; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:59, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta025 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:59. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:59. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:59 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:59. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:59 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0176]** The 'sta026' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta026 is SAOUHSC\_00404 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:60 (GI:88194198).

**[0177]** Useful sta026 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:60 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a)

having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:60; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:60, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta026 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:60. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:60. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:60 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:60. The first 22 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:60 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0178]** The 'sta027' antigen is annotated as 'probable lipase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta027 is SAOUHSC\_00661 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:61 (GI:88194426).

**[0179]** Useful sta027 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:61 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:61; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:61, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta027 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:61. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:61. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:61 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:61. The first 23 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:61 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0180]** The 'sta028' antigen is annotated as 'secretory anti-gen SsaA-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta028 is SAOUHSC\_00671 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:62 (GI:88194436). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0634 (GI:151220846).

**[0181]** Useful sta028 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:62 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:62; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:62, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta028 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:62. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:62. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:62 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:62. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:62 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0182]** The 'sta029' antigen is annotated as 'ferrichrome binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta029 is SAOUHSC\_00754 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:63 (GI:88194518).

**[0183]** Useful sta029 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:63 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:63; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:63, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta029 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:63. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:63. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:63 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:63. The final 25 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:63 can usefully be omitted. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:63 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0184]** The 'sta030' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta030 is SAOUHSC\_00808 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:64 (GI:88194568).

**[0185]** Useful sta030 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:64 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:64; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:64, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta030 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:64. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:64. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:64 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:64. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:64 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0186]** The 'sta031' antigen is annotated as 'S-nucleotidase family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta031 is SAOUHSC\_00860 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:65 (GI:88194617).

**[0187]** Useful sta031 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:65 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:65; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:65, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta031 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:65. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:65. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1,

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:65 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:65. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0188]** The 'sta032' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease HtrA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta032 is SAOUHSC\_00958 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:66 (GI:88194715).

**[0189]** Useful sta032 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:66 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:66; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:66, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta032 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:66. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:66. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:66 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:66. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0190]** The 'sta033' antigen is annotated as 'cysteine protease precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta033 is SAOUHSC\_00987 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:67 (GI:88194744).

**[0191]** Useful sta033 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:67 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:67; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:67, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta033 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:67. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:67. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:67 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:67. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:67 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0192]** The 'sta034' antigen is annotated as 'glutamyl endopeptidase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta034 is SAOUHSC\_00988 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:68 (GI:88194745).

**[0193]** Useful sta034 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:68 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:68; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:68, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta034 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:68. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:68. Other preferred fragments lack one or more

amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:68 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:68. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:68 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0194]** The 'sta035' antigen is annotated as 'fmt protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta035 is SAOUHSC\_00998 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:69 (GI:88194754).

**[0195]** Useful sta035 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:69 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:69; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:69, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta035 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:69. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:69. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:69 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:69. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:69 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0196]** The 'sta036' antigen is annotated as 'iron-regulated protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta036 is SAOUHSC\_01084 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:70 (GI:88194831).

**[0197]** Useful sta036 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:70 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:70; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:70, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta036 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:70. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:70. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:70 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:70. The first 27 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:70 can usefully be omitted. The first 32 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:70 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0198]** The 'sta037' antigen is annotated as 'iron ABC transporter; iron-binding protein IsdE'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta037 is SAOUHSC\_01085 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:71 (GI:88194832).

**[0199]** Useful sta037 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:71 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:71; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids

of SEQ ID NO:71, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta037 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:71. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:71. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:71 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:71. The first 9 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:71 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0200]** The 'sta038' antigen is annotated as 'NPQTN specific sortase B'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta038 is SAOUHSC\_01088 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:72 (GI:88194835).

**[0201]** Useful sta038 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:72 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:72; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:72, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta038 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:72. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:72. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:72 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:72. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:72 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0202]** The 'sta039' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta039 is SAOUHSC\_01124 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:73 (GI:88194868).

**[0203]** Useful sta039 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:73 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:73; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:73, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta039 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:73. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:73. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:73 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:73. The first 22 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:73 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0204]** The 'sta040' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta040 is SAOUHSC\_011125 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:74 (GI:88194869). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_1076 (GI:151221288).

**[0205]** Useful sta040 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:74 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:74; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:74, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta040 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:74. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:74. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:74 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:74. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:74 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0206]** The 'sta041' antigen is annotated as 'fibronectin-binding protein A-related'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta041 is SAOUHSC\_01175 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:75 (GI:88194914).

**[0207]** Useful sta041 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:75 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:75; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:75, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta041 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:75. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:75. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:75 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:75. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0208]** The 'sta042, antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta042 is SAOUHSC\_01180 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:76 (GI:88194919).

**[0209]** Useful sta042 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:76 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:76; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:76, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta042 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:76. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:76. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:76 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:76. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:76 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0210]** The 'sta043', antigen is annotated as 'cell wall hydrolase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta043 is SAOUHSC\_01219 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:77 (GI:88194955).

**[0211]** Useful sta043 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:77 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:77; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:77, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta043 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:77. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:77. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:77 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:77. The first 38 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:77 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0212]** The 'sta044' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta044 is SAOUHSC\_01508 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:78 (GI:88195223).

**[0213]** Useful sta044 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:78 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:78; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:78, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta044 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:78. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:78. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:78 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:78. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:78 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0214]** The 'sta045' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta045 is SAOUHSC\_01627 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:79 (GI:88195337).

**[0215]** Useful sta045 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:79 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:79; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:79, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta045 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:79. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:79. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:79 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID

NO:79. The first 16 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:79 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0216]** The 'sta046' antigen is annotated as 'Excalibur protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta046 is SAOUHSC\_01918 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:80 (GI:88195613).

**[0217]** Useful sta046 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:80 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:80; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:80, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta046 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:80. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:80. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:80 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:80. The first 53 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:80 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0218]** The 'sta047' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta047 is SAOUHSC\_01920 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:81 (GI:88195615).

**[0219]** Useful sta047 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:81 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:81; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:81, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta047 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:81. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:81. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:81 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:81. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:81 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0220]** The 'sta048' antigen is annotated as 'intracellular serine protease'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta048 is SAOUHSC\_01949 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:82 (GI:88195642).

**[0221]** Useful sta048 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:82 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:82; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:82, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta048 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:82. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:82. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the

C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:82 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:82. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:82 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0222]** The 'sta049' antigen is annotated as 'protein export protein PrsA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta049 is SAOUHSC\_01972 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:83 (GI:88195663). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_1733 (GI:151221945).

**[0223]** Useful sta049 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:83 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:83; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:83, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta049 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:83. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:83. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:83 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:83. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:83 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0224]** The 'sta050' antigen is annotated as 'staphopain thiol proteinase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta050 is SAOUHSC\_02127 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:84 (GI:88195808).

**[0225]** Useful sta050 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:84 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:84; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:84, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta050 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:84. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:84. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:84 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:84. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:84 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0226]** The 'sta051' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta051 is SAOUHSC\_02147 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:85 (GI:88195827).

**[0227]** Useful sta051 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:85 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:85; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:85,

wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta051 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:85. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:85. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:85 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:85. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:85 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0228]** The 'sta052' antigen is annotated as 'ferric hydroxamate receptor I'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta052 is SAOUHSC\_02246 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:86 (GI:88195918).

**[0229]** Useful sta052 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:86 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:86; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:86, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta052 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:86. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:86. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:86 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:86. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:86 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0230]** The 'sta053' antigen is annotated as 'srdH family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta053 is SAOUHSC\_02257 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:87 (GI:88195928).

**[0231]** Useful sta053 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:87 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:87; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:87, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta053 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:87. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:87. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:87 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:87. The first 26 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:87 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0232]** The 'sta054' antigen is annotated as 'Probable transglycosylase isaA precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta054 is SAOUHSC\_02333 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:88 (GI:88195999).

**[0233]** Useful sta054 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID

NO:88 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:88; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:88, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta054 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:88. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:88. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:88 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:88. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:88 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0234]** The 'sta055' antigen is annotated as 'surface hydrolyase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta055 is SAOUHSC\_02448 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:89 (GI:88196100).

**[0235]** Useful sta055 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:89 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:89; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:89, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta055 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:89. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:89. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:89 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:89. The first 31 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:89 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0236]** The 'sta056' antigen is annotated as 'hyaluronate lyase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta056 is SAOUHSC\_02463 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:90 (GI:88196115).

**[0237]** Useful sta056 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:90 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:90; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:90, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta056 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:90. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:90. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:90 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:90. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:90 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0238]** The 'sta057' antigen is annotated as 'secretory antigen precursor SsaA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta057 is

SAOUHSC\_02576 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:91 (GI:88 196220). In the Newman strain it is nwmm\_2203 (GI:151222415).

**[0239]** Useful sta057 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:91 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:91; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:91, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta057 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:91. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:91. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:91 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:91. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:91 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0240]** The 'sta058' antigen is annotated as 'Zn-binding lipoprotein adcA-like'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta058 is SAOUHSC\_02690 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:92 (GI:88196330).

**[0241]** Useful sta058 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:92 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:92; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:92, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta058 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:92. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:92. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:92 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:92. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:92 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0242]** The 'sta059' antigen is annotated as 'gamma-hemolysin h-gamma-ii subunit'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta059 is SAOUHSC\_02708 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:93 (GI:88196348).

**[0243]** Useful sta059 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:93 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:93; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:93, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta059 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:93. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:93. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-

terminus of SEQ ID NO:93 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:93. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:93 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0244]** The 'sta060' antigen is annotated as 'peptide ABC transporter; peptide-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta060 is SAOUHSC\_02767 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:94 (GI:88196403).

**[0245]** Useful sta060 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:94 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:94; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:94, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta060 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:94. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:94. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:94 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:94. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:94 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0246]** The 'sta061' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta061 is SAOUHSC\_02783 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:95 (GI:88196419).

**[0247]** Useful sta061 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:95 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:95; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:95, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta061 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:95. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:95. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:95 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:95. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:95 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0248]** The 'sta062' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta062 is SAOUHSC\_02788 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:96 (GI:88 196424).

**[0249]** Useful sta062 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:96 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:96; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:96, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta062 proteins include variants of SEQ ID

NO:96. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:96. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:96 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:96. The first 22 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:96 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0250]** The 'sta063' antigen is annotated as 'aureolysin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta063 is SAOUHSC\_02971 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:97 (GI:88196592).

**[0251]** Useful sta063 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:97 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:97; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:97, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta063 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:97. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:97. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:97 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:97. The first 16 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:97 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0252]** The 'sta064' antigen is annotated as 'lipase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta064 is SAOUHSC\_03006 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:98 (GI:88196625). In the Newman strain it is nwmmn\_2569 (GI:151222781).

**[0253]** Useful sta064 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:98 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:98; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:98, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta064 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:98. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:98. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:98 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:98. The first 34 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:98 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0254]** The 'sta065' antigen is annotated as '1-phosphatidylinositol phosphodiesterase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta065 is SAOUHSC\_00051 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:99 (GI:88193871).

**[0255]** Useful sta065 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:99 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:99; and/or (b)

comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:99, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta065 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:99. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:99. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:99 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:99. The first 26 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:99 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0256]** The 'sta066' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta066 is SAOUHSC\_00172 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:100 (GI:88193982).

**[0257]** Useful sta066 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:100 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:100; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:100, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta066 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:100. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:100. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:100 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:100. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:100 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0258]** The 'sta067' antigen is annotated as 'bacterial extracellular solute-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta067 is SAOUHSC\_00176 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:101 (GI:88193986).

**[0259]** Useful sta067 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:101 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:101; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:101, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta067 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:101. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:101. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:101 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:101. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:101 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0260]** The 'sta068' antigen is annotated as 'iron permease FTRI'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta068 is SAOUHSC\_00327 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:102 (GI:88194127).

**[0261]** Useful sta068 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID

NO:102 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:102; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:102, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta068 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:102. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:102. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:102 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:102. The final 20 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:102 can usefully be omitted. The first 14 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:102 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0262]** The 'sta069' antigen is annotated as 'autolysin precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta069 is SAOUHSC\_00427 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:103 (GI: 88194219).

**[0263]** Useful sta069 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:103 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:103; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:103, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta069 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:103. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:103. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:103 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:103. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:103 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0264]** The 'sta070' antigen is annotated as 'immunogenic secreted precursor-like protein (truncated)'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta070 is SAOUHSC\_00773 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:104 (GI:88194535).

**[0265]** Useful sta070 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:104 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:104; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:104, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta070 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:104. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:104. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:104 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:104. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:104 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0266]** The 'sta071' antigen is annotated as 'hemolysin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta071 is SAOUHSC\_00854 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:105 (GI:88194612).

**[0267]** Useful sta071 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:105 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:105; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:105, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta071 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:105. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:105. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:105 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:105. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:105 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0268]** The 'sta072' antigen is annotated as 'extramembranal protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta072 is SAOUHSC\_00872 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:106 (GI: 88194629).

**[0269]** Useful sta072 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:106 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:106; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:106, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta072 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:106. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:106. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:106 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:106. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:106 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0270]** The 'sta073' antigen is annotated as 'bifunctional autolysin precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta073 is SAOUHSC\_00994 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:107 (GI:88194750). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0922 (GI:151221134). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

**[0271]** Useful sta073 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:107 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:107; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:107, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta073 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:107. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:107. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more).

from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:107 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:107. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:107 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0272]** A Sta073 antigen can usefully be included in a composition in combination with a Sta112. Sta073 does not adsorb well to aluminium hydroxide adjuvants, so Sta073 present in a composition may be unadsorbed or may be adsorbed to an alternative adjuvant e.g. to an aluminium phosphate.

**[0273]** The 'sta074' antigen is annotated as 'factor essential for methicillin resistance'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta074 is SAOUHSC\_01220 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:108 (GI:88194956).

**[0274]** Useful sta074 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:108 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:108; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:108, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta074 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:108. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:108. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:108 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:108. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0275]** The 'sta075' antigen is annotated as 'insulysin; peptidase family M16'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta075 is SAOUHSC\_01256 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:109 (GI:88194989).

**[0276]** Useful sta075 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:109 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:109; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:109, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta075 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:109. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:109. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:109 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:109. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0277]** The 'sta076' antigen is annotated as 'hydrolase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta076 is SAOUHSC\_01263 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:110 (GI:88194996).

**[0278]** Useful sta076 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:110 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%,

98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:110; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:110, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta076 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:110. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:110. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:110 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:110. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:110 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0279]** The 'sta077' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta077 is SAOUHSC\_01317 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:111 (GI:88195047). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

**[0280]** Useful sta077 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:111 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:111; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:111, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta077 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:111. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:111. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:111 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:111. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:111 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0281]** The 'sta078' antigen is annotated as 'FtsK/SpoIIIE family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta078 is SAOUHSC\_01857 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:112 (GI:88195555).

**[0282]** Useful sta078 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:112 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:112; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:112, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta078 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:112. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:112. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:112 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:112. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0283]** The 'sta079' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SpIF'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta079 is SAOUHSC\_01935 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:113 (GI:88195630).

**[0284]** Useful sta079 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:113 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:113; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:113, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta079 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:113. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:113. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the 35 C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:113 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:113. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:113 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0285]** The 'sta080' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SplE'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta080 is SAOUHSC\_01936 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:114 (GI: 88195631).

**[0286]** Useful sta080 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:114 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:114; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:114, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta080 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:114. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:114. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:114 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:114. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:114 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0287]** The 'sta081' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SplD (EC:3.4.21.19)'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta081 is SAOUHSC\_01938 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:154 (GI:88195633).

**[0288]** Useful sta081 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:154 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:154; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:154, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta081 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:154. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:154. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from 30 the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:154 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ

ID NO:154. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:154 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0289]** The 'sta082' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SplC'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta082 is SAOUHSC\_01939 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:115 (GI: 88195634).

**[0290]** Useful sta082 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:115 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:115; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:115, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta082 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:115. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:115. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:115 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:115. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:115 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0291]** The 'sta083' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SplB'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta083 is SAOUHSC\_01941 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:116 (GI: 88195635).

**[0292]** Useful sta083 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:116 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:116; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:116, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta083 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:116. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:116. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:116 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:116. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:116 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0293]** The 'sta084' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SplA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta084 is SAOUHSC\_01942 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:117 (GI: 88195636).

**[0294]** Useful sta084 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:117 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:117; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:117, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta084 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:117. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from

SEQ ID NO:117. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:117 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:117. The first N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:117 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0295]** The 'sta085' antigen is annotated as 'staphylokinase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta085 is SAOUHSC\_02171 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:118 (GI:88195848).

**[0296]** Useful sta085 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:118 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:118; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:118, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta085 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:118. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:118. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:118 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:118. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:118 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or 20 more protein domains.

**[0297]** The 'sta086' antigen is annotated as 'OxaA-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta086 is SAOUHSC\_02327 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:119 (GI:88195993).

**[0298]** Useful sta086 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:119 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:119; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:119, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta086 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:119. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:119. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:119 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:119. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:119 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0299]** The 'sta087' antigen is annotated as 'teicoplanin resistance protein TcaA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta087 is SAOUHSC\_02635 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:120 (GI:88196276).

**[0300]** Useful sta087 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:120 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:120; and/or (b)

comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:120, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta087 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:120. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:120. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:120 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:120. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0301]** The 'sta088' antigen is annotated as 'esterase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta088 is SAOUHSC\_02844 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:121 (GI:88196477).

**[0302]** Useful sta088 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:121 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:121; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:121, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta088 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:121. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:121. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:121 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:121. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:121 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0303]** The 'sta089' antigen is annotated as 'LysM domain protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta089 is SAOUHSC\_02855 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:122 (GI:88196486).

**[0304]** Useful sta089 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:122 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:122; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:122, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta089 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:122. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:122. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:122 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:122. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:122 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0305]** The 'sta090' antigen is annotated as 'LysM domain protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta090 is SAOUHSC\_02883 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:123 (GI:88196512).

**[0306]** Useful sta090 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:123 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a)

having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:123; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:123, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta090 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:123. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:123. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:123 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:123. The first 26 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:123 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0307]** The 'sta091' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta091 is SAOUHSC\_00685 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:124 (GI:88194450).

**[0308]** Useful sta091 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:124 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:124; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:124, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta091 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:124. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:124. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:124 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:124. The first 15 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:124 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0309]** The 'sta092' antigen is annotated as 'M23/M37 peptidase domain protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta092 is SAOUHSC\_00174 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:125 (GI:88193984).

**[0310]** Useful sta092 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:125 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:125; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:125, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta092 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:125. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:125. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:125 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:125. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:125 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0311]** The 'sta093' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta093 is SAOUHSC\_01854 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:126 (GI:88195552).

**[0312]** Useful sta093 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:126 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:126; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:126, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta093 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:126. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:126. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:126 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:126. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0313]** The 'sta094' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta094 is SAOUHSC\_01512 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:127 (GI:88195226).

**[0314]** Useful sta094 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:127 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:127; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:127, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta094 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:127. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:127. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:127 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:127. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:127 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0315]** The 'sta095' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta095 is SAOUHSC\_00383 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:128 (GI:88194180). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0388 (GI:151220600).

**[0316]** Useful sta095 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:128 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:128; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:128, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta095 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:128. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:128. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:128 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:128. The first 32 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:128 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0317]** The 'sta096' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta096 is SAOUHSC\_00384 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:129 (GI:88194181). Useful sta096 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:129 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:129; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:129, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta096 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:129. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:129. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:129 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:129. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:129 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0318]** The 'sta097' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta097 is SAOUHSC\_00386 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:130 (GI:88194182).

**[0319]** Useful sta097 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:130 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:130; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:130, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta097 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:130. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:130. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:130 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:130. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:130 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0320]** The 'sta098' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta098 is SAOUHSC\_00389 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:131 (GI:88194184). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0391 (GI:151220603).

**[0321]** Useful sta098 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:131 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:131; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:131, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta098 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:131. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:131. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1,

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:131 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:131. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:131 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0322]** The 'sta099' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein 5'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta099 is SAOUHSC\_00390 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:132 (GI:88194185).

**[0323]** Useful sta099 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:132 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:132; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:132, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta099 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:132. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:132. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:132 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:132. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:132 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0324]** The 'sta100' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta100 is SAOUHSC\_00391 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:133 (GI:88194186).

**[0325]** Useful sta100 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:133 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:133; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:133, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta100 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:133. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:133. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:133 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:133. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:133 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0326]** The 'sta101' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein 7'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta101 is SAOUHSC\_00392 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:134 (GI:88194187). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0394 (GI:151220606).

**[0327]** Useful sta101 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:134 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:134; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:134, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14,

16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta101 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:134. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:134. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:134 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:134. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:134 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0328]** The 'sta102' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta102 is SAOUHSC\_00393 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:135 (GI: 88194188).

**[0329]** Useful sta102 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:135 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:135; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:135, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta102 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:135. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:135. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:135 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:135. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:135 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0330]** The 'sta103' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta103 is SAOUHSC\_00394 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:136 (GI: 88194189).

**[0331]** Useful sta103 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:136 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:136; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:136, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta103 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:136. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:136. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:136 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:136. The first 23 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:136 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0332]** The 'sta104' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta104 is SAOUHSC\_00395 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:137 (GI: 88194190).

**[0333]** Useful sta104 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:137 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a)

having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:137; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:137, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta104 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:137. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:137. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:137 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:137. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0334]** The 'sta105' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta105 is 20 SAOUHSC\_00399 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:138 (GI:88194194). In the Newman strain it is nwmn\_0400 (GI: 151220612).

**[0335]** Useful sta105 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:138 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:138; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:138, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta105 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:138. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:138. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:138 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:138. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:138 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0336]** The 'sta106' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta106 is SAOUHSC\_01115 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:139 (GI: 88194861).

**[0337]** Useful sta106 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:139 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:139; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:139, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta106 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:139. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:139. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:139 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:139. The first 16 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:139 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0338]** The 'sta107' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta107 is SAOUHSC\_00354 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:140 (GI: 88194153).

**[0339]** Useful sta107 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:140 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:140; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:140, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta107 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:140. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:140. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:140 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:140. The first 35 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:140 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0340]** The 'sta108' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta108 is SAOUHSC\_00717 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:141 (GI: 88194482).

**[0341]** Useful sta108 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:141 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:141; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:141, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta108 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:141. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:141. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:141 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:141. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:141 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0342]** The 'sta109' antigen is annotated as 'N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanine amidase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta109 is SAOUHSC\_02979 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:142 (GI:88196599).

**[0343]** Useful sta109 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:142 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:142; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:142, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta109 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:142. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:142. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1,

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:142 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:142. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:142 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0344]** The 'sta110' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta110 is SAOUHSC\_01039 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:143 (GI: 88194791).

**[0345]** Useful sta110 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:143 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:143; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:143, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta110 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:143. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:143. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:143 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:143. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:143 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0346]** The 'sta111' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta111 is SAOUHSC\_01005 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:144 (GI: 88194760).

**[0347]** Useful sta111 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:144 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:144; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:144, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta111 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:144. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:144. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:144 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:144. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:144 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0348]** The 'sta112' antigen is annotated as a putative 'ABC transporter, substrate-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta112 is SAOUHSC\_00634 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:145 (GI:88194402).

**[0349]** Useful sta112 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:145 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:145; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:145, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250

or more). These sta112 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:145. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:145. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:145 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:145. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:145 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0350]** The 'sta113' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta113 is SAOUHSC\_00728 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:146 (GI:88194493).

**[0351]** Useful sta113 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:146 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:146; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:146, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta113 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:146. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:146. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:146 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:146. The first 173 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:146 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0352]** The 'sta114' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta114 is SAOUHSC\_00810 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:147 (GI:88194570).

**[0353]** Useful sta114 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:147 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:147; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:147, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta114 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:147. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:147. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:147 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:147. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0354]** The 'sta115' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta115 is SAOUHSC\_00817 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:148 (GI:88194576).

**[0355]** Useful sta115 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:148 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%,

98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:148; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:148, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta115 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:148. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:148. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:148 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:148. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:148 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0356]** The 'sta116' antigen is annotated as 'formyl peptide receptor-like 1 inhibitory protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta116 is SAOUHSC\_01112 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:149 (GI:88194858).

**[0357]** Useful sta116 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:149 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:149; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:149, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta116 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:149. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:149. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:149 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:149. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:149 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0358]** The 'sta117' antigen is annotated as 'truncated beta-hemolysin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta117 is SAOUHSC\_02240 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:150 (GI:88195913).

**[0359]** Useful sta117 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:150 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:150; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:150, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta117 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:150. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:150. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:150 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:150. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0360]** The 'sta118' antigen is annotated as 'cell division protein FtsZ'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta118 is SAOUHSC\_01150 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:151 (GI:88194892).

**[0361]** Useful sta118 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:151 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:151; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:151, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta118 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:151. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:151. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:151 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:151. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0362]** The 'sta119' antigen is annotated as 'thioredoxin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta119 is SAOUHSC\_01100 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:152 (GI:88194846).

**[0363]** Useful sta119 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:152 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:152; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:152, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta119 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:152. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:152. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:152 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:152. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0364]** The 'sta120' antigen is annotated as 'alkyl hydroperoxide reductase subunit c'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta120 is SAOUHSC\_00365 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:153 (GI:88194163).

**[0365]** Useful sta120 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:153 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:153; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:153, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta120 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:153. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:153. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:153 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:153. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

**[0366]** The polypeptides described herein may include 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, or more variant amino acids within at least, or at most 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,

14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 300, 400, 500, 550, 1000 or more contiguous amino acids, or any range derivable therein, of SEQ ID NO:2-30, or SEQ ID NO:32-155.

**[0367]** A polypeptide segment or immunogenic fragment as described herein may include 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 300, 400, 500, 550, 1000 or more contiguous amino acids, or any range derivable therein, of SEQ ID NO:2-30, or SEQ ID NO:33-155.

**[0368]** The immunogenic compositions of the invention may further comprise capsular polysaccharides including one or more of PIA (also known as PNAG) and/or *S. aureus* Type V and/or type VIII capsular polysaccharide and/or *S. epidermidis* Type I, and/or Type II and/or Type III capsular polysaccharide.

**[0369]** The compositions may be formulated in a pharmaceutically acceptable composition. In certain aspects of the invention the *staphylococcus* bacterium is an *S. aureus* bacterium.

**[0370]** In further aspects, a composition may be administered more than one time to the subject, and may be administered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20 or more times. The administration of the compositions include, but is not limited to oral, parenteral, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous, or various combinations thereof, including inhalation or aspiration.

**[0371]** In still further embodiments, a composition comprises a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide described herein or segments/fragments thereof. Typically a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide described herein contains a heterologous pro-

moter. In certain aspects, a recombinant nucleic acid molecule of the invention is a vector, in still other aspects the vector is a plasmid. In certain embodiments the vector is a viral vector. In certain aspects a composition includes a recombinant, non-*staphylococcus* bacterium containing or expressing a polypeptide described herein. In particular aspects the recombinant non-staphylococcus bacteria is *Salmonella* or another gram-positive bacteria. A composition is typically administered to mammals, such as human subjects, but administration to other animals that are capable of eliciting an immune response is contemplated. In further aspects the *staphylococcus* bacterium containing or expressing the polypeptide is *Staphylococcus aureus*. In further embodiments the immune response is a protective immune response.

**[0372]** In further embodiments a composition comprises a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding all or part of one or more of a SpA, SpA polypeptide variant, Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla, IsdC, SasF, SpA, vWbp, or vWh protein or peptide or variant thereof. Additional staphylococcal antigens that can be used in combination with the polypeptides described herein include, but are not limited to 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa, Aap, Ant, autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg2+ transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein. In particular aspects, a bacteria is a recombinant non-staphylococcus bacteria, such as a *Salmonella* or other gram-positive bacteria. Certain embodiments include compositions comprising recombinant nucleic acid molecules encoding all or part of one or more of, sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

**[0373]** Compositions of the invention are typically administered to human subjects, but administration to other animals that are capable of eliciting an immune response to a bacterium, e.g., a *staphylococcus* bacterium, is contemplated, particularly cattle, horses, goats, sheep and other domestic animals, i.e., mammals.

**[0374]** In certain aspects the *staphylococcus* bacterium is a *Staphylococcus aureus*. In further embodiments the immune response is a protective immune response. In still further aspects, the methods and compositions of the invention can be used to prevent, ameliorate, reduce, or treat infection of tissues or glands, e.g., mammary glands, particularly mastitis and other infections. Other methods include, but are not limited to prophylactically reducing bacterial burden in a subject not exhibiting signs of infection, particularly those subjects suspected of or at risk of being colonized by a target bacteria, e.g., patients that are or will be at risk or susceptible to infection during a hospital stay, treatment, and/or recovery.

**[0375]** Any embodiment discussed with respect to one aspect of the invention applies to other aspects of the invention as well. In particular, any embodiment discussed in the context of a SpA variant polypeptide, peptide, nucleic acid, or antibody may specifically exclude one or more of Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla, IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh, 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa, Aap, Ant, autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg2+ transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein (or nucleic acids), sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof and vice versa.

**[0376]** Embodiments of the invention include compositions that contain or do not contain a bacterium. A composition may or may not include an attenuated or viable or intact staphylococcal bacterium. In certain aspects, the composition comprises a bacterium that is not a staphylococcal bacterium or does not contain staphylococcal bacteria. In certain embodiments a bacterial composition comprises an isolated or recombinantly expressed staphylococcal Protein A variant or a nucleotide encoding the same. The composition may be or include a recombinantly engineered *staphylococcus* bacterium that has been altered in a way that comprises specifically altering the bacterium with respect to a secreted virulence factor or cell surface protein. For example, the bacteria

may be recombinantly modified to express more of the virulence factor or cell surface protein than it would express if unmodified.

**[0377]** The term “isolated” can refer to a nucleic acid or polypeptide that is substantially free of cellular material, bacterial material, viral material, or culture medium (when produced by recombinant DNA techniques) of their source of origin, or chemical precursors or other chemicals (when chemically synthesized). Moreover, an isolated compound refers to one that can be administered to a subject as an isolated compound; in other words, the compound may not simply be considered “isolated” if it is adhered to a column or embedded in an agarose gel. Moreover, an “isolated nucleic acid fragment” or “isolated peptide” is a nucleic acid or protein fragment that is not naturally occurring as a fragment and/or is not typically in the functional state.

**[0378]** Moieties of the invention, such as polypeptides, peptides, antigens, or immunogens, may be conjugated or linked covalently or noncovalently to other moieties such as adjuvants, proteins, peptides, supports, fluorescence moieties, or labels. The term “conjugate” or “immunoconjugate” is broadly used to define the operative association of one moiety with another agent and is not intended to refer solely to any type of operative association, and is particularly not limited to chemical “conjugation.” Recombinant fusion proteins are particularly contemplated. Compositions of the invention may further comprise an adjuvant or a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. An adjuvant may be covalently or non-covalently coupled to a polypeptide or peptide of the invention. In certain aspects, the adjuvant is chemically conjugated to a protein, polypeptide, or peptide.

**[0379]** The term “providing” is used according to its ordinary meaning to indicate “to supply or furnish for use.” In some embodiments, the protein is provided directly by administering the protein, while in other embodiments, the protein is effectively provided by administering a nucleic acid that encodes the protein. In certain aspects the invention contemplates compositions comprising various combinations of nucleic acid, antigens, peptides, and/or epitopes.

**[0380]** The subject will have (e.g., are diagnosed with a staphylococcal infection), will be suspected of having, or will be determined to be at risk of developing a staphylococcal infection. Compositions of the present invention include immunogenic compositions wherein the antigen(s) or epitope (s) are contained in an amount effective to achieve the intended purpose. More specifically, an effective amount means an amount of active ingredients necessary to stimulate or elicit an immune response, or provide resistance to, amelioration of, or mitigation of infection. In more specific aspects, an effective amount prevents, alleviates or ameliorates symptoms of disease or infection, or prolongs the survival of the subject being treated. Determination of the effective amount is well within the capability of those skilled in the art, especially in light of the detailed disclosure provided herein. For any preparation used in the methods of the invention, an effective amount or dose can be estimated initially from *in vitro* studies, cell culture, and/or animal model assays. For example, a dose can be formulated in animal models to achieve a desired immune response or circulating antibody concentration or titer. Such information can be used to more accurately determine useful doses in humans.

**[0381]** The use of the term “or” in the claims is used to mean “and/or” unless explicitly indicated to refer to alternatives only or the alternatives are mutually exclusive, although

the disclosure supports a definition that refers to only alternatives and “and/or.” It is also contemplated that anything listed using the term “or” may also be specifically excluded.

**[0382]** Throughout this application, the term “about” is used to indicate that a value includes the standard deviation of error for the device or method being employed to determine the value.

**[0383]** Following long-standing patent law, the words “a” and “an,” when used in conjunction with the word “comprising” in the claims or specification, denotes one or more, unless specifically noted.

**[0384]** Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description. It should be understood, however, that the detailed description and the specific examples, while indicating specific embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0385]** So that the matter in which the above-recited features, advantages and objects of the invention as well as others which will become clear are attained and can be understood in detail, more particular descriptions and certain embodiments of the invention briefly summarized above are illustrated in the appended drawings. These drawings form a part of the specification. It is to be noted, however, that the appended drawings illustrate certain embodiments of the invention and therefore are not to be considered limiting in their scope.

**[0386]** FIG. 1 Immunization with SpA<sub>KKAA</sub> modifies host immune responses to staphylococcal infection. Cohorts of BALB/c mice (n=15) were immunized with SpA<sub>KKAA</sub> or with PBS/adjuvant control (mock) and then challenged by intravenous inoculation with 5×10<sup>6</sup> CFU *S. aureus* USA300 LAC. Thirty days after infection, animals were bled and serum samples were analyzed for antibody responses to staphylococcal antigens. Twenty-seven recombinant, six-histidyl tagged staphylococcal proteins (ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Eap, Ehb, Emp, EsxA, EsxB, FnbpA, FnbpB, Hla, IsdA, IsdB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, SasA, SasD, SasF, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA<sub>KKAA</sub> and vWbp) were purified by Ni-NTA affinity chromatography and immobilized on nitrocellulose membrane at 2 μg. Signal intensities in sera from mice were quantified and normalized by infrared imaging. Data are the means, and error bars represent SEM (±).

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

**[0387]** *Staphylococcus aureus* is a commensal of the human skin and nares, and the leading cause of bloodstream, skin and soft tissue infections (Klevens et al., 2007). Recent dramatic increases in the mortality of staphylococcal diseases are attributed to the spread of methicillin-resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA) strains often not susceptible to antibiotics (Kennedy et al., 2008). In a large retrospective study, the incidence of MRSA infections was 4.6% of all hospital admissions in the United States (Klevens et al., 2007). The annual health care costs for 94,300 MRSA infected individuals in the United States exceed \$2.4 billion (Klevens et al., 2007). The current MRSA epidemic has precipitated a public health crisis that needs to be addressed by development of a preventive vaccine

(Boucher and Corey, 2008). To date, an FDA licensed vaccine that prevents *S. aureus* diseases is not available.

**[0388]** The inventors describe here the use of Protein A, a cell wall anchored surface protein of staphylococci, for the generation of variants that can serve as subunit vaccines. The pathogenesis of staphylococcal infections is initiated as bacteria invade the skin or blood stream via trauma, surgical wounds, or medical devices (Lowy, 1998). Although the invading pathogen may be phagocytosed and killed, staphylococci can also escape innate immune defenses and seed infections in organ tissues, inducing inflammatory responses that attract macrophages, neutrophils, and other phagocytes (Lowy, 1998). The responsive invasion of immune cells to the site of infection is accompanied by liquefaction necrosis as the host seeks to prevent staphylococcal spread and allow for removal of necrotic tissue debris (Lam et al., 1963). Such lesions can be observed by microscopy as hypercellular areas containing necrotic tissue, leukocytes, and a central nidus of bacteria (Lam et al., 1963). Unless staphylococcal abscesses are surgically drained and treated with antibiotics, disseminated infection and septicemia produce a lethal outcome (Sheagren, 1984).

## I. STAPHYLOCOCCAL ANTIGENS

### A. Staphylococcal Protein A (SpA)

**[0389]** All *Staphylococcus aureus* strains express the structural gene for Protein A (*spa*) (Jensen, 1958; Said-Salim et al., 2003), a well characterized virulence factor whose cell wall anchored surface protein product (SpA) encompasses five highly homologous immunoglobulin binding domains designated E, D, A, B, and C (Sjodahl, 1977). These domains display ~80% identity at the amino acid level, are 56 to 61 residues in length, and are organized as tandem repeats (Uhlen et al., 1984). SpA is synthesized as a precursor protein with an N-terminal YSIRK/GS signal peptide and a C-terminal LPXTG motif sorting signal (DeDent et al., 2008; Schneewind et al., 1992). Cell wall anchored Protein A is displayed in great abundance on the staphylococcal surface (DeDent et al., 2007; Sjoquist et al., 1972). Each of its immunoglobulin binding domains is composed of anti-parallel  $\alpha$ -helices that assemble into a three helix bundle and bind the Fc domain of immunoglobulin G (IgG) (Deisenhofer, 1981; Deisenhofer et al., 1978), the VH3 heavy chain (Fab) of IgM (i.e., the B cell receptor) (Graille et al., 2000), the von Willebrand factor at its A1 domain [vWF A1 is a ligand for platelets] (O'Seaghda et al., 2006) and the tumor necrosis factor  $\alpha$  (TNF- $\alpha$ ) receptor I (TNFRI) (Gomez et al., 2006), which is displayed on surfaces of airway epithelia (Gomez et al., 2004; Gomez et al., 2007).

**[0390]** SpA impedes neutrophil phagocytosis of staphylococci through its attribute of binding the Fc component of IgG (Jensen, 1958; Uhlen et al., 1984). Moreover, SpA is able to activate intravascular clotting via its binding to von Willebrand factor A1 domains (Hartleib et al., 2000). Plasma proteins such as fibrinogen and fibronectin act as bridges between staphylococci (ClfA and ClfB) and the platelet integrin GPIIb/IIIa (O'Brien et al., 2002), an activity that is supplemented through Protein A association with vWF A1, which allows staphylococci to capture platelets via the GPIIb- $\alpha$  platelet receptor (Foster, 2005; O'Seaghda et al., 2006). SpA also binds TNFRI and this interaction contributes to the pathogenesis of staphylococcal pneumonia (Gomez et al., 2004). SpA activates proinflammatory signaling through

TNFR1 mediated activation of TRAF2, the p38/c-Jun kinase, mitogen activate protein kinase (MAPK) and the Rel-transcription factor NF-KB. SpA binding further induces TNFR1 shedding, an activity that appears to require the TNF-converting enzyme (TACE) (Gomez et al., 2007). All of the aforementioned SpA activities are mediated through its five IgG binding domains and can be perturbed by the same amino acid substitutions, initially defined by their requirement for the interaction between Protein A and human IgG1 (Cedergren et al., 1993).

**[0391]** SpA also functions as a B cell superantigen by capturing the Fab region of VH3 bearing IgM, the B cell receptor (Gomez et al., 2007; Goodyear et al., 2003; Goodyear and Silverman, 2004; Roben et al., 1995). Following intravenous challenge, staphylococcal Protein A (SpA) mutations show a reduction in staphylococcal load in organ tissues and dramatically diminished ability to form abscesses (described herein). During infection with wildtype *S. aureus*, abscesses are formed within forty-eight hours and are detectable by light microscopy of hematoxylin-eosin stained, thin-sectioned kidney tissue, initially marked by an influx of polymorphonuclear leukocytes (PMNs). On day 5 of infection, abscesses increase in size and enclosed a central population of staphylococci, surrounded by a layer of eosinophilic, amorphous material and a large cuff of PMNs. Histopathology revealed massive necrosis of PMNs in proximity to the staphylococcal nidus at the center of abscess lesions as well as a mantle of healthy phagocytes. The inventors also observed a rim of necrotic PMNs at the periphery of abscess lesions, bordering the eosinophilic pseudocapsule that separated healthy renal tissue from the infectious lesion. Staphylococcal variants lacking Protein A are unable to establish the histopathology features of abscesses and are cleared during infection.

**[0392]** In previous studies, Cedergren et al. (1993) engineered five individual substitutions in the Fc fragment binding sub-domain of the B domain of SpA, L17D, N28A, I31A and K35A. These authors created these proteins to test data gathered from a three dimensional structure of a complex between one domain of SpA and Fc<sub>1</sub>. Cedergren et al. determined the effects of these mutations on stability and binding, but did not contemplate use of such substitutions for the production of a vaccine antigen.

**[0393]** Brown et al. (1998) describe studies designed to engineer new proteins based on SpA that allow the use of more favorable elution conditions when used as affinity ligands. The mutations studied included single mutations of Q13A, Q14H, N15A, N15H, F17H, Y18F, L21H, N32H, or K39H. Brown et al. report that Q13A, N15A, N15H, and N32H substitutions made little difference to the dissociation constant values and that the Y18F substitution resulted in a 2 fold decrease in binding affinity as compared to wild type SpA. Brown et al. also report that L21H and F17H substitutions decrease the binding affinity by five-fold and a hundred-fold respectively. The authors also studied analogous substitutions in two tandem domains. Thus, the Brown et al. studies were directed to generating a SpA with a more favorable elution profile, hence the use of His substitutions to provide a pH sensitive alteration in the binding affinity. Brown et al. is silent on the use of SpA as a vaccine antigen.

**[0394]** Graille et al. (2000) describe a crystal structure of domain D of SpA and the Fab fragment of a human IgM antibody. Graille et al. define by analysis of a crystal structure the D domain amino acid residues that interact with the Fab fragment as residues Q26, G29, F30, Q32, S33, D36, D37,

Q40, N43, E47, or L51, as well as the amino acid residues that form the interface between the domain D sub-domains. Graille et al. define the molecular interactions of these two proteins, but is silent in regard to any use of substitutions in the interacting residues in producing a vaccine antigen.

**[0395]** O'Seaghda et al. (2006) describe studies directed at elucidating which sub-domain of domain D binds vWF. The authors generated single mutations in either the Fc or VH3 binding sub-domains, i.e., amino acid residues F5A, Q9A, Q10A, F13A, Y14A, L17A, N28A, I31A, K35A, G29A, F30A, S33A, D36A, D37A, Q40A, E47A, or Q32A. The authors discovered that vWF binds the same sub-domain that binds Fc. O'Seaghda et al. define the sub-domain of domain D responsible for binding vWF, but is silent in regard to any use of substitutions in the interacting residues in producing a vaccine antigen.

**[0396]** Gomez et al. (2006) describe the identification of residues responsible for activation of the TNFR1 by using single mutations of F5A, F13A, Y14A, L17A, N21A, I31A, Q32A, and K35A. Gomez et al. is silent in regard to any use of substitutions in the interacting residues in producing a vaccine antigen.

**[0397]** Recombinant affinity tagged Protein A, a polypeptide encompassing the five IgG domains (EDCAB) (Sjodahl, 1977) but lacking the C-terminal Region X (Guss et al., 1984), was purified from recombinant *E. coli* and used as a vaccine antigen (Stranger-Jones et al., 2006). Because of the attributes of SpA in binding the Fc portion of IgG, a specific humoral immune response to Protein A could not be measured (Stranger-Jones et al., 2006). The inventors have overcome this obstacle through the generation of SpA-DQ9, 10K; D36,37A. BALB/c mice immunized with recombinant Protein A (SpA) displayed significant protection against intravenous challenge with *S. aureus* strains: a 2.951 log reduction in staphylococcal load as compared to the wild-type ( $P > 0.005$ ; Student's t-test) (Stranger-Jones et al., 2006). SpA specific antibodies may cause phagocytic clearance prior to abscess formation and/or impact the formation of the aforementioned eosinophilic barrier in abscesses that separate staphylococcal communities from immune cells since these do not form during infection with Protein A mutant strains. Each of the five SpA domains (i.e., domains formed from three helix bundles designated E, D, A, B, and C) exerts similar binding properties (Jansson et al., 1998). The solution and crystal structure of the domain D has been solved both with and without the Fc and VH3 (Fab) ligands, which bind Protein A in a non-competitive manner at distinct sites (Graille et al., 2000). Mutations in residues known to be involved in IgG binding (FS, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31 and K35) are also required for vWF A1 and TNFR1 binding (Cedergren et al., 1993; Gomez et al., 2006; O'Seaghda et al., 2006), whereas residues important for the VH3 interaction (Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, E47) appear to have no impact on the other binding activities (Graille et al., 2000; Jansson et al., 1998). SpA specifically targets a subset of B cells that express VH3 family related IgM on their surface, i.e., VH3 type B cell receptors (Roben et al., 1995). Upon interaction with SpA, these B cells proliferate and commit to apoptosis, leading to preferential and prolonged deletion of innate-like B lymphocytes (i.e., marginal zone B cells and follicular B2 cells) (Goodyear et al., 2003; Goodyear et al., 2004).

**[0398]** Molecular Basis of Protein A Surface Display and Function.

**[0399]** Protein A is synthesized as a precursor in the bacterial cytoplasm and secreted via its YSIRK signal peptide at the cross wall, i.e. the cell division septum of staphylococci (FIG. 1) (DeDent et al., 2007; DeDent et al., 2008). Following cleavage of the C-terminal LPXTG sorting signal, Protein A is anchored to bacterial peptidoglycan crossbridges by sortase A (Mazmanian et al., 1999; Schneewind et al., 1995; Mazmanian et al., 2000). Protein A is the most abundant surface protein of staphylococci; the molecule is expressed by virtually all *S. aureus* strains (Cespedes et al., 2005; Kennedy et al., 2008; Said-Salim et al., 2003). Staphylococci turn over 15-20% of their cell wall per division cycle (Navarre and Schneewind, 1999). Murine hydrolases cleave the glycan strands and wall peptides of peptidoglycan, thereby releasing Protein A with its attached C-terminal cell wall disaccharide tetrapeptide into the extracellular medium (Ton-That et al., 1999). Thus, by physiological design, Protein A is both anchored to the cell wall and displayed on the bacterial surface but also released into surrounding tissues during host infection (Marraffini et al., 2006).

**[0400]** Protein A captures immunoglobulins on the bacterial surface and this biochemical activity enables staphylococcal escape from host innate and acquired immune responses (Jensen, 1958; Goodyear et al., 2004). Interestingly, region X of Protein A (Guss et al., 1984), a repeat domain that tethers the IgG binding domains to the LPXTG sorting signal /cell wall anchor, is perhaps the most variable portion of the staphylococcal genome (Said-Salim, 2003; Schneewind et al., 1992). Each of the five immunoglobulin binding domains of Protein A (SpA), formed from three helix bundles and designated E, D, A, B, and C, exerts similar structural and functional properties (Sjodahl, 1977; Jansson et al., 1998). The solution and crystal structure of the domain D has been solved both with and without the Fc and V<sub>H</sub>3 (Fab) ligands, which bind Protein A in a non-competitive manner at distinct sites (Graille 2000).

**[0401]** In the crystal structure complex, the Fab interacts with helix II and helix III of domain D via a surface composed of four VH region  $\beta$ -strands (Graille 2000). The major axis of helix II of domain D is approximately 50° to the orientation of the strands, and the interhelical portion of domain D is most proximal to the CO strand. The site of interaction on Fab is remote from the Ig light chain and the heavy chain constant region. The interaction involves the following domain D residues: Asp-36 of helix II, Asp-37 and Gln-40 in the loop between helix II and helix III and several other residues (Graille 2000). Both interacting surfaces are composed predominantly of polar side chains, with three negatively charged residues on domain D and two positively charged residues on the 2A2 Fab buried by the interaction, providing an overall electrostatic attraction between the two molecules. Of the five polar interactions identified between Fab and domain D, three are between side chains. A salt bridge is formed between Arg-H19 and Asp-36 and two hydrogen bonds are made between Tyr-H59 and Asp-37 and between Asn-H82a and Ser-33. Because of the conservation of Asp-36 and Asp-37 in all five IgG binding domains of Protein A, the inventors mutated these residues.

**[0402]** The SpA-D sites responsible for Fab binding are structurally separate from the domain surface that mediates Fc $\gamma$  binding. The interaction of Fc $\gamma$  with domain D primarily involves residues in helix I with lesser involvement of helix II (Gouda et al., 1992; Deisenhofer, 1981). With the exception of the Gln-32, a minor contact in both complexes, none of the

residues that mediate the Fc $\gamma$  interaction are involved in Fab binding. To examine the spatial relationship between these different Ig-binding sites, the SpA domains in these complexes have been superimposed to construct a model of a complex between Fab, the SpA-domain D, and the Fc $\gamma$  molecule. In this ternary model, Fab and Fc $\gamma$  form a sandwich about opposite faces of the helix II without evidence of steric hindrance of either interaction. These findings illustrate how, despite its small size (i.e., 56-61 aa), an SpA domain can simultaneously display both activities, explaining experimental evidence that the interactions of Fab with an individual domain are noncompetitive. Residues for the interaction between SpA-D and Fc $\gamma$  are Gln-9 and Gln-10.

**[0403]** In contrast, occupancy of the Fc portion of IgG on the domain D blocks its interaction with vWF A1 and probably also TNFR1 (O'Seaghda et al., 2006). Mutations in residues essential for IgG Fc binding (F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31 and K35) are also required for vWF A1 and TNFR1 binding (O'Seaghda et al., 2006; Cedergren et al., 1993; Gomez et al., 2006), whereas residues critical for the VH3 interaction (Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, E47) have no impact on the binding activities of IgG Fc, vWF A1 or TNFR1 (Jansson et al., 1998; Graille et al., 2000). The Protein A immunoglobulin Fab binding activity targets a subset of B cells that express V<sub>H</sub>3 family related IgM on their surface, i.e., these molecules function as VH3type B cell receptors (Roben et al., 1995). Upon interaction with SpA, these B cells rapidly proliferate and then commit to apoptosis, leading to preferential and prolonged deletion of innate-like B lymphocytes (i.e., marginal zone B cells and follicular B2 cells) (Goodyear and Silverman, 2004; Goodyear and Silverman, 2003). More than 40% of circulating B cells are targeted by the Protein A interaction and the V<sub>H</sub>3 family represents the largest family of human B cell receptors to impart protective humoral responses against pathogens (Goodyear and Silverman, 2004; Goodyear and Silverman, 2003). Thus, Protein A functions analogously to staphylococcal superantigens (Roben et al., 1995), albeit that the latter class of molecules, for example SEB, TSST-1, TSST-2, form complexes with the T cell receptor to inappropriately stimulate host immune responses and thereby precipitating characteristic disease features of staphylococcal infections (Roben et al., 1995; Tiedemann et al., 1995). Together these findings document the contributions of Protein A in establishing staphylococcal infections and in modulating host immune responses.

**[0404]** In sum, Protein A domains can be viewed as displaying two different interfaces for binding with host molecules and any development of Protein A based vaccines must consider the generation of variants that do not perturb host cell signaling, platelet aggregation, sequestration of immunoglobulins or the induction of B cell proliferation and apoptosis. Such Protein A variants should also be useful in analyzing vaccines for the ability of raising antibodies that block the aforementioned SpA activities and occupy the five repeat domains at their dual binding interfaces. This goal is articulated and pursued here for the first time and methods are described in detail for the generation of Protein A variants that can be used as a safe vaccine for humans. To perturb IgG Fc $\gamma$ , vWF A1 and TNFR1 binding, glutamine (Q) 9 and 10 [numbering derived from the SpA domain D as described in Uhlen et al., 1984] were mutated, and generated lysine substitutions for both glutamines with the expectation that these abolish the ligand attributes at the first binding interface. To perturb IgM Fab VH3 binding, aspartate (D) 36 and 37 were mutated, each of

which is required for the association with the B cell receptor. D36 and D37 were both substituted with alanine Q9,10K and D36,37A mutations are here combined in the recombinant molecule SpA-DQ9,10K;D36,37A and tested for the binding attributes of Protein A. Further, SpA-D and SpA-DQ9,10K; D36,37A are subjected to immunization studies in mice and rabbits and analyzed for [1] the production of specific antibodies (SpA-D Ab); [2] the ability of SpA-D Ab to block the association between Protein A and its four different ligands; and, [3] the attributes of SpA-D Ab to generate protective immunity against staphylococcal infections.

**[0405]** In certain embodiments the SpA variant is a full length SpA variant comprising a variant A, B, C, D, and E domain. In certain aspects, the SpA variant comprises or consists of the amino acid sequence that is 80, 90, 95, 98, 99, or 100% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:34. In other embodiments the SpA variant comprises a segment of SpA. The SpA segment can comprise at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more IgG binding domains. The IgG domains can be at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more variant A, B, C, D, or E domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant A domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant B domains. In still a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant C domains. In yet a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant D domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant E domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises a combination of A, B, C, D, and E domains in various combinations and permutations. The combinations can include all or part of a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In other aspects the SpA variant does not include a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In certain aspects a variant A domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:4. In another aspect a variant B domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:6. In still another aspect a variant C domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:5. In certain aspects a variant D domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 9, 10, 37, and/or 38 of SEQ ID NO:2. In a further aspect a variant E domain comprises a substitution at position (s) 6, 7, 33, and/or 34 of SEQ ID NO:3.

**[0406]** In certain aspects the SpA variant includes a substitution of (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a V<sub>H</sub>3 binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to V<sub>H</sub>3. In still further aspects the amino acid sequence of a SpA variant comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, or 100% identical, including all values and ranges there between, to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:2-6.

**[0407]** In a further aspect the SpA variant includes (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a V<sub>H</sub>3 binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that

disrupts or decreases binding to  $V_H3$ . In certain aspects amino acid residue F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35 (SEQ ID NO:2, QQNNFNKDQQSAFYEILNMPNLNEAQRNGFIQSLKDDPSQSTNVLGEAKKLNES) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted. In certain aspects amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the  $V_H3$  binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted such that binding to Fc or  $V_H3$  is attenuated. In further aspects corresponding modifications or substitutions can be engineered in corresponding positions of the domain A, B, C, and/or E. Corresponding positions are defined by alignment of the domain D amino acid sequence with one or more of the amino acid sequences from other IgG binding domains of SpA. In certain aspects the amino acid substitution can be any of the other 20 amino acids. In a further aspect conservative amino acid substitutions can be specifically excluded from possible amino acid substitutions. In other aspects only non-conservative substitutions are included. In any event, any substitution or combination of substitutions that reduces the binding of the domain such that SpA toxicity is significantly reduced is contemplated. The significance of the reduction in binding refers to a variant that produces minimal to no toxicity when introduced into a subject and can be assessed using in vitro methods described herein.

**[0408]** In certain embodiments, a variant SpA comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more variant SpA domain D peptides. In certain aspects 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, or 19 or more amino acid residues of the variant SpA are substituted or modified—including but not limited to amino acids F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D and amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the  $V_H3$  binding sub-domain of domain D. In one aspect of the invention glutamine residues at position 9 and/or 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In another aspect, aspartic acid residues 36 and/or 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In a further aspect, glutamine 9 and 10, and aspartic acid residues 36 and 37 are mutated. Purified non-toxicogenic SpA or SpA-D mutants/variants described herein are no longer able to significantly bind (i.e., demonstrate attenuated or disrupted binding affinity) Fc $\gamma$  or F(ab) $_2$   $V_H3$  and also do not stimulate B cell apoptosis. These non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can be used as subunit vaccines and raise humoral immune responses and confer protective immunity against *S. aureus* challenge. Compared to wild-type full-length Protein A or the wild-type SpA-domain D, immunization with SpA-D variants resulted in an increase in Protein A specific antibody. Using a mouse model of staphylococcal challenge and abscess formation, it was observed that immunization with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants generated significant protection from staphylococcal infection and abscess formation. As virtually all *S. aureus* strains express Protein A, immunization of humans with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can neutralize this virulence factor and thereby establish protective immunity. In certain aspects the protective immunity protects or ameliorates infection by drug resistant strains of *Staphylococcus*, such as USA300 and other MRSA strains.

**[0409]** In still further aspects, the bacterial antigen is multimerized, e.g., dimerized or a linear fusion of two or more

polypeptides or peptide segments. In certain aspects of the invention, a composition comprises multimers or concatamers of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 or more isolated cell surface proteins or segments thereof. Concatamers are linear polypeptides having one or more repeating peptide units. Bacterial antigens or fragments can be consecutive or separated by a spacer or other peptide sequences, e.g., one or more additional bacterial peptide. In a further aspect, the other polypeptides or peptides contained in the multimer or concatamer can include, but are not limited to 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 of FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, or vWh or immunogenic fragments thereof. Additional staphylococcal antigens that can be used including, but are not limited to 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa, Aap, Ant, autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnB, FnBb, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg $^{2+}$  transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein.

**[0410]** Yet still further embodiments include vaccines comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable composition having a combination or permutation of protein(s) or peptide(s) described herein, wherein the composition is capable of stimulating and/or enhancing an immune response against a *staphylococcus* bacterium. The vaccine may comprise an isolated protein(s) or peptide(s) described. In certain aspects of the invention the bacterial antigen, or any other combination or permutation of protein(s) or peptide(s) described are multimerized, e.g., dimerized or concatamerized. In a further aspect, the vaccine composition is contaminated by less than about 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0.5, 0.25, 0.05% (or any range derivable therein) of other Staphylococcal proteins. A composition may further comprise an isolated protein A specific antibody or fragment thereof.

#### B. Staphylococcal Coagulases

**[0411]** Coagulases are enzymes produced by *Staphylococcus* bacteria that convert fibrinogen to fibrin. Coa and vW $_b$  activate prothrombin without proteolysis (Friedrich et al., 2003). The coagulase-prothrombin complex recognizes fibrinogen as a specific substrate, converting it directly into fibrin. The crystal structure of the active complex revealed binding of the D1 and D2 domains to prothrombin and insertion of its Ile $^1$ -Val $^2$  N-terminus into the Ile $^{16}$  pocket, inducing a functional active site in the zymogen through conformational change (Friedrich et al., 2003). Exosite I of  $\alpha$ -thrombin, the fibrinogen recognition site, and proexosite I on prothrombin are blocked by the D2 of Coa (Friedrich et al., 2003). Nevertheless, association of the tetrameric (Coa-prothrombin) $_2$  complex binds fibrinogen at a new site with high

affinity (Panizzi et al., 2006). This model explains the coagulant properties and efficient fibrinogen conversion by coagulase (Panizzi et al., 2006).

**[0412]** Fibrinogen is a large glycoprotein (Mr ~340,000), formed by three pairs of A $\alpha$ -, B $\beta$ -, and  $\gamma$ -chains covalently linked to form a “dimer of trimers,” where A and B designate the fibrinopeptides released by thrombin cleavage (Panizzi et al., 2006). The elongated molecule folds into three separate domains, a central fragment E that contains the N-termini of all six chains and two flanking fragments D formed mainly by the C-termini of the B/ $\beta$ - and  $\gamma$ -chains. These globular domains are connected by long triple-helical structures. Coagulase-prothrombin complexes, which convert human fibrinogen to the self-polymerizing fibrin, are not targeted by circulating thrombin inhibitors (Panizzi et al., 2006). Thus, staphylococcal coagulases bypass the physiological blood coagulation pathway.

**[0413]** All *S. aureus* strains secrete coagulase and vWbp (Bjerketorp et al., 2004; Field and Smith, 1945). Although early work reported important contributions of coagulase to the pathogenesis of staphylococcal infections (Ekstedt and Yotis, 1960; Smith et al., 1947), more recent investigations with molecular genetics tools challenged this view by observing no virulence phenotypes with endocarditis, skin abscess and mastitis models in mice (Moreillon et al., 1995; Phonimdaeng et al., 1990). Generating isogenic variants of *S. aureus* Newman, a fully virulent clinical isolate (Duthie et al., 1952), it is described herein that coa mutants indeed display virulence defects in a lethal bacteremia and renal abscess model in mice. In the inventors experience, *S. aureus* 8325-4 is not fully virulent and it is presumed that mutational lesions in this strain may not be able to reveal virulence defects in vivo. Moreover, antibodies raised against Coa or vWbp perturb the pathogenesis of *S. aureus* Newman infections to a degree mirroring the impact of gene deletions. Coa and vWbp contribute to staphylococcal abscess formation and lethal bacteremia and may also function as protective antigens in subunit vaccines.

**[0414]** Biochemical studies document the biological value of antibodies against Coa and vWbp. By binding to antigen and blocking its association with clotting factors, the antibodies prevent the formation of Coa-prothrombin and vWbp-prothrombin complexes. Passive transfer studies revealed protection of experimental animals against staphylococcal abscess formation and lethal challenge by Coa and vWbp antibodies. Thus, Coa and vWbp neutralizing antibodies generate immune protection against staphylococcal disease.

**[0415]** Earlier studies revealed a requirement of coagulase for resisting phagocytosis in blood (Smith et al., 1947) and the inventors observed a similar phenotype for Acoa mutants in lepirudin-treated mouse blood (see Example 3 below). As vWbp displays higher affinity for human prothrombin than the mouse counterpart, it is suspected the same may be true for  $\Delta$ vWbp variants in human blood. Further, expression of Coa and vWbp in abscess lesions as well as their striking distribution in the eosinophilic pseudocapsule surrounding (staphylococcal abscess communities (SACs) or the peripheral fibrin wall, suggest that secreted coagulases contribute to the establishment of these lesions. This hypothesis was tested and, indeed, Acoa mutants were defective in the establishment of abscesses. A corresponding test, blocking Coa function with specific antibodies, produced the same effect. Consequently, it is proposed that the clotting of fibrin is a critical event in the establishment of staphylococcal abscesses that

can be targeted for the development of protective vaccines. Due to their overlapping function on human prothrombin, both Coa and vWbp are considered excellent candidates for vaccine development.

### C. Other Staphylococcal Antigens

**[0416]** Research over the past several decades identified *S. aureus* exotoxins, surface proteins and regulatory molecules as important virulence factors (Foster, 2005; Mazmanian et al., 2001; Novick, 2003). Much progress has been achieved regarding the regulation of these genes. For example, staphylococci perform a bacterial census via the secretion of auto-inducing peptides that bind to a cognate receptor at threshold concentration, thereby activating phospho-relay reactions and transcriptional activation of many of the exotoxin genes (Novick, 2003). The pathogenesis of staphylococcal infections relies on these virulence factors (secreted exotoxins, exopolysaccharides, and surface adhesins). The development of staphylococcal vaccines is hindered by the multifaceted nature of staphylococcal invasion mechanisms. It is well established that live attenuated microorganisms are highly effective vaccines; immune responses elicited by such vaccines are often of greater magnitude and of longer duration than those produced by non-replicating immunogens. One explanation for this may be that live attenuated strains establish limited infections in the host and mimic the early stages of natural infection. Embodiments of the invention are directed to compositions and methods including variant SpA polypeptides and peptides, as well as other immunogenic extracellular proteins, polypeptides, and peptides (including both secreted and cell surface proteins or peptides) of gram positive bacteria for the use in mitigating or immunizing against infection. In particular embodiments the bacteria is a *staphylococcus* bacteria. Extracellular proteins, polypeptides, or peptides include, but are not limited to secreted and cell surface proteins of the targeted bacteria.

**[0417]** The human pathogen *S. aureus* secretes EsxA and EsxB, two ESAT-6 like proteins, across the bacterial envelope (Burts et al., 2005, which is incorporated herein by reference). Staphylococcal esxA and esxB are clustered with six other genes in the order of transcription: esxA esaA essA esaB essB essC esaC esxB. The acronyms esa, ess, and esx stand for ESAT-6 secretion accessory, system, and extracellular, respectively, depending whether the encoded proteins play an accessory (esa) or direct (ess) role for secretion, or are secreted (esx) in the extracellular milieu. The entire cluster of eight genes is herein referred to as the Ess cluster. EsxA, esxB, esaA, and esaB are all required for synthesis or secretion of EsxA and EsxB. Mutants that fail to produce EsxA, EsxB, and EssC display defects in the pathogenesis of *S. aureus* murine abscesses, suggesting that this specialized secretion system may be a general strategy of human bacterial pathogenesis. Secretion of non-WXG100 substrates by the ESX-1 pathway has been reported for several antigens including EspA, EspB, Rv3483c, and Rv3615c (Fortune et al., 2005; MacGurn et al., 2005; McLaughlin et al., 2007; Xu et al., 2007). The alternate ESX-5 pathway has also been shown to secrete both WXG100 and non-WXG100 proteins in pathogenic mycobacteria (Abdallah et al., 2007; Abdallah et al., 2006).

**[0418]** The *Staphylococcus aureus* Ess pathway can be viewed as a secretion module equipped with specialized transport components (Ess), accessory factors (Esa) and cognate secretion substrates (Esx). EssA, EssB and EssC are

required for EsxA and EsxB secretion. Because EssA, EssB and EssC are predicted to be transmembrane proteins, it is contemplated that these proteins form a secretion apparatus. Some of the proteins in the ess gene cluster may actively transport secreted substrates (acting as motor) while others may regulate transport (regulator). Regulation may be achieved, but need not be limited to, transcriptional or post-translational mechanisms for secreted polypeptides, sorting of specific substrates to defined locations (e.g., extracellular medium or host cells), or timing of secretion events during infection. At this point, it is unclear whether all secreted Esx proteins function as toxins or contribute indirectly to pathogenesis.

**[0419]** Staphylococci rely on surface protein mediated-adhesion to host cells or invasion of tissues as a strategy for escape from immune defenses. Furthermore, *S. aureus* utilize surface proteins to sequester iron from the host during infection. The majority of surface proteins involved in staphylococcal pathogenesis carry C-terminal sorting signals, i.e., they are covalently linked to the cell wall envelope by sortase. Further, staphylococcal strains lacking the genes required for surface protein anchoring, i.e., sortase A and B, display a dramatic defect in the virulence in several different mouse models of disease. Thus, surface protein antigens represent a validated vaccine target as the corresponding genes are essential for the development of staphylococcal disease and can be exploited in various embodiments of the invention. The sortase enzyme superfamily are Gram-positive transpeptidases responsible for anchoring surface protein virulence factors to the peptidoglycan cell wall layer. Two sortase isoforms have been identified in *Staphylococcus aureus*, SrtA and SrtB. These enzymes have been shown to recognize a LPXTG motif in substrate proteins. The SrtB isoform appears to be important in heme iron acquisition and iron homeostasis, whereas the SrtA isoform plays a critical role in the pathogenesis of Gram-positive bacteria by modulating the ability of the bacterium to adhere to host tissue via the covalent anchoring of adhesins and other proteins to the cell wall peptidoglycan. In certain embodiments the SpA variants described herein can be used in combination with other staphylococcal proteins such as Coa, Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaC, EsaB, EsxA, EsxB, Hla, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, IsdC, SasF, vWbp, and/or vWh proteins.

**[0420]** Certain aspects of the invention include methods and compositions concerning proteinaceous compositions including polypeptides, peptides, or nucleic acid encoding SpA variant(s) and other staphylococcal antigens such as other proteins transported by the Ess pathway, or sortase substrates. These proteins may be modified by deletion, insertion, and/or substitution.

**[0421]** The Esx polypeptides include the amino acid sequence of Esx proteins from bacteria in the *Staphylococcus* genus. The Esx sequence may be from a particular *staphylococcus* species, such as *Staphylococcus aureus*, and may be from a particular strain, such as Newman. In certain embodiments, the EsxA sequence is SAV0282 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number Q99WU4 (gil68565539), which is hereby incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the EsxB sequence is SAV0290 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number Q99WT7 (gil68565532), which is hereby incorporated by reference. In further embodiments, other polypep-

tides transported by the Ess pathway may be used, the sequences of which may be identified by one of skill in the art using databases and internet accessible resources.

**[0422]** The sortase substrate polypeptides include, but are not limited to the amino acid sequence of SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, IsdC or SasF proteins from bacteria in the *Staphylococcus* genus. The sortase substrate polypeptide sequence may be from a particular *staphylococcus* species, such as *Staphylococcus aureus*, and may be from a particular strain, such as Newman. In certain embodiments, the SdrD sequence is from strain N315 and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP\_373773.1 (gil15926240), which is incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the SdrE sequence is from strain N315 and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP\_373774.1 (gil15926241), which is incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the IsdA sequence is SAV1130 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP\_371654.1 (gil15924120), which is incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the IsdB sequence is SAV1129 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP\_371653.1 (gil15924119), which is incorporated by reference. In further embodiments, other polypeptides transported by the Ess pathway or processed by sortase may be used, the sequences of which may be identified by one of skill in the art using databases and internet accessible resources.

**[0423]** Examples of various proteins that can be used in the context of the present invention can be identified by analysis of database submissions of bacterial genomes, including but not limited to accession numbers NC\_002951 (GI:57650036 and GenBank CP000046), NC\_002758 (GI:57634611 and GenBank BA000017), NC\_002745 (GI:29165615 and GenBank BA000018), NC\_003923 (GI:21281729 and GenBank BA000033), NC\_002952 (GI:49482253 and GenBank BX571856), NC\_002953 (GI:49484912 and GenBank BX571857), NC\_007793 (GI:87125858 and GenBank CP000255), NC\_007795 (GI:87201381 and GenBank CP000253) each of which are incorporated by reference.

**[0424]** As used herein, a “protein” or “polypeptide” refers to a molecule comprising at least ten amino acid residues. In some embodiments, a wild-type version of a protein or polypeptide are employed, however, in many embodiments of the invention, a modified protein or polypeptide is employed to generate an immune response. The terms described above may be used interchangeably. A “modified protein” or “modified polypeptide” or a “variant” refers to a protein or polypeptide whose chemical structure, particularly its amino acid sequence, is altered with respect to the wild-type protein or polypeptide. In some embodiments, a modified/variant protein or polypeptide has at least one modified activity or function (recognizing that proteins or polypeptides may have multiple activities or functions). It is specifically contemplated that a modified/variant protein or polypeptide may be altered with respect to one activity or function yet retain a wild-type activity or function in other respects, such as immunogenicity.

**[0425]** In certain embodiments the size of a protein or polypeptide (wild-type or modified) may comprise, but is not limited to, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53,

54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 275, 300, 325, 350, 375, 400, 425, 450, 475, 500, 525, 550, 575, 600, 625, 650, 675, 700, 725, 750, 775, 800, 825, 850, 875, 900, 925, 950, 975, 1000, 1100, 1200, 1300, 1400, 1500, 1750, 2000, 2250, 2500 amino molecules or greater, and any range derivable therein, or derivative of a corresponding amino sequence described or referenced herein. It is contemplated that polypeptides may be mutated by truncation, rendering them shorter than their corresponding wild-type form, but also they might be altered by fusing or conjugating a heterologous protein sequence with a particular function (e.g., for targeting or localization, for enhanced immunogenicity, for purification purposes, etc.).

**[0426]** As used herein, an “amino molecule” refers to any amino acid, amino acid derivative, or amino acid mimic known in the art. In certain embodiments, the residues of the proteinaceous molecule are sequential, without any non-amino molecule interrupting the sequence of amino molecule residues. In other embodiments, the sequence may comprise one or more non-amino molecule moieties. In particular embodiments, the sequence of residues of the proteinaceous molecule may be interrupted by one or more non-amino molecule moieties.

**[0427]** Accordingly, the term “proteinaceous composition” encompasses amino molecule sequences comprising at least one of the 20 common amino acids in naturally synthesized proteins, or at least one modified or unusual amino acid.

**[0428]** Proteinaceous compositions may be made by any technique known to those of skill in the art, including (i) the expression of proteins, polypeptides, or peptides through standard molecular biological techniques, (ii) the isolation of proteinaceous compounds from natural sources, or (iii) the chemical synthesis of proteinaceous materials. The nucleotide as well as the protein, polypeptide, and peptide sequences for various genes have been previously disclosed, and may be found in the recognized computerized databases. One such database is the National Center for Biotechnology Information’s Genbank and GenPept databases (on the World Wide Web at [ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/](http://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/)). The coding regions for these genes may be amplified and/or expressed using the techniques disclosed herein or as would be known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

**[0429]** Amino acid sequence variants of SpA, coagulases and other polypeptides of the invention can be substitutional, insertional, or deletion variants. A variation in a polypeptide of the invention may affect 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29,

30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, or more non-contiguous or contiguous amino acids of the polypeptide, as compared to wild-type. A variant can comprise an amino acid sequence that is at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90%, including all values and ranges there between, identical to any sequence provided or referenced herein, e.g., SEQ ID NO:2-8 or SEQ ID NO:11-30. A variant can include 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more substitute amino acids. A polypeptide processed or secreted by the Ess pathway or other surface proteins (see Table 1) or sortase substrates from any *staphylococcus* species and strain are contemplated for use in compositions and methods described herein.

**[0430]** Deletion variants typically lack one or more residues of the native or wild-type protein. Individual residues can be deleted or a number of contiguous amino acids can be deleted. A stop codon may be introduced (by substitution or insertion) into an encoding nucleic acid sequence to generate a truncated protein. Insertional mutants typically involve the addition of material at a non-terminal point in the polypeptide. This may include the insertion of one or more residues. Terminal additions, called fusion proteins, may also be generated. These fusion proteins include multimers or concatamers of one or more peptide or polypeptide described or referenced herein.

**[0431]** Substitutional variants typically contain the exchange of one amino acid for another at one or more sites within the protein, and may be designed to modulate one or more properties of the polypeptide, with or without the loss of other functions or properties. Substitutions may be conservative, that is, one amino acid is replaced with one of similar shape and charge. Conservative substitutions are well known in the art and include, for example, the changes of: alanine to serine; arginine to lysine; asparagine to glutamine or histidine; aspartate to glutamate; cysteine to serine; glutamine to asparagine; glutamate to aspartate; glycine to proline; histidine to asparagine or glutamine; isoleucine to leucine or valine; leucine to valine or isoleucine; lysine to arginine; methionine to leucine or isoleucine; phenylalanine to tyrosine, leucine or methionine; serine to threonine; threonine to serine; tryptophan to tyrosine; tyrosine to tryptophan or phenylalanine; and valine to isoleucine or leucine. Alternatively, substitutions may be non-conservative such that a function or activity of the polypeptide is affected. Non-conservative changes typically involve substituting a residue with one that is chemically dissimilar, such as a polar or charged amino acid for a nonpolar or uncharged amino acid, and vice versa.

TABLE 1

Exemplary surface proteins of <i>S. aureus</i> strains.								
SAV #	SA#	Surface	MW2	Mu50	N315	Newman	MRSA252*	MS SA476*
SAV0111	SA0107	Spa	492	450	450	520	516	492
SAV2503	SA2291	FnBPA	1015	1038	1038	741	—	1015
SAV2502	SA2290	FnBPP	943	961	961	677	965	957
SAV0811	SA0742	CfA	946	935	989	933	1029	928
SAV2630	SA2423	CfB	907	877	877	913	873	905
Np	Np	Cna	1183	—	—	—	1183	1183
SAV0561	SA0519	SdrC	955	953	953	947	906	957
SAV0562	SA0520	SdrD	1347	1385	1385	1315	—	1365
SAV0563	SA0521	SdrE	1141	1141	1141	1166	1137	1141

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary surface proteins of <i>S. aureus</i> strains.								
SAV #	SA#	Surface	MW2	Mu50	N315	Newman	MRSA252*	MS SA476*
Np	Np	Pls	—	—	—	—	—	—
SAV2654	SA2447	SasA	2275	2271	2271	2271	1351	2275
SAV2160	SA1964	SasB	686	2481	2481	2481	2222	685
	SA1577	SasC	2186	213	2186	2186	2189	2186
SAV0134	SA0129	SasD	241	241	241	241	221	241
SAV1130	SA0977	SasE/IsdA	350	350	350	350	354	350
SAV2646	SA2439	SasF	635	635	635	635	627	635
SAV2496		SasG	1371	525	927	—	—	1371
SAV0023	SA0022	SasH	772	—	772	772	786	786
SAV1731	SA1552	SasI	895	891	891	891	534	895
SAV1129	SA0976	SasJ/IsdB	645	645	645	645	652	645
	SA2381	SasK	198	211	211	—	—	197
SAV1131	Np	SasL	—	232	—	—	—	—
	SA0978	IsdC	227	227	227	227	227	227

[0432] Proteins of the invention may be recombinant, or synthesized in vitro. Alternatively, a non-recombinant or recombinant protein may be isolated from bacteria. It is also contemplated that a bacteria containing such a variant may be implemented in compositions and methods of the invention. Consequently, a protein need not be isolated.

[0433] The term “functionally equivalent codon” is used herein to refer to codons that encode the same amino acid, such as the six codons for arginine or serine, and also refers to codons that encode biologically equivalent amino acids (see Table 2, below).

TABLE 2

Codon Table			
Amino Acids		Codons	
Alanine	Ala A	GCA	GCC GCG GCU
Cysteine	Cys C	UGC	UGU
Aspartic acid	Asp D	GAC	GAU
Glutamic acid	Glu E	GAA	GAG
Phenylalanine	Phe F	UUC	UUU
Glycine	Gly G	GGA	GGC GGG GGU
Histidine	His H	CAC	CAU
Isoleucine	Ile I	AUA	AUC AUU
Lysine	Lys K	AAA	AAG
Leucine	Leu L	UUA	UUG CUA CUC CUG CUU
Methionine	Met M	AUG	
Asparagine	Asn N	AAC	AAU
Proline	Pro P	CCA	CCC CCG CCU
Glutamine	Gln Q	CAA	CAG
Arginine	Arg R	AGA	AGG CGA CGC CGG CGU
Serine	Ser S	AGC	AGU UCA UCC UCG UCU
Threonine	Thr T	ACA	ACC ACG ACU
Valine	Val V	GUA	GUC GUG GUU

TABLE 2-continued

Codon Table			
Amino Acids		Codons	
Tryptophan	Trp W	UGG	
Tyrosine	Tyr Y	UAC	UAU

[0434] It also will be understood that amino acid and nucleic acid sequences may include additional residues, such as additional N- or C-terminal amino acids, or 5' or 3' sequences, respectively, and yet still be essentially as set forth in one of the sequences disclosed herein, so long as the sequence meets the criteria set forth above, including the maintenance of biological protein activity (e.g., immunogenicity) where protein expression is concerned. The addition of terminal sequences particularly applies to nucleic acid sequences that may, for example, include various non-coding sequences flanking either of the 5' or 3' portions of the coding region.

[0435] The following is a discussion based upon changing of the amino acids of a protein to create a variant polypeptide or peptide. For example, certain amino acids may be substituted for other amino acids in a protein structure with or without appreciable loss of interactive binding capacity with structures such as, for example, antigen-binding regions of antibodies or binding sites on substrate molecules. Since it is the interactive capacity and nature of a protein that defines that protein's functional activity, certain amino acid substitutions can be made in a protein sequence, and in its underlying DNA coding sequence, and nevertheless produce a protein with a desirable property. It is thus contemplated by the inventors that various changes may be made in the DNA sequences of genes.

[0436] It is contemplated that in compositions of the invention, there is between about 0.001 mg and about 10 mg of total polypeptide, peptide, and/or protein per ml. The concentration of protein in a composition can be about, at least about or at most about 0.001, 0.010, 0.050, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0 mg/ml or more (or any range derivable therein). Of this, about, at least about, or at most about 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34,

35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100% may be an SpA variant or a coagulase, and may be used in combination with other peptides or polypeptides, such as other bacterial peptides and/or antigens.

**[0437]** The present invention contemplates the administration of variant SpA polypeptides or peptides to effect a preventative therapy or therapeutic effect against the development of a disease or condition associated with infection by a *staphylococcus* pathogen.

**[0438]** In certain aspects, combinations of staphylococcal antigens are used in the production of an immunogenic composition that is effective at treating or preventing staphylococcal infection. Staphylococcal infections progress through several different stages. For example, the staphylococcal life cycle involves commensal colonization, initiation of infection by accessing adjoining tissues or the bloodstream, and/or anaerobic multiplication in the blood. The interplay between *S. aureus* virulence determinants and the host defense mechanisms can induce complications such as endocarditis, metastatic abscess formation, and sepsis syndrome. Different molecules on the surface of the bacterium are involved in different steps of the infection cycle. Combinations of certain antigens can elicit an immune response which protects against multiple stages of staphylococcal infection. The effectiveness of the immune response can be measured either in animal model assays and/or using an opsonophagocytic assay.

#### D. Polypeptides and Polypeptide Production

**[0439]** The present invention describes polypeptides, peptides, and proteins and immunogenic fragments thereof for use in various embodiments of the present invention. For example, specific polypeptides are assayed for or used to elicit an immune response. In specific embodiments, all or part of the proteins of the invention can also be synthesized in solution or on a solid support in accordance with conventional techniques. Various automatic synthesizers are commercially available and can be used in accordance with known protocols. See, for example, Stewart and Young, (1984); Tam et al., (1983); Merrifield, (1986); and Barany and Merrifield (1979), each incorporated herein by reference.

**[0440]** Alternatively, recombinant DNA technology may be employed wherein a nucleotide sequence which encodes a peptide of the invention is inserted into an expression vector, transformed or transfected into an appropriate host cell and cultivated under conditions suitable for expression.

**[0441]** One embodiment of the invention includes the use of gene transfer to cells, including microorganisms, for the production and/or presentation of polypeptides or peptides. The gene for the polypeptide or peptide of interest may be transferred into appropriate host cells followed by culture of cells under the appropriate conditions. The generation of recombinant expression vectors, and the elements included therein, are well known in the art and briefly discussed herein. Alternatively, the protein to be produced may be an endogenous protein normally synthesized by the cell that is isolated and purified.

**[0442]** Another embodiment of the present invention uses autologous B lymphocyte cell lines, which are transfected with a viral vector that expresses an immunogen product, and more specifically, a protein having immunogenic activity. Other examples of mammalian host cell lines include, but are

not limited to Vero and HeLa cells, other B- and T-cell lines, such as CEM, 721.221, H9, Jurkat, Raji, as well as cell lines of Chinese hamster ovary, W138, BHK, COS-7, 293, HepG2, 3T3, RIN and MDCK cells. In addition, a host cell strain may be chosen that modulates the expression of the inserted sequences, or that modifies and processes the gene product in the manner desired. Such modifications (e.g., glycosylation) and processing (e.g., cleavage) of protein products may be important for the function of the protein. Different host cells have characteristic and specific mechanisms for the post-translational processing and modification of proteins. Appropriate cell lines or host systems can be chosen to ensure the correct modification and processing of the foreign protein expressed.

**[0443]** A number of selection systems may be used including, but not limited to HSV thymidine kinase, hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase, and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase genes, in tk-, hgppt- or aprt- cells, respectively. Also, anti-metabolite resistance can be used as the basis of selection: for dhfr, which confers resistance to trimethoprim and methotrexate; gpt, which confers resistance to mycophenolic acid; neo, which confers resistance to the aminoglycoside G418; and hygromycin, which confers resistance to hygromycin.

**[0444]** Animal cells can be propagated in vitro in two modes: as non-anchorage-dependent cells growing in suspension throughout the bulk of the culture or as anchorage-dependent cells requiring attachment to a solid substrate for their propagation (i.e., a monolayer type of cell growth).

**[0445]** Non-anchorage dependent or suspension cultures from continuous established cell lines are the most widely used means of large scale production of cells and cell products. However, suspension cultured cells have limitations, such as tumorigenic potential and lower protein production than adherent cells.

**[0446]** Where a protein is specifically mentioned herein, it is preferably a reference to a native or recombinant protein or optionally a protein in which any signal sequence has been removed. The protein may be isolated directly from the staphylococcal strain or produced by recombinant DNA techniques. Immunogenic fragments of the protein may be incorporated into the immunogenic composition of the invention. These are fragments comprising at least 10 amino acids, 20 amino acids, 30 amino acids, 40 amino acids, 50 amino acids, or 100 amino acids, including all values and ranges there between, taken contiguously from the amino acid sequence of the protein. In addition, such immunogenic fragments are immunologically reactive with antibodies generated against the Staphylococcal proteins or with antibodies generated by infection of a mammalian host with Staphylococci. Immunogenic fragments also include fragments that when administered at an effective dose, (either alone or as a hapten bound to a carrier), elicit a protective or therapeutic immune response against Staphylococcal infection, in certain aspects it is protective against *S. aureus* and/or *S. epidermidis* infection. Such an immunogenic fragment may include, for example, the protein lacking an N-terminal leader sequence, and/or a trans-membrane domain and/or a C-terminal anchor domain. In a preferred aspect the immunogenic fragment according to the invention comprises substantially all of the extracellular domain of a protein which has at least 80% identity, at least 85% identity, at least 90% identity, at least 95% identity, or at least 97-99% identity, including all values and ranges there

between, to a sequence selected segment of a polypeptide described or referenced herein.

**[0447]** Also included in immunogenic compositions of the invention are fusion proteins composed of one or more Staphylococcal proteins, or immunogenic fragments of staphylococcal proteins. Such fusion proteins may be made recombinantly and may comprise one portion of at least 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 staphylococcal proteins or segments. Alternatively, a fusion protein may comprise multiple portions of at least 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 staphylococcal proteins. These may combine different Staphylococcal proteins and/or multiples of the same protein or protein fragment, or immunogenic fragments in the same protein (forming a multimer or a concatamer). Alternatively, the invention also includes individual fusion proteins of Staphylococcal proteins or immunogenic fragments thereof, as a fusion protein with heterologous sequences such as a provider of T-cell epitopes or purification tags, for example:  $\beta$ -galactosidase, glutathione-S-transferase, green fluorescent proteins (GFP), epitope tags such as FLAG, myc tag, poly histidine, or viral surface proteins such as influenza virus haemagglutinin, or bacterial proteins such as tetanus toxoid, diphtheria toxoid, or CRM197.

## II. NUCLEIC ACIDS

**[0448]** In certain embodiments, the present invention concerns recombinant polynucleotides encoding the proteins, polypeptides, peptides of the invention. The nucleic acid sequences for SpA, coagulases and other bacterial proteins are included, all of which are incorporated by reference, and can be used to prepare peptides or polypeptides.

**[0449]** As used in this application, the term “polynucleotide” refers to a nucleic acid molecule that either is recombinant or has been isolated free of total genomic nucleic acid. Included within the term “polynucleotide” are oligonucleotides (nucleic acids of 100 residues or less in length), recombinant vectors, including, for example, plasmids, cosmids, phage, viruses, and the like. Polynucleotides include, in certain aspects, regulatory sequences, isolated substantially away from their naturally occurring genes or protein encoding sequences. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be RNA, DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic), analogs thereof, or a combination thereof. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide.

**[0450]** In this respect, the term “gene,” “polynucleotide,” or “nucleic acid” is used to refer to a nucleic acid that encodes a protein, polypeptide, or peptide (including any sequences required for proper transcription, post-translational modification, or localization). As will be understood by those in the art, this term encompasses genomic sequences, expression cassettes, cDNA sequences, and smaller engineered nucleic acid segments that express, or may be adapted to express, proteins, polypeptides, domains, peptides, fusion proteins, and mutants. A nucleic acid encoding all or part of a polypeptide may contain a contiguous nucleic acid sequence of: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 441, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000, 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060, 1070, 1080,

1090, 1095, 1100, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000, 3500, 4000, 4500, 5000, 5500, 6000, 6500, 7000, 7500, 8000, 9000, 10000, or more nucleotides, nucleosides, or base pairs, including all values and ranges therebetween, of a polynucleotide encoding one or more amino acid sequence described or referenced herein. It also is contemplated that a particular polypeptide may be encoded by nucleic acids containing variations having slightly different nucleic acid sequences but, nonetheless, encode the same or substantially similar protein (see Table 2 above).

**[0451]** In particular embodiments, the invention concerns isolated nucleic acid segments and recombinant vectors incorporating nucleic acid sequences that encode a variant SpA or coagulase. The term “recombinant” may be used in conjunction with a polynucleotide or polypeptide and generally refers to a polypeptide or polynucleotide produced and/or manipulated in vitro or that is a replication product of such a molecule.

**[0452]** In other embodiments, the invention concerns isolated nucleic acid segments and recombinant vectors incorporating nucleic acid sequences that encode a variant SpA or coagulase polypeptide or peptide to generate an immune response in a subject. In various embodiments the nucleic acids of the invention may be used in genetic vaccines.

**[0453]** The nucleic acid segments used in the present invention can be combined with other nucleic acid sequences, such as promoters, polyadenylation signals, additional restriction enzyme sites, multiple cloning sites, other coding segments, and the like, such that their overall length may vary considerably. It is therefore contemplated that a nucleic acid fragment of almost any length may be employed, with the total length preferably being limited by the ease of preparation and use in the intended recombinant nucleic acid protocol. In some cases, a nucleic acid sequence may encode a polypeptide sequence with additional heterologous coding sequences, for example to allow for purification of the polypeptide, transport, secretion, post-translational modification, or for therapeutic benefits such as targeting or efficacy. As discussed above, a tag or other heterologous polypeptide may be added to the modified polypeptide-encoding sequence, wherein “heterologous” refers to a polypeptide that is not the same as the modified polypeptide.

**[0454]** In certain other embodiments, the invention concerns isolated nucleic acid segments and recombinant vectors that include within their sequence a contiguous nucleic acid sequence from SEQ ID NO:1 (SpA domain D) or SEQ ID NO:3 (SpA) or any other nucleic acid sequences encoding coagulases or other secreted virulence factors and/or surface proteins including proteins transported by the Ess pathway, processed by sortase, or proteins incorporated herein by reference.

**[0455]** In certain embodiments, the present invention provides polynucleotide variants having substantial identity to the sequences disclosed herein; those comprising at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% or higher sequence identity, including all values and ranges there between, compared to a polynucleotide sequence of this invention using the methods described herein (e.g., BLAST analysis using standard parameters).

**[0456]** The invention also contemplates the use of polynucleotides which are complementary to all the above described polynucleotides.

## A. Vectors

**[0457]** Polypeptides of the invention may be encoded by a nucleic acid molecule comprised in a vector. The term “vector” is used to refer to a carrier nucleic acid molecule into which a heterologous nucleic acid sequence can be inserted for introduction into a cell where it can be replicated and expressed. A nucleic acid sequence can be “heterologous,” which means that it is in a context foreign to the cell in which the vector is being introduced or to the nucleic acid in which is incorporated, which includes a sequence homologous to a sequence in the cell or nucleic acid but in a position within the host cell or nucleic acid where it is ordinarily not found. Vectors include DNAs, RNAs, plasmids, cosmids, viruses (bacteriophage, animal viruses, and plant viruses), and artificial chromosomes (e.g., YACs). One of skill in the art would be well equipped to construct a vector through standard recombinant techniques (for example Sambrook et al., 2001; Ausubel et al., 1996, both incorporated herein by reference). In addition to encoding a variant SpA polypeptide the vector can encode other polypeptide sequences such as a one or more other bacterial peptide, a tag, or an immunogenicity enhancing peptide. Useful vectors encoding such fusion proteins include pIN vectors (Inouye et al., 1985), vectors encoding a stretch of histidines, and pGEX vectors, for use in generating glutathione S-transferase (GST) soluble fusion proteins for later purification and separation or cleavage.

**[0458]** The term “expression vector” refers to a vector containing a nucleic acid sequence coding for at least part of a gene product capable of being transcribed. In some cases, RNA molecules are then translated into a protein, polypeptide, or peptide. Expression vectors can contain a variety of “control sequences,” which refer to nucleic acid sequences necessary for the transcription and possibly translation of an operably linked coding sequence in a particular host organism. In addition to control sequences that govern transcription and translation, vectors and expression vectors may contain nucleic acid sequences that serve other functions as well and are described herein.

**[0459]** 1. Promoters and Enhancers

**[0460]** A “promoter” is a control sequence. The promoter is typically a region of a nucleic acid sequence at which initiation and rate of transcription are controlled. It may contain genetic elements at which regulatory proteins and molecules may bind such as RNA polymerase and other transcription factors. The phrases “operatively positioned,” “operatively linked,” “under control,” and “under transcriptional control” mean that a promoter is in a correct functional location and/or orientation in relation to a nucleic acid sequence to control transcriptional initiation and expression of that sequence. A promoter may or may not be used in conjunction with an “enhancer,” which refers to a cis-acting regulatory sequence involved in the transcriptional activation of a nucleic acid sequence.

**[0461]** Naturally, it may be important to employ a promoter and/or enhancer that effectively directs the expression of the DNA segment in the cell type or organism chosen for expression. Those of skill in the art of molecular biology generally know the use of promoters, enhancers, and cell type combinations for protein expression (see Sambrook et al., 2001, incorporated herein by reference). The promoters employed may be constitutive, tissue-specific, or inducible and in certain embodiments may direct high level expression of the introduced DNA segment under specified conditions, such as large-scale production of recombinant proteins or peptides.

**[0462]** Various elements/promoters may be employed in the context of the present invention to regulate the expression of a gene. Examples of such inducible elements, which are regions of a nucleic acid sequence that can be activated in response to a specific stimulus, include but are not limited to Immunoglobulin Heavy Chain (Banerji et al., 1983; Gilles et al., 1983; Grosschedl et al., 1985; Atchinson et al., 1986, 1987; Imler et al., 1987; Weinberger et al., 1984; Kiledjian et al., 1988; Porton et al.; 1990), Immunoglobulin Light Chain (Queen et al., 1983; Picard et al., 1984), T Cell Receptor (Luria et al., 1987; Winoto et al., 1989; Redondo et al.; 1990), HLA DQ  $\alpha$  and/or DQ  $\beta$  (Sullivan et al., 1987), (3 Interferon (Goodbourn et al., 1986; Fujita et al., 1987; Goodbourn et al., 1988), Interleukin-2 (Greene et al., 1989), Interleukin-2 Receptor (Greene et al., 1989; Lin et al., 1990), MHC Class II 5 (Koch et al., 1989), MHC Class II HLA-DR $\alpha$  (Sherman et al., 1989),  $\beta$ -Actin (Kawamoto et al., 1988; Ng et al.; 1989), Muscle Creatine Kinase (MCK) (Jaynes et al., 1988; Horlick et al., 1989; Johnson et al., 1989), Prealbumin (Transthyretin) (Costa et al., 1988), Elastase I (Ornitz et al., 1987), Metallothionein (MTII) (Karin et al., 1987; Culotta et al., 1989), Collagenase (Pinkert et al., 1987; Angel et al., 1987), Albumin (Pinkert et al., 1987; Tronche et al., 1989, 1990),  $\alpha$ -Fetoprotein (Godbout et al., 1988; Campere et al., 1989),  $\gamma$ -Globin (Bodine et al., 1987; Perez-Stable et al., 1990),  $\beta$ -Globin (Trudel et al., 1987), c-fos (Cohen et al., 1987), c-Ha-Ras (Triesman, 1986; Deschamps et al., 1985), Insulin (Edlund et al., 1985), Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule (NCAM) (Hirsh et al., 1990),  $\alpha$ 1-Antitrypsin (Latimer et al., 1990), H2B (TH2B) Histone (Hwang et al., 1990), Mouse and/or Type I Collagen (Ripe et al., 1989), Glucose-Regulated Proteins (GRP94 and GRP78) (Chang et al., 1989), Rat Growth Hormone (Larsen et al., 1986), Human Serum Amyloid A (SAA) (Edbrooke et al., 1989), Troponin I (TN I) (Yutzey et al., 1989), Platelet-Derived Growth Factor (PDGF) (Pech et al., 1989), Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (Klamut et al., 1990), SV40 (Banerji et al., 1981; Moreau et al., 1981; Sleigh et al., 1985; Firak et al., 1986; Herr et al., 1986; Imbra et al., 1986; Kadesch et al., 1986; Wang et al., 1986; Ondek et al., 1987; Kuhl et al., 1987; Schaffner et al., 1988), Polyoma (Swartzendruber et al., 1975; Vasseur et al., 1980; Katinka et al., 1980, 1981; Tyndell et al., 1981; Dandolo et al., 1983; de Villiers et al., 1984; Hen et al., 1986; Satake et al., 1988; Campbell et al., 1988), Retroviruses (Kriegler et al., 1982, 1983; Levinson et al., 1982; Kriegler et al., 1983, 1984a, b, 1988; Bosze et al., 1986; Miksicek et al., 1986; Celander et al., 1987; Thiesen et al., 1988; Celander et al., 1988; Choi et al., 1988; Reisman et al., 1989), Papilloma Virus (Campo et al., 1983; Lusky et al., 1983; Spandidos and Wilkie, 1983; Spalholz et al., 1985; Lusky et al., 1986; Cripe et al., 1987; Gloss et al., 1987; Hirochika et al., 1987; Stephens et al., 1987), Hepatitis B Virus (Bulla et al., 1986; Jameel et al., 1986; Shaul et al., 1987; Spandau et al., 1988; Vannice et al., 1988), Human Immunodeficiency Virus (Muesing et al., 1987; Hauber et al., 1988; Jakobovits et al., 1988; Feng et al., 1988; Takebe et al., 1988; Rosen et al., 1988; Berkhout et al., 1989; Laspia et al., 1989; Sharp et al., 1989; Braddock et al., 1989), Cytomegalovirus (CMV) IE (Weber et al., 1984; Boshart et al., 1985; Foecking et al., 1986), Gibbon Ape Leukemia Virus (Holbrook et al., 1987; Quinn et al., 1989).

**[0463]** Inducible elements include, but are not limited to MT II-Phorbol Ester (TFA)/Heavy metals (Palmiter et al., 1982; Haslinger et al., 1985; Searle et al., 1985; Stuart et al., 1985; Imagawa et al., 1987; Karin et al., 1987; Angel et al.,

1987b; McNeill et al., 1989); MMTV (mouse mammary tumor virus)-Glucocorticoids (Huang et al., 1981; Lee et al., 1981; Majors et al., 1983; Chandler et al., 1983; Lee et al., 1984; Ponta et al., 1985; Sakai et al., 1988);  $\beta$ -Interferon-poly (rI)x/poly(rc) (Tavernier et al., 1983); Adenovirus 5 E2-E1A (Imperiale et al., 1984); Collagenase-Phorbol Ester (TPA) (Angel et al., 1987a); Stromelysin-Phorbol Ester (TPA) (Angel et al., 1987b); SV40-Phorbol Ester (TPA) (Angel et al., 1987b); Murine MX Gene-Interferon, Newcastle Disease Virus (Hug et al., 1988); GRP78 Gene-A23187 (Resendez et al., 1988);  $\alpha$ -2-Macroglobulin-IL-6 (Kunz et al., 1989); Vimentin-Serum (Rittling et al., 1989); MHC Class I Gene H-2kb-Interferon (Blanar et al., 1989); HSP70-E1A/SV40 Large T Antigen (Taylor et al., 1989, 1990a, 1990b); Proliferin-Phorbol Ester/TPA (Mordacq et al., 1989); Tumor Necrosis Factor-PMA (Hensel et al., 1989); and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone  $\alpha$  Gene-Thyroid Hormone (Chatterjee et al., 1989).

**[0464]** The particular promoter that is employed to control the expression of peptide or protein encoding polynucleotide of the invention is not believed to be critical, so long as it is capable of expressing the polynucleotide in a targeted cell, preferably a bacterial cell. Where a human cell is targeted, it is preferable to position the polynucleotide coding region adjacent to and under the control of a promoter that is capable of being expressed in a human cell. Generally speaking, such a promoter might include either a bacterial, human or viral promoter.

**[0465]** In embodiments in which a vector is administered to a subject for expression of the protein, it is contemplated that a desirable promoter for use with the vector is one that is not down-regulated by cytokines or one that is strong enough that even if down-regulated, it produces an effective amount of a variant SpA for eliciting an immune response. Non-limiting examples of these are CMV IE and RSV LTR. Tissue specific promoters can be used, particularly if expression is in cells in which expression of an antigen is desirable, such as dendritic cells or macrophages. The mammalian MHC I and MHC II promoters are examples of such tissue-specific promoters.

**[0466]** 2. Initiation Signals and Internal Ribosome Binding Sites (IRES)

**[0467]** A specific initiation signal also may be required for efficient translation of coding sequences. These signals include the ATG initiation codon or adjacent sequences. Exogenous translational control signals, including the ATG initiation codon, may need to be provided. One of ordinary skill in the art would readily be capable of determining this and providing the necessary signals.

**[0468]** In certain embodiments of the invention, the use of internal ribosome entry sites (IRES) elements are used to create multigene, or polycistronic, messages. IRES elements are able to bypass the ribosome scanning model of 5' methylated Cap dependent translation and begin translation at internal sites (Pelletier and Sonenberg, 1988; Macejak and Sarnow, 1991). IRES elements can be linked to heterologous open reading frames. Multiple open reading frames can be transcribed together, each separated by an IRES, creating polycistronic messages. Multiple genes can be efficiently expressed using a single promoter/enhancer to transcribe a single message (see U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,925,565 and 5,935,819, herein incorporated by reference).

**[0469]** 3. Selectable and Screenable Markers

**[0470]** In certain embodiments of the invention, cells containing a nucleic acid construct of the present invention may

be identified in vitro or in vivo by encoding a screenable or selectable marker in the expression vector. When transcribed and translated, a marker confers an identifiable change to the cell permitting easy identification of cells containing the expression vector. Generally, a selectable marker is one that confers a property that allows for selection. A positive selectable marker is one in which the presence of the marker allows for its selection, while a negative selectable marker is one in which its presence prevents its selection. An example of a positive selectable marker is a drug resistance marker.

## B. Host Cells

**[0471]** As used herein, the terms "cell," "cell line," and "cell culture" may be used interchangeably. All of these terms also include their progeny, which is any and all subsequent generations. It is understood that all progeny may not be identical due to deliberate or inadvertent mutations. In the context of expressing a heterologous nucleic acid sequence, "host cell" refers to a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell, and it includes any transformable organism that is capable of replicating a vector or expressing a heterologous gene encoded by a vector. A host cell can, and has been, used as a recipient for vectors or viruses. A host cell may be "transfected" or "transformed," which refers to a process by which exogenous nucleic acid, such as a recombinant protein-encoding sequence, is transferred or introduced into the host cell. A transformed cell includes the primary subject cell and its progeny.

**[0472]** Host cells may be derived from prokaryotes or eukaryotes, including bacteria, yeast cells, insect cells, and mammalian cells for replication of the vector or expression of part or all of the nucleic acid sequence(s). Numerous cell lines and cultures are available for use as a host cell, and they can be obtained through the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), which is an organization that serves as an archive for living cultures and genetic materials ([www.atcc.org](http://www.atcc.org)).

## C. Expression Systems

**[0473]** Numerous expression systems exist that comprise at least a part or all of the compositions discussed above. Prokaryote- and/or eukaryote-based systems can be employed for use with the present invention to produce nucleic acid sequences, or their cognate polypeptides, proteins and peptides. Many such systems are commercially and widely available.

**[0474]** The insect cell/baculovirus system can produce a high level of protein expression of a heterologous nucleic acid segment, such as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,871,986, 4,879,236, both herein incorporated by reference, and which can be bought, for example, under the name MAXBAC® 2.0 from INVITROGEN® and BACPACK™ BACULOVIRUS EXPRESSION SYSTEM FROM CLONTECH®.

**[0475]** In addition to the disclosed expression systems of the invention, other examples of expression systems include STRATAGENE®'s COMPLETE CONTROL™ Inducible Mammalian Expression System, which involves a synthetic ecdysone-inducible receptor, or its pET Expression System, an *E. coli* expression system. Another example of an inducible expression system is available from INVITROGEN®, which carries the T-REX™ (tetracycline-regulated expression) System, an inducible mammalian expression system that uses the full-length CMV promoter. INVITROGEN® also provides a yeast expression system called the *Pichia*

*methanolic* Expression System, which is designed for high-level production of recombinant proteins in the methylotrophic yeast *Pichia methanolic*. One of skill in the art would know how to express a vector, such as an expression construct, to produce a nucleic acid sequence or its cognate polypeptide, protein, or peptide.

### III. POLYSACCHARIDES

[0476] The immunogenic compositions of the invention may further comprise capsular polysaccharides including one or more of PIA (also known as PNAG) and/or *S. aureus* Type V and/or type VIII capsular polysaccharide and/or *S. epidermidis* Type I, and/or Type II and/or Type III capsular polysaccharide.

#### A. PIA (PNAG)

[0477] It is now clear that the various forms of staphylococcal surface polysaccharides identified as PS/A, PIA and SAA are the same chemical entity—PNAG (Maira-Litran et al., 2004). Therefore the term PIA or PNAG encompasses all these polysaccharides or oligosaccharides derived from them.

[0478] PIA is a polysaccharide intercellular adhesin and is composed of a polymer of  $\beta$ -(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-linked glucosamine substituted with N-acetyl and O-succinyl constituents. This polysaccharide is present in both *S. aureus* and *S. epidermidis* and can be isolated from either source (Joyce et al., 2003; Maira-Litran et al., 2002). For example, PNAG may be isolated from *S. aureus* strain MN8m (WO04/43407). PIA isolated from *S. epidermidis* is an integral constituent of biofilm. It is responsible for mediating cell-cell adhesion and probably also functions to shield the growing colony from the host's immune response. The polysaccharide previously known as poly-N-succinyl- $\beta$ -(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-glucosamine (PNSG) was recently shown not to have the expected structure since the identification of N-succinylation was incorrect (Maira-Litran et al., 2002). Therefore the polysaccharide formally known as PNSG and now found to be PNAG is also encompassed by the term PIA.

[0479] PIA (or PNAG) may be of different sizes varying from over 400 kDa to between 75 and 400 kDa to between 10 and 75 kDa to oligosaccharides composed of up to 30 repeat units (of  $\beta$ -(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)-linked glucosamine substituted with N-acetyl and O-succinyl constituents). Any size of PIA polysaccharide or oligosaccharide may be used in an immunogenic composition of the invention, in one aspect the polysaccharide is over 40 kDa. Sizing may be achieved by any method known in the art, for instance by microfluidization, ultrasonic irradiation or by chemical cleavage (WO 03/53462, EP497524, EP497525). In certain aspects PIA (PNAG) is at least or at most 40-400 kDa, 40-300 kDa, 50-350 kDa, 60-300 kDa, 50-250 kDa and 60-200 kDa.

[0480] PIA (PNAG) can have different degree of acetylation due to substitution on the amino groups by acetate. PIA produced in vitro is almost fully substituted on amino groups (95-100%). Alternatively, a deacetylated PIA (PNAG) can be used having less than 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20%, 10% acetylation. Use of a deacetylated PIA (PNAG) is preferred since non-acetylated epitopes of PNAG are efficient at mediating opsonic killing of Gram positive bacteria, preferably *S. aureus* and/or *S. epidermidis*. In certain aspects, the PIA (PNAG) has a size between 40 kDa and 300 kDa and is deacetylated so that less than 60%, 50%, 40%, 30% or 20% of amino groups are acetylated.

[0481] The term deacetylated PNAG (dPNAG) refers to a PNAG polysaccharide or oligosaccharide in which less than 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20% or 10% of the amino groups are acetylated. In certain aspects, PNAG is deacetylated to form dPNAG by chemically treating the native polysaccharide. For example, the native PNAG is treated with a basic solution such that the pH rises to above 10. For instance the PNAG is treated with 0.1-5 M, 0.2-4 M, 0.3-3 M, 0.5-2 M, 0.75-1.5 M or 1 M NaOH, KOH or NH<sub>4</sub>OH. Treatment is for at least 10 to 30 minutes, or 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 15 or 20 hours at a temperature of 20-100, 25-80, 30-60 or 30-50 or 35-45° C. dPNAG may be prepared as described in WO 04/43405.

[0482] The polysaccharide(s) can be conjugated or unconjugated to a carrier protein.

#### B. Type 5 and Type 8 Polysaccharides from *S. aureus*

[0483] Most strains of *S. aureus* that cause infection in man contain either Type 5 or Type 8 polysaccharides. Approximately 60% of human strains are Type 8 and approximately 30% are Type 5. The structures of Type 5 and Type 8 capsular polysaccharide antigens are described in Moreau et al., (1990) and Fournier et al., (1984). Both have FucNAcp in their repeat unit as well as ManNAcA which can be used to introduce a sulfhydryl group. The structures are:

[0484] Type 5

[0485]  $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-ManNAcA(30Ac)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\alpha$ -L-FucNAc(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-FucNAc-(1 $\rightarrow$

[0486] Type 8

[0487]  $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-ManNAcA(40Ac)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\alpha$ -L-FucNAc(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-FucNAc-(1 $\rightarrow$

[0488] Recently (Jones, 2005) NMR spectroscopy revised the structures to:

[0489] Type 5

[0490]  $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\beta$ -D-ManNAcA-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)- $\alpha$ -L-FucNAc(30Ac)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-FucNAc-(1 $\rightarrow$

[0491] Type 8

[0492]  $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\beta$ -D-ManNAcA(40Ac)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\alpha$ -L-FucNAc(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)- $\alpha$ -D-FucNAc(1 $\rightarrow$

[0493] Polysaccharides may be extracted from the appropriate strain of *S. aureus* using method well known to of skill in the art, See U.S. Pat. No. 6,294,177. For example, ATCC 12902 is a Type 5 *S. aureus* strain and ATCC 12605 is a Type 8 *S. aureus* strain.

[0494] Polysaccharides are of native size or alternatively may be sized, for instance by microfluidisation, ultrasonic irradiation, or by chemical treatment. The invention also covers oligosaccharides derived from the type 5 and 8 polysaccharides from *S. aureus*. The type 5 and 8 polysaccharides included in the immunogenic composition of the invention are preferably conjugated to a carrier protein as described below or are alternatively unconjugated. The immunogenic compositions of the invention alternatively contains either type 5 or type 8 polysaccharide.

#### C. *S. aureus* 336 Antigen

[0495] In an embodiment, the immunogenic composition of the invention comprises the *S. aureus* 336 antigen described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,294,177. The 336 antigen comprises  $\beta$ -linked hexosamine, contains no O-acetyl groups, and specifically binds to antibodies to *S. aureus* Type 336 deposited under ATCC 55804. In an embodiment, the 336 antigen is a polysaccharide which is of native size or alternatively may

be sized, for instance by microfluidisation, ultrasonic irradiation, or by chemical treatment. The invention also covers oligosaccharides derived from the 336 antigen. The 336 antigen can be unconjugated or conjugated to a carrier protein.

#### D. Type I, II and III Polysaccharides from *S. epidermidis*

[0496] Amongst the problems associated with the use of polysaccharides in vaccination, is the fact that polysaccharides per se are poor immunogens. It is preferred that the polysaccharides utilized in the invention are linked to a protein carrier which provide bystander T-cell help to improve immunogenicity. Examples of such carriers which may be conjugated to polysaccharide immunogens include the Diphtheria and Tetanus toxoids (DT, DT CRM197 and TT respectively), Keyhole Limpet Haemocyanin (KLH), and the purified protein derivative of Tuberculin (PPD), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* exoprotein A (rEPA), protein D from *Haemophilus influenzae*, pneumolysin or fragments of any of the above. Fragments suitable for use include fragments encompassing T-helper epitopes. In particular the protein D fragment from *H. influenzae* will preferably contain the N-terminal 1/3 of the protein. Protein D is an IgD-binding protein from *Haemophilus influenzae* (EP 0 594 610 B1) and is a potential immunogen. In addition, staphylococcal proteins may be used as a carrier protein in the polysaccharide conjugates of the invention.

[0497] A carrier protein that would be particularly advantageous to use in the context of a staphylococcal vaccine is staphylococcal alpha toxoid. The native form may be conjugated to a polysaccharide since the process of conjugation reduces toxicity. Preferably genetically detoxified alpha toxins such as the His35Leu or His35Arg variants are used as carriers since residual toxicity is lower. Alternatively the alpha toxin is chemically detoxified by treatment with a cross-linking reagent, formaldehyde or glutaraldehyde. A genetically detoxified alpha toxin is optionally chemically detoxified, preferably by treatment with a cross-linking reagent, formaldehyde or glutaraldehyde to further reduce toxicity.

[0498] The polysaccharides may be linked to the carrier protein(s) by any known method (for example those methods described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,372,945, 4,474,757, and 4,356,170). Preferably, CDAP conjugation chemistry is carried out (see WO95/08348). In CDAP, the cyanylating reagent 1-cyano-dimethylaminopyridinium tetrafluoroborate (CDAP) is preferably used for the synthesis of polysaccharide-protein conjugates. The cyanilation reaction can be performed under relatively mild conditions, which avoids hydrolysis of the alkaline sensitive polysaccharides. This synthesis allows direct coupling to a carrier protein.

[0499] Conjugation preferably involves producing a direct linkage between the carrier protein and polysaccharide. Optionally a spacer (such as adipic dihydride (ADH)) may be introduced between the carrier protein and the polysaccharide.

#### IV. IMMUNE RESPONSE AND ASSAYS

[0500] As discussed above, the invention concerns evoking or inducing an immune response in a subject against a variant SpA or coagulase peptide. In one embodiment, the immune response can protect against or treat a subject having, suspected of having, or at risk of developing an infection or

related disease, particularly those related to staphylococci. One use of the immunogenic compositions of the invention is to prevent nosocomial infections by inoculating a subject prior to undergoing procedures in a hospital or other environment having an increased risk of infection.

#### A. Immunoassays

[0501] The present invention includes the implementation of serological assays to evaluate whether and to what extent an immune response is induced or evoked by compositions of the invention. There are many types of immunoassays that can be implemented. Immunoassays encompassed by the present invention include, but are not limited to, those described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,367,110 (double monoclonal antibody sandwich assay) and U.S. Pat. No. 4,452,901 (western blot). Other assays include immunoprecipitation of labeled ligands and immunocytochemistry, both in vitro and in vivo.

[0502] Immunoassays generally are binding assays. Certain preferred immunoassays are the various types of enzyme linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) and radioimmunoassays (RIA) known in the art. Immunohistochemical detection using tissue sections is also particularly useful. In one example, antibodies or antigens are immobilized on a selected surface, such as a well in a polystyrene microtiter plate, dipstick, or column support. Then, a test composition suspected of containing the desired antigen or antibody, such as a clinical sample, is added to the wells. After binding and washing to remove non specifically bound immune complexes, the bound antigen or antibody may be detected. Detection is generally achieved by the addition of another antibody, specific for the desired antigen or antibody, that is linked to a detectable label. This type of ELISA is known as a "sandwich ELISA." Detection also may be achieved by the addition of a second antibody specific for the desired antigen, followed by the addition of a third antibody that has binding affinity for the second antibody, with the third antibody being linked to a detectable label.

[0503] Competition ELISAs are also possible implementations in which test samples compete for binding with known amounts of labeled antigens or antibodies. The amount of reactive species in the unknown sample is determined by mixing the sample with the known labeled species before or during incubation with coated wells. The presence of reactive species in the sample acts to reduce the amount of labeled species available for binding to the well and thus reduces the ultimate signal. Irrespective of the format employed, ELISAs have certain features in common, such as coating, incubating or binding, washing to remove non specifically bound species, and detecting the bound immune complexes.

[0504] Antigen or antibodies may also be linked to a solid support, such as in the form of plate, beads, dipstick, membrane, or column matrix, and the sample to be analyzed is applied to the immobilized antigen or antibody. In coating a plate with either antigen or antibody, one will generally incubate the wells of the plate with a solution of the antigen or antibody, either overnight or for a specified period. The wells of the plate will then be washed to remove incompletely-adsorbed material. Any remaining available surfaces of the wells are then "coated" with a nonspecific protein that is antigenically neutral with regard to the test antisera. These include bovine serum albumin (BSA), casein, and solutions of milk powder. The coating allows for blocking of non-spe-

cific adsorption sites on the immobilizing surface and thus reduces the background caused by nonspecific binding of antisera onto the surface.

#### B. Diagnosis of Bacterial Infection

**[0505]** In addition to the use of proteins, polypeptides, and/or peptides, as well as antibodies binding these polypeptides, proteins, and/or peptides, to treat or prevent infection as described above, the present invention contemplates the use of these polypeptides, proteins, peptides, and/or antibodies in a variety of ways, including the detection of the presence of Staphylococci to diagnose an infection, whether in a patient or on medical equipment which may also become infected. In accordance with the invention, a preferred method of detecting the presence of infections involves the steps of obtaining a sample suspected of being infected by one or more staphylococcal bacteria species or strains, such as a sample taken from an individual, for example, from one's blood, saliva, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin. Following isolation of the sample, diagnostic assays utilizing the polypeptides, proteins, peptides, and/or antibodies of the present invention may be carried out to detect the presence of staphylococci, and such assay techniques for determining such presence in a sample are well known to those skilled in the art and include methods such as radioimmunoassay, western blot analysis and ELISA assays. In general, in accordance with the invention, a method of diagnosing an infection is contemplated wherein a sample suspected of being infected with staphylococci has added to it the polypeptide, protein, peptide, antibody, or monoclonal antibody in accordance with the present invention, and staphylococci are indicated by antibody binding to the polypeptides, proteins, and/or peptides, or polypeptides, proteins, and/or peptides binding to the antibodies in the sample.

**[0506]** Accordingly, antibodies in accordance with the invention may be used for the prevention of infection from staphylococcal bacteria (i.e., passive immunization), for the treatment of an ongoing infection, or for use as research tools. The term "antibodies" as used herein includes monoclonal, polyclonal, chimeric, single chain, bispecific, simianized, and humanized or primate antibodies as well as Fab fragments, such as those fragments which maintain the binding specificity of the antibodies, including the products of an Fab immunoglobulin expression library. Accordingly, the invention contemplates the use of single chains such as the variable heavy and light chains of the antibodies. Generation of any of these types of antibodies or antibody fragments is well known to those skilled in the art. Specific examples of the generation of an antibody to a bacterial protein can be found in U.S. Patent Application Pub. No. 20030153022, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

**[0507]** Any of the above described polypeptides, proteins, peptides, and/or antibodies may be labeled directly with a detectable label for identification and quantification of staphylococcal bacteria. Labels for use in immunoassays are generally known to those skilled in the art and include enzymes, radioisotopes, and fluorescent, luminescent and chromogenic substances, including colored particles such as colloidal gold or latex beads. Suitable immunoassays include enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISA).

#### C. Protective Immunity

**[0508]** In some embodiments of the invention, proteinaceous compositions confer protective immunity to a subject.

Protective immunity refers to a body's ability to mount a specific immune response that protects the subject from developing a particular disease or condition that involves the agent against which there is an immune response. An immunogenically effective amount is capable of conferring protective immunity to the subject.

**[0509]** As used herein in the specification and in the claims section that follows, the term polypeptide or peptide refer to a stretch of amino acids covalently linked there amongst via peptide bonds. Different polypeptides have different functionalities according to the present invention. While according to one aspect, a polypeptide is derived from an immunogen designed to induce an active immune response in a recipient, according to another aspect of the invention, a polypeptide is derived from an antibody which results following the elicitation of an active immune response in, for example, an animal, and which can serve to induce a passive immune response in the recipient. In both cases, however, the polypeptide is encoded by a polynucleotide according to any possible codon usage.

**[0510]** As used herein the phrase "immune response" or its equivalent "immunological response" refers to the development of a humoral (antibody mediated), cellular (mediated by antigen-specific T cells or their secretion products) or both humoral and cellular response directed against a protein, peptide, carbohydrate, or polypeptide of the invention in a recipient patient. Such a response can be an active response induced by administration of immunogen or a passive response induced by administration of antibody, antibody containing material, or primed T-cells. A cellular immune response is elicited by the presentation of polypeptide epitopes in association with Class I or Class II MHC molecules, to activate antigen-specific CD4 (+) T helper cells and/or CD8 (+) cytotoxic T cells. The response may also involve activation of monocytes, macrophages, NK cells, basophils, dendritic cells, astrocytes, microglia cells, eosinophils or other components of innate immunity. As used herein "active immunity" refers to any immunity conferred upon a subject by administration of an antigen.

**[0511]** As used herein "passive immunity" refers to any immunity conferred upon a subject without administration of an antigen to the subject. "Passive immunity" therefore includes, but is not limited to, administration of activated immune effectors including cellular mediators or protein mediators (e.g., monoclonal and/or polyclonal antibodies) of an immune response. A monoclonal or polyclonal antibody composition may be used in passive immunization for the prevention or treatment of infection by organisms that carry the antigen recognized by the antibody. An antibody composition may include antibodies that bind to a variety of antigens that may in turn be associated with various organisms. The antibody component can be a polyclonal antiserum. In certain aspects the antibody or antibodies are affinity purified from an animal or second subject that has been challenged with an antigen(s). Alternatively, an antibody mixture may be used, which is a mixture of monoclonal and/or polyclonal antibodies to antigens present in the same, related, or different microbes or organisms, such as gram-positive bacteria, gram-negative bacteria, including but not limited to *staphylococcus* bacteria.

**[0512]** Passive immunity may be imparted to a patient or subject by administering to the patient immunoglobulins (Ig) and/or other immune factors obtained from a donor or other non-patient source having a known immunoreactivity. In

other aspects, an antigenic composition of the present invention can be administered to a subject who then acts as a source or donor for globulin, produced in response to challenge with the antigenic composition ("hyperimmune globulin"), that contains antibodies directed against *Staphylococcus* or other organism. A subject thus treated would donate plasma from which hyperimmune globulin would then be obtained, via conventional plasma-fractionation methodology, and administered to another subject in order to impart resistance against or to treat *staphylococcus* infection. Hyperimmune globulins according to the invention are particularly useful for immune-compromised individuals, for individuals undergoing invasive procedures or where time does not permit the individual to produce their own antibodies in response to vaccination. See U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,936,258, 6,770,278, 6,756,361, 5,548,066, 5,512,282, 4,338,298, and 4,748,018, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, for exemplary methods and compositions related to passive immunity.

**[0513]** For purposes of this specification and the accompanying claims the terms "epitope" and "antigenic determinant" are used interchangeably to refer to a site on an antigen to which B and/or T cells respond or recognize. B-cell epitopes can be formed both from contiguous amino acids or noncontiguous amino acids juxtaposed by tertiary folding of a protein. Epitopes formed from contiguous amino acids are typically retained on exposure to denaturing solvents whereas epitopes formed by tertiary folding are typically lost on treatment with denaturing solvents. An epitope typically includes at least 3, and more usually, at least 5 or 8-10 amino acids in a unique spatial conformation. Methods of determining spatial conformation of epitopes include, for example, x-ray crystallography and 2-dimensional nuclear magnetic resonance. See, e.g., Epitope Mapping Protocols (1996). Antibodies that recognize the same epitope can be identified in a simple immunoassay showing the ability of one antibody to block the binding of another antibody to a target antigen. T-cells recognize continuous epitopes of about nine amino acids for CD8 cells or about 13-15 amino acids for CD4 cells. T cells that recognize the epitope can be identified by *in vitro* assays that measure antigen-dependent proliferation, as determined by <sup>3</sup>H-thymidine incorporation by primed T cells in response to an epitope (Burke et al., 1994), by antigen-dependent killing (cytotoxic T lymphocyte assay, Tigges et al., 1996) or by cytokine secretion.

**[0514]** The presence of a cell-mediated immunological response can be determined by proliferation assays (CD4 (+) T cells) or CTL (cytotoxic T lymphocyte) assays. The relative contributions of humoral and cellular responses to the protective or therapeutic effect of an immunogen can be distinguished by separately isolating IgG and T-cells from an immunized syngeneic animal and measuring protective or therapeutic effect in a second subject.

**[0515]** As used herein and in the claims, the terms "antibody" or "immunoglobulin" are used interchangeably and refer to any of several classes of structurally related proteins that function as part of the immune response of an animal or recipient, which proteins include IgG, IgD, IgE, IgA, IgM and related proteins.

**[0516]** Under normal physiological conditions antibodies are found in plasma and other body fluids and in the membrane of certain cells and are produced by lymphocytes of the type denoted B cells or their functional equivalent. Antibodies of the IgG class are made up of four polypeptide chains linked together by disulfide bonds. The four chains of intact

IgG molecules are two identical heavy chains referred to as H-chains and two identical light chains referred to as L-chains.

**[0517]** In order to produce polyclonal antibodies, a host, such as a rabbit or goat, is immunized with the antigen or antigen fragment, generally with an adjuvant and, if necessary, coupled to a carrier. Antibodies to the antigen are subsequently collected from the sera of the host. The polyclonal antibody can be affinity purified against the antigen rendering it monospecific.

**[0518]** Monoclonal antibodies can be produced by hyperimmunization of an appropriate donor with the antigen or *ex-vivo* by use of primary cultures of splenic cells or cell lines derived from spleen (Anavi, 1998; Huston et al., 1991; Johnson et al., 1991; Mernaugh et al., 1995).

**[0519]** As used herein and in the claims, the phrase "an immunological portion of an antibody" includes a Fab fragment of an antibody, a Fv fragment of an antibody, a heavy chain of an antibody, a light chain of an antibody, a heterodimer consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain of an antibody, a variable fragment of a light chain of an antibody, a variable fragment of a heavy chain of an antibody, and a single chain variant of an antibody, which is also known as scFv. In addition, the term includes chimeric immunoglobulins which are the expression products of fused genes derived from different species, one of the species can be a human, in which case a chimeric immunoglobulin is said to be humanized. Typically, an immunological portion of an antibody competes with the intact antibody from which it was derived for specific binding to an antigen.

**[0520]** Optionally, an antibody or preferably an immunological portion of an antibody, can be chemically conjugated to, or expressed as, a fusion protein with other proteins. For purposes of this specification and the accompanying claims, all such fused proteins are included in the definition of antibodies or an immunological portion of an antibody.

**[0521]** As used herein the terms "immunogenic agent" or "immunogen" or "antigen" are used interchangeably to describe a molecule capable of inducing an immunological response against itself on administration to a recipient, either alone, in conjunction with an adjuvant, or presented on a display vehicle.

#### D. Treatment Methods

**[0522]** A method of the present invention includes treatment for a disease or condition caused by a *staphylococcus* pathogen. An immunogenic polypeptide of the invention can be given to induce an immune response in a person infected with *staphylococcus* or suspected of having been exposed to *staphylococcus*. Methods may be employed with respect to individuals who have tested positive for exposure to *staphylococcus* or who are deemed to be at risk for infection based on possible exposure.

**[0523]** In particular, the invention encompasses a method of treatment for staphylococcal infection, particularly hospital acquired nosocomial infections. The immunogenic compositions and vaccines of the invention are particularly advantageous to use in cases of elective surgery. Such patients will know the date of surgery in advance and could be inoculated in advance. The immunogenic compositions and vaccines of the invention are also advantageous to use to inoculate health care workers.

**[0524]** In some embodiments, the treatment is administered in the presence of adjuvants or carriers or other staphylococ-

cal antigens. Furthermore, in some examples, treatment comprises administration of other agents commonly used against bacterial infection, such as one or more antibiotics.

**[0525]** The use of peptides for vaccination can require, but not necessarily, conjugation of the peptide to an immunogenic carrier protein, such as hepatitis B surface antigen, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, or bovine serum albumin. Methods for performing this conjugation are well known in the art.

## V. VACCINE AND OTHER PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

### A. Vaccines

**[0526]** The present invention includes methods for preventing or ameliorating staphylococcal infections, particularly hospital acquired nosocomial infections. As such, the invention contemplates vaccines for use in both active and passive immunization embodiments. Immunogenic compositions, proposed to be suitable for use as a vaccine, may be prepared from immunogenic SpA polypeptide(s), such as a SpA domain D variant, or immunogenic coagulases. In other embodiments SpA or coagulases can be used in combination with other secreted virulence proteins, surface proteins or immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects, antigenic material is extensively dialyzed to remove undesired small molecular weight molecules and/or lyophilized for more ready formulation into a desired vehicle.

**[0527]** Other options for a protein/peptide-based vaccine involve introducing nucleic acids encoding the antigen(s) as DNA vaccines. In this regard, recent reports described construction of recombinant vaccinia viruses expressing either 10 contiguous minimal CTL epitopes (Thomson, 1996) or a combination of B cell, cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL), and T-helper (Th) epitopes from several microbes (An, 1997), and successful use of such constructs to immunize mice for priming protective immune responses. Thus, there is ample evidence in the literature for successful utilization of peptides, peptide-pulsed antigen presenting cells (APCs), and peptide-encoding constructs for efficient *in vivo* priming of protective immune responses. The use of nucleic acid sequences as vaccines is exemplified in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,958,895 and 5,620,896.

**[0528]** The preparation of vaccines that contain polypeptide or peptide sequence(s) as active ingredients is generally well understood in the art, as exemplified by U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,608,251; 4,601,903; 4,599,231; 4,599,230; 4,596,792; and 4,578,770, all of which are incorporated herein by reference. Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables either as liquid solutions or suspensions: solid forms suitable for solution in or suspension in liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified. The active immunogenic ingredient is often mixed with excipients that are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, or adjuvants that enhance the effectiveness of the vaccines. In specific embodiments, vaccines are formulated with a combination of substances, as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,793,923 and 6,733,754, which are incorporated herein by reference.

**[0529]** Vaccines may be conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously

or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers may include, for example, polyalkalene glycols or triglycerides: such suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient in the range of about 0.5% to about 10%, preferably about 1% to about 2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate and the like. These compositions take the form of solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and contain about 10% to about 95% of active ingredient, preferably about 25% to about 70%.

**[0530]** The polypeptides and polypeptide-encoding DNA constructs may be formulated into a vaccine as neutral or salt forms. Pharmaceutically-acceptable salts include the acid addition salts (formed with the free amino groups of the peptide) and those that are formed with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, mandelic, and the like.

**[0531]** Typically, vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as will be therapeutically effective and immunogenic. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to be treated, including the capacity of the individual's immune system to synthesize antibodies and the degree of protection desired. Precise amounts of active ingredient required to be administered depend on the judgment of the practitioner. However, suitable dosage ranges are of the order of several hundred micrograms of active ingredient per vaccination. Suitable regimes for initial administration and booster shots are also variable, but are typified by an initial administration followed by subsequent inoculations or other administrations.

**[0532]** The manner of application may be varied widely. Any of the conventional methods for administration of a vaccine are applicable. These are believed to include oral application within a solid physiologically acceptable base or in a physiologically acceptable dispersion, parenterally, by injection and the like. The dosage of the vaccine will depend on the route of administration and will vary according to the size and health of the subject.

**[0533]** In certain instances, it will be desirable to have multiple administrations of the vaccine, e.g., 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or more administrations. The vaccinations can be at 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, to 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 twelve week intervals, including all ranges there between. Periodic boosters at intervals of 1-5 years will be desirable to maintain protective levels of the antibodies. The course of the immunization may be followed by assays for antibodies against the antigens, as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,791,932; 4,174,384 and 3,949,064.

#### **[0534]** 1. Carriers

**[0535]** A given composition may vary in its immunogenicity. It is often necessary therefore to boost the host immune system, as may be achieved by coupling a peptide or polypeptide to a carrier. Exemplary and preferred carriers are keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) and bovine serum albumin (BSA). Other albumins such as ovalbumin, mouse serum albumin, or rabbit serum albumin can also be used as carriers. Means for conjugating a polypeptide to a carrier protein are well known

in the art and include glutaraldehyde, m-maleimidobencoyl-N-hydroxysuccinimide ester, carbodiimide, and bis-biazo-tized benzidine.

**[0536]** 2. Adjuvants

**[0537]** The immunogenicity of polypeptide or peptide compositions can be enhanced by the use of non-specific stimulators of the immune response, known as adjuvants. Suitable adjuvants include all acceptable immunostimulatory compounds, such as cytokines, toxins, or synthetic compositions. A number of adjuvants can be used to enhance an antibody response against a variant SpA polypeptide or coagulase, or any other bacterial protein or combination contemplated herein. Adjuvants can (1) trap the antigen in the body to cause a slow release; (2) attract cells involved in the immune response to the site of administration; (3) induce proliferation or activation of immune system cells; or (4) improve the spread of the antigen throughout the subject's body.

**[0538]** Adjuvants include, but are not limited to, oil-in-water emulsions, water-in-oil emulsions, mineral salts, polynucleotides, and natural substances. Specific adjuvants that may be used include IL-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-12,  $\gamma$ -interferon, GMCSF, BCG, aluminum salts, such as aluminum hydroxide or other aluminum compound, MDP compounds, such as thur-MDP and nor-MDP, CGP (MTP-PE), lipid A, and monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL). RIBI, which contains three components extracted from bacteria, MPL, trehalose dimycolate (TDM), and cell wall skeleton (CWS) in a 2% squalene/Tween 80 emulsion. MHC antigens may even be used. Others adjuvants or methods are exemplified in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,814,971, 5,084,269, 6,656,462, each of which is incorporated herein by reference).

**[0539]** Various methods of achieving adjuvant affect for the vaccine includes use of agents such as aluminum hydroxide or phosphate (alum), commonly used as about 0.05 to about 0.1% solution in phosphate buffered saline, admixture with synthetic polymers of sugars (Carbopol®) used as an about 0.25% solution, aggregation of the protein in the vaccine by heat treatment with temperatures ranging between about 70° to about 101° C. for a 30-second to 2-minute period, respectively. Aggregation by reactivating with pepsin-treated (Fab) antibodies to albumin; mixture with bacterial cells (e.g., *C. parvum*), endotoxins or lipopolysaccharide components of Gram-negative bacteria; emulsion in physiologically acceptable oil vehicles (e.g., mannide mono-oleate (Aracel A)); or emulsion with a 20% solution of a perfluorocarbon (Fluosol-DA®) used as a block substitute may also be employed to produce an adjuvant effect.

**[0540]** Examples of and often preferred adjuvants include complete Freund's adjuvant (a non-specific stimulator of the immune response containing killed *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*), incomplete Freund's adjuvants, and aluminum hydroxide.

**[0541]** In some aspects, it is preferred that the adjuvant be selected to be a preferential inducer of either a Th1 or a Th2 type of response. High levels of Th1-type cytokines tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to a given antigen, while high levels of Th2-type cytokines tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses to the antigen.

**[0542]** The distinction of Th1 and Th2-type immune response is not absolute. In reality an individual will support an immune response which is described as being predominantly Th1 or predominantly Th2. However, it is often con-

venient to consider the families of cytokines in terms of that described in murine CD4+ T cell clones by Mosmann and Coffman (Mosmann, and Coffman, 1989). Traditionally, Th1-type responses are associated with the production of the INF- $\gamma$  and IL-2 cytokines by T-lymphocytes. Other cytokines often directly associated with the induction of Th1-type immune responses are not produced by T-cells, such as IL-12. In contrast, Th2-type responses are associated with the secretion of IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10.

**[0543]** In addition to adjuvants, it may be desirable to co-administer biologic response modifiers (BRM) to enhance immune responses. BRMs have been shown to upregulate T cell immunity or downregulate suppresser cell activity. Such BRMs include, but are not limited to, Cimetidine (CIM; 1200 mg/d) (Smith/Kline, PA); or low-dose Cyclophosphamide (CYP; 300 mg/m<sup>2</sup>) (Johnson/Mead, NJ) and cytokines such as  $\gamma$ -interferon, IL-2, or IL-12 or genes encoding proteins involved in immune helper functions, such as B-7.

## B. Lipid Components and Moieties

**[0544]** In certain embodiments, the present invention concerns compositions comprising one or more lipids associated with a nucleic acid or a polypeptide/peptide. A lipid is a substance that is insoluble in water and extractable with an organic solvent. Compounds other than those specifically described herein are understood by one of skill in the art as lipids, and are encompassed by the compositions and methods of the present invention. A lipid component and a non-lipid may be attached to one another, either covalently or non-covalently.

**[0545]** A lipid may be a naturally occurring lipid or a synthetic lipid. However, a lipid is usually a biological substance. Biological lipids are well known in the art, and include for example, neutral fats, phospholipids, phosphoglycerides, steroids, terpenes, lysolipids, glycosphingolipids, glucolipids, sulphatides, lipids with ether and ester-linked fatty acids and polymerizable lipids, and combinations thereof.

**[0546]** A nucleic acid molecule or a polypeptide/peptide, associated with a lipid may be dispersed in a solution containing a lipid, dissolved with a lipid, emulsified with a lipid, mixed with a lipid, combined with a lipid, covalently bonded to a lipid, contained as a suspension in a lipid or otherwise associated with a lipid. A lipid or lipid-poxvirus-associated composition of the present invention is not limited to any particular structure. For example, they may also simply be interspersed in a solution, possibly forming aggregates which are not uniform in either size or shape. In another example, they may be present in a bilayer structure, as micelles, or with a "collapsed" structure. In another non-limiting example, a lipofectamine (Gibco BRL)-poxvirus or Superfect (Qiagen)-poxvirus complex is also contemplated.

**[0547]** In certain embodiments, a composition may comprise about 1%, about 2%, about 3%, about 4% about 5%, about 6%, about 7%, about 8%, about 9%, about 10%, about 11%, about 12%, about 13%, about 14%, about 15%, about 16%, about 17%, about 18%, about 19%, about 20%, about 21%, about 22%, about 23%, about 24%, about 25%, about 26%, about 27%, about 28%, about 29%, about 30%, about 31%, about 32%, about 33%, about 34%, about 35%, about 36%, about 37%, about 38%, about 39%, about 40%, about 41%, about 42%, about 43%, about 44%, about 45%, about 46%, about 47%, about 48%, about 49%, about 50%, about 51%, about 52%, about 53%, about 54%, about 55%, about 56%, about 57%, about 58%, about 59%, about 60%, about

61%, about 62%, about 63%, about 64%, about 65%, about 66%, about 67%, about 68%, about 69%, about 70%, about 71%, about 72%, about 73%, about 74%, about 75%, about 76%, about 77%, about 78%, about 79%, about 80%, about 81%, about 82%, about 83%, about 84%, about 85%, about 86%, about 87%, about 88%, about 89%, about 90%, about 91%, about 92%, about 93%, about 94%, about 95%, about 96%, about 97%, about 98%, about 99%, or any range therebetween, of a particular lipid, lipid type, or non-lipid component such as an adjuvant, antigen, peptide, polypeptide, sugar, nucleic acid or other material disclosed herein or as would be known to one of skill in the art. In a non-limiting example, a composition may comprise about 10% to about 20% neutral lipids, and about 33% to about 34% of a cerebroside, and about 1% cholesterol. In another non-limiting example, a liposome may comprise about 4% to about 12% terpenes, wherein about 1% of the micelle is specifically lycopene, leaving about 3% to about 11% of the liposome as comprising other terpenes; and about 10% to about 35% phosphatidyl choline, and about 1% of a non-lipid component. Thus, it is contemplated that compositions of the present invention may comprise any of the lipids, lipid types or other components in any combination or percentage range.

#### C. Combination Therapy

**[0548]** The compositions and related methods of the present invention, particularly administration of a secreted virulence factor or surface protein, including a variant SpA polypeptide or peptide, and/or other bacterial peptides or proteins to a patient/subject, may also be used in combination with the administration of traditional therapies. These include, but are not limited to, the administration of antibiotics such as streptomycin, ciprofloxacin, doxycycline, gentamycin, chloramphenicol, trimethoprim, sulfamethoxazole, ampicillin, tetracycline or various combinations of antibiotics.

**[0549]** In one aspect, it is contemplated that a polypeptide vaccine and/or therapy is used in conjunction with antibacterial treatment. Alternatively, the therapy may precede or follow the other agent treatment by intervals ranging from minutes to weeks. In embodiments where the other agents and/or a proteins or polynucleotides are administered separately, one would generally ensure that a significant period of time did not expire between the time of each delivery, such that the agent and antigenic composition would still be able to exert an advantageously combined effect on the subject. In such instances, it is contemplated that one may administer both modalities within about 12-24 h of each other or within about 6-12 h of each other. In some situations, it may be desirable to extend the time period for administration significantly, where several days (2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7) to several weeks (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8) lapse between the respective administrations.

**[0550]** Various combinations may be employed, for example antibiotic therapy is "A" and the immunogenic molecule given as part of an immune therapy regime, such as an antigen, is "B":

**[0551]** A/B/A B/A/B B/B/A A/A/B A/B/B B/A/A A/B/B/B B/A/B/B

**[0552]** B/B/B/A B/B/A/B A/A/B/B A/B/A/B A/B/B/A B/B/A/A

**[0553]** B/A/B/A B/A/A/B A/A/A/B B/A/A/A A/B/A/A A/A/B/A

**[0554]** Administration of the immunogenic compositions of the present invention to a patient/subject will follow gen-

eral protocols for the administration of such compounds, taking into account the toxicity, if any, of the SpA composition, or other compositions described herein. It is expected that the treatment cycles would be repeated as necessary. It also is contemplated that various standard therapies, such as hydration, may be applied in combination with the described therapy.

#### D. General Pharmaceutical Compositions

**[0555]** In some embodiments, pharmaceutical compositions are administered to a subject. Different aspects of the present invention involve administering an effective amount of a composition to a subject. In some embodiments of the present invention, staphylococcal antigens, members of the Ess pathway, including polypeptides or peptides of the Esa or Esx class, and/or members of sortase substrates may be administered to the patient to protect against infection by one or more *staphylococcus* pathogens. Alternatively, an expression vector encoding one or more such polypeptides or peptides may be given to a patient as a preventative treatment. Additionally, such compounds can be administered in combination with an antibiotic or an antibacterial. Such compositions will generally be dissolved or dispersed in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or aqueous medium.

**[0556]** In addition to the compounds formulated for parenteral administration, such as those for intravenous or intramuscular injection, other pharmaceutically acceptable forms include, e.g., tablets or other solids for oral administration; time release capsules; and any other form currently used, including creams, lotions, mouthwashes, inhalants and the like.

**[0557]** The active compounds of the present invention can be formulated for parenteral administration, e.g., formulated for injection via the intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or even intraperitoneal routes. The preparation of an aqueous composition that contains a compound or compounds that increase the expression of an MHC class 1 molecule will be known to those of skill in the art in light of the present disclosure. Typically, such compositions can be prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for use to prepare solutions or suspensions upon the addition of a liquid prior to injection can also be prepared; and, the preparations can also be emulsified.

**[0558]** Solutions of the active compounds as free base or pharmacologically acceptable salts can be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant, such as hydroxypropylcellulose. Dispersions can also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols, and mixtures thereof and in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

**[0559]** The pharmaceutical forms suitable for injectable use include sterile aqueous solutions or dispersions; formulations including sesame oil, peanut oil, or aqueous propylene glycol; and sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions or dispersions. In all cases the form must be sterile and must be fluid to the extent that it may be easily injected. It also should be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and must be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms, such as bacteria and fungi.

**[0560]** The proteinaceous compositions may be formulated into a neutral or salt form. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts, include the acid addition salts (formed with the free amino

groups of the protein) and which are formed with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, mandelic, and the like. Salts formed with the free carboxyl groups can also be derived from inorganic bases such as, for example, sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, or ferric hydroxides, and such organic bases as isopropylamine, trimethylamine, histidine, procaine and the like.

**[0561]** The carrier also can be a solvent or dispersion medium containing, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (for example, glycerol, propylene glycol, and liquid polyethylene glycol, and the like), suitable mixtures thereof, and vegetable oils. The proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the use of a coating, such as lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersion, and by the use of surfactants. The prevention of the action of microorganisms can be brought about by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, thimerosal, and the like. In many cases, it will be preferable to include isotonic agents, for example, sugars or sodium chloride. Prolonged absorption of the injectable compositions can be brought about by the use in the compositions of agents delaying absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

**[0562]** Sterile injectable solutions are prepared by incorporating the active compounds in the required amount in the appropriate solvent with various of the other ingredients enumerated above, as required, followed by filtered sterilization. Generally, dispersions are prepared by incorporating the various sterilized active ingredients into a sterile vehicle which contains the basic dispersion medium and the required other ingredients from those enumerated above. In the case of sterile powders for the preparation of sterile injectable solutions, the preferred methods of preparation are vacuum-drying and freeze-drying techniques, which yield a powder of the active ingredient, plus any additional desired ingredient from a previously sterile-filtered solution thereof.

**[0563]** Administration of the compositions according to the present invention will typically be via any common route. This includes, but is not limited to oral, nasal, or buccal administration. Alternatively, administration may be by orthotopic, intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intranasal, or intravenous injection. In certain embodiments, a vaccine composition may be inhaled (e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 6,651,655, which is specifically incorporated by reference). Such compositions would normally be administered as pharmaceutically acceptable compositions that include physiologically acceptable carriers, buffers or other excipients. As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable" refers to those compounds, materials, compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for contact with the tissues of human beings and animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, or other problem complications commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier," means a pharmaceutically acceptable material, composition or vehicle, such as a liquid or solid filler, diluent, excipient, solvent or encapsulating material, involved in carrying or transporting a chemical agent.

**[0564]** For parenteral administration in an aqueous solution, for example, the solution should be suitably buffered, if necessary, and the liquid diluent first rendered isotonic with sufficient saline or glucose. These particular aqueous solu-

tions are especially suitable for intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, and intraperitoneal administration. In this connection, sterile aqueous media which can be employed will be known to those of skill in the art in light of the present disclosure. For example, one dosage could be dissolved in isotonic NaCl solution and either added to hypodermoclysis fluid or injected at the proposed site of infusion, (see for example, Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 1990). Some variation in dosage will necessarily occur depending on the condition of the subject. The person responsible for administration will, in any event, determine the appropriate dose for the individual subject.

**[0565]** An effective amount of therapeutic or prophylactic composition is determined based on the intended goal. The term "unit dose" or "dosage" refers to physically discrete units suitable for use in a subject, each unit containing a predetermined quantity of the composition calculated to produce the desired responses discussed above in association with its administration, i.e., the appropriate route and regimen. The quantity to be administered, both according to number of treatments and unit dose, depends on the protection desired. It is contemplated that in compositions of the invention, there is between about 0.001 mg and about 10 mg of total antigen, antibody, polypeptide, peptide, and/or protein per ml. The concentration of protein in a composition can be about, at least about or at most about 0.001, 0.010, 0.050, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0 mg/ml or more (or any range derivable therein). Of this, about, at least about, or at most about 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100% may be an SpA variant or an antibody that specifically binds SpA. In certain embodiments a dose of about, at least about or at most about 0.001, 0.010, 0.050, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0 mg/kg or more, including all values and ranges there between are administered to a subject.

**[0566]** Precise amounts of the composition also depend on the judgment of the practitioner and are peculiar to each individual. Factors affecting dose include physical and clinical state of the subject, route of administration, intended goal of treatment (alleviation of symptoms versus cure), and potency, stability, and toxicity of the particular composition.

**[0567]** Upon formulation, solutions will be administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation and in such amount as is therapeutically or prophylactically effective. The formulations are easily administered in a variety of dosage forms, such as the type of injectable solutions described above.

#### E. In Vitro, Ex Vivo, or In Vivo Administration

**[0568]** As used herein, the term in vitro administration refers to manipulations performed on cells removed from or outside of a subject, including, but not limited to cells in culture. The term ex vivo administration refers to cells which have been manipulated in vitro, and are subsequently administered to a subject. The term in vivo administration includes all manipulations performed within a subject.

**[0569]** In certain aspects of the present invention, the compositions may be administered either *in vitro*, *ex vivo*, or *in vivo*. In certain *in vitro* embodiments, autologous B-lymphocyte cell lines are incubated with a virus vector of the instant invention for 24 to 48 hours or with a variant SpA and/or coagulase and/or any other composition described herein for two hours. The transduced cells can then be used for *in vitro* analysis, or alternatively for *ex vivo* administration. U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,690,915 and 5,199,942, both incorporated herein by reference, disclose methods for *ex vivo* manipulation of blood mononuclear cells and bone marrow cells for use in therapeutic applications.

#### F. Antibodies and Passive Immunization

**[0570]** Another aspect of the invention is a method of preparing an immunoglobulin for use in prevention or treatment of staphylococcal infection comprising the steps of immunizing a recipient or donor with the vaccine of the invention and isolating immunoglobulin from the recipient or donor. An immunoglobulin prepared by this method is a further aspect of the invention. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the immunoglobulin of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is a further aspect of the invention which could be used in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of staphylococcal disease. A method for treatment or prevention of staphylococcal infection comprising a step of administering to a patient an effective amount of the pharmaceutical preparation of the invention is a further aspect of the invention.

**[0571]** Inocula for polyclonal antibody production are typically prepared by dispersing the antigenic composition in a physiologically tolerable diluent such as saline or other adjuvants suitable for human use to form an aqueous composition. An immunostimulatory amount of inoculum is administered to a mammal and the inoculated mammal is then maintained for a time sufficient for the antigenic composition to induce protective antibodies.

**[0572]** The antibodies can be isolated to the extent desired by well known techniques such as affinity chromatography (Harlow and Lane, 1988). Antibodies can include antiserum preparations from a variety of commonly used animals, e.g. goats, primates, donkeys, swine, horses, guinea pigs, rats or man.

**[0573]** An immunoglobulin produced in accordance with the present invention can include whole antibodies, antibody fragments or subfragments. Antibodies can be whole immunoglobulins of any class (e.g., IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD or IgE), chimeric antibodies or hybrid antibodies with dual specificity to two or more antigens of the invention. They may also be fragments (e.g., F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, Fab', Fab, Fv and the like) including hybrid fragments. An immunoglobulin also includes natural, synthetic, or genetically engineered proteins that act like an antibody by binding to specific antigens to form a complex.

**[0574]** A vaccine of the present invention can be administered to a recipient who then acts as a source of immunoglobulin, produced in response to challenge from the specific vaccine. A subject thus treated would donate plasma from which hyperimmune globulin would be obtained via conventional plasma fractionation methodology. The hyperimmune globulin would be administered to another subject in order to impart resistance against or treat staphylococcal infection. Hyperimmune globulins of the invention are particularly useful for treatment or prevention of staphylococcal disease in infants, immune compromised individuals, or where treat-

ment is required and there is no time for the individual to produce antibodies in response to vaccination.

**[0575]** An additional aspect of the invention is a pharmaceutical composition comprising two or more monoclonal antibodies (or fragments thereof; preferably human or humanised) reactive against at least two constituents of the immunogenic composition of the invention, which could be used to treat or prevent infection by Gram positive bacteria, preferably staphylococci, more preferably *S. aureus* or *S. epidermidis*. Such pharmaceutical compositions comprise monoclonal antibodies that can be whole immunoglobulins of any class, chimeric antibodies, or hybrid antibodies with specificity to two or more antigens of the invention. They may also be fragments (e.g., F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, Fab', Fab, Fv and the like) including hybrid fragments.

**[0576]** Methods of making monoclonal antibodies are well known in the art and can include the fusion of splenocytes with myeloma cells (Kohler and Milstein, 1975; Harlow and Lane, 1988). Alternatively, monoclonal Fv fragments can be obtained by screening a suitable phage display library (Vaughan et al., 1998). Monoclonal antibodies may be humanized or part humanized by known methods.

#### VI. EXAMPLES

**[0577]** The following examples are given for the purpose of illustrating various embodiments of the invention and are not meant to limit the present invention in any fashion. One skilled in the art will appreciate readily that the present invention is well adapted to carry out the objects and obtain the ends and advantages mentioned, as well as those objects, ends and advantages inherent herein. The present examples, along with the methods described herein are presently representative of preferred embodiments, are exemplary, and are not intended as limitations on the scope of the invention. Changes therein and other uses which are encompassed within the spirit of the invention as defined by the scope of the claims will occur to those skilled in the art.

##### Example 1

##### Immunization with SpA<sub>KKAA</sub> Modifies Host Immune Responses to Staphylococcal Infection

**[0578]** The model of immune evasion during *S. aureus* infections includes the initial activation of B cells via IgM receptor crosslinking by cell wall anchored or secreted protein A—up to 20% of peptidoglycan with attached surface protein is released during each bacterial division event (Ton-That et al., 1999). In the absence of specific antigen stimuli, activated B cells undergo apoptotic collapse, thereby diminishing host antibody production against antigens that are presented during staphylococcal infection. If so, neutralizing SpA-specific antibodies may enable animals to develop humoral immune responses against many different staphylococcal antigens. This possibility was investigated by immunizing BALB/c mice with SpA<sub>KKAA</sub> or an adjuvant (aluminum hydroxide) control followed by intravenous challenge with a sublethal dose of MRSA strain USA300. Serum samples were withdrawn thirty days after MRSA challenge and then analyzed by immunoblotting with 27 staphylococcal antigens immobilized on a membrane filter (FIG. 1). Naïve mice, which had not been infected with the MRSA strain USA300 LAC, did not harbor antibodies against ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Eap, Ehb, Emp, EsxA, EsxB, FnbpA, FnbpB, Hla, IsdA,

IsdB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, SasA, SasD, SasF, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA<sub>KKAA</sub> or vWbp (data not shown). Mock immunized mice that had been subjected to USA300 infection developed high-titer antibodies against the Eap protein as well as low-titer antibodies against IsdA, IsdB, Hla, LukD, LukE and LukF (FIG. 1). Animals that been immunized and that elaborated SpA<sub>KKAA</sub>-specific antibodies [IgG titer 2,907 ( $\pm$ 357); P<0.001 SpA<sub>KKAA</sub> vs. mock] mounted humoral immune responses against every one of the 27 antigens in response to a challenge with the MRSA strain USA300 (FIG. 1). With the exception of Eap, IsdA and IsdB antibodies, the serum of SpA<sub>KKAA</sub>-immunized animals harbored higher antibody titers against each staphylococcal antigen when compared to mice that had been naïve at the time of challenge (FIG. 1).

## REFERENCES

- [0579] The following references, to the extent that they provide exemplary procedural or other details supplementary to those set forth herein, are specifically incorporated herein by reference.
- [0580] U.S. Pat. No. 3,791,932  
 [0581] U.S. Pat. No. 3,949,064  
 [0582] U.S. Pat. No. 4,174,384  
 [0583] U.S. Pat. No. 4,338,298  
 [0584] U.S. Pat. No. 4,356,170  
 [0585] U.S. Pat. No. 4,367,110  
 [0586] U.S. Pat. No. 4,372,945  
 [0587] U.S. Pat. No. 4,452,901  
 [0588] U.S. Pat. No. 4,474,757  
 [0589] U.S. Pat. No. 4,554,101  
 [0590] U.S. Pat. No. 4,578,770  
 [0591] U.S. Pat. No. 4,596,792  
 [0592] U.S. Pat. No. 4,599,230  
 [0593] U.S. Pat. No. 4,599,231  
 [0594] U.S. Pat. No. 4,601,903  
 [0595] U.S. Pat. No. 4,608,251  
 [0596] U.S. Pat. No. 4,683,195  
 [0597] U.S. Pat. No. 4,683,202  
 [0598] U.S. Pat. No. 4,684,611  
 [0599] U.S. Pat. No. 4,690,915  
 [0600] U.S. Pat. No. 4,690,915  
 [0601] U.S. Pat. No. 4,748,018  
 [0602] U.S. Pat. No. 4,800,159  
 [0603] U.S. Pat. No. 4,879,236  
 [0604] U.S. Pat. No. 4,952,500  
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 [0618] U.S. Pat. No. 5,548,066  
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## SEQUENCE LISTING

<160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 155

<210> SEQ ID NO 1

<211> LENGTH: 150

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Staphylococcus* sp

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ttcaacaaag atcaacaaag cgccttctat gaaatcttga acatgcctaa cttaaacgaa 60

gcgcaacgta acggcttcat tcaaagtctt aaagacgacc caagccaaag cactaatgtt 120

ttagtggaag ctaaaaaatt aaacgaatct 150

<210> SEQ ID NO 2

<211> LENGTH: 54

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Staphylococcus* sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 2

Gln Gln Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Gln Gln Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln  
20 25 30

Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala  
35 40 45

Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Ser  
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<210> SEQ ID NO 3

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<211> LENGTH: 51
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 3

Gln His Asp Glu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Gln Val Leu Asn Met
1          5          10          15

Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys
          20          25          30

Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Gln Lys Leu
          35          40          45

Asn Asp Ser
          50

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<210> SEQ ID NO 4
<211> LENGTH: 52
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn
1          5          10          15

Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
          20          25          30

Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Lys Lys
          35          40          45

Leu Asn Glu Ser
          50

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<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 52
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu His
1          5          10          15

Leu Pro Asn Leu Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
          20          25          30

Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys
          35          40          45

Leu Asn Asp Ala
          50

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<210> SEQ ID NO 6
<211> LENGTH: 52
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu His
1          5          10          15

Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
          20          25          30

Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys
          35          40          45

Leu Asn Asp Ala

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50

<210> SEQ ID NO 7  
 <211> LENGTH: 52  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
 <222> LOCATION: (7)..(8)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
 <222> LOCATION: (34)..(35)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 7

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Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Xaa Xaa Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn
1          5          10          15

Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
          20          25          30

Lys Xaa Xaa Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys Lys
          35          40          45

Leu Asn Glu Ser
          50
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 8  
 <211> LENGTH: 52  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
 <222> LOCATION: (7)..(8)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 8

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Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Xaa Xaa Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn
1          5          10          15

Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
          20          25          30

Lys Tyr Tyr Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys Lys
          35          40          45

Leu Asn Glu Ser
          50
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 9  
 <211> LENGTH: 450  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 9

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Met Lys Lys Lys Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Leu Gly Val Gly Ile
1          5          10          15

Ala Ser Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Val Thr Pro
          20          25          30

Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala Gln His Asp Glu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr
          35          40          45

Gln Val Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe
          50          55          60

Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly
65          70          75          80
  
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&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 10

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Met Lys Lys Lys Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Leu Gly Val Gly Ile
1           5           10           15

Ala Ser Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Val Thr Pro
20           25           30

Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala Gln His Asp Glu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr
35           40           45

Gln Val Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe
50           55           60

Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly
65           70           75           80

Glu Ala Gln Lys Leu Asn Asp Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Ala Gln
85           90           95

Gln Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Gln Gln Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu
100          105          110

Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser
115          120          125

Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys
130          135          140

Lys Leu Asn Glu Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys
145          150          155          160

Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn
165          170          175

Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser
180          185          190

Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Ser Gln
195          200          205

Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe
210          215          220

Tyr Glu Ile Leu His Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly
225          230          235          240

Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Leu
245          250          255

Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Ala Pro Lys Glu Glu Asp
260          265          270

Asn Lys Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
275          280          285

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Lys Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
290          295          300

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
305          310          315          320

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
325          330          335

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
340          345          350

Gly Asn Gly Val His Val Val Lys Pro Gly Asp Thr Val Asn Asp Ile
355          360          365

Ala Lys Ala Asn Gly Thr Thr Ala Asp Lys Ile Ala Ala Asp Asn Lys
370          375          380

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Leu Ala Asp Lys Asn Met Ile Lys Pro Gly Gln Glu Leu Val Val Asp  
 385 390 395 400

Lys Lys Gln Pro Ala Asn His Ala Asp Ala Asn Lys Ala Gln Ala Leu  
 405 410 415

Pro Glu Thr Gly Glu Glu Asn Pro Phe Ile Gly Thr Thr Val Phe Gly  
 420 425 430

Gly Leu Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Arg Arg Arg  
 435 440 445

Glu Leu  
 450

<210> SEQ ID NO 11  
 <211> LENGTH: 97  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

Met Ala Met Ile Lys Met Ser Pro Glu Glu Ile Arg Ala Lys Ser Gln  
 1 5 10 15

Ser Tyr Gly Gln Gly Ser Asp Gln Ile Arg Gln Ile Leu Ser Asp Leu  
 20 25 30

Thr Arg Ala Gln Gly Glu Ile Ala Ala Asn Trp Glu Gly Gln Ala Phe  
 35 40 45

Ser Arg Phe Glu Glu Gln Phe Gln Gln Leu Ser Pro Lys Val Glu Lys  
 50 55 60

Phe Ala Gln Leu Leu Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Gln Leu Asn Ser Thr Ala  
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Gln Asp Gln Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Leu  
 85 90 95

Gln

<210> SEQ ID NO 12  
 <211> LENGTH: 102  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

Met Gly Gly Tyr Lys Gly Ile Lys Ala Asp Gly Gly Lys Val Asn Gln  
 1 5 10 15

Ala Lys Gln Leu Ala Ala Lys Ile Ala Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Cys Gln  
 20 25 30

Lys Gln Thr Gln Gln Leu Ala Glu Tyr Ile Glu Gly Ser Asp Trp Glu  
 35 40 45

Gly Gln Phe Ala Asn Lys Val Lys Asp Val Leu Leu Ile Met Ala Lys  
 50 55 60

Phe Gln Glu Glu Leu Val Gln Pro Met Ala Asp His Gln Lys Ala Ile  
 65 70 75 80

Asp Asn Leu Ser Gln Asn Leu Ala Lys Tyr Asp Thr Leu Ser Ile Lys  
 85 90 95

Gln Gly Leu Asp Arg Val  
 100

<210> SEQ ID NO 13  
 <211> LENGTH: 1385

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&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 13

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Met Leu Asn Arg Glu Asn Lys Thr Ala Ile Thr Arg Lys Gly Met Val
1          5          10          15

Ser Asn Arg Leu Asn Lys Phe Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Thr Val Gly Thr
20          25          30

Ala Ser Ile Leu Val Gly Thr Thr Leu Ile Phe Gly Leu Gly Asn Gln
35          40          45

Glu Ala Lys Ala Ala Glu Ser Thr Asn Lys Glu Leu Asn Glu Ala Thr
50          55          60

Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Asn Gln Ser Ser Asp Lys Val Asp Met Gln Gln
65          70          75          80

Leu Asn Gln Glu Asp Asn Thr Lys Asn Asp Asn Gln Lys Glu Met Val
85          90          95

Ser Ser Gln Gly Asn Glu Thr Thr Ser Asn Gly Asn Lys Ser Ile Glu
100         105         110

Lys Glu Ser Val Gln Ser Thr Thr Gly Asn Lys Val Glu Val Ser Thr
115         120         125

Ala Lys Ser Asp Glu Gln Ala Ser Pro Lys Ser Thr Asn Glu Asp Leu
130         135         140

Asn Thr Lys Gln Thr Ile Ser Asn Gln Glu Gly Leu Gln Pro Asp Leu
145         150         155         160

Leu Glu Asn Lys Ser Val Val Asn Val Gln Pro Thr Asn Glu Glu Asn
165         170         175

Lys Lys Val Asp Ala Lys Thr Glu Ser Thr Thr Leu Asn Val Lys Ser
180         185         190

Asp Ala Ile Lys Ser Asn Ala Glu Thr Leu Val Asp Asn Asn Ser Asn
195         200         205

Ser Asn Asn Glu Asn Asn Ala Asp Ile Ile Leu Pro Lys Ser Thr Ala
210         215         220

Pro Lys Ser Leu Asn Thr Arg Met Arg Met Ala Ala Ile Gln Pro Asn
225         230         235         240

Ser Thr Asp Ser Lys Asn Val Asn Asp Leu Ile Thr Ser Asn Thr Thr
245         250         255

Leu Thr Val Val Asp Ala Asp Asn Ser Lys Thr Ile Val Pro Ala Gln
260         265         270

Asp Tyr Leu Ser Leu Lys Ser Gln Ile Thr Val Asp Asp Lys Val Lys
275         280         285

Ser Gly Asp Tyr Phe Thr Ile Lys Tyr Ser Asp Thr Val Gln Val Tyr
290         295         300

Gly Leu Asn Pro Glu Asp Ile Lys Asn Ile Gly Asp Ile Lys Asp Pro
305         310         315         320

Asn Asn Gly Glu Thr Ile Ala Thr Ala Lys His Asp Thr Ala Asn Asn
325         330         335

Leu Ile Thr Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr Val Asp Arg Phe Asn Ser Val
340         345         350

Lys Met Gly Ile Asn Tyr Ser Ile Tyr Met Asp Ala Asp Thr Ile Pro
355         360         365

Val Asp Lys Lys Asp Val Pro Phe Ser Val Thr Ile Gly Asn Gln Ile
370         375         380

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Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Asp Ile Thr Tyr Pro Ala Tyr Lys Glu Ala Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Asn Asn Ser Ile Gly Ser Ala Phe Thr Glu Thr Val Ser His Val Gly  
 405 410 415  
 Asn Val Glu Asp Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Val Val Tyr Val Asn Pro  
 420 425 430  
 Met Asp Lys Asp Leu Lys Gly Ala Lys Leu Lys Val Glu Ala Tyr His  
 435 440 445  
 Pro Lys Tyr Pro Thr Asn Ile Gly Gln Ile Asn Gln Asn Val Thr Asn  
 450 455 460  
 Ile Lys Ile Tyr Arg Val Pro Glu Gly Tyr Thr Leu Asn Lys Gly Tyr  
 465 470 475 480  
 Asp Val Asn Thr Asn Asp Leu Val Asp Val Thr Asp Glu Phe Lys Asn  
 485 490 495  
 Lys Met Thr Tyr Gly Ser Asn Gln Ser Val Asn Leu Asp Phe Gly Asp  
 500 505 510  
 Ile Thr Ser Ala Tyr Val Val Met Val Asn Thr Lys Phe Gln Tyr Thr  
 515 520 525  
 Asn Ser Glu Ser Pro Thr Leu Val Gln Met Ala Thr Leu Ser Ser Thr  
 530 535 540  
 Gly Asn Lys Ser Val Ser Thr Gly Asn Ala Leu Gly Phe Thr Asn Asn  
 545 550 555 560  
 Gln Ser Gly Gly Ala Gly Gln Glu Val Tyr Lys Ile Gly Asn Tyr Val  
 565 570 575  
 Trp Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asn Gly Val Gln Glu Leu Gly Glu Lys Gly  
 580 585 590  
 Val Gly Asn Val Thr Val Thr Val Phe Asp Asn Asn Thr Asn Thr Lys  
 595 600 605  
 Val Gly Glu Ala Val Thr Lys Glu Asp Gly Ser Tyr Leu Ile Pro Asn  
 610 615 620  
 Leu Pro Asn Gly Asp Tyr Arg Val Glu Phe Ser Asn Leu Pro Lys Gly  
 625 630 635 640  
 Tyr Glu Val Thr Pro Ser Lys Gln Gly Asn Asn Glu Glu Leu Asp Ser  
 645 650 655  
 Asn Gly Leu Ser Ser Val Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Lys Asp Asn Leu Ser  
 660 665 670  
 Ala Asp Leu Gly Ile Tyr Lys Pro Lys Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val  
 675 680 685  
 Trp Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asn Gly Ile Gln Asp Gln Asp Glu Lys Gly  
 690 695 700  
 Ile Ser Gly Val Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Leu  
 705 710 715 720  
 Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Ala Asp Gly Lys Tyr Lys Phe Thr Asp Leu  
 725 730 735  
 Asp Asn Gly Asn Tyr Lys Val Glu Phe Thr Thr Pro Glu Gly Tyr Thr  
 740 745 750  
 Pro Thr Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Asp Ser Asn Gly  
 755 760 765  
 Leu Thr Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Asn Gly Ala Asp Asn Met Thr Leu Asp  
 770 775 780

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Ser Gly Phe Tyr Lys Thr Pro Lys Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asn Tyr Val Trp  
 785 790 795 800  
 Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asp Gly Lys Gln Asp Ser Thr Glu Lys Gly Ile  
 805 810 815  
 Ser Gly Val Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Asn Glu Asn Gly Glu Val Leu Gln  
 820 825 830  
 Thr Thr Lys Thr Asp Lys Asp Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Thr Gly Leu Glu  
 835 840 845  
 Asn Gly Thr Tyr Lys Val Glu Phe Glu Thr Pro Ser Gly Tyr Thr Pro  
 850 855 860  
 Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Glu Gly Ile Asp Ser Asn Gly Thr  
 865 870 875 880  
 Ser Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Lys Asp Lys Asp Asn Asp Thr Ile Asp Ser  
 885 890 895  
 Gly Phe Tyr Lys Pro Thr Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val Trp Glu Asp  
 900 905 910  
 Thr Asn Lys Asn Gly Val Gln Asp Lys Asp Glu Lys Gly Ile Ser Gly  
 915 920 925  
 Val Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Glu Asn Asp Lys Val Leu Lys Thr Val  
 930 935 940  
 Thr Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Thr Asp Leu Asn Asn Gly  
 945 950 955 960  
 Thr Tyr Lys Val Glu Phe Glu Thr Pro Ser Gly Tyr Thr Pro Thr Ser  
 965 970 975  
 Val Thr Ser Gly Asn Asp Thr Glu Lys Asp Ser Asn Gly Leu Thr Thr  
 980 985 990  
 Thr Gly Val Ile Lys Asp Ala Asp Asn Met Thr Leu Asp Ser Gly Phe  
 995 1000 1005  
 Tyr Lys Thr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val Trp Tyr Asp  
 1010 1015 1020  
 Ser Asn Lys Asp Gly Lys Gln Asp Ser Thr Glu Lys Gly Ile Lys  
 1025 1030 1035  
 Asp Val Lys Val Ile Leu Leu Asn Glu Lys Gly Glu Val Ile Gly  
 1040 1045 1050  
 Thr Thr Lys Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly Lys Tyr Arg Phe Asp Asn Leu  
 1055 1060 1065  
 Asp Ser Gly Lys Tyr Lys Val Ile Phe Glu Lys Pro Thr Gly Leu  
 1070 1075 1080  
 Thr Gln Thr Gly Thr Asn Thr Thr Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Ala Asp  
 1085 1090 1095  
 Gly Gly Glu Val Asp Val Thr Ile Thr Asp His Asp Asp Phe Thr  
 1100 1105 1110  
 Leu Asp Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Glu Glu Glu Thr Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser  
 1115 1120 1125  
 Asp Ser Asp  
 1130 1135 1140  
 Ser Asp Ser  
 1145 1150 1155  
 Asp Ser Asp  
 1160 1165 1170  
 Ser Asp Ser

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1175	1180	1185
Asp Ser Asp		
1190	1195	1200
Ser Asp Ser		
1205	1210	1215
Asp Ser Asp		
1220	1225	1230
Ser Asp Ser		
1235	1240	1245
Asp Ser Asp		
1250	1255	1260
Ser Asp Ser		
1265	1270	1275
Asp Ser Asp		
1280	1285	1290
Ser Asp Ser		
1295	1300	1305
Asp Ser Asp		
1310	1315	1320
Ser Asp Ala Gly Lys His Thr Pro Val Lys Pro Met Ser Thr Thr		
1325	1330	1335
Lys Asp His His Asn Lys Ala Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Thr Gly Asn		
1340	1345	1350
Glu Asn Ser Gly Ser Asn Asn Ala Thr Leu Phe Gly Gly Leu Phe		
1355	1360	1365
Ala Ala Leu Gly Ser Leu Leu Leu Phe Gly Arg Arg Lys Lys Gln		
1370	1375	1380
Asn Lys		
1385		

<210> SEQ ID NO 14  
 <211> LENGTH: 1141  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

Met	Ile	Asn	Arg	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Ala	Ile	Thr	Lys	Lys	Gly	Met	Ile
1				5						10				15	
Ser	Asn	Arg	Leu	Asn	Lys	Phe	Ser	Ile	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Val	Gly	Thr
			20						25					30	
Ala	Ser	Ile	Leu	Val	Gly	Thr	Thr	Leu	Ile	Phe	Gly	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gln
			35					40					45		
Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ala	Glu	Asn	Thr	Ser	Thr	Glu	Asn	Ala	Lys	Gln	Asp
			50			55				60					
Asp	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Asn	Lys	Glu	Val	Val	Ser	Glu	Thr	Glu	Asn
65					70					75				80	
Asn	Ser	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asn	Asp	Ser	Thr	Asn	Pro	Ile	Lys	Lys	Glu	Thr
				85					90					95	
Asn	Thr	Asp	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Ala	Lys	Glu	Glu	Ser	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ser
				100				105						110	
Thr	Gln	Gln	Gln	Gln	Asn	Asn	Val	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr	Glu	Thr	Lys	Pro
				115			120							125	



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530			535			540									
Val	Val	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ser	Asp	Gly	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ala
545					550					555					560
Gln	Gly	Thr	Ser	Met	Arg	Thr	Thr	Asp	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Asn	Tyr
				565					570					575	
Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Phe	Ile	Val	Thr	Ser	Asn	Asp	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly
			580					585					590		
Asp	Gly	Thr	Val	Lys	Pro	Glu	Glu	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Gly	Asp	Tyr
		595				600						605			
Val	Trp	Glu	Asp	Val	Asp	Lys	Asp	Gly	Val	Gln	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ser	Lys
	610					615					620				
Glu	Lys	Pro	Met	Ala	Asn	Val	Leu	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Gly
625					630					635					640
Thr	Thr	Lys	Ser	Val	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Asn	Gly	His	Tyr	Glu	Phe	Gly
				645					650					655	
Gly	Leu	Lys	Asp	Gly	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Val	Lys	Phe	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ala
			660					665					670		
Gly	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Gly	Thr	Thr	Asp	Gly	Glu	Lys	Asp
		675					680					685			
Ser	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ile	Thr	Val	Lys	Ile	Asn	Gly	Lys	Asp	Asp	Met
	690					695					700				
Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Gly	Asp
705					710					715					720
Tyr	Val	Trp	Glu	Asp	Thr	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ala	Asn	Glu
				725					730					735	
Pro	Gly	Ile	Lys	Asp	Val	Lys	Val	Thr	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr	Gly	Lys
			740					745					750		
Val	Ile	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ser	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Phe	Thr
		755					760					765			
Asp	Leu	Asp	Asn	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Gly
	770					775					780				
Tyr	Thr	Pro	Thr	Val	Lys	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ala	Glu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ser	Asn
785					790					795					800
Gly	Leu	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Val	Ile	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp	Asn	Met	Thr	Leu
			805						810					815	
Asp	Ser	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Val
			820					825					830		
Trp	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Gln	Asp	Ser	Thr	Glu	Lys	Gly
		835					840					845			
Ile	Lys	Asp	Val	Lys	Val	Thr	Leu	Leu	Asn	Glu	Lys	Gly	Glu	Val	Ile
	850					855					860				
Gly	Thr	Thr	Lys	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Phe	Asp	Asn	Leu
865					870					875					880
Asp	Ser	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ile	Phe	Glu	Lys	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Thr
				885					890					895	
Gln	Thr	Val	Thr	Asn	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp	Gly	Gly
			900					905					910		
Glu	Val	Asp	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Phe	Thr	Leu	Asp	Asn
		915					920						925		
Gly	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
	930						935					940			

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Asp Ser  
 945 950 955 960  
 Asp Ser  
 965 970 975  
 Asp Ser  
 980 985 990  
 Asp Ser  
 995 1000 1005  
 Asp Ser  
 1010 1015 1020  
 Ser Asp Ser  
 1025 1030 1035  
 Asp Ser  
 1040 1045 1050  
 Ser Asp Ser  
 1055 1060 1065  
 Asp Ser Asp Ala Gly  
 1070 1075 1080  
 Lys His Thr Pro Val Lys Pro Met Ser Thr Thr Lys Asp His His  
 1085 1090 1095  
 Asn Lys Ala Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Asn Asn Gly  
 1100 1105 1110  
 Ser Asn Asn Ala Thr Leu Phe Gly Gly Leu Phe Ala Ala Leu Gly  
 1115 1120 1125  
 Ser Leu Leu Leu Phe Gly Arg Arg Lys Lys Gln Asn Lys  
 1130 1135 1140

<210> SEQ ID NO 15  
 <211> LENGTH: 350  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

Met Thr Lys His Tyr Leu Asn Ser Lys Tyr Gln Ser Glu Gln Arg Ser  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Ala Met Lys Lys Ile Thr Met Gly Thr Ala Ser Ile Ile Leu Gly  
 20 25 30  
 Ser Leu Val Tyr Ile Gly Ala Asp Ser Gln Gln Val Asn Ala Ala Thr  
 35 40 45  
 Glu Ala Thr Asn Ala Thr Asn Asn Gln Ser Thr Gln Val Ser Gln Ala  
 50 55 60  
 Thr Ser Gln Pro Ile Asn Phe Gln Val Gln Lys Asp Gly Ser Ser Glu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Ser His Met Asp Asp Tyr Met Gln His Pro Gly Lys Val Ile Lys  
 85 90 95  
 Gln Asn Asn Lys Tyr Tyr Phe Gln Thr Val Leu Asn Asn Ala Ser Phe  
 100 105 110  
 Trp Lys Glu Tyr Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Asn Asn Gln Glu Leu Ala Thr  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Val Val Asn Asp Asn Lys Lys Ala Asp Thr Arg Thr Ile Asn Val  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Val Glu Pro Gly Tyr Lys Ser Leu Thr Thr Lys Val His Ile Val

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145	150	155	160
Val Pro Gln Ile Asn Tyr Asn His Arg Tyr Thr Thr His Leu Glu Phe	165	170	175
Glu Lys Ala Ile Pro Thr Leu Ala Asp Ala Ala Lys Pro Asn Asn Val	180	185	190
Lys Pro Val Gln Pro Lys Pro Ala Gln Pro Lys Thr Pro Thr Glu Gln	195	200	205
Thr Lys Pro Val Gln Pro Lys Val Glu Lys Val Lys Pro Thr Val Thr	210	215	220
Thr Thr Ser Lys Val Glu Asp Asn His Ser Thr Lys Val Val Ser Thr	225	230	235
Asp Thr Thr Lys Asp Gln Thr Lys Thr Gln Thr Ala His Thr Val Lys	245	250	255
Thr Ala Gln Thr Ala Gln Glu Gln Asn Lys Val Gln Thr Pro Val Lys	260	265	270
Asp Val Ala Thr Ala Lys Ser Glu Ser Asn Asn Gln Ala Val Ser Asp	275	280	285
Asn Lys Ser Gln Gln Thr Asn Lys Val Thr Lys His Asn Glu Thr Pro	290	295	300
Lys Gln Ala Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Pro Lys Thr Gly Leu Thr Ser	305	310	315
Val Asp Asn Phe Ile Ser Thr Val Ala Phe Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu	325	330	335
Gly Ser Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Phe Lys Arg Lys Glu Ser Lys	340	345	350

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 16

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 645

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 16

Met Asn Lys Gln Gln Lys Glu Phe Lys Ser Phe Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys	1	5	10	15
Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Ala Ser Val Ala Ile Ser Thr Leu Leu Leu Leu	20	25	30	
Met Ser Asn Gly Glu Ala Gln Ala Ala Ala Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Thr	35	40	45	
Asn Thr Glu Ala Gln Pro Lys Thr Glu Ala Val Ala Ser Pro Thr Thr	50	55	60	
Thr Ser Glu Lys Ala Pro Glu Thr Lys Pro Val Ala Asn Ala Val Ser	65	70	75	80
Val Ser Asn Lys Glu Val Glu Ala Pro Thr Ser Glu Thr Lys Glu Ala	85	90	95	
Lys Glu Val Lys Glu Val Lys Ala Pro Lys Glu Thr Lys Ala Val Lys	100	105	110	
Pro Ala Ala Lys Ala Thr Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Ile Leu Asn Gln Glu	115	120	125	
Leu Arg Glu Ala Ile Lys Asn Pro Ala Ile Lys Asp Lys Asp His Ser	130	135	140	
Ala Pro Asn Ser Arg Pro Ile Asp Phe Glu Met Lys Lys Glu Asn Gly	145	150	155	160

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Glu Gln Gln Phe Tyr His Tyr Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Pro Ala Arg Val  
 165 170 175

Ile Phe Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Glu Ile Glu Leu Gly Leu Gln Ser Gly  
 180 185 190

Gln Phe Trp Arg Lys Phe Glu Val Tyr Glu Gly Asp Lys Lys Leu Pro  
 195 200 205

Ile Lys Leu Val Ser Tyr Asp Thr Val Lys Asp Tyr Ala Tyr Ile Arg  
 210 215 220

Phe Ser Val Ser Asn Gly Thr Lys Ala Val Lys Ile Val Ser Ser Thr  
 225 230 235 240

His Phe Asn Asn Lys Glu Glu Lys Tyr Asp Tyr Thr Leu Met Glu Phe  
 245 250 255

Ala Gln Pro Ile Tyr Asn Ser Ala Asp Lys Phe Lys Thr Glu Glu Asp  
 260 265 270

Tyr Lys Ala Glu Lys Leu Leu Ala Pro Tyr Lys Lys Ala Lys Thr Leu  
 275 280 285

Glu Arg Gln Val Tyr Glu Leu Asn Lys Ile Gln Asp Lys Leu Pro Glu  
 290 295 300

Lys Leu Lys Ala Glu Tyr Lys Lys Lys Leu Glu Asp Thr Lys Lys Ala  
 305 310 315 320

Leu Asp Glu Gln Val Lys Ser Ala Ile Thr Glu Phe Gln Asn Val Gln  
 325 330 335

Pro Thr Asn Glu Lys Met Thr Asp Leu Gln Asp Thr Lys Tyr Val Val  
 340 345 350

Tyr Glu Ser Val Glu Asn Asn Glu Ser Met Met Asp Thr Phe Val Lys  
 355 360 365

His Pro Ile Lys Thr Gly Met Leu Asn Gly Lys Lys Tyr Met Val Met  
 370 375 380

Glu Thr Thr Asn Asp Asp Tyr Trp Lys Asp Phe Met Val Glu Gly Gln  
 385 390 395 400

Arg Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Ala Lys Asn Asn Thr Arg Thr Ile  
 405 410 415

Ile Phe Pro Tyr Val Glu Gly Lys Thr Leu Tyr Asp Ala Ile Val Lys  
 420 425 430

Val His Val Lys Thr Ile Asp Tyr Asp Gly Gln Tyr His Val Arg Ile  
 435 440 445

Val Asp Lys Glu Ala Phe Thr Lys Ala Asn Thr Asp Lys Ser Asn Lys  
 450 455 460

Lys Glu Gln Gln Asp Asn Ser Ala Lys Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Ala Thr  
 465 470 475 480

Pro Ser Lys Pro Thr Pro Ser Pro Val Glu Lys Glu Ser Gln Lys Gln  
 485 490 495

Asp Ser Gln Lys Asp Asp Asn Lys Gln Leu Pro Ser Val Glu Lys Glu  
 500 505 510

Asn Asp Ala Ser Ser Glu Ser Gly Lys Asp Lys Thr Pro Ala Thr Lys  
 515 520 525

Pro Thr Lys Gly Glu Val Glu Ser Ser Ser Thr Thr Pro Thr Lys Val  
 530 535 540

Val Ser Thr Thr Gln Asn Val Ala Lys Pro Thr Thr Ala Ser Ser Lys  
 545 550 555 560

Thr Thr Lys Asp Val Val Gln Thr Ser Ala Gly Ser Ser Glu Ala Lys









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Ala	Thr	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Glu	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asn	Asp	Glu	Ala	Met	165	170	175	
Val	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	His	Leu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Ile	His	180	185	190	
Lys	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ala	Ser	Lys	Asp	Pro	Ala	Val	Ser	195	200	205	
Thr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Asn	His	Glu	Val	Ala	Lys	Thr	Pro	Asn	Asn	Asp	Gly	210	215	220	
Ser	Gly	His	Val	Val	Leu	Asn	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ser	Asn	Glu	Glu	Asn	Gln	225	230	235	240
Ser	His	Ser	Asn	Gln	Leu	Thr	Asp	Lys	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ser	Asp	Lys	Ile	245	250	255	
Asn	His	Ala	Met	Ile	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ser	Asn	Ala	Ser	Thr	Gln	260	265	270	
His	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	His	Lys	Leu	Asn	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ser	Leu	Asp	Gln	Arg	275	280	285	
Ile	Ala	Asn	Thr	Gln	Leu	Pro	Lys	Asn	Gln	Lys	Ser	Asp	Leu	Met	Ser	290	295	300	
Glu	Val	Asn	Lys	Thr	Lys	Glu	Arg	Ile	Lys	Ser	Gln	Arg	Asn	Ile	Ile	305	310	315	320
Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Thr	Asp	Asp	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Gln	Ser	325	330	335	
Ile	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Phe	Asn	Lys	Asp	Glu	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ile	Leu	Lys	340	345	350	
Asp	Ile	Arg	Val	Asp	Gly	Lys	Thr	Asp	Gln	Gln	Ile	Ala	Asp	Gln	Ile	355	360	365	
Thr	Arg	His	Ile	Asp	Gln	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Asp	Leu	Leu	370	375	380	
Thr	Ser	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gln	Ser	Gln	Asp	Lys	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ile	Ser	Gln	385	390	395	400
Ile	Leu	Gln	Thr	Lys	Leu	Gly	Lys	Ala	Glu	Ala	Asp	Lys	Leu	Ala	Lys	405	410	415	
Asp	Trp	Thr	Asn	Lys	Gly	Leu	Ser	Asn	Arg	Gln	Ile	Val	Asp	Gln	Leu	420	425	430	
Lys	Lys	His	Phe	Ala	Ser	Thr	Gly	Asp	Thr	Ser	Ser	Asp	Asp	Ile	Leu	435	440	445	
Lys	Ala	Ile	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asp	Lys	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ile	Glu	Thr	450	455	460	
Ile	Leu	Ala	Thr	Arg	Ile	Glu	Arg	Gln	Lys	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asp	465	470	475	480
Leu	Ile	Thr	Lys	Ile	Glu	Thr	Asp	Gln	Asn	Lys	Ile	Phe	Asn	Leu	Val	485	490	495	
Lys	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Ala	Asp	Asp	Leu	Leu	Asn	Leu	Gln	Lys	500	505	510	
Arg	Leu	Asn	Gln	Thr	Lys	Lys	Asp	Ile	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Ser	Pro	Ile	515	520	525	
Val	Asn	Arg	Pro	Ser	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Leu	Asn	Lys	Asn	Gly	Lys	Thr	530	535	540	
Thr	Asp	Leu	Asn	Lys	Leu	Ala	Asn	Leu	Met	Asn	Gln	Gly	Ser	Asn	Leu	545	550	555	560
Leu	Asp	Ser	Ile	Pro	Asp	Ile	Pro	Thr	Pro	Lys	Pro	Glu	Lys	Thr	Leu				



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Asp	Gln	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Val	Ser	Gly	Ser	Phe	Glu	Gln	Val	Ala	Phe	Ala	290	295	300	
Lys	Arg	Glu	Asn	Ala	Thr	Thr	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Met	Glu	Val	305	310	315	320
Thr	Leu	Gly	Asn	Asp	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Asp	Val	Ile	Val	Asp	Tyr	Gly	325	330	335	
Asn	Gln	Lys	Gly	Gln	Gln	Leu	Ile	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Asn	340	345	350	
Glu	Asp	Leu	Ser	Arg	Asn	Met	Thr	Val	Tyr	Val	Asn	Gln	Pro	Lys	Lys	355	360	365	
Thr	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Glu	Thr	Phe	Val	Thr	Asn	Leu	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Phe	370	375	380	
Asn	Pro	Asp	Ala	Lys	Asn	Phe	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Glu	Val	Thr	Asp	Gln	Asn	385	390	395	400
Gln	Phe	Val	Asp	Ser	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asp	Thr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Lys	Asp	Val	405	410	415	
Thr	Gly	Gln	Phe	Asp	Val	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Asp	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ala	Thr	420	425	430	
Val	Asp	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Asp	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Ile	Ile	435	440	445	
Gln	Gln	Val	Ala	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Asn	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys	Ile	450	455	460	
Asp	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Glu	Thr	Gln	Asn	Gly	Lys	Ser	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asn	Ser	465	470	475	480
Tyr	Ser	Asn	Val	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Lys	Lys	485	490	495	
Tyr	Asn	Leu	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Val	Trp	Glu	Asp	Thr	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	500	505	510	
Gln	Asp	Ala	Asn	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Tyr	Val	Ile	Leu	Lys	515	520	525	
Asp	Ser	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly	530	535	540	
Lys	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Thr	Gly	Leu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Val	Glu	Phe	545	550	555	560
Ser	Thr	Pro	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asp	565	570	575	
Asp	Ala	Val	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Leu	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Val	Ile	Lys	Asp	580	585	590	
Ala	Asp	Asn	Met	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Lys	Tyr	595	600	605	
Ser	Leu	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Val	Trp	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Gln	610	615	620	
Asp	Ser	Thr	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Val	Thr	Leu	Gln	Asn	625	630	635	640
Glu	Lys	Gly	Glu	Val	Ile	Gly	Thr	Thr	Glu	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	645	650	655	
Tyr	Arg	Phe	Asp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ile	Phe	Glu	660	665	670	
Lys	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Thr	Gln	Thr	Gly	Thr	Asn	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Asp	675	680	685	
Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp	Gly	Gly	Glu	Val	Asp	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr	Asp	His	Asp				



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Glu	Thr	Thr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asn	Ala	Thr	Thr	Glu	Glu	Thr	Pro	100	105	110	
Val	Thr	Gly	Glu	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asn	Gln	Ala	Asn	Thr	Pro	115	120	125	
Ala	Thr	Thr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Asn	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Glu	Leu	Val	Asn	Gln	130	135	140	
Thr	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asn	Asp	Thr	Asn	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Val	145	150	155	160
Asn	Ser	Pro	Gln	Asn	Ser	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Asn	Val	Ser	Thr	Thr	Gln	165	170	175	
Asp	Thr	Ser	Thr	Glu	Ala	Thr	Pro	Ser	Asn	Asn	Glu	Ser	Ala	Pro	Gln	180	185	190	
Asn	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asp	Val	Val	Ser	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Pro	195	200	205	
Ser	Thr	Pro	Arg	Met	Arg	Ala	Phe	Ser	Leu	Ala	Ala	Val	Ala	Ala	Asp	210	215	220	
Ala	Pro	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ile	Thr	Asn	Gln	Leu	Thr	Asp	Val	Lys	225	230	235	240
Val	Thr	Ile	Asp	Ser	Gly	Thr	Thr	Val	Tyr	Pro	His	Gln	Ala	Gly	Tyr	245	250	255	
Val	Lys	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Ser	Val	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ala	Val	Lys	Gly	260	265	270	
Asp	Thr	Phe	Lys	Ile	Thr	Val	Pro	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Gly	Val	275	280	285	
Thr	Ser	Thr	Ala	Lys	Val	Pro	Pro	Ile	Met	Ala	Gly	Asp	Gln	Val	Leu	290	295	300	
Ala	Asn	Gly	Val	Ile	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Asn	Val	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Thr	305	310	315	320
Asp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Asn	Lys	Glu	Asn	Val	Thr	Ala	Asn	Ile	Thr	Met	Pro	325	330	335	
Ala	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Pro	Glu	Asn	Val	Thr	Lys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Val	Thr	Leu	340	345	350	
Thr	Thr	Gly	Ile	Gly	Thr	Asn	Thr	Ala	Ser	Lys	Thr	Val	Leu	Ile	Asp	355	360	365	
Tyr	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Phe	His	Asn	Leu	Ser	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr	Ile	370	375	380	
Asp	Gln	Ile	Asp	Lys	Thr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Gln	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Val	385	390	395	400
Asn	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asp	Asn	Val	Val	Leu	Pro	Ala	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asn	Leu	405	410	415	
Ile	Pro	Asn	Thr	Lys	Ser	Asn	Ala	Leu	Ile	Asp	Ala	Lys	Asn	Thr	Asp	420	425	430	
Ile	Lys	Val	Tyr	Arg	Val	Asp	Asn	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Ser	Glu	Ser	Tyr	435	440	445	
Tyr	Val	Asn	Pro	Ser	Asp	Phe	Glu	Asp	Val	Thr	Asn	Gln	Val	Arg	Ile	450	455	460	
Ser	Phe	Pro	Asn	Ala	Asn	Gln	Tyr	Lys	Val	Glu	Phe	Pro	Thr	Asp	Asp	465	470	475	480
Asp	Gln	Ile	Thr	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Ile	Val	Val	Val	Asn	Gly	His	Ile	Asp	485	490	495	
Pro	Ala	Ser	Thr	Gly	Asp	Leu	Ala	Leu	Arg	Ser	Thr	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Tyr				

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500				505				510							
Asp	Ser	Asn	Phe	Ile	Trp	Arg	Ser	Met	Ser	Trp	Asp	Asn	Glu	Val	Ala
		515					520					525			
Phe	Asn	Asn	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asp	Gly	Ile	Asp	Lys	Pro	Val	Val
	530					535					540				
Pro	Glu	Gln	Pro	Asp	Glu	Pro	Gly	Glu	Ile	Glu	Pro	Ile	Pro	Glu	Asp
545					550					555					560
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asn	Ser	Asp
			565						570					575	
Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp
		580							585					590	
Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp
	595					600						605			
Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala
	610					615					620				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
625					630					635					640
Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp
			645						650						655
Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
		660					665						670		
Ser	Asp														
	675					680							685		
Ser	Asp														
	690					695					700				
Ser	Asp														
705					710					715					720
Ser	Asp														
			725						730						735
Ser	Asp														
		740					745						750		
Ser	Asp														
	755					760							765		
Ser	Asp														
	770					775					780				
Ser	Asp														
785					790					795					800
Ser	Asp														
			805						810						815
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu
		820							825					830	
Ser	Asp														
		835				840							845		
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	850					855					860				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp										
865					870					875					880
Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ser	Asp
			885						890						895
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ser	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ser	Asp	Asn	Asp	Ser	Asp
		900							905					910	

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Ser Asp Ser Asn Ser Asp Ser Glu Ser Gly Ser Asn Asn Asn Val Val  
 915 920 925

Pro Pro Asn Ser Pro Lys Asn Gly Thr Asn Ala Ser Asn Lys Asn Glu  
 930 935 940

Ala Lys Asp Ser Lys Glu Pro Leu Pro Asp Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Glu  
 945 950 955 960

Ala Asn Thr Ser Leu Ile Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Ser Leu  
 965 970 975

Leu Leu Phe Arg Arg Lys Lys Glu Asn Lys Asp Lys Lys  
 980 985

<210> SEQ ID NO 23  
 <211> LENGTH: 584  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

Met Lys Phe Lys Ser Leu Ile Thr Thr Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Val Leu  
 1 5 10 15

Ala Ser Thr Gly Ala Asn Phe Asn Asn Asn Glu Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala  
 20 25 30

Lys Pro Leu Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu His His Gly Tyr Ser Lys  
 35 40 45

Val His Val Pro Tyr Ala Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Ile  
 50 55 60

Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Phe Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Ile Ser Tyr Lys Asp  
 65 70 75 80

Leu Glu Asp Arg Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys Ser Asp Arg Gly Ile Ser  
 85 90 95

Asp Ile Asp Leu Arg Leu Ser Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Tyr Phe  
 100 105 110

Lys Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asp Leu Lys Ala Gly Ile Tyr Thr  
 115 120 125

Ala Asp Leu Ile Asn Thr Ser Glu Ile Lys Ala Ile Asn Ile Asn Val  
 130 135 140

Asp Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Glu Asp Lys Lys Lys Asp Lys Ala Asn Tyr  
 145 150 155 160

Gln Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Ile Leu  
 165 170 175

Ser Asn Leu Thr Phe Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Ile Ser Tyr Lys Asp Leu  
 180 185 190

Glu Asp Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Glu Ser Asn Arg Gly Ile Thr Asp  
 195 200 205

Val Asp Leu Arg Leu Ser Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Asn Phe Lys  
 210 215 220

Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asp Leu Lys Ser Gly Ile Tyr Thr Ala  
 225 230 235 240

Asn Leu Ile Asn Ser Ser Asp Ile Lys Ser Ile Asn Ile Asn Val Asp  
 245 250 255

Thr Lys Lys His Ile Glu Asn Lys Ala Lys Arg Asn Tyr Gln Val Pro  
 260 265 270

Tyr Ser Ile Asn Leu Asn Gly Thr Ser Thr Asn Ile Leu Ser Asn Leu



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Val Lys Gln Lys Gln Gln Ser Asn Asn Glu Gln Thr Glu Asn Arg Glu  
 50 55 60

Ser Gln Val Gln Asn Ser Gln Asn Ser Gln Asn Gly Gln Ser Leu Ser  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Thr His Glu Asn Glu Gln Pro Asn Ile Ser Gln Ala Asn Leu Val  
 85 90 95

Asp Gln Lys Val Ala Gln Ser Ser Thr Thr Asn Asp Glu Gln Pro Ala  
 100 105 110

Ser Gln Asn Val Asn Thr Lys Lys Asp Ser Ala Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr  
 115 120 125

Gln Pro Asp Lys Glu Gln Ser Lys His Lys Gln Asn Glu Ser Gln Ser  
 130 135 140

Ala Asn Lys Asn Gly Asn Asp Asn Arg Ala Ala His Val Glu Asn His  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Ala Asn Val Val Thr Ala Ser Asp Ser Ser Asp Asn Gly Asn Val  
 165 170 175

Gln His Asp Arg Asn Glu Leu Gln Ala Phe Phe Asp Ala Asn Tyr His  
 180 185 190

Asp Tyr Arg Phe Ile Asp Arg Glu Asn Ala Asp Ser Gly Thr Phe Asn  
 195 200 205

Tyr Val Lys Gly Ile Phe Asp Lys Ile Asn Thr Leu Leu Gly Ser Asn  
 210 215 220

Asp Pro Ile Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu Ala Tyr Lys Glu Leu Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Gln Ala Val Ala Leu Ile Arg Thr Met Pro Gln Arg Gln Gln Thr Ser  
 245 250 255

Arg Arg Ser Asn Arg Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Val Glu Ser Arg Ala Ala  
 260 265 270

Glu Pro Arg Ser Val Ser Asp Tyr Gln Asn Ala Asn Ser Ser Tyr Tyr  
 275 280 285

Val Glu Asn Ala Asn Asp Gly Ser Gly Tyr Pro Val Gly Thr Tyr Ile  
 290 295 300

Asn Ala Ser Ser Lys Gly Ala Pro Tyr Asn Leu Pro Thr Thr Pro Trp  
 305 310 315 320

Asn Thr Leu Lys Ala Ser Asp Ser Lys Glu Ile Ala Leu Met Thr Ala  
 325 330 335

Lys Gln Thr Gly Asp Gly Tyr Gln Trp Val Ile Lys Phe Asn Lys Gly  
 340 345 350

His Ala Pro His Gln Asn Met Ile Phe Trp Phe Ala Leu Pro Ala Asp  
 355 360 365

Gln Val Pro Val Gly Arg Thr Asp Phe Val Thr Val Asn Ser Asp Gly  
 370 375 380

Thr Asn Val Gln Trp Ser His Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Asn Lys Pro  
 385 390 395 400

Leu Gln Gln Met Trp Glu Tyr Gly Val Asn Asp Pro His Arg Ser His  
 405 410 415

Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Asn Arg Ser Gly Gln Val Ile Tyr Asp Trp Pro  
 420 425 430

Thr Val His Ile Tyr Ser Leu Glu Asp Leu Ser Arg Ala Ser Asp Tyr  
 435 440 445

Phe Ser Glu Ala Gly Ala Thr Pro Ala Thr Lys Ala Phe Gly Arg Gln

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450					455					460					
Asn	Phe	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Gly	Gln	Lys	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Val
465					470					475					480
Pro	Lys	Val	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Ile	Gly	Gln	Gly	Asp	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ile
				485					490					495	
Ser	Phe	Lys	Thr	Gln	Gly	Pro	Thr	Val	Asn	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Ala	Ala
			500					505					510		
Gly	Gly	Arg	Ala	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Leu	Phe	Met	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Leu
		515					520					525			
Tyr	Val	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Asp	His	Gln	Gln	Arg	Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Arg
	530					535					540				
Gln	Val	Val	Asn	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Gly	Thr	Thr	Lys	Arg	Val	Glu
545					550					555					560
Val	Ser	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Gln	Thr	Lys	Lys	Val	Leu	Glu	Ser	Thr	Asn
				565					570					575	
Leu	Asn	Ile	Asp	Asp	Phe	Val	Asp	Asp	Pro	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Val	Lys	Thr
			580					585					590		
Pro	Ser	Asn	Lys	Val	Leu	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Asn	Ala	Asn	Thr	Asn
		595					600					605			
Ala	Phe	Arg	Pro	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gln	Gln	Leu	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Ser
	610					615					620				
Gln	Leu	Phe	Thr	Asp	Gln	Lys	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Thr	Arg	Asn
625					630					635					640
Pro	Ile	Arg	Leu	Met	Ile	Gly	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Asn
				645					650					655	
Ser	Glu	Thr	Leu	Val	Pro	Val	Asn	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Gln
			660					665					670		
His	Asn	Ile	Lys	Phe	Phe	Lys	Asn	Asp	Asp	Thr	Gln	Asn	Ile	Ala	Glu
	675						680					685			
Lys	Pro	Phe	Ser	Lys	Gln	Ala	Gly	His	Pro	Val	Phe	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Ala
	690					695					700				
Gly	Asn	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ala	Ser	Val	Asn	Leu	Gly	Gly	Ser	Val	Thr	Ser
705				710						715					720
Ile	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ile	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asn	Glu	Asn	Phe	Thr	Asp
				725					730					735	
Lys	Asp	Trp	Gln	Ile	Thr	Gly	Ile	Pro	Arg	Thr	Leu	His	Ile	Glu	Asn
			740					745					750		
Ser	Thr	Asn	Arg	Pro	Asn	Asn	Ala	Arg	Glu	Arg	Asn	Ile	Glu	Leu	Val
		755					760					765			
Gly	Asn	Leu	Leu	Pro	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Gly	Arg
	770					775					780				
Lys	Glu	Gln	Leu	Phe	Glu	Ile	Arg	Val	Lys	Pro	His	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ile
785				790						795					800
Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Gly	Thr	Ala	Leu	Gln	Lys	Val	Pro
				805					810					815	
Val	Asn	Ile	Ser	Gly	Ile	Pro	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ala	Leu	Val	Tyr	Leu
			820					825					830		
Val	Ala	Pro	Thr	Asn	Gln	Thr	Thr	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ser	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gln
		835						840				845			
Ile	Pro	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Leu	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr	Pro	Asp	Gly	Val
	850					855						860			

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His Asn Thr Ile Thr Ile Arg Pro Gln Asp Tyr Val Val Phe Ile Pro  
 865 870 875 880  
 Pro Val Gly Lys Gln Ile Arg Ala Val Val Tyr Tyr Asn Lys Val Val  
 885 890 895  
 Ala Ser Asn Met Ser Asn Ala Val Thr Ile Leu Pro Asp Asp Ile Pro  
 900 905 910  
 Pro Thr Ile Asn Asn Pro Val Gly Ile Asn Ala Lys Tyr Tyr Arg Gly  
 915 920 925  
 Asp Glu Val Asn Phe Thr Met Gly Val Ser Asp Arg His Ser Gly Ile  
 930 935 940  
 Lys Asn Thr Thr Ile Thr Thr Leu Pro Asn Gly Trp Thr Ser Asn Leu  
 945 950 955 960  
 Thr Lys Ala Asp Lys Asn Asn Gly Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Gly Arg Val  
 965 970 975  
 Ser Met Asn Gln Ala Phe Asn Ser Asp Ile Thr Phe Lys Val Ser Ala  
 980 985 990  
 Thr Asp Asn Val Asn Asn Thr Thr Asn Asp Ser Gln Ser Lys His Val  
 995 1000 1005  
 Ser Ile His Val Gly Lys Ile Ser Glu Asp Ala His Pro Ile Val  
 1010 1015 1020  
 Leu Gly Asn Thr Glu Lys Val Val Val Val Asn Pro Thr Ala Val  
 1025 1030 1035  
 Ser Asn Asp Glu Lys Gln Ser Ile Ile Thr Ala Phe Met Asn Lys  
 1040 1045 1050  
 Asn Gln Asn Ile Arg Gly Tyr Leu Ala Ser Thr Asp Pro Val Thr  
 1055 1060 1065  
 Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Val Thr Leu His Tyr Arg Asp Gly Ser  
 1070 1075 1080  
 Ser Thr Thr Leu Asp Ala Thr Asn Val Met Thr Tyr Glu Pro Val  
 1085 1090 1095  
 Val Lys Pro Glu Tyr Gln Thr Val Asn Ala Ala Lys Thr Ala Thr  
 1100 1105 1110  
 Val Thr Ile Ala Lys Gly Gln Ser Phe Ser Ile Gly Asp Ile Lys  
 1115 1120 1125  
 Gln Tyr Phe Thr Leu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Ile Pro Ser Gly Thr  
 1130 1135 1140  
 Phe Thr Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Arg Thr Ile Pro Thr Ala Gln Glu  
 1145 1150 1155  
 Val Ser Gln Met Asn Ala Gly Thr Gln Leu Tyr His Ile Thr Ala  
 1160 1165 1170  
 Thr Asn Ala Tyr His Lys Asp Ser Glu Asp Phe Tyr Ile Ser Leu  
 1175 1180 1185  
 Lys Ile Ile Asp Val Lys Gln Pro Glu Gly Asp Gln Arg Val Tyr  
 1190 1195 1200  
 Arg Thr Ser Thr Tyr Asp Leu Thr Thr Asp Glu Ile Ser Lys Val  
 1205 1210 1215  
 Lys Gln Ala Phe Ile Asn Ala Asn Arg Asp Val Ile Thr Leu Ala  
 1220 1225 1230  
 Glu Gly Asp Ile Ser Val Thr Asn Thr Pro Asn Gly Ala Asn Val  
 1235 1240 1245

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Ser Thr 1250	Ile Thr Val Asn 1255	Ile Asn Lys Gly Arg 1260	Leu Thr Lys Ser
Phe Ala 1265	Ser Asn Leu Ala Asn 1270	Met Asn Phe Leu Arg 1275	Trp Val Asn
Phe Pro 1280	Gln Asp Tyr Thr Val 1285	Thr Trp Thr Asn Ala 1290	Lys Ile Ala
Asn Arg 1295	Pro Thr Asp Gly Gly 1300	Leu Ser Trp Ser Asp 1305	Asp His Lys
Ser Leu 1310	Ile Tyr Arg Tyr Asp 1315	Ala Thr Leu Gly Thr 1320	Gln Ile Thr
Thr Asn 1325	Asp Ile Leu Thr Met 1330	Leu Lys Ala Thr Thr 1335	Thr Val Pro
Gly Leu 1340	Arg Asn Asn Ile Thr 1345	Gly Asn Glu Lys Ser 1350	Gln Ala Glu
Ala Gly 1355	Gly Arg Pro Asn Phe 1360	Arg Thr Thr Gly Tyr 1365	Ser Gln Ser
Asn Ala 1370	Thr Thr Asp Gly Gln 1375	Arg Gln Phe Thr Leu 1380	Asn Gly Gln
Val Ile 1385	Gln Val Leu Asp Ile 1390	Ile Asn Pro Ser Asn 1395	Gly Tyr Gly
Gly Gln 1400	Pro Val Thr Asn Ser 1405	Asn Thr Arg Ala Asn 1410	His Ser Asn
Ser Thr 1415	Val Val Asn Val Asn 1420	Glu Pro Ala Ala Asn 1425	Gly Ala Gly
Ala Phe 1430	Thr Ile Asp His Val 1435	Val Lys Ser Asn Ser 1440	Thr His Asn
Ala Ser 1445	Asp Ala Val Tyr Lys 1450	Ala Gln Leu Tyr Leu 1455	Thr Pro Tyr
Gly Pro 1460	Lys Gln Tyr Val Glu 1465	His Leu Asn Gln Asn 1470	Thr Gly Asn
Thr Thr 1475	Asp Ala Ile Asn Ile 1480	Tyr Phe Val Pro Ser 1485	Asp Leu Val
Asn Pro 1490	Thr Ile Ser Val Gly 1495	Asn Tyr Thr Asn His 1500	Gln Val Phe
Ser Gly 1505	Glu Thr Phe Thr Asn 1510	Thr Ile Thr Ala Asn 1515	Asp Asn Phe
Gly Val 1520	Gln Ser Val Thr Val 1525	Pro Asn Thr Ser Gln 1530	Ile Thr Gly
Thr Val 1535	Asp Asn Asn His Gln 1540	His Val Ser Ala Thr 1545	Ala Pro Asn
Val Thr 1550	Ser Ala Thr Asn Lys 1555	Thr Ile Asn Leu Leu 1560	Ala Thr Asp
Thr Ser 1565	Gly Asn Thr Ala Thr 1570	Thr Ser Phe Asn Val 1575	Thr Val Lys
Pro Leu 1580	Arg Asp Lys Tyr Arg 1585	Val Gly Thr Ser Ser 1590	Thr Ala Ala
Asn Pro 1595	Val Arg Ile Ala Asn 1600	Ile Ser Asn Asn Ala 1605	Thr Val Ser
Gln Ala 1610	Asp Gln Thr Thr Ile 1615	Ile Asn Ser Leu Thr 1620	Phe Thr Glu
Thr Val	Pro Asn Arg Ser Tyr	Ala Arg Ala Ser Ala	Asn Glu Ile



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Val	Val	Thr	Leu	Pro	Asn	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Arg	Asn	Val	Glu	Val
2015						2020					2025			
Pro	Val	Lys	Val	Tyr	Pro	Val	Ala	Asn	Ala	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ser	Arg
2030						2035					2040			
Asp	Val	Lys	Gly	Gln	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ala	Met	Asn
2045						2050					2055			
Tyr	Ile	Thr	Phe	Asp	Pro	Asn	Thr	Asn	Thr	Asn	Gly	Ile	Thr	Ala
2060						2065					2070			
Ala	Trp	Ala	Asn	Arg	Gln	Gln	Pro	Asn	Asn	Gln	Gln	Ala	Gly	Val
2075						2080					2085			
Gln	His	Leu	Asn	Val	Asp	Val	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ala
2090						2095					2100			
Lys	Arg	Val	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Glu	Phe	Pro
2105						2110					2115			
Gln	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Val	Gly	Gly	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly
2120						2125					2130			
Thr	Gln	Ala	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Ala	His	Met	Gln	Asn	Ala	Thr	Gly	Leu
2135						2140					2145			
Pro	Thr	Asp	Gly	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Lys	Trp	Asn	Arg	Asp	Thr	Thr	Gly
2150						2155					2160			
Thr	Asn	Asp	Ala	Asn	Trp	Ser	Ala	Met	Asn	Lys	Pro	Asn	Val	Ala
2165						2170					2175			
Lys	Val	Val	Asn	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Gly	His	Thr
2180						2185					2190			
Phe	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Pro	Ala	Lys	Phe	Val	Val	Lys	Asp	Val	Gln
2195						2200					2205			
Pro	Ala	Lys	Pro	Thr	Val	Thr	Glu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ile	Thr
2210						2215					2220			
Ile	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gln	Thr	Val	Asn	Thr	His	Ala	Gly	Asn
2225						2230					2235			
Val	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Lys	Leu	Val	Ile	Lys	Arg	Asn	Gly	Asn
2240						2245					2250			
Val	Val	Thr	Thr	Phe	Thr	Arg	Arg	Asn	Asn	Thr	Ser	Pro	Trp	Val
2255						2260					2265			
Lys	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ala	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asn
2270						2275					2280			
Asn	Gly	Ile	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Phe	Asn	Pro	Ala	Asp	Thr
2285						2290					2295			
Ile	Gln	Val	Val	Ala	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ser	Gly	Glu	Thr	Val	Ser	Asp
2300						2305					2310			
Glu	Gln	Arg	Ser	Asp	Asp	Phe	Thr	Val	Val	Ala	Pro	Gln	Pro	Asn
2315						2320					2325			
Gln	Ala	Thr	Thr	Lys	Ile	Trp	Gln	Asn	Gly	His	Ile	Asp	Ile	Thr
2330						2335					2340			
Pro	Asn	Asn	Pro	Ser	Gly	His	Leu	Ile	Asn	Pro	Thr	Gln	Ala	Met
2345						2350					2355			
Asp	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Lys	Val	Gly	Asn	Gly	Ala	Glu	His	Ser
2360						2365					2370			
Lys	Thr	Ile	Asn	Val	Val	Arg	Gly	Gln	Asn	Asn	Gln	Trp	Thr	Ile
2375						2380					2385			

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Ala Asn	Lys Pro Asp Tyr Val	Thr Leu Asp Ala Gln	Thr Gly Lys
2390	2395	2400	
Val Thr	Phe Asn Ala Asn Thr	Ile Lys Pro Asn Ser	Ser Ile Thr
2405	2410	2415	
Ile Thr	Pro Lys Ala Gly Thr	Gly His Ser Val Ser	Ser Asn Pro
2420	2425	2430	
Ser Thr	Leu Thr Ala Pro Ala	Ala His Thr Val Asn	Thr Thr Glu
2435	2440	2445	
Ile Val	Lys Asp Tyr Gly Ser	Asn Val Thr Ala Ala	Glu Ile Asn
2450	2455	2460	
Asn Ala	Val Gln Val Ala Asn	Lys Arg Thr Ala Thr	Ile Lys Asn
2465	2470	2475	
Gly Thr	Ala Met Pro Thr Asn	Leu Ala Gly Gly Ser	Thr Thr Thr
2480	2485	2490	
Ile Pro	Val Thr Val Thr Tyr	Asn Asp Gly Ser Thr	Glu Glu Val
2495	2500	2505	
Gln Glu	Ser Ile Phe Thr Lys	Ala Asp Lys Arg Glu	Leu Ile Thr
2510	2515	2520	
Ala Lys	Asn His Leu Asp Asp	Pro Val Ser Thr Glu	Gly Lys Lys
2525	2530	2535	
Pro Gly	Thr Ile Thr Gln Tyr	Asn Asn Ala Met His	Asn Ala Gln
2540	2545	2550	
Gln Gln	Ile Asn Thr Ala Lys	Thr Glu Ala Gln Gln	Val Ile Asn
2555	2560	2565	
Asn Glu	Arg Ala Thr Pro Gln	Gln Val Ser Asp Ala	Leu Thr Lys
2570	2575	2580	
Val Arg	Ala Ala Gln Thr Lys	Ile Asp Gln Ala Lys	Ala Leu Leu
2585	2590	2595	
Gln Asn	Lys Glu Asp Asn Ser	Gln Leu Val Thr Ser	Lys Asn Asn
2600	2605	2610	
Leu Gln	Ser Ser Val Asn Gln	Val Pro Ser Thr Ala	Gly Met Thr
2615	2620	2625	
Gln Gln	Ser Ile Asp Asn Tyr	Asn Ala Lys Lys Arg	Glu Ala Glu
2630	2635	2640	
Thr Glu	Ile Thr Ala Ala Gln	Arg Val Ile Asp Asn	Gly Asp Ala
2645	2650	2655	
Thr Ala	Gln Gln Ile Ser Asp	Glu Lys His Arg Val	Asp Asn Ala
2660	2665	2670	
Leu Thr	Ala Leu Asn Gln Ala	Lys His Asp Leu Thr	Ala Asp Thr
2675	2680	2685	
His Ala	Leu Glu Gln Ala Val	Gln Gln Leu Asn Arg	Thr Gly Thr
2690	2695	2700	
Thr Thr	Gly Lys Lys Pro Ala	Ser Ile Thr Ala Tyr	Asn Asn Ser
2705	2710	2715	
Ile Arg	Ala Leu Gln Ser Asp	Leu Thr Ser Ala Lys	Asn Ser Ala
2720	2725	2730	
Asn Ala	Ile Ile Gln Lys Pro	Ile Arg Thr Val Gln	Glu Val Gln
2735	2740	2745	
Ser Ala	Leu Thr Asn Val Asn	Arg Val Asn Glu Arg	Leu Thr Gln
2750	2755	2760	
Ala Ile	Asn Gln Leu Val Pro	Leu Ala Asp Asn Ser	Ala Leu Lys

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2765	2770	2775
Thr Ala Lys Thr Lys Leu Asp Glu Glu Ile Asn Lys Ser Val Thr 2780 2785 2790		
Thr Asp Gly Met Thr Gln Ser Ser Ile Gln Ala Tyr Glu Asn Ala 2795 2800 2805		
Lys Arg Ala Gly Gln Thr Glu Ser Thr Asn Ala Gln Asn Val Ile 2810 2815 2820		
Asn Asn Gly Asp Ala Thr Asp Gln Gln Ile Ala Ala Glu Lys Thr 2825 2830 2835		
Lys Val Glu Glu Lys Tyr Asn Ser Leu Lys Gln Ala Ile Ala Gly 2840 2845 2850		
Leu Thr Pro Asp Leu Ala Pro Leu Gln Thr Ala Lys Thr Gln Leu 2855 2860 2865		
Gln Asn Asp Ile Asp Gln Pro Thr Ser Thr Thr Gly Met Thr Ser 2870 2875 2880		
Ala Ser Ile Ala Ala Phe Asn Glu Lys Leu Ser Ala Ala Arg Thr 2885 2890 2895		
Lys Ile Gln Glu Ile Asp Arg Val Leu Ala Ser His Pro Asp Val 2900 2905 2910		
Ala Thr Ile Arg Gln Asn Val Thr Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala Lys Ser 2915 2920 2925		
Ala Leu Asp Gln Ala Arg Asn Gly Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ala Pro 2930 2935 2940		
Leu Glu Asn Ala Lys Asn Gln Leu Gln His Ser Ile Asp Thr Gln 2945 2950 2955		
Thr Ser Thr Thr Gly Met Thr Gln Asp Ser Ile Asn Ala Tyr Asn 2960 2965 2970		
Ala Lys Leu Thr Ala Ala Arg Asn Lys Ile Gln Gln Ile Asn Gln 2975 2980 2985		
Val Leu Ala Gly Ser Pro Thr Val Glu Gln Ile Asn Thr Asn Thr 2990 2995 3000		
Ser Thr Ala Asn Gln Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Asp His Ala Arg Gln 3005 3010 3015		
Ala Leu Thr Pro Asp Lys Ala Pro Leu Gln Thr Ala Lys Thr Gln 3020 3025 3030		
Leu Glu Gln Ser Ile Asn Gln Pro Thr Asp Thr Thr Gly Met Thr 3035 3040 3045		
Thr Ala Ser Leu Asn Ala Tyr Asn Gln Lys Leu Gln Ala Ala Arg 3050 3055 3060		
Gln Lys Leu Thr Glu Ile Asn Gln Val Leu Asn Gly Asn Pro Thr 3065 3070 3075		
Val Gln Asn Ile Asn Asp Lys Val Thr Glu Ala Asn Gln Ala Lys 3080 3085 3090		
Asp Gln Leu Asn Thr Ala Arg Gln Gly Leu Thr Leu Asp Arg Gln 3095 3100 3105		
Pro Ala Leu Thr Thr Leu His Gly Ala Ser Asn Leu Asn Gln Ala 3110 3115 3120		
Gln Gln Asn Asn Phe Thr Gln Gln Ile Asn Ala Ala Gln Asn His 3125 3130 3135		
Ala Ala Leu Glu Thr Ile Lys Ser Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Asn Thr 3140 3145 3150		

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Ala Met	Thr Lys Leu Lys Asp	Ser Val Ala Asp Asn	Asn Thr Ile
3155	3160	3165	
Lys Ser	Asp Gln Asn Tyr Thr	Asp Ala Thr Pro Ala	Asn Lys Gln
3170	3175	3180	
Ala Tyr	Asp Asn Ala Val Asn	Ala Ala Lys Gly Val	Ile Gly Glu
3185	3190	3195	
Thr Thr	Asn Pro Thr Met Asp	Val Asn Thr Val Asn	Gln Lys Ala
3200	3205	3210	
Ala Ser	Val Lys Ser Thr Lys	Asp Ala Leu Asp Gly	Gln Gln Asn
3215	3220	3225	
Leu Gln	Arg Ala Lys Thr Glu	Ala Thr Asn Ala Ile	Thr His Ala
3230	3235	3240	
Ser Asp	Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln	Lys Asn Ala Leu Thr	Gln Gln Val
3245	3250	3255	
Asn Ser	Ala Gln Asn Val Gln	Ala Val Asn Asp Ile	Lys Gln Thr
3260	3265	3270	
Thr Gln	Ser Leu Asn Thr Ala	Met Thr Gly Leu Lys	Arg Gly Val
3275	3280	3285	
Ala Asn	His Asn Gln Val Val	Gln Ser Asp Asn Tyr	Val Asn Ala
3290	3295	3300	
Asp Thr	Asn Lys Lys Asn Asp	Tyr Asn Asn Ala Tyr	Asn His Ala
3305	3310	3315	
Asn Asp	Ile Ile Asn Gly Asn	Ala Gln His Pro Val	Ile Thr Pro
3320	3325	3330	
Ser Asp	Val Asn Asn Ala Leu	Ser Asn Val Thr Ser	Lys Glu His
3335	3340	3345	
Ala Leu	Asn Gly Glu Ala Lys	Leu Asn Ala Ala Lys	Gln Glu Ala
3350	3355	3360	
Asn Thr	Ala Leu Gly His Leu	Asn Asn Leu Asn Asn	Ala Gln Arg
3365	3370	3375	
Gln Asn	Leu Gln Ser Gln Ile	Asn Gly Ala His Gln	Ile Asp Ala
3380	3385	3390	
Val Asn	Thr Ile Lys Gln Asn	Ala Thr Asn Leu Asn	Ser Ala Met
3395	3400	3405	
Gly Asn	Leu Arg Gln Ala Val	Ala Asp Lys Asp Gln	Val Lys Arg
3410	3415	3420	
Thr Glu	Asp Tyr Ala Asp Ala	Asp Thr Ala Lys Gln	Asn Ala Tyr
3425	3430	3435	
Asn Ser	Ala Val Ser Ser Ala	Glu Thr Ile Ile Asn	Gln Thr Thr
3440	3445	3450	
Asn Pro	Thr Met Ser Val Asp	Asp Val Asn Arg Ala	Thr Ser Ala
3455	3460	3465	
Val Thr	Ser Asn Lys Asn Ala	Leu Asn Gly Tyr Glu	Lys Leu Ala
3470	3475	3480	
Gln Ser	Lys Thr Asp Ala Ala	Arg Ala Ile Asp Ala	Leu Pro His
3485	3490	3495	
Leu Asn	Asn Ala Gln Lys Ala	Asp Val Lys Ser Lys	Ile Asn Ala
3500	3505	3510	
Ala Ser	Asn Ile Ala Gly Val	Asn Thr Val Lys Gln	Gln Gly Thr
3515	3520	3525	

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Asp	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met	Gly	Asn	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asn	Asp
	3530					3535					3540			
Glu	Gln	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Ala	Thr	Pro
	3545					3550					3555			
Ser	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Ala	Val	Gln	Ala	Ala	Lys	Asp
	3560					3565					3570			
Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Asn	Lys	Thr	Lys	Asp	Gln	Val
	3575					3580					3585			
Thr	Glu	Ala	Met	Asn	Gln	Val	Asn	Ser	Ala	Lys	Asn	Asn	Leu	Asp
	3590					3595					3600			
Gly	Thr	Arg	Leu	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ala	Lys	Gln	Gln
	3605					3610					3615			
Leu	Asn	Asn	Met	Thr	His	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Gln	Lys	Thr	Asn	Leu
	3620					3625					3630			
Thr	Asn	Gln	Ile	Asn	Ser	Gly	Thr	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Gln	Thr
	3635					3640					3645			
Val	Gln	Ser	Asn	Ala	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Met	Asn	Thr	Leu
	3650					3655					3660			
Arg	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ala	Asn	Lys	Asp	Ala	Thr	Lys	Ala	Ser	Glu	Asp
	3665					3670					3675			
Tyr	Val	Asp	Ala	Asn	Asn	Asp	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Ala
	3680					3685					3690			
Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Glu	Thr	Ile	Ile	Asn	Ala	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu
	3695					3700					3705			
Met	Asn	Pro	Ser	Thr	Ile	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ala	Glu	Gln	Val	Asn	Ser
	3710					3715					3720			
Ser	Lys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Glu	Asn	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys
	3725					3730					3735			
Gln	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ile	Thr	Asp
	3740					3745					3750			
Ala	Gln	Lys	Asn	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ser	Gln	Ile	Thr	Ser	Ala	Thr	Arg
	3755					3760					3765			
Val	Ser	Gly	Val	Asp	Thr	Val	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Gln	His	Leu	Asp
	3770					3775					3780			
Gln	Ala	Met	Ala	Ser	Leu	Gln	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asn	Glu	Ser	Gln
	3785					3790					3795			
Val	Lys	Ser	Ser	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Ala	Asp	Thr	Asn	Lys	Gln
	3800					3805					3810			
Gln	Glu	Tyr	Asp	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Leu	Asn
	3815					3820					3825			
Lys	Ser	Thr	Gly	Pro	Asn	Thr	Ala	Gln	Asn	Ala	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala
	3830					3835					3840			
Leu	Gln	Arg	Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ala
	3845					3850					3855			
Lys	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ala	Gln	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Gln	His	Leu	Gly	Thr
	3860					3865					3870			
Leu	Thr	His	Ile	Thr	Thr	Ala	Gln	Arg	Asn	Asp	Leu	Thr	Asn	Gln
	3875					3880					3885			
Ile	Ser	Gln	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Glu	Ser	Val	Lys	Gln
	3890					3895					3900			
Asn	Ala	Asn	Ser	Leu	Asp	Gly	Ala	Met	Gly	Asn	Leu	Gln	Thr	Ala

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3905	3910	3915
Ile Asn Asp Lys Ser Gly Thr Leu Ala Ser Gln Asn Phe Leu Asp 3920 3925 3930		
Ala Asp Glu Gln Lys Arg Asn Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ala Val Ser Ala 3935 3940 3945		
Ala Glu Thr Ile Leu Asn Lys Gln Thr Gly Pro Asn Thr Ala Lys 3950 3955 3960		
Thr Ala Val Glu Gln Ala Leu Asn Asn Val Asn Asn Ala Lys His 3965 3970 3975		
Ala Leu Asn Gly Thr Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Ala Lys Gln Ala Ala 3980 3985 3990		
Ile Thr Ala Ile Asn Gly Ala Ser Asp Leu Asn Gln Lys Gln Lys 3995 4000 4005		
Asp Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Ala Asn Gly Ala Gln Arg Val Ser Asn 4010 4015 4020		
Ala Gln Asp Val Gln His Asn Ala Thr Glu Leu Asn Thr Ala Met 4025 4030 4035		
Gly Thr Leu Lys His Ala Ile Ala Asp Lys Thr Asn Thr Leu Ala 4040 4045 4050		
Ser Ser Lys Tyr Val Asn Ala Asp Ser Thr Lys Gln Asn Ala Tyr 4055 4060 4065		
Thr Thr Lys Val Thr Asn Ala Glu His Ile Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro 4070 4075 4080		
Thr Val Val Thr Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln 4085 4090 4095		
Val Asn Ser Ala Lys Gln Glu Leu Asn Gly Asp Glu Arg Leu Arg 4100 4105 4110		
Glu Ala Lys Gln Asn Ala Asn Thr Ala Ile Asp Ala Leu Thr Gln 4115 4120 4125		
Leu Asn Thr Pro Gln Lys Ala Lys Leu Lys Glu Gln Val Gly Gln 4130 4135 4140		
Ala Asn Arg Leu Glu Asp Val Gln Thr Val Gln Thr Asn Gly Gln 4145 4150 4155		
Ala Leu Asn Asn Ala Met Lys Gly Leu Arg Asp Ser Ile Ala Asn 4160 4165 4170		
Glu Thr Thr Val Lys Thr Ser Gln Asn Tyr Thr Asp Ala Ser Pro 4175 4180 4185		
Asn Asn Gln Ser Thr Tyr Asn Ser Ala Val Ser Asn Ala Lys Gly 4190 4195 4200		
Ile Ile Asn Gln Thr Asn Asn Pro Thr Met Asp Thr Ser Ala Ile 4205 4210 4215		
Thr Gln Ala Thr Thr Gln Val Asn Asn Ala Lys Asn Gly Leu Asn 4220 4225 4230		
Gly Ala Glu Asn Leu Arg Asn Ala Gln Asn Thr Ala Lys Gln Asn 4235 4240 4245		
Leu Asn Thr Leu Ser His Leu Thr Asn Asn Gln Lys Ser Ala Ile 4250 4255 4260		
Ser Ser Gln Ile Asp Arg Ala Gly His Val Ser Glu Val Thr Ala 4265 4270 4275		
Thr Lys Asn Ala Ala Thr Glu Leu Asn Thr Gln Met Gly Asn Leu 4280 4285 4290		

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Glu	Gln	Ala	Ile	His	Asp	Gln	Asn	Thr	Val	Lys	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys
4295						4300					4305			
Phe	Thr	Asp	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ala	Lys	Arg	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Ala
4310						4315					4320			
Val	Ser	Arg	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Asn
4325						4330					4335			
Thr	Ser	Lys	Gln	Asp	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gln	Asn	Val	Ser	Ser
4340						4345					4350			
Ala	Lys	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asn	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Lys
4355						4360					4365			
Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ile	Asn	Asn
4370						4375					4380			
Ala	Gln	Lys	Arg	Asp	Leu	Thr	Thr	Lys	Ile	Asp	Gln	Ala	Thr	Thr
4385						4390					4395			
Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Glu	Ala	Val	Ser	Asn	Thr	Ser	Thr	Gln	Leu	Asn
4400						4405					4410			
Thr	Ala	Met	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gln	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asp	Lys	Thr	Asn
4415						4420					4425			
Thr	Leu	Ala	Ser	Glu	Asn	Tyr	His	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ser	Asp	Lys	Lys
4430						4435					4440			
Thr	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Ala	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn
4445						4450					4455			
Lys	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asn	Leu	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ala	Val	Glu	Asn	Ala
4460						4465					4470			
Leu	Ser	Gln	Val	Ala	Asn	Ala	Lys	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asn	His
4475						4480					4485			
Asn	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ala	Lys	Ser	Asn	Ala	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ile	Asn	Gly
4490						4495					4500			
Leu	Gln	His	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Gln	Lys	Asp	Lys	Leu	Lys	Gln	Gln
4505						4510					4515			
Val	Gln	Gln	Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Asp	Thr	Val	Lys	Ser
4520						4525					4530			
Ser	Ala	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Met	Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ser
4535						4540					4545			
Ile	Gln	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ala	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gly	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Asp
4550						4555					4560			
Ala	Thr	Glu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Ala	Val	Asp	Ser
4565						4570					4575			
Ala	Asn	Gly	Val	Ile	Asn	Ala	Thr	Ser	Asn	Pro	Asn	Met	Asp	Ala
4580						4585					4590			
Asn	Ala	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Ser	Thr	Lys	Asn
4595						4600					4605			
Ala	Leu	Asp	Gly	Thr	His	Asn	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ala
4610						4615					4620			
Thr	Asn	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Gln	Lys
4625						4630					4635			
Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gln	Val	Thr	Ser	Ala	Gln	Arg	Val	Ala	Asn
4640						4645					4650			
Val	Thr	Ser	Ile	Gln	Gln	Thr	Ala	Asn	Glu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met
4655						4660					4665			

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Gly	Gln	Leu	Gln	His	Gly	Ile	Asp	Asp	Glu	Asn	Ala	Thr	Lys	Gln
4670						4675					4680			
Thr	Gln	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Ala	Glu	Gln	Ser	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ala	Tyr
4685						4690					4695			
Asp	Gln	Ala	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Gln	Thr
4700						4705					4710			
Gly	Ser	Asn	Ser	Asp	Lys	Ala	Ala	Val	Asp	Arg	Ala	Leu	Gln	Gln
4715						4720					4725			
Val	Thr	Ser	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ala	Lys	Leu	Ala
4730						4735					4740			
Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys	Gln	Asn	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Asn	His
4745						4750					4755			
Ile	Thr	Asn	Ala	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Leu	Glu	Gly	Gln	Ile	Asn	Gln
4760						4765					4770			
Ala	Thr	Thr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Asn	Thr	Val	Lys	Thr	Asn	Ala	Asn
4775						4780					4785			
Thr	Leu	Asp	Gly	Ala	Met	Asn	Ser	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ser	Ile	Asn	Asp
4790						4795					4800			
Lys	Asp	Ala	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Asp	Glu
4805						4810					4815			
Ser	Lys	Arg	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Glu	Gly
4820						4825					4830			
Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Gln	Thr	Gly	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ser	Lys	Ala	Asp	Val
4835						4840					4845			
Asp	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Ala	Val	Thr	Arg	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asn
4850						4855					4860			
Gly	Ala	Asp	Asn	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser	Ala	Thr	Asn	Thr
4865						4870					4875			
Ile	Asp	Gly	Leu	Pro	Asn	Leu	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gln	Lys	Asp	Asn	Leu
4880						4885					4890			
Lys	His	Gln	Val	Glu	Gln	Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Asn	Gly
4895						4900					4905			
Val	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gly	Asn	Thr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met	Gly	Ala	Leu
4910						4915					4920			
Arg	Thr	Ser	Ile	Gln	Asn	Asp	Asn	Thr	Thr	Lys	Thr	Ser	Gln	Asn
4925						4930					4935			
Tyr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Thr	Ala
4940						4945					4950			
Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Asn	Gly	Val	Ile	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asn	Asn	Pro	Asn
4955						4960					4965			
Met	Asp	Ala	Asn	Ala	Ile	Asn	Gly	Met	Ala	Asn	Gln	Val	Asn	Thr
4970						4975					4980			
Thr	Lys	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Lys
4985						4990					4995			
Thr	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asn	Thr	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	His	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gln
5000						5005					5010			
Lys	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Thr	Gln	Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Arg
5015						5020					5025			
Val	Ser	Asp	Ala	Asn	Asn	Val	Gln	His	Thr	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn
5030						5035					5040			
Ser	Ala	Met	Thr	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Glu	Arg

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5045	5050	5055
Thr Lys Ala Ser Gly Asn Tyr Val Asn Ala Asp Gln Glu Lys Arg		
5060	5065	5070
Gln Ala Tyr Asp Ser Lys Val Thr Asn Ala Glu Asn Ile Ile Ser		
5075	5080	5085
Gly Thr Pro Asn Ala Thr Leu Thr Val Asn Asp Val Asn Ser Ala		
5090	5095	5100
Ala Ser Gln Val Asn Ala Ala Lys Thr Ala Leu Asn Gly Asp Asn		
5105	5110	5115
Asn Leu Arg Val Ala Lys Glu His Ala Asn Asn Thr Ile Asp Gly		
5120	5125	5130
Leu Ala Gln Leu Asn Asn Ala Gln Lys Ala Lys Leu Lys Glu Gln		
5135	5140	5145
Val Gln Ser Ala Thr Thr Leu Asp Gly Val Gln Thr Val Lys Asn		
5150	5155	5160
Ser Ser Gln Thr Leu Asn Thr Ala Met Lys Gly Leu Arg Asp Ser		
5165	5170	5175
Ile Ala Asn Glu Ala Thr Ile Lys Ala Gly Gln Asn Tyr Thr Asp		
5180	5185	5190
Ala Ser Pro Asn Asn Arg Asn Glu Tyr Asp Ser Ala Val Thr Ala		
5195	5200	5205
Ala Lys Ala Ile Ile Asn Gln Thr Ser Asn Pro Thr Met Glu Pro		
5210	5215	5220
Asn Thr Ile Thr Gln Val Thr Ser Gln Val Thr Thr Lys Glu Gln		
5225	5230	5235
Ala Leu Asn Gly Ala Arg Asn Leu Ala Gln Ala Lys Thr Thr Ala		
5240	5245	5250
Lys Asn Asn Leu Asn Asn Leu Thr Ser Ile Asn Asn Ala Gln Lys		
5255	5260	5265
Asp Ala Leu Thr Arg Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Thr Thr Val Ala Gly		
5270	5275	5280
Val Asn Gln Glu Thr Ala Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Asn Asn Ala Met		
5285	5290	5295
His Ser Leu Gln Asn Gly Ile Asn Asp Glu Thr Gln Thr Lys Gln		
5300	5305	5310
Thr Gln Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ala Glu Pro Ser Lys Lys Ser Ala Tyr		
5315	5320	5325
Asp Gln Ala Val Asn Ala Ala Lys Ala Ile Leu Thr Lys Ala Ser		
5330	5335	5340
Gly Gln Asn Val Asp Lys Ala Ala Val Glu Gln Ala Leu Gln Asn		
5345	5350	5355
Val Asn Ser Thr Lys Thr Ala Leu Asn Gly Asp Ala Lys Leu Asn		
5360	5365	5370
Glu Ala Lys Ala Ala Ala Lys Gln Thr Leu Gly Thr Leu Thr His		
5375	5380	5385
Ile Asn Asn Ala Gln Arg Thr Ala Leu Asp Asn Glu Ile Thr Gln		
5390	5395	5400
Ala Thr Asn Val Glu Gly Val Asn Thr Val Lys Ala Lys Ala Gln		
5405	5410	5415
Gln Leu Asp Gly Ala Met Gly Gln Leu Glu Thr Ser Ile Arg Asp		
5420	5425	5430

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Lys	Asp	Thr	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Ala	Asp	Asp
5435						5440					5445			
Ala	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr
5450						5455					5460			
Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asn	Thr	Pro	Lys	Ala	Asp	Val
5465						5470					5475			
Glu	Arg	Ala	Met	Gln	Ala	Val	Thr	Gln	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn
5480						5485					5490			
Gly	Ile	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asp	Arg	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala
5495						5500					5505			
Ile	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ser	Asp	Leu	Asn	Thr	Lys	Gln	Lys	Glu	Ala	Leu
5510						5515					5520			
Lys	Ala	Gln	Val	Thr	Ser	Ala	Gly	Arg	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gly
5525						5530					5535			
Val	Glu	His	Thr	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met	Thr	Ala	Leu
5540						5545					5550			
Lys	Arg	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ala	Glu	Thr	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn
5555						5560					5565			
Tyr	Val	Asn	Ala	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Arg	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Lys
5570						5575					5580			
Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ile	Val	Ser	Gly	Thr	Pro	Thr	Pro	Thr
5585						5590					5595			
Leu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Asp	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Asn
5600						5605					5610			
Ala	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asn	His	Asn	Leu	Glu	Val	Ala	Lys
5615						5620					5625			
Gln	Asn	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asn	Gly
5630						5635					5640			
Pro	Gln	Lys	Ala	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gln	Val	Gly	Gln	Ala	Thr	Thr
5645						5650					5655			
Leu	Pro	Asn	Val	Gln	Thr	Val	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ala	Gln	Thr	Leu	Asn
5660						5665					5670			
Thr	Ala	Met	Lys	Gly	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ser	Ile	Ala	Asn	Glu	Ala	Thr
5675						5680					5685			
Ile	Lys	Ala	Gly	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asn	Lys	Gln
5690						5695					5700			
Thr	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Ile	Gly
5705						5710					5715			
Gln	Thr	Thr	Ser	Pro	Ser	Met	Asn	Ala	Gln	Glu	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ala
5720						5725					5730			
Lys	Asp	Gln	Val	Thr	Ala	Lys	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Gln	Glu
5735						5740					5745			
Asn	Leu	Arg	Thr	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asn	Ala	Lys	Gln	His	Leu	Asn	Gly
5750						5755					5760			
Leu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Thr	Asp	Ala	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ala	Val	Lys	Arg	Gln
5765						5770					5775			
Ile	Glu	Gly	Ala	Thr	His	Val	Asn	Glu	Val	Thr	Gln	Ala	Gln	Asn
5780						5785					5790			
Asn	Ala	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met	Thr	Asn	Leu	Lys	Asn	Gly
5795						5800					5805			

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Ile	Gln	Asp	Gln	Asn	Thr	Ile	Lys	Gln	Gly	Val	Asn	Phe	Thr	Asp
5810						5815					5820			
Ala	Asp	Glu	Ala	Lys	Arg	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Ala	Val	Thr	Gln
5825						5830					5835			
Ala	Glu	Gln	Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Gln	Gly	Pro	Asn	Thr	Ser	Lys
5840						5845					5850			
Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Thr	Ala	Leu	Glu	Asn	Val	Gln	Arg	Ala	Lys	Asn
5855						5860					5865			
Glu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asn	Gln	Asn	Val	Ala	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala
5870						5875					5880			
Lys	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Lys
5885						5890					5895			
Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Ile	Glu	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly
5900						5905					5910			
Val	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser	Glu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met
5915						5920					5925			
Ser	Asn	Leu	Gln	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asp	Glu	Ala	Ala	Thr	Lys	Ala
5930						5935					5940			
Ala	Gln	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ala	Asp	Arg	Glu	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ala	Tyr
5945						5950					5955			
Asn	Asp	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Lys	Thr	Leu	Leu	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ala
5960						5965					5970			
Gly	Ser	Asn	Asp	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ala	Val	Glu	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Arg
5975						5980					5985			
Val	Asn	Thr	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Glu	Arg	Leu	Asn
5990						5995					6000			
Glu	Ala	Lys	Asn	Thr	Ala	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Ala	Thr	Met	Ser	His
6005						6010					6015			
Leu	Thr	Asp	Ala	Gln	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gln	Ile	Glu	Ser
6020						6025					6030			
Gly	Thr	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Gln	Gly	Ile	Gln	Ala	Asn	Ala	Gly
6035						6040					6045			
Thr	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Met	Asn	Gln	Leu	Arg	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ser
6050						6055					6060			
Lys	Asp	Ala	Thr	Lys	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Ala	Asn	Ala
6065						6070					6075			
Asp	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Asp	Ala	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Gly
6080						6085					6090			
Ile	Ile	Ser	Ala	Thr	Asn	Asn	Pro	Glu	Met	Asn	Pro	Asp	Thr	Ile
6095						6100					6105			
Asn	Gln	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gln	Val	Asn	Ser	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asn
6110						6115					6120			
Gly	Asp	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ala	Lys	Ser	Asp
6125						6130					6135			
Ile	Gly	Arg	Leu	Thr	Asp	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Arg	Thr	Ala	Ala
6140						6145					6150			
Asn	Ala	Glu	Val	Asp	Gln	Ala	Pro	Asn	Leu	Ala	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala
6155						6160					6165			
Ala	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met	Gly	Asn	Leu
6170						6175					6180			
Lys	His	Ala	Leu	Ala	Glu	Lys	Asp	Asn	Thr	Lys	Arg	Ser	Val	Asn

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6185	6190	6195
Tyr Thr Asp Ala Asp Gln Pro Lys Gln Gln Ala Tyr Asp Thr Ala 6200 6205 6210		
Val Thr Gln Ala Glu Ala Ile Thr Asn Ala Asn Gly Ser Asn Ala 6215 6220 6225		
Asn Glu Thr Gln Val Gln Ala Ala Leu Asn Gln Leu Asn Gln Ala 6230 6235 6240		
Lys Asn Asp Leu Asn Gly Asp Asn Lys Val Ala Gln Ala Lys Glu 6245 6250 6255		
Ser Ala Lys Arg Ala Leu Ala Ser Tyr Ser Asn Leu Asn Asn Ala 6260 6265 6270		
Gln Ser Thr Ala Ala Ile Ser Gln Ile Asp Asn Ala Thr Thr Val 6275 6280 6285		
Ala Gly Val Thr Ala Ala Gln Asn Thr Ala Asn Glu Leu Asn Thr 6290 6295 6300		
Ala Met Gly Gln Leu Gln Asn Gly Ile Asn Asp Gln Asn Thr Val 6305 6310 6315		
Lys Gln Gln Val Asn Phe Thr Asp Ala Asp Gln Gly Lys Lys Asp 6320 6325 6330		
Ala Tyr Thr Asn Ala Val Thr Asn Ala Gln Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys 6335 6340 6345		
Ala His Gly Gln Asn Met Thr Lys Ala Gln Val Glu Ala Ala Leu 6350 6355 6360		
Asn Gln Val Thr Thr Ala Lys Asn Ala Leu Asn Gly Asp Ala Asn 6365 6370 6375		
Val Arg Gln Ala Lys Ser Asp Ala Lys Ala Asn Leu Gly Thr Leu 6380 6385 6390		
Thr His Leu Asn Asn Ala Gln Lys Gln Asp Leu Thr Ser Gln Ile 6395 6400 6405		
Glu Gly Ala Thr Thr Val Asn Gly Val Asn Gly Val Lys Thr Lys 6410 6415 6420		
Ala Gln Asp Leu Asp Gly Ala Met Gln Arg Leu Gln Ser Ala Ile 6425 6430 6435		
Ala Asn Lys Asp Gln Thr Lys Ala Ser Glu Asn Tyr Ile Asp Ala 6440 6445 6450		
Asp Pro Thr Lys Lys Thr Ala Phe Asp Asn Ala Ile Thr Gln Ala 6455 6460 6465		
Glu Ser Tyr Leu Asn Lys Asp His Gly Ala Asn Lys Asp Lys Gln 6470 6475 6480		
Ala Val Glu Gln Ala Ile Gln Ser Val Thr Ser Thr Glu Asn Ala 6485 6490 6495		
Leu Asn Gly Asp Ala Asn Leu Gln Arg Ala Lys Thr Glu Ala Ile 6500 6505 6510		
Gln Ala Ile Asp Asn Leu Thr His Leu Asn Thr Pro Gln Lys Thr 6515 6520 6525		
Ala Leu Lys Gln Gln Val Asn Ala Ala Gln Arg Val Ser Gly Val 6530 6535 6540		
Thr Asp Leu Lys Asn Ser Ala Thr Ser Leu Asn Asn Ala Met Asp 6545 6550 6555		
Gln Leu Lys Gln Ala Ile Ala Asp His Asp Thr Ile Val Ala Ser 6560 6565 6570		

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Gly	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ser	Pro	Asp	Lys	Gln	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Thr
6575						6580					6585			
Asp	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Asn	Ile	Val	Asn	Gly	Ser	Pro	Asn
6590						6595					6600			
Val	Ile	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ala	Asp	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gln	Arg	Val
6605						6610					6615			
Asn	Asn	Ala	Glu	Thr	Gly	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Thr
6620						6625					6630			
Ala	Lys	Gln	Gln	Ala	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gln	Met	Thr	His	Leu
6635						6640					6645			
Ser	Asp	Ala	Gln	Lys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Thr	Gly	Gln	Ile	Asp	Ser	Ala
6650						6655					6660			
Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Gly	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Asp	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asn
6665						6670					6675			
Leu	Asp	Asn	Ala	Met	Asn	Gln	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ala	Asn	Lys
6680						6685					6690			
Asp	Asp	Val	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Val	Asp	Ala	Asp	Arg	Asp
6695						6700					6705			
Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Thr	Ala	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ile
6710						6715					6720			
Ile	Asn	Ala	Thr	Ser	Gln	Pro	Thr	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr
6725						6730					6735			
Gln	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Thr	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly
6740						6745					6750			
Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Ala	Asn	Lys	Lys	Gln	Glu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Ile
6755						6760					6765			
Asn	Gln	Leu	Ser	His	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Lys	Gln	Asp	Leu	Asn
6770						6775					6780			
Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Pro	Asn	Ile	Ser	Thr	Val	Asn	Gln	Val
6785						6790					6795			
Lys	Thr	Lys	Ala	Glu	Gln	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Met	Glu	Arg	Leu	Ile
6800						6805					6810			
Asn	Gly	Ile	Gln	Asp	Lys	Asp	Gln	Val	Lys	Gln	Ser	Val	Asn	Phe
6815						6820					6825			
Thr	Asp	Ala	Asp	Pro	Glu	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Ala	Val
6830						6835					6840			
Thr	Ala	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ile	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ala	Asn	Gly	Thr	Asn	Ala
6845						6850					6855			
Asn	Gln	Ser	Gln	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ser	Thr	Val	Thr	Thr	Thr
6860						6865					6870			
Lys	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Arg	Lys	Val	Thr	Asp	Ala	Lys	Asn
6875						6880					6885			
Asn	Ala	Asn	Gln	Thr	Leu	Ser	Thr	Leu	Asp	Asn	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala
6890						6895					6900			
Gln	Lys	Gly	Ala	Val	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ala	His	Thr	Val
6905						6910					6915			
Ala	Glu	Val	Thr	Gln	Ala	Ile	Gln	Thr	Ala	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asn	Thr
6920						6925					6930			
Ala	Met	Gly	Asn	Leu	Lys	Asn	Ser	Leu	Asn	Asp	Lys	Asp	Thr	Thr
6935						6940					6945			

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Leu Gly 6950	Ser Gln Asn Phe 6955	Ala Asp Ala Asp Pro 6955	Glu Lys Lys Asn 6960
Ala Tyr 6965	Asn Glu Ala Val His 6970	Asn Ala Glu Asn 6970	Ile Leu Asn Lys 6975
Ser Thr 6980	Gly Thr Asn Val Pro 6985	Lys Asp Gln Val 6985	Glu Ala Ala Met 6990
Asn Gln 6995	Val Asn Ala Thr Lys 7000	Ala Ala Leu Asn 7000	Gly Thr Gln Asn 7005
Leu Glu 7010	Lys Ala Lys Gln His 7015	Ala Asn Thr Ala 7015	Ile Asp Gly Leu 7020
Ser His 7025	Leu Thr Asn Ala Gln 7030	Lys Glu Ala Leu 7030	Lys Gln Leu Val 7035
Gln Gln 7040	Ser Thr Thr Val Ala 7045	Glu Ala Gln Gly 7045	Asn Glu Gln Lys 7050
Ala Asn 7055	Asn Val Asp Ala Ala 7060	Met Asp Lys Leu 7060	Arg Gln Ser Ile 7065
Ala Asp 7070	Asn Ala Thr Thr Lys 7075	Gln Asn Gln Asn 7075	Tyr Thr Asp Ala 7080
Ser Gln 7085	Asn Lys Lys Asp Ala 7090	Tyr Asn Asn Ala 7090	Val Thr Thr Ala 7095
Gln Gly 7100	Ile Ile Asp Gln Thr 7105	Thr Ser Pro Thr 7105	Leu Asp Pro Thr 7110
Val Ile 7115	Asn Gln Ala Ala Gly 7120	Gln Val Ser Thr 7120	Thr Lys Asn Ala 7125
Leu Asn 7130	Gly Asn Glu Asn Leu 7135	Glu Ala Ala Lys 7135	Gln Gln Ala Ser 7140
Gln Ser 7145	Leu Gly Ser Leu Asp 7150	Asn Leu Asn Asn 7150	Ala Gln Lys Gln 7155
Thr Val 7160	Thr Asp Gln Ile Asn 7165	Gly Ala His Thr 7165	Val Asp Glu Ala 7170
Asn Gln 7175	Ile Lys Gln Asn Ala 7180	Gln Asn Leu Asn 7180	Thr Ala Met Gly 7185
Asn Leu 7190	Lys Gln Ala Ile Ala 7195	Asp Lys Asp Ala 7195	Thr Lys Ala Thr 7200
Val Asn 7205	Phe Thr Asp Ala Asp 7210	Gln Ala Lys Gln 7210	Gln Ala Tyr Asn 7215
Thr Ala 7220	Val Thr Asn Ala Glu 7225	Asn Ile Ser Lys 7225	Ala Asn Gly Asn 7230
Ala Thr 7235	Gln Ala Glu Val Glu 7240	Gln Ala Ile Lys 7240	Gln Val Asn Ala 7245
Ala Lys 7250	Gln Ala Leu Asn Gly 7255	Asn Ala Asn Val 7255	Gln His Ala Lys 7260
Asp Glu 7265	Ala Thr Ala Leu Ile 7270	Asn Ser Ser Asn 7270	Asp Leu Asn Gln 7275
Ala Gln 7280	Lys Asp Ala Leu Lys 7285	Gln Gln Val Gln 7285	Asn Ala Thr Thr 7290
Val Ala 7295	Gly Val Asn Asn Val 7300	Lys Gln Thr Ala 7300	Gln Glu Leu Asn 7305
Asn Ala 7310	Met Thr Gln Leu Lys 7315	Gln Gly Ile Ala 7315	Asp Lys Glu Gln 7320
Thr Lys	Ala Asp Gly Asn Phe	Val Asn Ala Asp	Pro Asp Lys Gln

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7325	7330	7335
Asn Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ala Val Ala Lys Ala Glu Ala Leu Ile Ser		
7340	7345	7350
Ala Thr Pro Asp Val Val Val Thr Pro Ser Glu Ile Thr Ala Ala		
7355	7360	7365
Leu Asn Lys Val Thr Gln Ala Lys Asn Asp Leu Asn Gly Asn Thr		
7370	7375	7380
Asn Leu Ala Thr Ala Lys Gln Asn Val Gln His Ala Ile Asp Gln		
7385	7390	7395
Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln Arg Asp Glu Tyr Ser Lys Gln		
7400	7405	7410
Ile Thr Gln Ala Thr Leu Val Pro Asn Val Asn Ala Ile Gln Gln		
7415	7420	7425
Ala Ala Thr Thr Leu Asn Asp Ala Met Thr Gln Leu Lys Gln Gly		
7430	7435	7440
Ile Ala Asn Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Tyr His Asp		
7445	7450	7455
Ala Asp Thr Asp Lys Gln Thr Ala Tyr Asp Asn Ala Val Thr Lys		
7460	7465	7470
Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys Gln Thr Thr Asn Pro Thr Met Asp Pro		
7475	7480	7485
Asn Thr Ile Gln Gln Ala Leu Thr Lys Val Asn Asp Thr Asn Gln		
7490	7495	7500
Ala Leu Asn Gly Asn Gln Lys Leu Ala Asp Ala Lys Gln Asp Ala		
7505	7510	7515
Lys Thr Thr Leu Gly Thr Leu Asp His Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Lys		
7520	7525	7530
Gln Ala Leu Thr Thr Gln Val Glu Gln Ala Pro Asp Ile Ala Thr		
7535	7540	7545
Val Asn Asn Val Lys Gln Asn Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Ala Met		
7550	7555	7560
Thr Asn Leu Asn Asn Ala Leu Gln Asp Lys Thr Glu Thr Leu Asn		
7565	7570	7575
Ser Ile Asn Phe Thr Asp Ala Asp Gln Ala Lys Lys Asp Ala Tyr		
7580	7585	7590
Thr Asn Ala Val Ser His Ala Glu Gly Ile Leu Ser Lys Ala Asn		
7595	7600	7605
Gly Ser Asn Ala Ser Gln Thr Glu Val Glu Gln Ala Met Gln Arg		
7610	7615	7620
Val Asn Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Leu Asn Gly Asn Asp Asn Val Gln		
7625	7630	7635
Arg Ala Lys Asp Ala Ala Lys Gln Val Ile Thr Asn Ala Asn Asp		
7640	7645	7650
Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln Lys Asp Ala Leu Lys Gln Gln Val Asp Ala		
7655	7660	7665
Ala Gln Thr Val Ala Asn Val Asn Thr Ile Lys Gln Thr Ala Gln		
7670	7675	7680
Asp Leu Asn Gln Ala Met Thr Gln Leu Lys Gln Gly Ile Ala Asp		
7685	7690	7695
Lys Asp Gln Thr Lys Ala Asn Gly Asn Phe Val Asn Ala Asp Thr		
7700	7705	7710



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Ala Asp 8090	Pro Asp Lys Gln Asn 8095	Ala Tyr Lys Gln 8100	Ala Val Ala Lys
Ala Glu 8105	Ala Leu Leu Asn Lys 8110	Gln Ser Gly Thr Asn 8115	Glu Val Gln
Ala Gln 8120	Val Glu Ser Ile Thr 8125	Asn Glu Val Asn Ala 8130	Ala Lys Gln
Ala Leu 8135	Asn Gly Asn Asp Asn 8140	Leu Ala Asn Ala Lys 8145	Gln Gln Ala
Lys Gln 8150	Gln Leu Ala Asn Leu 8155	Thr His Leu Asn Asp 8160	Ala Gln Lys
Gln Ser 8165	Phe Glu Ser Gln Ile 8170	Thr Gln Ala Pro Leu 8175	Val Thr Asp
Val Thr 8180	Thr Ile Asn Gln Lys 8185	Ala Gln Thr Leu Asp 8190	His Ala Met
Glu Leu 8195	Leu Arg Asn Ser Val 8200	Ala Asp Asn Gln Thr 8205	Thr Leu Ala
Ser Glu 8210	Asp Tyr His Asp Ala 8215	Thr Ala Gln Arg Gln 8220	Asn Asp Tyr
Asn Gln 8225	Ala Val Thr Ala Ala 8230	Asn Asn Ile Ile Asn 8235	Gln Thr Thr
Ser Pro 8240	Thr Met Asn Pro Asp 8245	Asp Val Asn Gly Ala 8250	Thr Thr Gln
Val Asn 8255	Asn Thr Lys Val Ala 8260	Leu Asp Gly Asp Glu 8265	Asn Leu Ala
Ala Ala 8270	Lys Gln Gln Ala Asn 8275	Asn Arg Leu Asp Gln 8280	Leu Asp His
Leu Asn 8285	Asn Ala Gln Lys Gln 8290	Gln Leu Gln Ser Gln 8295	Ile Thr Gln
Ser Ser 8300	Asp Ile Ala Ala Val 8305	Asn Gly His Lys Gln 8310	Thr Ala Glu
Ser Leu 8315	Asn Thr Ala Met Gly 8320	Asn Leu Ile Asn Ala 8325	Ile Ala Asp
His Gln 8330	Ala Val Glu Gln Arg 8335	Gly Asn Phe Ile Asn 8340	Ala Asp Thr
Asp Lys 8345	Gln Thr Ala Tyr Asn 8350	Thr Ala Val Asn Glu 8355	Ala Ala Ala
Met Ile 8360	Asn Lys Gln Thr Gly 8365	Gln Asn Ala Asn Gln 8370	Thr Glu Val
Glu Gln 8375	Ala Ile Thr Lys Val 8380	Gln Thr Thr Leu Gln 8385	Ala Leu Asn
Gly Asp 8390	His Asn Leu Gln Val 8395	Ala Lys Thr Asn Ala 8400	Thr Gln Ala
Ile Asp 8405	Ala Leu Thr Ser Leu 8410	Asn Asp Pro Gln Lys 8415	Thr Ala Leu
Lys Asp 8420	Gln Val Thr Ala Ala 8425	Thr Leu Val Thr Ala 8430	Val His Gln
Ile Glu 8435	Gln Asn Ala Asn Thr 8440	Leu Asn Gln Ala Met 8445	His Gly Leu
Arg Gln 8450	Ser Ile Gln Asp Asn 8455	Ala Ala Thr Lys Ala 8460	Asn Ser Lys
Tyr Ile	Asn Glu Asp Gln Pro	Glu Gln Gln Asn Tyr	Asp Gln Ala

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8465	8470	8475
Val Gln Ala Ala Asn Asn Ile Ile Asn Glu Gln Thr Ala Thr Leu 8480 8485 8490		
Asp Asn Asn Ala Ile Asn Gln Ala Ala Thr Thr Val Asn Thr Thr 8495 8500 8505		
Lys Ala Ala Leu His Gly Asp Val Lys Leu Gln Asn Asp Lys Asp 8510 8515 8520		
His Ala Lys Gln Thr Val Ser Gln Leu Ala His Leu Asn Asn Ala 8525 8530 8535		
Gln Lys His Met Glu Asp Thr Leu Ile Asp Ser Glu Thr Thr Arg 8540 8545 8550		
Thr Ala Val Lys Gln Asp Leu Thr Glu Ala Gln Ala Leu Asp Gln 8555 8560 8565		
Leu Met Asp Ala Leu Gln Gln Ser Ile Ala Asp Lys Asp Ala Thr 8570 8575 8580		
Arg Ala Ser Ser Ala Tyr Val Asn Ala Glu Pro Asn Lys Lys Gln 8585 8590 8595		
Ser Tyr Asp Glu Ala Val Gln Asn Ala Glu Ser Ile Ile Ala Gly 8600 8605 8610		
Leu Asn Asn Pro Thr Ile Asn Lys Gly Asn Val Ser Ser Ala Thr 8615 8620 8625		
Gln Ala Val Ile Ser Ser Lys Asn Ala Leu Asp Gly Val Glu Arg 8630 8635 8640		
Leu Ala Gln Asp Lys Gln Thr Ala Gly Asn Ser Leu Asn His Leu 8645 8650 8655		
Asp Gln Leu Thr Pro Ala Gln Gln Gln Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln Ile 8660 8665 8670		
Asn Asn Ala Thr Thr Arg Gly Glu Val Ala Gln Lys Leu Thr Glu 8675 8680 8685		
Ala Gln Ala Leu Asn Gln Ala Met Glu Ala Leu Arg Asn Ser Ile 8690 8695 8700		
Gln Asp Gln Gln Gln Thr Glu Ala Gly Ser Lys Phe Ile Asn Glu 8705 8710 8715		
Asp Lys Pro Gln Lys Asp Ala Tyr Gln Ala Ala Val Gln Asn Ala 8720 8725 8730		
Lys Asp Leu Ile Asn Gln Thr Asn Asn Pro Thr Leu Asp Lys Ala 8735 8740 8745		
Gln Val Glu Gln Leu Thr Gln Ala Val Asn Gln Ala Lys Asp Asn 8750 8755 8760		
Leu His Gly Asp Gln Lys Leu Ala Asp Asp Lys Gln His Ala Val 8765 8770 8775		
Thr Asp Leu Asn Gln Leu Asn Gly Leu Asn Asn Pro Gln Arg Gln 8780 8785 8790		
Ala Leu Glu Ser Gln Ile Asn Asn Ala Ala Thr Arg Gly Glu Val 8795 8800 8805		
Ala Gln Lys Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Asp Gln Ala Met Gln 8810 8815 8820		
Ala Leu Arg Asn Ser Ile Gln Asp Gln Gln Gln Thr Glu Ser Gly 8825 8830 8835		
Ser Lys Phe Ile Asn Glu Asp Lys Pro Gln Lys Asp Ala Tyr Gln 8840 8845 8850		

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Ala	Ala	Val	Gln	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Gly	Asn
8855						8860					8865			
Pro	Thr	Leu	Asp	Lys	Ser	Gln	Val	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ala	Val
8870						8875					8880			
Thr	Thr	Ala	Lys	Asp	Asn	Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ala	Arg
8885						8890					8895			
Asp	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ala	Val	Thr	Thr	Val	Asn	Ala	Leu	Pro	Asn	Leu
8900						8905					8910			
Asn	His	Ala	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ala
8915						8920					8925			
Pro	Thr	Arg	Thr	Glu	Val	Ala	Gln	His	Val	Gln	Thr	Ala	Thr	Glu
8930						8935					8940			
Leu	Asp	His	Ala	Met	Glu	Thr	Leu	Lys	Asn	Lys	Val	Asp	Gln	Val
8945						8950					8955			
Asn	Thr	Asp	Lys	Ala	Gln	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Ala	Ser	Thr	Asp
8960						8965					8970			
Lys	Lys	Glu	Ala	Val	Asp	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ser	Ile
8975						8980					8985			
Thr	Asp	Pro	Thr	Asn	Gly	Ser	Asn	Ala	Asn	Lys	Asp	Ala	Val	Asp
8990						8995					9000			
Gln	Val	Leu	Thr	Lys	Leu	Gln	Glu	Lys	Glu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Asn	Gly
9005						9010					9015			
Asn	Glu	Arg	Val	Ala	Glu	Ala	Lys	Thr	Gln	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ile
9020						9025					9030			
Asp	Gln	Leu	Thr	His	Leu	Asn	Ala	Asp	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ala	Lys
9035						9040					9045			
Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Gln	Ala	Thr	Lys	Leu	Gln	Pro	Ile	Ala	Glu	Leu
9050						9055					9060			
Val	Asp	Gln	Ala	Thr	Gln	Leu	Asn	Gln	Ser	Met	Asp	Gln	Leu	Gln
9065						9070					9075			
Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Glu	His	Ala	Asn	Val	Glu	Gln	Thr	Val	Asp	Tyr
9080						9085					9090			
Thr	Gln	Ala	Asp	Ser	Asp	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ile
9095						9100					9105			
Ala	Asp	Ala	Glu	Asn	Val	Leu	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Asn	Lys	Gln	Gln
9110						9115					9120			
Val	Asp	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Leu
9125						9130					9135			
Asn	Gly	Asp	Glu	Arg	Val	Ala	Leu	Ala	Lys	Thr	Asn	Gly	Lys	His
9140						9145					9150			
Asp	Ile	Asp	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Gln	Asp	Gly
9155						9160					9165			
Phe	Lys	Gly	Arg	Ile	Asp	Gln	Ser	Asn	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gln	Ile	Gln
9170						9175					9180			
Gln	Ile	Val	Asp	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asn	Arg	Ala	Met	Asp	Gln
9185						9190					9195			
Leu	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ile	Thr	Asp	Asn	Glu	Gly	Arg	Thr	Lys	Gly	Ser
9200						9205					9210			
Thr	Asn	Tyr	Val	Asn	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gln	Val	Lys	Gln	Val	Tyr	Asp
9215						9220					9225			

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Glu Thr 9230	Val Asp Lys Ala 9235	Lys Gln Ala Leu Asp 9240	Lys Ser Thr Gly
Gln Asn 9245	Leu Thr Ala Lys 9250	Gln Val Ile Lys Leu 9255	Asp Ala Val
Thr Ala 9260	Ala Lys Lys Ala 9265	Leu Asn Gly Glu Glu 9270	Arg Leu Asn Asn
Arg Lys 9275	Ala Glu Ala Leu 9280	Gln Arg Leu Asp Gln 9285	Leu Thr His Leu
Asn Asn 9290	Ala Gln Arg Gln 9295	Leu Ala Ile Gln Gln 9300	Ile Asn Asn Ala
Glu Thr 9305	Leu Asn Lys Ala 9310	Ser Arg Ala Ile Asn 9315	Arg Ala Thr Lys
Leu Asp 9320	Asn Ala Met Gly 9325	Ala Val Gln Gln Tyr 9330	Ile Asp Glu Gln
His Leu 9335	Gly Val Ile Ser 9340	Ser Thr Asn Tyr Ile 9345	Asn Ala Asp Asp
Asn Leu 9350	Lys Ala Asn Tyr 9355	Asp Asn Ala Ile Ala 9360	Asn Ala Ala His
Glu Leu 9365	Asp Lys Val Gln 9370	Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala 9375	Lys Ala Glu Ala
Glu Gln 9380	Leu Lys Gln Asn 9385	Ile Ile Asp Ala Gln 9390	Asn Ala Leu Asn
Gly Asp 9395	Gln Asn Leu Ala 9400	Asn Ala Lys Asp Lys 9405	Ala Asn Ala Phe
Val Asn 9410	Ser Leu Asn Gly 9415	Leu Asn Gln Gln Gln 9420	Gln Asp Leu Ala
His Lys 9425	Ala Ile Asn Asn 9430	Ala Asp Thr Val Ser 9435	Asp Val Thr Asp
Ile Val 9440	Asn Asn Gln Ile 9445	Asp Leu Asn Asp Ala 9450	Met Glu Thr Leu
Lys His 9455	Leu Val Asp Asn 9460	Glu Ile Pro Asn Ala 9465	Glu Gln Thr Val
Asn Tyr 9470	Gln Asn Ala Asp 9475	Asp Asn Ala Lys Thr 9480	Asn Phe Asp Asp
Ala Lys 9485	Arg Leu Ala Asn 9490	Thr Leu Leu Asn Ser 9495	Asp Asn Thr Asn
Val Asn 9500	Asp Ile Asn Gly 9505	Ala Ile Gln Ala Val 9510	Asn Asp Ala Ile
His Asn 9515	Leu Asn Gly Asp 9520	Gln Arg Leu Gln Asp 9525	Ala Lys Asp Lys
Ala Ile 9530	Gln Ser Ile Asn 9535	Gln Ala Leu Ala Asn 9540	Lys Leu Lys Glu
Ile Glu 9545	Ala Ser Asn Ala 9550	Thr Asp Gln Asp Lys 9555	Leu Ile Ala Lys
Asn Lys 9560	Ala Glu Glu Leu 9565	Ala Asn Ser Ile Ile 9570	Asn Asn Ile Asn
Lys Ala 9575	Thr Ser Asn Gln 9580	Ala Val Ser Gln Val 9585	Gln Thr Ala Gly
Asn His 9590	Ala Ile Glu Gln 9595	Val His Ala Asn Glu 9600	Ile Pro Lys Ala
Lys Ile	Asp Ala Asn Lys Asp	Val Asp Lys Gln Val	Gln Ala Leu

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9605	9610	9615
Ile Asp Glu Ile Asp Arg Asn Pro Asn Leu Thr Asp Lys Glu Lys 9620 9625 9630		
Gln Ala Leu Lys Asp Arg Ile Asn Gln Ile Leu Gln Gln Gly His 9635 9640 9645		
Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Ala Met Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile Glu Gln Ala 9650 9655 9660		
Lys Ala Gln Leu Ala Gln Ala Leu Gln Asp Ile Lys Asp Leu Val 9665 9670 9675		
Lys Ala Lys Glu Asp Ala Lys Gln Asp Val Asp Lys Gln Val Gln 9680 9685 9690		
Ala Leu Ile Asp Glu Ile Asp Gln Asn Pro Asn Leu Thr Asp Lys 9695 9700 9705		
Glu Lys Gln Ala Leu Lys Tyr Arg Ile Asn Gln Ile Leu Gln Gln 9710 9715 9720		
Gly His Asn Asp Ile Asn Asn Ala Leu Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile Glu 9725 9730 9735		
Gln Ala Lys Ala Gln Leu Ala Gln Ala Leu Gln Asp Ile Lys Asp 9740 9745 9750		
Leu Val Lys Ala Lys Glu Asp Ala Lys Asn Ala Ile Lys Ala Leu 9755 9760 9765		
Ala Asn Ala Lys Arg Asp Gln Ile Asn Ser Asn Pro Asp Leu Thr 9770 9775 9780		
Pro Glu Gln Lys Ala Lys Ala Leu Lys Glu Ile Asp Glu Ala Glu 9785 9790 9795		
Lys Arg Ala Leu Gln Asn Val Glu Asn Ala Gln Thr Ile Asp Gln 9800 9805 9810		
Leu Asn Arg Gly Leu Asn Leu Gly Leu Asp Asp Ile Arg Asn Thr 9815 9820 9825		
His Val Trp Glu Val Asp Glu Gln Pro Ala Val Asn Glu Ile Phe 9830 9835 9840		
Glu Ala Thr Pro Glu Gln Ile Leu Val Asn Gly Glu Leu Ile Val 9845 9850 9855		
His Arg Asp Asp Ile Ile Thr Glu Gln Asp Ile Leu Ala His Ile 9860 9865 9870		
Asn Leu Ile Asp Gln Leu Ser Ala Glu Val Ile Asp Thr Pro Ser 9875 9880 9885		
Thr Ala Thr Ile Ser Asp Ser Leu Thr Ala Lys Val Glu Val Thr 9890 9895 9900		
Leu Leu Asp Gly Ser Lys Val Ile Val Asn Val Pro Val Lys Val 9905 9910 9915		
Val Glu Lys Glu Leu Ser Val Val Lys Gln Gln Ala Ile Glu Ser 9920 9925 9930		
Ile Glu Asn Ala Ala Gln Gln Lys Ile Asn Glu Ile Asn Asn Ser 9935 9940 9945		
Val Thr Leu Thr Leu Glu Gln Lys Glu Ala Ala Ile Ala Glu Val 9950 9955 9960		
Asn Lys Leu Lys Gln Gln Ala Ile Asp His Val Asn Asn Ala Pro 9965 9970 9975		
Asp Val His Ser Val Glu Glu Ile Gln Gln Gln Glu Gln Ala His 9980 9985 9990		

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Ile	Glu	Gln	Phe	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Phe	Thr	Ile	Glu	Gln	Ala	Lys
9995						10000					10005			
Ser	Asn	Ala	Ile	Lys	Ser	Ile	Glu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Gln	His	Met	Ile
10010						10015					10020			
Asp	Glu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Arg	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Asp	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln
10025						10030					10035			
Glu	Ala	Ile	Ala	Lys	Leu	Asn	Gln	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gln	Ala	Ile	Gln
10040						10045					10050			
Ala	Ile	Gln	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ser	Ile	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ser	Glu	Gln	Leu
10055						10060					10065			
Glu	Gln	Phe	Lys	Ala	Gln	Met	Lys	Ala	Ala	Asn	Pro	Thr	Ala	Lys
10070						10075					10080			
Glu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Arg	Lys	Gln	Glu	Ala	Ile	Ser	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asp
10085						10090					10095			
Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Lys	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ile	Arg	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ile	Gly
10100						10105					10110			
Thr	Ala	Asp	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ala	Met	Asn	Gln	Ile	Asn	Glu	Ile
10115						10120					10125			
Val	Leu	Glu	Thr	Ile	Arg	Asp	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	His	Thr	Leu	Gln
10130						10135					10140			
Gln	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Gly	Ile	Ala	Arg	Ile	Ser	Ala
10145						10150					10155			
Val	Gln	Ile	Val	Thr	Ser	Asp	Arg	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
10160						10165					10170			
Gly	Asn	Glu	Ser	Asn	Ser	His	Leu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Ala
10175						10180					10185			
Asn	His	Pro	Phe	Asn	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ile	Gly	His	Lys	Lys	Lys	Leu
10190						10195					10200			
Asp	Glu	Asp	Asp	Asp	Ile	Asp	Pro	Leu	His	Met	Arg	His	Phe	Ser
10205						10210					10215			
Asn	Asn	Phe	Gly	Asn	Val	Ile	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ile	Gly	Val	Val	Gly
10220						10225					10230			
Ile	Ser	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Phe	Trp	Phe	Phe	Ile	Ala	Lys	Arg
10235						10240					10245			
Arg	Arg	Lys	Glu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Ile	Arg	Asp	Asn
10250						10255					10260			
Asn	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ile	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Asp	Thr	Lys	His	Leu
10265						10270					10275			
Pro	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala	Lys	Arg	Arg	Arg	Lys	Glu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Asp
10280						10285					10290			
Val	Thr	Val	Glu	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ser	Leu	Asn	Asn	Gly	Glu	Ser	Leu
10295						10300					10305			
Asp	Lys	Val	Lys	His	Thr	Pro	Phe	Phe	Leu	Pro	Lys	Arg	Arg	Arg
10310						10315					10320			
Lys	Glu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Asp	Val	Glu	Val	Thr	Asn	Glu	Asn	Thr	Asp
10325						10330					10335			
Glu	Lys	Val	Leu	Lys	Asp	Asn	Glu	His	Ser	Pro	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala
10340						10345					10350			
Lys	Arg	Arg	Lys	Asp	Lys	Glu	Glu	Asp	Val	Glu	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ser
10355						10360					10365			

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Ile Glu Ser Lys Asp Glu Asp Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Lys Lys
10370 10375 10380

Lys Asn Gln Lys Asp Asn Gln Ser Lys Asp Lys Lys Ser Ala Ser
10385 10390 10395

Lys Asn Thr Ser Lys Lys Val Ala Ala Lys Lys Lys Lys Lys Lys
10400 10405 10410

Ala Lys Lys Asn Lys Lys
10415

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<210> SEQ ID NO 25
<211> LENGTH: 340
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 25

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Met Lys Lys Lys Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Met Ser Thr Leu Phe Ala Thr
1 5 10 15

Gln Ile Met Asn Ser Asn His Ala Lys Ala Ser Val Thr Glu Ser Val
20 25 30

Asp Lys Lys Phe Val Val Pro Glu Ser Gly Ile Asn Lys Ile Ile Pro
35 40 45

Ala Tyr Asp Glu Phe Lys Asn Ser Pro Lys Val Asn Val Ser Asn Leu
50 55 60

Thr Asp Asn Lys Asn Phe Val Ala Ser Glu Asp Lys Leu Asn Lys Ile
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Lys Ile Val Asp Lys Asn Phe Val Val
85 90 95

Pro Glu Ser Lys Leu Gly Asn Ile Val Pro Glu Tyr Lys Glu Ile Asn
100 105 110

Asn Arg Val Asn Val Ala Thr Asn Asn Pro Ala Ser Gln Gln Val Asp
115 120 125

Lys His Phe Val Ala Lys Gly Pro Glu Val Asn Arg Phe Ile Thr Gln
130 135 140

Asn Lys Val Asn His His Phe Ile Thr Thr Gln Thr His Tyr Lys Lys
145 150 155 160

Val Ile Thr Ser Tyr Lys Ser Thr His Val His Lys His Val Asn His
165 170 175

Ala Lys Asp Ser Ile Asn Lys His Phe Ile Val Lys Pro Ser Glu Ser
180 185 190

Pro Arg Tyr Thr His Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Ile Ile Lys His His Phe
195 200 205

Ala Val Pro Gly Tyr His Ala His Lys Phe Val Thr Pro Gly His Ala
210 215 220

Ser Ile Lys Ile Asn His Phe Cys Val Val Pro Gln Ile Asn Ser Phe
225 230 235 240

Lys Val Ile Pro Pro Tyr Gly His Asn Ser His Arg Met His Val Pro
245 250 255

Ser Phe Gln Asn Asn Thr Thr Ala Thr His Gln Asn Ala Lys Val Asn
260 265 270

Lys Ala Tyr Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Phe Tyr Ser Tyr Lys Val Val Lys Gly
275 280 285

Val Lys Lys Tyr Phe Ser Phe Ser Gln Ser Asn Gly Tyr Lys Ile Gly
290 295 300

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Lys Pro Ser Leu Asn Ile Lys Asn Val Asn Tyr Gln Tyr Ala Val Pro  
305 310 315 320

Ser Tyr Ser Pro Thr His Tyr Val Pro Glu Phe Lys Gly Ser Leu Pro  
325 330 335

Ala Pro Arg Val  
340

<210> SEQ ID NO 26  
<211> LENGTH: 130  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

Met Asn Phe Asn Asp Ile Glu Thr Met Val Lys Ser Lys Phe Lys Asp  
1 5 10 15

Ile Lys Lys His Ala Glu Glu Ile Ala His Glu Ile Glu Val Arg Ser  
20 25 30

Gly Tyr Leu Arg Lys Ala Glu Gln Tyr Lys Arg Leu Glu Phe Asn Leu  
35 40 45

Ser Phe Ala Leu Asp Asp Ile Glu Ser Thr Ala Lys Asp Val Gln Thr  
50 55 60

Ala Lys Ser Ser Ala Asn Lys Asp Ser Val Thr Val Lys Gly Lys Ala  
65 70 75 80

Pro Asn Thr Leu Tyr Ile Glu Lys Arg Asn Leu Met Lys Gln Lys Leu  
85 90 95

Glu Met Leu Gly Glu Asp Ile Asp Lys Asn Lys Glu Ser Leu Gln Lys  
100 105 110

Ala Lys Glu Ile Ala Gly Glu Lys Ala Ser Glu Tyr Phe Asn Lys Ala  
115 120 125

Met Asn  
130

<210> SEQ ID NO 27  
<211> LENGTH: 636  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

Met Lys Lys Gln Ile Ile Ser Leu Gly Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Ser Ser  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Thr Trp Asp Asn Lys Ala Asp Ala Ile Val Thr Lys Asp Tyr  
20 25 30

Ser Gly Lys Ser Gln Val Asn Ala Gly Ser Lys Asn Gly Thr Leu Ile  
35 40 45

Asp Ser Arg Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ala Leu Tyr Tyr Leu Glu Asp Tyr Ile  
50 55 60

Ile Tyr Ala Ile Gly Leu Thr Asn Lys Tyr Glu Tyr Gly Asp Asn Ile  
65 70 75 80

Tyr Lys Glu Ala Lys Asp Arg Leu Leu Glu Lys Val Leu Arg Glu Asp  
85 90 95

Gln Tyr Leu Leu Glu Arg Lys Lys Ser Gln Tyr Glu Asp Tyr Lys Gln  
100 105 110

Trp Tyr Ala Asn Tyr Lys Lys Glu Asn Pro Arg Thr Asp Leu Lys Met  
115 120 125

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Ala Asn Phe His Lys Tyr Asn Leu Glu Glu Leu Ser Met Lys Glu Tyr  
 130 135 140

Asn Glu Leu Gln Asp Ala Leu Lys Arg Ala Leu Asp Asp Phe His Arg  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Val Lys Asp Ile Lys Asp Lys Asn Ser Asp Leu Lys Thr Phe Asn  
 165 170 175

Ala Ala Glu Glu Asp Lys Ala Thr Lys Glu Val Tyr Asp Leu Val Ser  
 180 185 190

Glu Ile Asp Thr Leu Val Val Ser Tyr Tyr Gly Asp Lys Asp Tyr Gly  
 195 200 205

Glu His Ala Lys Glu Leu Arg Ala Lys Leu Asp Leu Ile Leu Gly Asp  
 210 215 220

Thr Asp Asn Pro His Lys Ile Thr Asn Glu Arg Ile Lys Lys Glu Met  
 225 230 235 240

Ile Asp Asp Leu Asn Ser Ile Ile Asp Asp Phe Phe Met Glu Thr Lys  
 245 250 255

Gln Asn Arg Pro Lys Ser Ile Thr Lys Tyr Asn Pro Thr Thr His Asn  
 260 265 270

Tyr Lys Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Lys Pro Asn Phe Asp Lys Leu Val Glu  
 275 280 285

Glu Thr Lys Lys Ala Val Lys Glu Ala Asp Asp Ser Trp Lys Lys Lys  
 290 295 300

Thr Val Lys Lys Tyr Gly Glu Thr Glu Thr Lys Ser Pro Val Val Lys  
 305 310 315 320

Glu Glu Lys Lys Val Glu Glu Pro Gln Ala Pro Lys Val Asp Asn Gln  
 325 330 335

Gln Glu Val Lys Thr Thr Ala Gly Lys Ala Glu Glu Thr Thr Gln Pro  
 340 345 350

Val Ala Gln Pro Leu Val Lys Ile Pro Gln Gly Thr Ile Thr Gly Glu  
 355 360 365

Ile Val Lys Gly Pro Glu Tyr Pro Thr Met Glu Asn Lys Thr Val Gln  
 370 375 380

Gly Glu Ile Val Gln Gly Pro Asp Phe Leu Thr Met Glu Gln Ser Gly  
 385 390 395 400

Pro Ser Leu Ser Asn Asn Tyr Thr Asn Pro Pro Leu Thr Asn Pro Ile  
 405 410 415

Leu Glu Gly Leu Glu Gly Ser Ser Ser Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Pro Gln  
 420 425 430

Gly Thr Glu Ser Thr Leu Lys Gly Thr Gln Gly Glu Ser Ser Asp Ile  
 435 440 445

Glu Val Lys Pro Gln Ala Thr Glu Thr Thr Glu Ala Ser Gln Tyr Gly  
 450 455 460

Pro Arg Pro Gln Phe Asn Lys Thr Pro Lys Tyr Val Lys Tyr Arg Asp  
 465 470 475 480

Ala Gly Thr Gly Ile Arg Glu Tyr Asn Asp Gly Thr Phe Gly Tyr Glu  
 485 490 495

Ala Arg Pro Arg Phe Asn Lys Pro Ser Glu Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val  
 500 505 510

Thr Thr His Ala Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr Tyr  
 515 520 525

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Lys Lys Pro Ser Glu Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val Thr Thr His Ala Asn  
 530 535 540  
 Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Lys Pro Ser Lys  
 545 550 555 560  
 Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val Thr Thr His Gly Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr  
 565 570 575  
 Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Lys Pro Ser Lys Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn  
 580 585 590  
 Val Thr Thr His Ala Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr  
 595 600 605  
 Tyr Lys Lys Pro Ser Lys Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val Thr Thr His Ala  
 610 615 620  
 Asp Gly Thr Ala Thr Tyr Gly Pro Arg Val Thr Lys  
 625 630 635

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 28

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 745

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 28

Ala Glu Gln His Thr Pro Met Lys Ala His Ala Val Thr Thr Ile Asp  
 1 5 10 15  
 Lys Ala Thr Thr Asp Lys Gln Gln Val Pro Pro Thr Lys Glu Ala Ala  
 20 25 30  
 His His Ser Gly Lys Glu Ala Ala Thr Asn Val Ser Ala Ser Ala Gln  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Thr Ala Asp Asp Thr Asn Ser Lys Val Thr Ser Asn Ala Pro Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Lys Pro Ser Thr Val Val Ser Thr Lys Val Asn Glu Thr Arg Asp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Val Asp Thr Gln Gln Ala Ser Thr Gln Lys Pro Thr His Thr Ala Thr  
 85 90 95  
 Phe Lys Leu Ser Asn Ala Lys Thr Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Arg Met Phe  
 100 105 110  
 Ala Ala Asn Ala Pro Gln Thr Thr Thr His Lys Ile Leu His Thr Asn  
 115 120 125  
 Asp Ile His Gly Arg Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys Gly Arg Val Ile Gly Met  
 130 135 140  
 Ala Lys Leu Lys Thr Val Lys Glu Gln Glu Lys Pro Asp Leu Met Leu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Ala Gly Asp Ala Phe Gln Gly Leu Pro Leu Ser Asn Gln Ser Lys  
 165 170 175  
 Gly Glu Glu Met Ala Lys Ala Met Asn Ala Val Gly Tyr Asp Ala Met  
 180 185 190  
 Ala Val Gly Asn His Glu Phe Asp Phe Gly Tyr Asp Gln Leu Lys Lys  
 195 200 205  
 Leu Glu Gly Met Leu Asp Phe Pro Met Leu Ser Thr Asn Val Tyr Lys  
 210 215 220  
 Asp Gly Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Pro Ser Thr Ile Val Thr Lys Asn Gly  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ile Arg Tyr Gly Ile Ile Gly Val Thr Thr Pro Glu Thr Lys Thr Lys  
 245 250 255

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Thr Arg Pro Glu Gly Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Phe Arg Asp Pro Leu Gln  
 260 265 270  
 Ser Val Thr Ala Glu Met Met Arg Ile Tyr Lys Asp Val Asp Thr Phe  
 275 280 285  
 Val Val Ile Ser His Leu Gly Ile Asp Pro Ser Thr Gln Glu Thr Trp  
 290 295 300  
 Arg Gly Asp Tyr Leu Val Lys Gln Leu Ser Gln Asn Pro Gln Leu Lys  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Arg Ile Thr Val Ile Asp Gly His Ser His Thr Val Leu Gln Asn  
 325 330 335  
 Gly Gln Ile Tyr Asn Asn Asp Ala Leu Ala Gln Thr Gly Thr Ala Leu  
 340 345 350  
 Ala Asn Ile Gly Lys Ile Thr Phe Asn Tyr Arg Asn Gly Glu Val Ser  
 355 360 365  
 Asn Ile Lys Pro Ser Leu Ile Asn Val Lys Asp Val Glu Asn Val Thr  
 370 375 380  
 Pro Asn Lys Ala Leu Ala Glu Gln Ile Asn Gln Ala Asp Gln Thr Phe  
 385 390 395 400  
 Arg Ala Gln Thr Ala Glu Val Ile Ile Pro Asn Asn Thr Ile Asp Phe  
 405 410 415  
 Lys Gly Glu Arg Asp Asp Val Arg Thr Arg Glu Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn  
 420 425 430  
 Ala Ile Ala Asp Ala Met Glu Ala Tyr Gly Val Lys Asn Phe Ser Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Lys Thr Asp Phe Ala Val Thr Asn Gly Gly Gly Ile Arg Ala Ser Ile  
 450 455 460  
 Ala Lys Gly Lys Val Thr Arg Tyr Asp Leu Ile Ser Val Leu Pro Phe  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gly Asn Thr Ile Ala Gln Ile Asp Val Lys Gly Ser Asp Val Trp Thr  
 485 490 495  
 Ala Phe Glu His Ser Leu Gly Ala Pro Thr Thr Gln Lys Asp Gly Lys  
 500 505 510  
 Thr Val Leu Thr Ala Asn Gly Gly Leu Leu His Ile Ser Asp Ser Ile  
 515 520 525  
 Arg Val Tyr Tyr Asp Ile Asn Lys Pro Ser Gly Lys Arg Ile Asn Ala  
 530 535 540  
 Ile Gln Ile Leu Asn Lys Glu Thr Gly Lys Phe Glu Asn Ile Asp Leu  
 545 550 555 560  
 Lys Arg Val Tyr His Val Thr Met Asn Asp Phe Thr Ala Ser Gly Gly  
 565 570 575  
 Asp Gly Tyr Ser Met Phe Gly Gly Pro Arg Glu Glu Gly Ile Ser Leu  
 580 585 590  
 Asp Gln Val Leu Ala Ser Tyr Leu Lys Thr Ala Asn Leu Ala Lys Tyr  
 595 600 605  
 Asp Thr Thr Glu Pro Gln Arg Met Leu Leu Gly Lys Pro Ala Val Ser  
 610 615 620  
 Glu Gln Pro Ala Lys Gly Gln Gln Gly Ser Lys Gly Ser Lys Ser Gly  
 625 630 635 640  
 Lys Asp Thr Gln Pro Ile Gly Asp Asp Lys Val Met Asp Pro Ala Lys  
 645 650 655

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Lys Pro Ala Pro Gly Lys Val Val Leu Leu Leu Ala His Arg Gly Thr  
660 665 670

Val Ser Ser Gly Thr Glu Gly Ser Gly Arg Thr Ile Glu Gly Ala Thr  
675 680 685

Val Ser Ser Lys Ser Gly Lys Gln Leu Ala Arg Met Ser Val Pro Lys  
690 695 700

Gly Ser Ala His Glu Lys Gln Leu Pro Lys Thr Gly Thr Asn Gln Ser  
705 710 715 720

Ser Ser Pro Glu Ala Met Phe Val Leu Leu Ala Gly Ile Gly Leu Ile  
725 730 735

Ala Thr Val Arg Arg Arg Lys Ala Ser  
740 745

<210> SEQ ID NO 29  
 <211> LENGTH: 628  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

Met Ser Asp Arg Phe Ile Lys Phe Asn Asp Glu Gln Leu Asp Ala Lys  
1 5 10 15

Gln Val Met Met Leu Gln Asp Leu Ala Arg Leu Leu Leu Lys Asn Glu  
20 25 30

Gln Thr Gln Val Lys Ile Gln Lys Phe Pro Tyr Tyr Asn Pro Val Gln  
35 40 45

Asn Val Leu Ile Thr Ser Trp Phe Trp Ser His Arg Pro Ser His Ile  
50 55 60

Glu Met Ala Gly Leu Lys Thr Asp Val Met Leu Ala Ala Tyr Gly Tyr  
65 70 75 80

His Met Met Asp Val Gln Ile Val Asn Glu Val Val Gln Asp Lys Thr  
85 90 95

Phe Lys His Pro Lys Phe Tyr Gln Gln Leu Phe Lys Leu Leu Glu Asp  
100 105 110

Met Arg Val Leu Asn Ser Ile Lys Val Glu Arg Pro Ser Thr Ala Lys  
115 120 125

Leu Ile Asp Leu Arg Leu Asp Thr Arg Ile Ser Tyr Thr Glu Ser Gln  
130 135 140

Ile Lys Val Tyr Arg Thr Lys Thr Gln Tyr Thr Asp Leu Leu Phe Leu  
145 150 155 160

Tyr Leu Glu His Ala Phe Leu Ser Gln Asp Phe Phe Asp Ile Pro Ser  
165 170 175

Ile His Ser Asp Leu Asp Asp Ile Leu Val Asn Met Phe Leu Tyr Leu  
180 185 190

Pro Asn Phe Phe Gln Asn Gln Asn Ser Glu Asp Asn Met Tyr Leu Ala  
195 200 205

Gln Arg Ile Met Tyr Gln Val Asp Asp Ile Leu Lys Glu Asp Met Leu  
210 215 220

Asn Glu Tyr Tyr Tyr Leu Pro Lys Thr Leu Tyr Asn Thr Leu Ala Ser  
225 230 235 240

Pro Glu Phe Asp Asp Leu Lys Arg Thr Asp Ala Ser Gln Val Asp Gly  
245 250 255

Gln Asp Asp Thr Ser Glu Asp Asp Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Lys Ala Asp  
260 265 270

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Ser Lys Ser Ala Asp Ser Glu Ser Lys Gly Gly Ala Tyr Leu Glu Met  
 275 280 285  
 Glu Leu His Glu Gly Gln Asn Ser Glu Thr Leu Gly Asn Asp Glu Ala  
 290 295 300  
 Arg Glu Gly Asp Ala Thr Asp Asp Met Thr Asp Met Met Thr Lys Lys  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Lys Gly Ser Asn Asp Thr Leu Asn Arg Glu Glu Gly Asp Ala Val  
 325 330 335  
 Gly Gln Ser Gln Ala Phe Gln Leu Asp Gly Val Asn Lys Asn Val Glu  
 340 345 350  
 Ile Lys Trp Gln Ile Pro Glu Ile Glu Pro Gln Tyr Val Leu Glu Tyr  
 355 360 365  
 Gln Glu Ser Lys Gln Asp Val Gln Tyr Glu Ile Lys Asp Leu Ile Gln  
 370 375 380  
 Ile Ile Lys Lys Thr Ile Glu Arg Glu Gln Arg Asp Ala Arg Phe Asn  
 385 390 395 400  
 Leu Thr Lys Gly Arg Leu Gln Lys Asp Leu Ile Asn Trp Phe Ile Asp  
 405 410 415  
 Asp Gln Tyr Lys Leu Phe Tyr Lys Lys Gln Asp Leu Ser Lys Ser Phe  
 420 425 430  
 Asp Ala Thr Phe Thr Leu Leu Ile Asp Ala Ser Ala Ser Met His Asp  
 435 440 445  
 Lys Met Ala Glu Thr Lys Lys Gly Val Val Leu Phe His Glu Thr Leu  
 450 455 460  
 Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Lys His Glu Ile Leu Ser Phe Ser Glu Asp Ala  
 465 470 475 480  
 Phe Asp Ser Asp Glu His Ala Gln Pro Asn Ile Ile Asn Glu Ile Ile  
 485 490 495  
 Asn Tyr Asp Tyr Ser Thr Phe Glu Lys Asp Gly Pro Arg Ile Met Ala  
 500 505 510  
 Leu Glu Pro Gln Asp Asp Asn Arg Asp Gly Val Ala Ile Arg Val Ala  
 515 520 525  
 Ser Glu Arg Leu Met Arg Arg Asn Gln His Gln Arg Phe Leu Ile Val  
 530 535 540  
 Phe Ser Asp Gly Glu Pro Ser Ala Phe Asn Tyr Ser Gln Asp Gly Ile  
 545 550 555 560  
 Ile Asp Thr Tyr Glu Ala Val Glu Met Ser Arg Lys Phe Gly Ile Glu  
 565 570 575  
 Val Phe Asn Val Phe Leu Ser Gln Asp Pro Ile Thr Glu Asp Val Glu  
 580 585 590  
 Gln Thr Ile His Asn Ile Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Ala Ile Phe Val Glu Gly  
 595 600 605  
 Val Ala His Leu Pro Gly His Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu  
 610 615 620  
 Leu Lys Ser Leu  
 625

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 30

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 154

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 30

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Ala Glu Ile Asn Lys Gln Thr Thr Ser Gln Gly Val Thr Thr Glu Lys
1           5           10           15
Asn Asn Gly Ile Ala Val Leu Glu Gln Asp Val Ile Thr Pro Thr Val
20           25           30
Lys Pro Gln Ala Lys Gln Asp Ile Ile Gln Ala Val Thr Thr Arg Lys
35           40           45
Gln Gln Ile Lys Lys Ser Asn Ala Ser Leu Gln Asp Glu Lys Asp Val
50           55           60
Ala Asn Asp Lys Ile Gly Lys Ile Glu Thr Lys Ala Ile Lys Asp Ile
65           70           75           80
Asp Ala Ala Thr Thr Asn Ala Gln Val Glu Ala Ile Lys Thr Lys Ala
85           90           95
Ile Asn Asp Ile Asn Gln Thr Thr Pro Ala Thr Thr Ala Lys Ala Ala
100          105          110
Ala Leu Glu Glu Phe Asp Glu Val Val Gln Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Ala
115          120          125
Pro Leu Asn Pro Asp Thr Thr Asn Glu Glu Val Ala Glu Ala Ile Glu
130          135          140
Arg Ile Asn Ala Ala Lys Val Ser Gly Val
145          150

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 31

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 584

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 31

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Met Lys Phe Lys Ser Leu Ile Thr Thr Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Val Leu
1           5           10           15
Ala Ser Thr Gly Ala Asn Phe Asn Asn Asn Glu Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala
20           25           30
Lys Pro Leu Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu His His Gly Tyr Ser Lys
35           40           45
Val His Val Pro Tyr Ala Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Ile
50           55           60
Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Phe Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Ile Ser Tyr Lys Asp
65           70           75           80
Leu Glu Asp Arg Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys Ser Asp Arg Gly Ile Ser
85           90           95
Asp Ile Asp Leu Arg Leu Ser Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Tyr Phe
100          105          110
Lys Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asp Leu Lys Ala Gly Ile Tyr Thr
115          120          125
Ala Asp Leu Ile Asn Thr Ser Glu Ile Lys Ala Ile Asn Ile Asn Val
130          135          140
Asp Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Glu Asp Lys Lys Lys Asp Lys Ala Asn Tyr
145          150          155          160
Gln Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Ile Leu
165          170          175
Ser Asn Leu Thr Phe Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Ile Ser Tyr Lys Asp Leu
180          185          190

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Glu Asp Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Glu Ser Asn Arg Gly Ile Thr Asp  
 195 200 205  
 Val Asp Leu Arg Leu Ser Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Asn Phe Lys  
 210 215 220  
 Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asp Leu Lys Ser Gly Ile Tyr Thr Ala  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asn Leu Ile Asn Ser Ser Asp Ile Lys Ser Ile Asn Ile Asn Val Asp  
 245 250 255  
 Thr Lys Lys His Ile Glu Asn Lys Ala Lys Arg Asn Tyr Gln Val Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Tyr Ser Ile Asn Leu Asn Gly Thr Ser Thr Asn Ile Leu Ser Asn Leu  
 275 280 285  
 Ser Phe Ser Asn Lys Pro Trp Thr Asn Tyr Lys Asn Leu Thr Ser Gln  
 290 295 300  
 Ile Lys Ser Val Leu Lys His Asp Arg Gly Ile Ser Glu Gln Asp Leu  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Tyr Ala Lys Lys Ala Tyr Tyr Thr Val Tyr Phe Lys Asn Gly Gly  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Arg Ile Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Lys Asn Tyr Thr Ala Asn Leu Val  
 340 345 350  
 His Ala Lys Asp Val Lys Arg Ile Glu Ile Thr Val Lys Thr Gly Thr  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Ala Lys Ala Asp Arg Tyr Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ala Val Asn Gly  
 370 375 380  
 Thr Ser Thr Pro Ile Leu Ser Asp Leu Lys Phe Thr Gly Asp Pro Arg  
 385 390 395 400  
 Val Gly Tyr Lys Asp Ile Ser Lys Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys His  
 405 410 415  
 Asp Arg Gly Ile Gly Glu Arg Glu Leu Lys Tyr Ala Lys Lys Ala Thr  
 420 425 430  
 Tyr Thr Val His Phe Lys Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asn Ile Asn  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Asn Ile Ser Gln Leu Asn Leu Leu Tyr Val Gln Asp Ile Lys Lys  
 450 455 460  
 Ile Asp Ile Asp Val Lys Thr Gly Thr Lys Ala Lys Ala Asp Ser Tyr  
 465 470 475 480  
 Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ala Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Thr Pro Ile Leu Ser  
 485 490 495  
 Lys Leu Lys Ile Ser Asn Lys Gln Leu Ile Ser Tyr Lys Tyr Leu Asn  
 500 505 510  
 Asp Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys Ser Glu Arg Gly Ile Ser Asp Leu  
 515 520 525  
 Asp Leu Lys Phe Ala Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Tyr Phe Lys Asn  
 530 535 540  
 Gly Lys Lys Gln Val Val Asn Leu Lys Ser Asp Ile Phe Thr Pro Asn  
 545 550 555 560  
 Leu Phe Ser Ala Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Ile Asp Ile Asp Val Lys Gln  
 565 570 575  
 Tyr Thr Lys Ser Lys Lys Asn Lys  
 580

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<210> SEQ ID NO 32
<211> LENGTH: 508
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

Met Lys Asn Lys Leu Leu Val Leu Ser Leu Gly Ala Leu Cys Val Ser
 1           5           10          15

Gln Ile Trp Glu Ser Asn Arg Ala Ser Ala Val Val Ser Gly Glu Lys
 20          25          30

Asn Pro Tyr Val Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys Leu Thr Asn Asn Lys Asn Lys
 35          40          45

Ser Arg Thr Val Glu Glu Tyr Lys Lys Ser Leu Asp Asp Leu Ile Trp
 50          55          60

Ser Phe Pro Asn Leu Asp Asn Glu Arg Phe Asp Asn Pro Glu Tyr Lys
 65          70          75          80

Glu Ala Met Lys Lys Tyr Gln Gln Arg Phe Met Ala Glu Asp Glu Ala
 85          90          95

Leu Lys Lys Phe Phe Ser Glu Glu Lys Lys Ile Lys Asn Gly Asn Thr
 100         105         110

Asp Asn Leu Asp Tyr Leu Gly Leu Ser His Glu Arg Tyr Glu Ser Val
 115         120         125

Phe Asn Thr Leu Lys Lys Gln Ser Glu Glu Phe Leu Lys Glu Ile Glu
 130         135         140

Asp Ile Lys Lys Asp Asn Pro Glu Leu Lys Asp Phe Asn Glu Glu Glu
 145         150         155         160

Gln Leu Lys Cys Asp Leu Glu Leu Asn Lys Leu Glu Asn Gln Ile Leu
 165         170         175

Met Leu Gly Lys Thr Phe Tyr Gln Asn Tyr Arg Asp Asp Val Glu Ser
 180         185         190

Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Asp Leu Ile Met Gly Tyr Lys Asp Glu Glu Arg
 195         200         205

Ala Asn Lys Lys Ala Val Asn Lys Arg Met Leu Glu Asn Lys Lys Glu
 210         215         220

Asp Leu Glu Thr Ile Ile Asp Glu Phe Phe Ser Asp Ile Asp Lys Thr
 225         230         235         240

Arg Pro Asn Asn Ile Pro Val Leu Glu Asp Glu Lys Gln Glu Glu Lys
 245         250         255

Asn His Lys Asn Met Ala Gln Leu Lys Ser Asp Thr Glu Ala Ala Lys
 260         265         270

Ser Asp Glu Ser Lys Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Leu Asn Thr
 275         280         285

Gln Asn His Lys Pro Ala Ser Gln Glu Val Ser Glu Gln Gln Lys Ala
 290         295         300

Glu Tyr Asp Lys Arg Ala Glu Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Phe Leu Asp Asn
 305         310         315         320

Gln Lys Ile Lys Lys Thr Pro Val Val Ser Leu Glu Tyr Asp Phe Glu
 325         330         335

His Lys Gln Arg Ile Asp Asn Glu Asn Asp Lys Lys Leu Val Val Ser
 340         345         350

Ala Pro Thr Lys Lys Pro Thr Ser Pro Thr Thr Tyr Thr Glu Thr Thr
 355         360         365

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Asp Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu  
 225 230 235 240  
 His Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser  
 245 250 255  
 Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Lys Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys  
 275 280 285  
 Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu His Leu Pro Asn Leu Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser  
 305 310 315 320  
 Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln  
 325 330 335  
 Ala Pro Lys Glu Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn  
 340 345 350  
 Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Lys  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn  
 370 375 380  
 Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Lys  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn  
 405 410 415  
 Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn Gly Val His Val Val Lys Pro Gly  
 420 425 430  
 Asp Thr Val Asn Asp Ile Ala Lys Ala Asn Gly Thr Thr Ala Asp Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Ile Ala Ala Asp Asn Lys Leu Ala Asp Lys Asn Met Ile Lys Pro Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Gln Glu Leu Val Val Asp Lys Lys Gln Pro Ala Asn His Ala Asp Ala  
 465 470 475 480  
 Asn Lys Ala Gln Ala Leu Pro Glu Thr Gly Glu Glu Asn Pro Phe Ile  
 485 490 495  
 Gly Thr Thr Val Phe Gly Gly Leu Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Leu  
 500 505 510  
 Leu Ala Gly Arg Arg Arg Glu Leu  
 515 520

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 34

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 291

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 34

Ala Gln His Asp Glu Ala Lys Lys Asn Ala Phe Tyr Gln Val Leu Asn  
 1 5 10 15  
 Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Ala Ala Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Gln Lys  
 35 40 45  
 Leu Asn Asp Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Ala Gln Gln Asn Asn Phe



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Ala Ser Thr Gln Lys Pro Thr His Thr Ala Thr Phe Lys Leu Ser Asn  
115 120 125

Ala Lys Thr Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Arg Met Phe Ala Ala Asn Ala Pro  
130 135 140

Gln Thr Thr Thr His Lys Ile Leu His Thr Asn Asp Ile His Gly Arg  
145 150 155 160

Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys Gly Arg Val Ile Gly Met Ala Lys Leu Lys Thr  
165 170 175

Val Lys Glu Gln Glu Lys Pro Asp Leu Met Leu Asp Ala Gly Asp Ala  
180 185 190

Phe Gln Gly Leu Pro Leu Ser Asn Gln Ser Lys Gly Glu Glu Met Ala  
195 200 205

Lys Ala Met Asn Ala Val Gly Tyr Asp Ala Met Ala Val Gly Asn His  
210 215 220

Glu Phe Asp Phe Gly Tyr Asp Gln Leu Lys Lys Leu Glu Gly Met Leu  
225 230 235 240

Asp Phe Pro Met Leu Ser Thr Asn Val Tyr Lys Asp Gly Lys Arg Ala  
245 250 255

Phe Lys Pro Ser Thr Ile Val Thr Lys Asn Gly Ile Arg Tyr Gly Ile  
260 265 270

Ile Gly Val Thr Thr Pro Glu Thr Lys Thr Lys Thr Arg Pro Glu Gly  
275 280 285

Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Phe Arg Asp Pro Leu Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Glu  
290 295 300

Met Met Arg Ile Tyr Lys Asp Val Asp Thr Phe Val Val Ile Ser His  
305 310 315 320

Leu Gly Ile Asp Pro Ser Thr Gln Glu Thr Trp Arg Gly Asp Tyr Leu  
325 330 335

Val Lys Gln Leu Ser Gln Asn Pro Gln Leu Lys Lys Arg Ile Thr Val  
340 345 350

Ile Asp Gly His Ser His Thr Val Leu Gln Asn Gly Gln Ile Tyr Asn  
355 360 365

Asn Asp Ala Leu Ala Gln Thr Gly Thr Ala Leu Ala Asn Ile Gly Lys  
370 375 380

Ile Thr Phe Asn Tyr Arg Asn Gly Glu Val Ser Asn Ile Lys Pro Ser  
385 390 395 400

Leu Ile Asn Val Lys Asp Val Glu Asn Val Thr Pro Asn Lys Ala Leu  
405 410 415

Ala Glu Gln Ile Asn Gln Ala Asp Gln Thr Phe Arg Ala Gln Thr Ala  
420 425 430

Glu Val Ile Ile Pro Asn Asn Thr Ile Asp Phe Lys Gly Glu Arg Asp  
435 440 445

Asp Val Arg Thr Arg Glu Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Asp Ala  
450 455 460

Met Glu Ala Tyr Gly Val Lys Asn Phe Ser Lys Lys Thr Asp Phe Ala  
465 470 475 480

Val Thr Asn Gly Gly Gly Leu Arg Ala Ser Ile Ala Lys Gly Lys Val  
485 490 495

Thr Arg Tyr Asp Leu Ile Ser Val Leu Pro Phe Gly Asn Thr Ile Ala  
500 505 510

Gln Ile Asp Val Lys Gly Ser Asp Val Trp Thr Ala Phe Glu His Ser



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Glu Val Leu Val Ala Asp Lys Asn Lys Lys Val Ile Asn Lys Lys Thr  
100 105 110

Glu Lys Glu Asp Thr Met Asn Glu Asn Asp Asn Phe Lys Tyr Ser Asp  
115 120 125

Ala Ile Asp Tyr Lys Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Gly Gln Lys Glu Phe Asp  
130 135 140

Gly Asp Ile Lys Glu Trp Ser Leu Glu Lys Asp Asp Gly Lys Leu Val  
145 150 155 160

Tyr Asn Ile Asp Leu Lys Lys Gly Asn Lys Lys Gln Glu Val Thr Val  
165 170 175

Asp Ala Lys Asn Gly Lys Val Leu Lys Ser Glu Gln Asp His  
180 185 190

<210> SEQ ID NO 37  
<211> LENGTH: 502  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

Met Arg Glu Asn Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Met Lys Val Gly Leu Val Ser  
1 5 10 15

Val Ala Ile Thr Met Leu Tyr Ile Met Thr Asn Gly Gln Ala Glu Ala  
20 25 30

Ser Glu Asn Gln Asn Ala Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Asp Asn Gln  
35 40 45

Glu Lys Gln Asn Asn Val Asn Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Gln Asn Asn Thr  
50 55 60

Asn Glu Thr Ser Lys Val Pro Ala Asn Phe Val Lys Leu Asn Asp Ile  
65 70 75 80

Lys Pro Gly Asp Thr Ser Ile Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Pro Asn Gln Phe  
85 90 95

Ile Leu Leu Thr Ile Asp Lys Lys Asp Val Ser Ser Val Glu Asp Ser  
100 105 110

Asp Ser Ser Phe Val Met Ser Asp Lys Asp Gly Asn Phe Lys Tyr Asp  
115 120 125

Leu Asn Gly Arg Lys Ile Val His Asn Gln Glu Ile Glu Val Ser Ser  
130 135 140

Ser Asp Pro Tyr Leu Gly Asp Asp Glu Glu Asp Glu Glu Val Glu Glu  
145 150 155 160

Thr Ser Thr Glu Glu Val Gly Ala Glu Glu Glu Ser Thr Glu Ala Lys  
165 170 175

Ala Thr Tyr Thr Thr Pro Arg Tyr Glu Lys Ala Tyr Glu Ile Pro Lys  
180 185 190

Glu Gln Leu Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly His His Gln Val Phe Ile Glu Pro  
195 200 205

Ile Thr Glu Gly Ser Gly Ile Ile Lys Gly His Thr Ser Val Lys Gly  
210 215 220

Lys Val Ala Leu Ser Ile Asn Asn Lys Phe Ile Asn Phe Glu Thr Asn  
225 230 235 240

Ala Asn Gly Gly Pro Asn Lys Glu Glu Ala Lys Ser Gly Ser Glu Gly  
245 250 255

Ile Trp Met Pro Ile Asp Asp Lys Gly Tyr Phe Asn Phe Asp Phe Lys  
260 265 270

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Thr Lys Arg Phe Asp Asp Leu Glu Leu Lys Lys Asn Asp Glu Ile Ser  
 275 280 285  
 Leu Thr Phe Ala Pro Asp Asp Glu Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Ser Leu Ile  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Lys Thr Lys Val Thr Ser Leu Glu Asp Ile Asp Lys Ala Glu Thr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Tyr Asp His Thr Lys Val Glu Lys Val Lys Val Leu Lys Asp Val  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Glu Asp Leu His Val Asp Glu Ile Tyr Gly Ser Leu Tyr His Thr  
 340 345 350  
 Glu Lys Gly Lys Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Lys Val Ile Lys  
 355 360 365  
 Gly Lys Thr Lys Phe Ala Asn Ala Val Val Lys Val Asp Ser Glu Leu  
 370 375 380  
 Gly Glu Gly Gln Glu Phe Pro Asp Leu Gln Val Asp Glu Lys Gly Glu  
 385 390 395 400  
 Phe Ser Phe Asp Val Asp His Ala Gly Phe Arg Leu Gln Asn Gly Glu  
 405 410 415  
 Thr Leu Asn Phe Thr Val Val Asp Pro Ile Thr Gly Glu Leu Leu Ser  
 420 425 430  
 Gly Asn Phe Val Ser Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Tyr Glu Ser Pro Glu Glu  
 435 440 445  
 Lys Ala Asp Arg Glu Phe Asp Glu Arg Met Glu Asn Thr Pro Ala Tyr  
 450 455 460  
 His Lys Leu His Gly Asp Lys Ile Val Gly Tyr Asp Thr Asn Gly Phe  
 465 470 475 480  
 Pro Ile Thr Trp Phe Tyr Pro Leu Gly Glu Lys Lys Val Glu Arg Lys  
 485 490 495  
 Ala Pro Lys Leu Glu Lys  
 500

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 38

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 342

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 38

Met Lys Lys Thr Val Leu Tyr Leu Val Leu Ala Val Met Phe Leu Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ala Ala Cys Gly Asn Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu Gln Ser Lys Ser Glu Thr  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Gly Ser Lys Asp Thr Val Lys Ile Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Met Arg  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Glu Lys Lys Asp Gly Ser Asp Ala Lys Lys Val Lys Glu Thr Val  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Val Pro Lys Asn Pro Lys Asn Ala Val Val Leu Asp Tyr Gly Ala  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Asp Val Met Lys Glu Met Gly Leu Ser Asp Lys Val Lys Ala Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Pro Lys Gly Glu Gly Gly Lys Ser Leu Pro Asn Phe Leu Glu Ser Phe  
 100 105 110  
 Lys Asp Asp Lys Tyr Thr Asn Val Gly Asn Leu Lys Glu Val Asn Phe

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115					120					125					
Asp	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ala	Thr	Lys	Pro	Glu	Val	Ile	Phe	Ile	Ser	Gly	Arg
130						135					140				
Thr	Ala	Asn	Gln	Lys	Asn	Leu	Asp	Glu	Phe	Lys	Lys	Ala	Ala	Pro	Lys
145					150					155					160
Ala	Lys	Ile	Val	Tyr	Val	Gly	Ala	Asp	Glu	Lys	Asn	Leu	Ile	Gly	Ser
				165					170					175	
Met	Lys	Gln	Asn	Thr	Glu	Asn	Ile	Gly	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Glu	Asp
			180					185					190		
Lys	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asn	Lys	Asp	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ala	Ser	Met
		195					200					205			
Lys	Asp	Lys	Thr	Lys	Asn	Phe	Asn	Lys	Thr	Val	Met	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Val
210						215					220				
Asn	Glu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser	Thr	Phe	Gly	Pro	Lys	Gly	Arg	Phe	Gly	Gly
225					230					235					240
Leu	Val	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Leu	Gly	Phe	Asn	Ala	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Val	Ser
				245					250					255	
Asn	Ser	Asn	His	Gly	Gln	Asn	Val	Ser	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Val	Asn	Lys	Glu
			260					265						270	
Asn	Pro	Asp	Val	Ile	Leu	Ala	Met	Asp	Arg	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ser	Gly
		275					280					285			
Lys	Ser	Thr	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Pro	Val	Leu	Lys	Asn	Val
290						295					300				
Lys	Ala	Ile	Lys	Glu	Asp	Lys	Val	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Asp	Pro	Lys	Leu	Trp
305					310					315					320
Tyr	Phe	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ser	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ile	Lys	Gln	Ile	Glu	Glu
				325					330					335	
Leu	Asp	Lys	Val	Val	Lys										
			340												

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 39

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 241

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 39

Met	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile	Met	Asn	Lys	Leu	Val	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Leu	Leu
1			5						10					15	
Leu	Leu	Glu	Thr	Thr	Ser	Thr	Gln	Leu	Pro	Lys	Thr	Pro	Ile	Ser	Phe
			20					25					30		
Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Ile	Ser	Glu	Asn	Glu	Thr	Asn	Ile
		35					40					45			
Asn	Glu	Leu	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Pro	His	Phe	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly
		50				55					60				
Lys	Trp	Leu	Trp	Gln	Lys	Pro	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ile	His	Ala	Thr	Leu	Gln
65					70					75					80
Thr	Trp	Val	Trp	Tyr	Ser	His	Ile	Gln	Val	Phe	Gly	Ser	Glu	Ser	Trp
				85					90					95	
Gly	Asn	Ile	Asn	Gln	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Val	Asp	Ile	Phe	Gly	Thr
			100					105					110		
Lys	Asp	Glu	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Thr	Phe
		115					120						125		

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Thr Gly Gly Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Thr Ser Ser Asp Lys Pro Tyr Arg  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Phe Leu Lys Tyr Ser Asp Lys Gln Gln Thr Ile Ile Gly Gly His  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Phe Tyr Lys Gly Asn Lys Pro Val Leu Thr Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp  
 165 170 175  
 Phe Arg Ile Arg Gln Thr Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys Lys Leu Tyr Asn Gly  
 180 185 190  
 Glu Phe Asn Lys Gly Gln Ile Lys Ile Thr Ala Asp Gly Asn Asn Tyr  
 195 200 205  
 Thr Ile Asp Leu Ser Lys Lys Leu Lys Leu Thr Asp Thr Asn Arg Tyr  
 210 215 220  
 Val Lys Asn Pro Arg Asn Ala Glu Ile Glu Val Ile Leu Glu Lys Ser  
 225 230 235 240

Asn

<210> SEQ ID NO 40  
 <211> LENGTH: 302  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

Met Lys Lys Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Ile Ile Met Leu Leu Val Leu Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ala Cys Gly Asn Gln Gly Glu Lys Asn Asn Lys Ala Glu Thr Lys Ser  
 20 25 30  
 Tyr Lys Met Asp Asp Gly Lys Thr Val Asp Ile Pro Lys Asp Pro Lys  
 35 40 45  
 Arg Ile Ala Val Val Ala Pro Thr Tyr Ala Gly Gly Leu Lys Lys Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Ala Asn Ile Val Ala Val Asn Gln Gln Val Asp Gln Ser Lys Val  
 65 70 75 80  
 Leu Lys Asp Lys Phe Lys Gly Val Thr Lys Ile Gly Asp Gly Asp Val  
 85 90 95  
 Glu Lys Val Ala Lys Glu Lys Pro Asp Leu Ile Ile Val Tyr Ser Thr  
 100 105 110  
 Asp Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Tyr Gln Lys Val Ala Pro Thr Val Val Val  
 115 120 125  
 Asp Tyr Asn Lys His Lys Tyr Leu Glu Gln Gln Glu Met Leu Gly Lys  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Val Gly Lys Glu Asp Lys Val Lys Ala Trp Lys Lys Asp Trp Glu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Thr Thr Ala Lys Asp Gly Lys Glu Ile Lys Lys Ala Ile Gly Gln  
 165 170 175  
 Asp Ala Thr Val Ser Leu Phe Asp Glu Phe Asp Lys Lys Leu Tyr Thr  
 180 185 190  
 Tyr Gly Asp Asn Trp Gly Arg Gly Gly Glu Val Leu Tyr Gln Ala Phe  
 195 200 205  
 Gly Leu Lys Met Gln Pro Glu Gln Gln Lys Leu Thr Ala Lys Ala Gly  
 210 215 220  
 Trp Ala Glu Val Lys Gln Glu Glu Ile Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gly Asp Tyr  
 225 230 235 240

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Ile Val Ser Thr Ser Glu Gly Lys Pro Thr Pro Gly Tyr Glu Ser Thr
      245                               250
Asn Met Trp Lys Asn Leu Lys Ala Thr Lys Glu Gly His Ile Val Lys
      260                               270
Val Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Trp Tyr Asn Asp Pro Tyr Thr Leu Asp Phe
      275                               280
Met Arg Lys Asp Leu Lys Glu Lys Leu Leu Lys Ala Ala Lys
      290                               300

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<210> SEQ ID NO 41
<211> LENGTH: 267
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 41

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Met Lys Lys Ile Ala Thr Ala Thr Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Phe Ala Thr
 1      5                               10                               15
Ile Ala Ile Ala Ser Gly Asn Gln Ala His Ala Ser Glu Gln Asp Asn
 20      25                               30
Tyr Gly Tyr Asn Pro Asn Asp Pro Thr Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Thr
 35      40                               45
Ile Asp Ala Gln Gly Asn Tyr His Tyr Thr Trp Lys Gly Asn Trp His
 50      55                               60
Pro Ser Gln Leu Asn Gln Asp Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Tyr
 65      70                               75                               80
Asn Gly Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Asn Gly Tyr Ser Tyr Asn
 85      90                               95
Asn Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Ser Asn Asn Asn Gln Ser Tyr Asn
100     105                               110
Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Ser Tyr Asn Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Thr Gly Gly
115     120                               125
Leu Gly Ala Ser Tyr Ser Thr Ser Ser Asn Asn Val Gln Val Thr Thr
130     135                               140
Thr Met Ala Pro Ser Ser Asn Gly Arg Ser Ile Ser Ser Gly Tyr Thr
145     150                               155                               160
Ser Gly Arg Asn Leu Tyr Thr Ser Gly Gln Cys Thr Tyr Tyr Val Phe
165     170                               175
Asp Arg Val Gly Gly Lys Ile Gly Ser Thr Trp Gly Asn Ala Ser Asn
180     185                               190
Trp Ala Asn Ala Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Tyr Thr Val Asn Asn Thr Pro
195     200                               205
Lys Ala Gly Ala Ile Met Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Ala Tyr Gly His Val
210     215                               220
Ala Tyr Val Glu Ser Val Asn Ser Asn Gly Ser Val Arg Val Ser Glu
225     230                               235                               240
Met Asn Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Val Val Thr Ser Arg Thr Ile Ser
245     250                               255
Ala Ser Gln Ala Ala Gly Tyr Asn Phe Ile His
260     265

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<210> SEQ ID NO 42
<211> LENGTH: 209
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 42

Met Lys Arg Leu Val Thr Gly Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ala  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ala Cys Gly Gln Asp Ser Asp Gln Gln Lys Asp Gly Asn Lys Glu Lys  
 20 25 30  
 Asp Asp Lys Ala Lys Thr Glu Gln Gln Asp Lys Lys Thr Asn Asp Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Lys Asp Lys Lys Asp Asn Lys Asp Asp Ser Lys Asp Val Asn Lys  
 50 55 60  
 Asp Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Ala Asn Asp Asn Gln Gln Gln Ser Asn Ser  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asn Ala Thr Asn Asn Asp Gln Asn Gln Thr Asn Asn Asn Gln Ser Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Asn Asn Gln Ala Asn Asn Asn Gln Lys Ser Ser Tyr Val Ala Pro Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Tyr Gly Gln Asn Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Arg Gln Ile Tyr Pro Phe Asn  
 115 120 125  
 Gly Asn Lys Asn Gln Ala Leu Gln Gln Leu Pro Asn Phe Gln Thr Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Asn Ala Ala Asn Asn Glu Ala Asn Lys Phe Gly Ser Asn Asn Lys  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Tyr Asn Asp Tyr Ser Ile Glu Glu His Asn Gly Asn Tyr Lys Tyr  
 165 170 175  
 Val Phe Ser Phe Lys Asp Pro Asn Ala Asn Gly Lys Tyr Ser Ile Val  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Val Asp Tyr Thr Gly Gln Ala Met Val Thr Asp Pro Asn Tyr Gln  
 195 200 205

Gln

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 43

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 436

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 43

Met Lys Asn Lys Tyr Ile Ser Lys Leu Leu Val Gly Ala Ala Thr Ile  
 1 5 10 15  
 Thr Leu Ala Thr Met Ile Ser Asn Gly Glu Ala Lys Ala Ser Glu Asn  
 20 25 30  
 Thr Gln Gln Thr Ser Thr Lys His Gln Thr Thr Gln Asn Asn Tyr Val  
 35 40 45  
 Thr Asp Gln Gln Lys Ala Phe Tyr Gln Val Leu His Leu Lys Gly Ile  
 50 55 60  
 Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gln Tyr Ile Lys Thr Leu Arg Glu His Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Arg Ala Gln Glu Val Phe Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys Asp Ser Lys Asn  
 85 90 95  
 Pro Asp Arg Arg Val Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Asn Val Leu Lys  
 100 105 110  
 Asn Asp Asn Leu Thr Glu Gln Glu Lys Asn Asn Tyr Ile Ala Gln Ile  
 115 120 125

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Lys Glu Asn Pro Asp Arg Ser Gln Gln Val Trp Val Glu Ser Val Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Arg Gln Asn Ile Glu Asn Ala Asp Lys Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ile Lys Asp Phe Gln Asp Asn Lys Ala Pro His Asp Lys Ser Ala Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Glu Ala Asn Ser Lys Leu Pro Lys Asp Leu Arg Asp Lys Asn Asn  
 180 185 190  
 Arg Phe Val Glu Lys Val Ser Ile Glu Lys Ala Ile Val Arg His Asp  
 195 200 205  
 Glu Arg Val Lys Ser Ala Asn Asp Ala Ile Ser Lys Leu Asn Glu Lys  
 210 215 220  
 Asp Ser Ile Glu Asn Arg Arg Leu Ala Gln Arg Glu Val Asn Lys Ala  
 225 230 235 240  
 Pro Met Asp Val Lys Glu His Leu Gln Lys Gln Leu Asp Ala Leu Val  
 245 250 255  
 Ala Gln Lys Asp Ala Glu Lys Lys Val Ala Pro Lys Val Glu Ala Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Gln Ile Gln Ser Pro Gln Ile Glu Lys Pro Lys Val Glu Ser Pro Lys  
 275 280 285  
 Val Glu Val Pro Gln Ile Gln Ser Pro Lys Val Glu Val Pro Gln Ser  
 290 295 300  
 Lys Leu Leu Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Ser Phe Asn Tyr Gly  
 305 310 315 320  
 Tyr Lys Tyr Leu Thr Asp Thr Tyr Lys Ser Tyr Lys Glu Lys Tyr Asp  
 325 330 335  
 Thr Ala Lys Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Thr Tyr Tyr Lys Tyr Lys Gly Ala Ile  
 340 345 350  
 Asp Gln Thr Val Leu Thr Val Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Lys Ser Tyr Ile  
 355 360 365  
 Gln Pro Leu Lys Val Asp Asp Lys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Ala Lys Ser Tyr  
 370 375 380  
 Ala Gln Val Arg Asn Tyr Val Thr Glu Ser Ile Asn Thr Gly Lys Val  
 385 390 395 400  
 Leu Tyr Thr Phe Tyr Gln Asn Pro Thr Leu Val Lys Thr Ala Leu Lys  
 405 410 415  
 Ala Gln Glu Thr Ala Ser Ser Ile Lys Asn Thr Leu Ser Asn Leu Leu  
 420 425 430  
 Ser Phe Trp Lys  
 435

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 44

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 233

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 44

Met Lys Lys Thr Ile Met Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Gly Val  
 1 5 10 15  
 Thr Gly Tyr Ala Ala Gly Thr Gly His Gln Ala His Ala Ala Glu Val  
 20 25 30  
 Asn Val Asp Gln Ala His Leu Val Asp Leu Ala His Asn His Gln Asp  
 35 40 45

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Gln Leu Asn Ala Ala Pro Ile Lys Asp Gly Ala Tyr Asp Ile His Phe  
50 55 60

Val Lys Asp Gly Phe Gln Tyr Asn Phe Thr Ser Asn Gly Thr Thr Trp  
65 70 75 80

Ser Trp Ser Tyr Glu Ala Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Ala Gly Phe Ser Asn  
85 90 95

Val Ala Gly Ala Asp Tyr Thr Thr Ser Tyr Asn Gln Gly Ser Asn Val  
100 105 110

Gln Ser Val Ser Tyr Asn Ala Gln Ser Ser Asn Ser Asn Val Glu Ala  
115 120 125

Val Ser Ala Pro Thr Tyr His Asn Tyr Ser Thr Ser Thr Thr Ser Ser  
130 135 140

Ser Val Arg Leu Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Ala Gly Ala Thr Gly Ser Ser  
145 150 155 160

Ala Ala Gln Leu Met Ala Gln Arg Thr Gly Val Ser Ala Ser Thr Trp  
165 170 175

Ala Ala Ile Ile Ala Arg Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Val Asn Ala Tyr Asn  
180 185 190

Pro Ser Gly Ala Ser Gly Leu Phe Gln Thr Met Pro Gly Trp Gly Pro  
195 200 205

Thr Asn Thr Val Asp Gln Gln Ile Asn Ala Ala Val Lys Ala Tyr Lys  
210 215 220

Ala Gln Gly Leu Gly Ala Trp Gly Phe  
225 230

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 45

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 256

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 45

Met Met Lys Arg Leu Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Gly Ile Ile Phe Leu Phe  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Ile Ser Ile Thr Ala Gly Cys Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Ala Glu  
20 25 30

Val Lys Lys Ser Phe Glu Lys Thr Leu Ser Met Tyr Pro Ile Lys Asn  
35 40 45

Leu Glu Asp Leu Tyr Asp Lys Glu Gly Tyr Arg Asp Asp Gln Phe Asp  
50 55 60

Lys Asn Asp Lys Gly Thr Trp Ile Ile Asn Ser Glu Met Val Ile Gln  
65 70 75 80

Pro Asn Asn Glu Asp Met Val Ala Lys Gly Met Val Leu Tyr Met Asn  
85 90 95

Arg Asn Thr Lys Thr Thr Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Tyr Val Asp Val Thr Lys  
100 105 110

Asp Glu Asp Glu Gly Lys Pro His Asp Asn Glu Lys Arg Tyr Pro Val  
115 120 125

Lys Met Val Asp Asn Lys Ile Ile Pro Thr Lys Glu Ile Lys Asp Glu  
130 135 140

Lys Ile Lys Lys Glu Ile Glu Asn Phe Lys Phe Phe Val Gln Tyr Gly  
145 150 155 160

Asp Phe Lys Asn Leu Lys Asn Tyr Lys Asp Gly Asp Ile Ser Tyr Asn



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Val Gly Lys Gly Lys Ala Ala Phe Ile Gly Asp Ser Ser Leu Val Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Ser Ser Pro Lys Tyr Val Arg Glu Asp Asn Gly Glu Lys Lys Lys  
 290 295 300  
 Thr Tyr Asp Gly Phe Lys Glu Gln Asp Asn Gly Lys Leu Leu Asn Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ile Thr Ala Trp Met Ser Lys Asp Asn Asp Gly Lys Ser Leu Lys Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Ser Leu Thr Leu Asp Thr Lys Thr Lys Leu Leu Asp Phe Glu Arg  
 340 345 350  
 Pro Glu Arg Ser Thr Glu Pro Glu Lys Glu Pro Trp Ser Gln Pro Pro  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Gly Tyr Lys Trp Tyr Asp Pro Thr Thr Phe Lys Ala Gly Ser Tyr  
 370 375 380  
 Gly Ser Glu Lys Gly Ala Asp Pro Gln Pro Asn Thr Pro Asp Asp His  
 385 390 395 400  
 Thr Pro Pro Asn Gln Asn Glu Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Ile Pro Gln Asn  
 405 410 415  
 Val Ser Val Asn Glu Pro Phe Glu Met Thr Ile His Leu Lys Gly Phe  
 420 425 430  
 Glu Ala Asn Gln Thr Leu Glu Asn Leu Arg Val Gly Ile Tyr Lys Glu  
 435 440 445  
 Gly Gly Arg Gln Ile Gly Gln Phe Ser Ser Lys Asp Asn Asp Tyr Asn  
 450 455 460  
 Pro Pro Gly Tyr Ser Thr Leu Pro Thr Val Lys Ala Asp Glu Asn Gly  
 465 470 475 480  
 Asn Val Thr Ile Lys Val Asn Ala Lys Val Leu Glu Ser Met Glu Gly  
 485 490 495  
 Ser Lys Ile Arg Leu Lys Leu Gly Asp Lys Thr Leu Ile Thr Thr Asp  
 500 505 510  
 Phe Lys

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 47

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 511

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 47

Met Ser Asn Ile Ala Phe Tyr Val Val Ser Asp Val His Gly Tyr Ile  
 1 5 10 15  
 Phe Pro Thr Asp Phe Thr Ser Arg Asn Gln Tyr Gln Pro Met Gly Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Leu Ala Asn His Val Ile Glu Gln Asp Arg Arg Gln Tyr Asp Gln  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Phe Lys Ile Asp Asn Gly Asp Phe Leu Gln Gly Ser Pro Phe Cys  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Tyr Leu Ile Ala His Ser Gly Ser Ser Gln Pro Leu Val Asp Phe  
 65 70 75 80  
 Tyr Asn Arg Met Ala Phe Asp Phe Gly Thr Leu Gly Asn His Glu Phe  
 85 90 95  
 Asn Tyr Gly Leu Pro Tyr Leu Lys Asp Thr Leu Arg Arg Leu Asn Tyr  
 100 105 110



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<210> SEQ ID NO 48
<211> LENGTH: 324
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

Met Lys Arg Leu Ser Ile Ile Val Ile Ile Gly Ile Phe Ile Ile Thr
1           5           10          15
Gly Cys Asp Trp Gln Arg Thr Ser Lys Glu Arg Ser Lys Asn Ala Gln
20          25          30
Asn Gln Gln Val Ile Lys Ile Gly Tyr Leu Pro Ile Thr His Ser Ala
35          40          45
Asn Leu Met Met Thr Lys Lys Leu Leu Ser Gln Tyr Asn His Pro Lys
50          55          60
Tyr Lys Leu Glu Leu Val Lys Phe Asn Asn Trp Pro Asp Leu Met Asp
65          70          75          80
Ala Leu Asn Ser Gly Arg Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Thr Leu Ile Glu Leu
85          90          95
Ala Met Lys Ser Lys Gln Lys Gly Ser Asn Leu Lys Ala Val Ala Leu
100         105        110
Gly His His Glu Gly Asn Val Ile Met Gly Gln Lys Gly Met His Leu
115        120        125
Asn Glu Phe Asn Asn Asn Gly Asp Asp Tyr His Phe Gly Ile Pro His
130        135        140
Arg Tyr Ser Thr His Tyr Leu Leu Leu Glu Glu Leu Arg Lys Gln Leu
145        150        155        160
Lys Ile Lys Pro Gly His Phe Ser Tyr His Glu Met Ser Pro Ala Glu
165        170        175
Met Pro Ala Ala Leu Ser Glu His Arg Ile Thr Gly Tyr Ser Val Ala
180        185        190
Glu Pro Phe Gly Ala Leu Gly Glu Lys Leu Gly Lys Gly Lys Thr Leu
195        200        205
Lys His Gly Asp Asp Val Ile Pro Asp Ala Tyr Cys Cys Val Leu Val
210        215        220
Leu Arg Gly Glu Leu Leu Asp Gln His Lys Asp Val Ala Gln Ala Phe
225        230        235        240
Val Gln Asp Tyr Lys Lys Ser Gly Phe Lys Met Asn Asp Arg Lys Gln
245        250        255
Ser Val Asp Ile Met Thr His His Phe Lys Gln Ser Arg Asp Val Leu
260        265        270
Thr Gln Ser Ala Ala Trp Thr Ser Tyr Gly Asp Leu Thr Ile Lys Pro
275        280        285
Ser Gly Tyr Gln Glu Ile Thr Thr Leu Val Lys Gln His His Leu Phe
290        295        300
Asn Pro Pro Ala Tyr Asp Asp Phe Val Glu Pro Ser Leu Tyr Lys Glu
305        310        315        320

Ala Ser Arg Ser

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<210> SEQ ID NO 49
<211> LENGTH: 591
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

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Met Lys Lys Ile Ile Ser Ile Ala Ile Ile Val Leu Ala Leu Val Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Gly Cys Gly Val Pro Thr Lys Ser Glu Val Ala Gln Lys Ser Ser  
20 25 30  
Lys Val Glu Val Lys Gly Glu Arg Pro Thr Ile His Phe Leu Gly Gln  
35 40 45  
Ala Ser Tyr Glu Asn Asp Met Asn Ile Val Lys Asp Gln Leu Glu Asn  
50 55 60  
Ala Gly Phe Asn Val Lys Met Asn Ile Gln Pro Asp Tyr Gly Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80  
Arg Thr Gln Arg Gln Ala Gly Asn Tyr Asp Ile Gln Ile Asp Asp Trp  
85 90 95  
Met Thr Val Phe Gly Asp Pro Asn Tyr Ala Met Thr Ala Leu Phe Ser  
100 105 110  
Ser Thr Gly Ser Asn Ser Leu Leu Lys Asp Lys His Val Asp Gln Leu  
115 120 125  
Leu Asn Lys Ala Ser Thr Gln Asn Glu Ala Asp Val Lys Gln Thr Tyr  
130 135 140  
Lys Gln Ile Glu Asp Glu Val Val Phe Asp Lys Gly Tyr Met Ala Pro  
145 150 155 160  
Leu Tyr Gly Ser Lys Lys Asn Leu Val Tyr Asp Asn Lys Val Leu Asp  
165 170 175  
Lys Asn Ser Val Gly Leu Pro Asn Ser Arg Ala Leu Ile Trp Gln Gln  
180 185 190  
Phe Asp Tyr Asn Asn Ser Arg Glu Arg Asp Thr Arg Pro Leu Val Met  
195 200 205  
Thr Gln Gln Asp Gly Glu Ile Pro Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile Arg Ser Ile  
210 215 220  
Ala Pro Ser Val Tyr Ser Ile Asn Met Asn Met Tyr Thr Arg Leu Leu  
225 230 235 240  
Leu Leu Asp Glu Asn Asp His Leu Thr Thr Lys Gly Ser Leu Ser His  
245 250 255  
Asp Tyr Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Asn Lys Ala Phe Tyr Phe Leu Leu Arg  
260 265 270  
Asp Asp Asp Tyr Phe Ala Lys Val Val Asn Gly Gln Ala Arg Asn Thr  
275 280 285  
Gly Glu Arg Val Ser Ala Glu Asp Val Lys Phe Ser Leu Asp Arg Ala  
290 295 300  
Arg Asp Lys Lys Ser Val Pro Asn Asn Asn Thr Tyr Asn Met His Lys  
305 310 315 320  
His Ile Asn Asp Ile Lys Ile Leu Lys Asp Glu Asp Ile Asp Gln Leu  
325 330 335  
Arg Lys Glu Lys Asp Lys Asp Asp Lys Ser Ile Tyr Asp Lys Leu Leu  
340 345 350  
Lys Ala Tyr Asn Val Lys Ser Leu Thr Thr Asp Gly Gln Lys Val Asn  
355 360 365  
Asn Lys Asp Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Val Lys Ile Thr Thr Asp Gln Ser  
370 375 380  
Met Pro Arg Glu Val Asn Tyr Leu Thr His Ser Ser Ala Gly Ile Leu  
385 390 395 400

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Ser Lys Lys Phe Val Asn Gln Val Asn Gln Glu Tyr Pro Lys Gly Tyr
   405                                     410
Gly Asp Ser Ser Thr Ile Pro Ala Asn Ser Asp Gly Lys Asn Ala Leu
   420                                     425                                     430
Tyr Ala Ser Gly Ala Tyr Ile Met Thr Gln Lys Asn Ala Tyr Gln Ala
   435                                     440                                     445
Thr Phe Gln Arg Asn Pro Gly Phe Asn Glu Thr Glu Lys Gly Ser Tyr
   450                                     455                                     460
Gly Pro Ala Lys Ile Lys Asn Ile Thr Leu Lys Phe Asn Gly Asp Pro
   465                                     470                                     475                                     480
Asn Asn Ala Leu Ser Glu Leu Arg Asn His Ser Ile Asp Met Leu Ala
   485                                     490                                     495
Asp Val Asn Gln Lys His Phe Asp Leu Ile Lys Ser Asp Lys Asn Leu
   500                                     505                                     510
Ser Ile Ile Arg Lys Asn Gly Arg Lys Ser Val Phe Leu Met Leu Asn
   515                                     520                                     525
Ile Lys Lys Gly Ile Phe Lys Thr His Pro Asn Leu Arg Gln Ala Val
   530                                     535                                     540
Val Asn Ala Ile Asp Gln Asp Gln Phe Ile Lys Phe Tyr Arg Gly Asp
   545                                     550                                     555                                     560
Lys Phe Lys Ile Ala Ser Pro Ile Thr Pro Leu Val Asp Thr Gly Asn
   565                                     570                                     575
Glu Gln Arg Gln Asp Leu Glu Lys Val Glu Lys Ala Ile Asn Gln
   580                                     585                                     590

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 50

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 668

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 50

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Met Val Ile Asn Leu Asn Asp Lys Gln Thr Lys Thr Ser Lys Glu Gly
  1      5      10      15
Leu Ile Ser Val Ser His Pro Leu Ala Ala Lys Ile Gly Lys Asp Val
  20      25      30
Leu Asp Gln Gly Gly Asn Ala Met Asp Ala Val Ile Ala Ile Gln Leu
  35      40      45
Ala Leu Asn Val Val Glu Pro Phe Ala Ser Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Gly
  50      55      60
Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Gln Ser Thr Gly Ser Ile Thr Ala Phe Asp
  65      70      75      80
Ala Arg Glu Thr Ala Pro Glu His Val Asp Lys Gln Phe Tyr Leu Asp
  85      90      95
Asp Ser Gly Glu Tyr Lys Ser Phe Phe Asp Met Thr Thr His Gly Lys
  100     105     110
Thr Val Ala Val Pro Ala Ile Pro Lys Leu Phe Asp Tyr Ile His Lys
  115     120     125
Arg Tyr Ala Lys Leu Ser Leu Glu Asp Leu Ile Asn Pro Ala Ile Glu
  130     135     140
Leu Ala Ile Glu Gly His Ala Ala Asn Trp Ala Thr Glu Lys Tyr Ser
  145     150     155     160
Arg Gln Gln His Ala Arg Leu Thr Lys Tyr His Glu Thr Ala Gln Val
  165     170     175

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Phe Thr His Glu Asn Gln Tyr Trp Arg Glu Gly Asp Trp Ile Val Gln  
 180 185 190  
 Pro Glu Leu Gly Lys Thr Phe Gln Ile Leu Arg Glu Gln Gly Phe Asn  
 195 200 205  
 Ala Phe Tyr Lys Gly Asp Ile Ala Lys Gln Leu Val Asn Val Val Lys  
 210 215 220  
 Ala Cys Gly Gly Thr Ile Thr Leu Glu Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Asp Ile  
 225 230 235 240  
 Gln Leu Lys Ala Pro Ile Ser Ala Thr Phe Lys Asp Tyr Asp Ile Tyr  
 245 250 255  
 Ser Met Gly Pro Ser Ser Ser Gly Gly Ile Thr Val Ile Gln Ile Leu  
 260 265 270  
 Lys Leu Leu Glu His Val Asp Leu Pro Ser Met Gly Pro Arg Ser Val  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Tyr Leu His His Leu Ile Gln Ala Met His Leu Ala Tyr Ser Asp  
 290 295 300  
 Arg Ala Gln Tyr Leu Ala Asp Asp Asn Phe His Glu Val Pro Val Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ser Leu Ile Asp Asp Asp Tyr Leu Lys Ala Arg Ser Thr Leu Ile Asp  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Asn Lys Ala Asn Ile Asp Ile Glu His Gly Val Val Ser Asp Cys  
 340 345 350  
 Ile Ser His Thr Asp Val Glu Glu Asn His Thr Glu Thr Thr His Phe  
 355 360 365  
 Cys Val Ile Asp Lys Glu Gly Asn Ile Ala Ser Phe Thr Thr Ser Ile  
 370 375 380  
 Gly Met Ile Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ile Thr Ile Pro Gly Tyr Gly Val Leu  
 385 390 395 400  
 Leu Asn Thr Thr Met Asp Gly Phe Asp Val Val Asp Gly Gly Ile Asn  
 405 410 415  
 Glu Ile Ala Pro Tyr Lys Arg Pro Leu Ser Asn Met Ala Pro Thr Ile  
 420 425 430  
 Val Met Tyr His Gly Lys Pro Ile Leu Thr Val Gly Ala Pro Gly Ala  
 435 440 445  
 Ile Ser Ile Ile Ala Ser Val Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Asn Val Leu Val  
 450 455 460  
 Phe Gly Met Asp Ile Gln Gln Ala Ile Asp Glu Pro Arg Ile Tyr Ser  
 465 470 475 480  
 Ser His Pro Asn Arg Ile Glu Trp Glu Pro Gln Phe Ser Gln Ser Thr  
 485 490 495  
 Ile Leu Ala Leu Ile Ala His Gly His Ala Met Glu His Lys Pro Asp  
 500 505 510  
 Ala Tyr Ile Gly Asp Val His Gly Leu Gln Val Asp Pro Thr Thr Tyr  
 515 520 525  
 Glu Ala Ser Gly Gly Ser Asp Asp Thr Arg Glu Gly Thr Val Met Gly  
 530 535 540  
 Gly Glu Val Leu Val Ile Arg Lys Gln Pro Leu Pro Tyr Arg Gln Met  
 545 550 555 560  
 Tyr Asp Ser Asp Gly Phe Arg Leu Tyr Phe Asn Asp Val Gln Leu Pro  
 565 570 575

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Leu Leu Ala Asp Gln Val Arg Trp Met His Asp Lys Tyr Trp Val Asp  
580 585 590

Glu Ser Val Val Arg Ile Ile Phe Pro Glu Val Ser Ala His Ile Glu  
595 600 605

Asp Leu Arg Ser Tyr Glu Asn Ala Gly Glu Asn Tyr Ile Asp Ile Ala  
610 615 620

Trp Leu Ala Arg Lys Tyr Ala Tyr Gln Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Asp Gly  
625 630 635 640

Leu Tyr Leu Thr Asp Asp Thr Tyr Thr Ser Val Lys Arg Asn Thr Asn  
645 650 655

Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Tyr Asp Arg Asp Ser Ile Thr Arg  
660 665

<210> SEQ ID NO 51  
 <211> LENGTH: 322  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

Met Lys Ser Lys Ile Tyr Ile Leu Leu Leu Phe Leu Ile Phe Leu Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ala Cys Ala Asn Thr Arg His Ser Glu Ser Asp Lys Asn Val Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Val Tyr Ser Pro Tyr Gln Ser Asn Leu Ile Arg Pro Ile Leu Asn Glu  
35 40 45

Phe Glu Lys Gln Glu His Val Lys Ile Glu Ile Lys His Gly Ser Thr  
50 55 60

Gln Val Leu Leu Ser Asn Leu His Asn Glu Asp Phe Ser Glu Arg Gly  
65 70 75 80

Asp Val Phe Met Gly Gly Val Leu Ser Glu Thr Ile Asp His Pro Glu  
85 90 95

Asp Phe Val Pro Tyr Gln Asp Thr Ser Val Thr Gln Gln Leu Glu Asp  
100 105 110

Tyr Arg Ser Asn Asn Lys Tyr Val Thr Ser Phe Leu Leu Met Pro Thr  
115 120 125

Val Ile Val Val Asn Ser Asp Leu Gln Gly Asp Ile Lys Ile Arg Gly  
130 135 140

Tyr Gln Asp Leu Leu Gln Pro Ile Leu Lys Gly Lys Ile Ala Tyr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Asn Pro Asn Thr Thr Thr Thr Gly Tyr Gln His Met Arg Ala Ile Tyr  
165 170 175

Ser Met His His Arg Val Ser Asp Val His Gln Phe Gln Asn His Ala  
180 185 190

Met Gln Leu Ser Lys Thr Ser Lys Val Ile Glu Asp Val Ala Lys Gly  
195 200 205

Lys Tyr Tyr Ala Gly Leu Ser Tyr Glu Gln Asp Ala Arg Thr Trp Lys  
210 215 220

Asn Lys Gly Tyr Pro Val Ser Ile Val Tyr Pro Ile Glu Gly Thr Met  
225 230 235 240

Leu Asn Val Asp Gly Ile Ala Leu Val Lys Asn Ala His Pro His Pro  
245 250 255

Lys Arg Lys Lys Leu Val Gln Tyr Leu Thr Ser Arg Ser Val Gln Gln  
260 265 270

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Arg Leu Val Ala Glu Phe Asp Ala Lys Ser Ile Arg Lys Asp Val Ser  
 275 280 285  
 Glu Gln Ser Asp Gln Ser Ile Glu Asn Leu Lys Asn Ile Pro Leu Ile  
 290 295 300  
 Pro Lys Ser Lys Leu Pro Asp Ile Pro His His Lys Phe Leu Glu Met  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ile Gln  
 <210> SEQ ID NO 52  
 <211> LENGTH: 470  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp  
 <400> SEQUENCE: 52  
 Met His Ser Ser Gly Lys Asp Leu Asn Ile Ser Leu Pro Leu Lys Thr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Lys Ser Ile Ala Pro Tyr Glu Thr Asp Val Pro Val Lys Ile Gly Ala  
 20 25 30  
 Ala Glu Ser Leu Phe Lys Thr Asn Asp Gln Gly Lys Ile Glu Lys Ala  
 35 40 45  
 Leu Val Lys Ser Tyr His Gln Pro Asn Asp Thr Thr Leu Asp Ile Glu  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Lys Asp Asn Ile Lys Phe Gln Asn Gly Gln Lys Leu Thr Ala Glu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Val Lys Ser Ser Leu Glu Asn Ser Met Lys Lys Ser Asp Leu Val  
 85 90 95  
 Lys Tyr Ser Leu Pro Ile Ser Ser Ile Thr Ala Lys Gly Gln Lys Leu  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Ile Lys Thr Asn Ser Ala Tyr Pro Glu Leu Val Ser Glu Leu Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Asn Pro Phe Met Ala Ile Tyr Asp Thr Asp Ala Lys Ser Asp Val Asn  
 130 135 140  
 Gln Thr Pro Val Gly Thr Gly Pro Tyr Gln Ile Lys Asp Tyr Lys Gln  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ser Arg Lys Ile Ser Leu Ser Asn Phe Lys Asp Tyr Trp Gln Gly Lys  
 165 170 175  
 Pro Lys Leu Asp His Ile Thr Val Thr Tyr Gln Glu Asp Gly Asn Asn  
 180 185 190  
 Arg Val Arg Asn Leu Glu Ser Gln Lys Asp Asp Leu Ile Thr Asp Val  
 195 200 205  
 Pro Val Asn Lys Val Gln Asp Ile Glu Asn Asn Gln Asn Leu Lys Val  
 210 215 220  
 Ser Lys Glu Ser Gly Phe Arg Thr Ser Leu Leu Met Tyr Asn His Thr  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asn Lys Lys Met Thr Lys Ser Val Arg Glu Ala Leu Asp His Ile Ile  
 245 250 255  
 Asp Arg Gln Gly Ile Ala Asp His Ile Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Ala Lys Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Ala Thr Ser Pro Phe Asn Asp Lys Ile Pro Tyr Ile Lys Glu Pro Lys  
 275 280 285  
 Leu Thr Lys Gln Asn Ile Glu Gln Ala Lys Met Leu Leu Ala Lys Asp  
 290 295 300

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Gly Tyr Thr Lys Glu His Pro Leu Lys Ile Lys Leu Ile Thr Tyr Asp  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gly Arg Pro Glu Leu Ser Lys Ile Ala Gln Val Leu Gln Ser Asp Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Lys Ala Asn Ile Glu Ile Asp Ile Lys Ser Val Asp Asp Ile Glu  
 340 345 350  
 Gly Tyr Leu Lys Asp Arg Ser Ala Trp Asp Ala Thr Met Tyr Ser Phe  
 355 360 365  
 Gly Thr Ile Pro Arg Gly Asp Thr Gly Tyr Phe Phe Asn Gln Ala Tyr  
 370 375 380  
 Lys Lys Asp Gly Ala Ile Asn Lys Gly Asp Tyr Asn Asn Ser Asn Val  
 385 390 395 400  
 Asp Asp Leu Ile Asn Gln Leu Asn His Thr Val Asp Val Lys Glu Arg  
 405 410 415  
 His Asn Ile Ser Asn Asp Ile Ile Lys Leu Ser Ser Arg Asp Val Pro  
 420 425 430  
 Asn Ser Tyr Ile Ala Tyr Asn Asp Gln Ile Val Ala Ala Asn Ser Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Val Lys Asn Tyr Lys Val Thr Pro Glu Gly Ile Tyr Leu Ile Asp Tyr  
 450 455 460  
 Arg Thr Thr Ile Glu Arg  
 465 470

<210> SEQ ID NO 53  
 <211> LENGTH: 316  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

Met Lys Lys Leu Thr Ala Ala Ala Ile Ala Thr Met Gly Phe Ala Thr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Phe Thr Met Ala His Gln Ala Asp Ala Ala Glu Thr Thr Asn Thr Gln  
 20 25 30  
 Gln Ala His Thr Gln Met Ser Thr Gln Ser Gln Asp Val Ser Tyr Gly  
 35 40 45  
 Thr Tyr Tyr Thr Ile Asp Ser Asn Gly Asp Tyr His His Thr Pro Asp  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Asn Trp Asn Gln Ala Met Phe Asp Asn Lys Glu Tyr Ser Tyr Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Phe Val Asp Ala Gln Gly His Thr His Tyr Phe Tyr Asn Cys Tyr Pro  
 85 90 95  
 Lys Asn Ala Asn Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Gln Thr Tyr Val Asn Pro Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Ala Gly Asp Asn Asn Asp Tyr Thr Ala Ser Gln Ser Gln Gln His  
 115 120 125  
 Ile Asn Gln Tyr Gly Tyr Gln Ser Asn Val Gly Pro Asp Ala Ser Tyr  
 130 135 140  
 Tyr Ser His Ser Asn Asn Asn Gln Ala Tyr Asn Ser His Asp Gly Asn  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gly Lys Val Asn Tyr Pro Asn Gly Thr Ser Asn Gln Asn Gly Gly Ser  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Ser Lys Ala Thr Ala Ser Gly His Ala Lys Asp Ala Ser Trp Leu



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Glu Ile Lys Val Asn Gly Glu Lys Tyr Lys Val Arg Pro Val Thr Leu  
 225 230 235 240  
 Thr Leu Ser Arg Ala Asp Thr Lys Lys Ile Thr Leu Ala Val Leu Glu  
 245 250 255  
 Glu Ala Lys Lys Asp Lys Asp Leu Lys Lys Leu Met Glu Glu Gln Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Ala Thr Lys Asp Phe Glu Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Ala Ile Asp Asp Val  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Glu Thr Lys Lys Asp Glu Phe Ala Lys Ile Gln Ser Lys Ile Tyr  
 290 295 300  
 Thr Glu Lys His Thr Ile Val Lys Arg Glu Ile Thr Ile Thr Asp Lys  
 305 310 315 320  
 Glu Asn Asn Lys Thr Lys Ile Lys Gly Thr Asn Thr Leu Glu Asp Asp  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Leu Lys Leu Asp Tyr Ala Leu Asp Phe Asp Gln Asp Lys Tyr Thr  
 340 345 350  
 Tyr Ala Glu Ala Lys Tyr Thr Ile Lys Gly Val Ser Ser Lys Glu Lys  
 355 360 365  
 Asp Asn Lys Tyr Asn Asp Lys Tyr Glu Phe Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Tyr  
 370 375 380  
 Asp Glu Ser Lys Ile Lys Leu Asp Asn Gln Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Thr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Arg Gln Asp Lys Gly Lys Ile Thr Val Ala Leu Asp Lys Tyr Ser  
 405 410 415  
 Asp Glu Asn Glu Phe Thr Phe Glu Asn Asn Ile Asp Ser Asp Val Lys  
 420 425 430  
 Asn Asn Thr Gln Lys Ser Thr Leu Asn Ile Gly Ile Lys Tyr Ala Glu  
 435 440 445  
 Glu Pro Ile Asn Phe Ile Leu Lys Ser Ser Thr Lys Leu Lys Ala Asp  
 450 455 460  
 Ile Asp Phe Asp Asp Ser Gly Ala Lys Asp Phe Asn Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 465 470 475 480  
 Lys Asp Arg Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Ile Glu Lys Asn Gly Gly Lys  
 485 490 495  
 Met Phe Glu Ser Ile Leu Lys Lys Ala Ser Lys  
 500 505

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 55

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 297

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 55

Met Lys Lys Thr Ile Leu Leu Thr Met Thr Thr Leu Thr Leu Phe Ser  
 1 5 10 15  
 Met Ser Pro Asn Ser Ala Gln Ala Tyr Thr Asn Asp Ser Lys Thr Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Glu Glu Ala Lys Lys Ala His Pro Asn Ala Gln Phe Lys Val Asn Lys  
 35 40 45  
 Asp Thr Gly Ala Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Tyr Asp Lys Asn Asn Thr Pro Asn  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Asn His Gln Asn Gln Ser Arg Thr Asn Asp Asn His Gln His Ala  
 65 70 75 80



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<210> SEQ ID NO 57
<211> LENGTH: 296
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

Met Asn Lys Ile Ser Lys Tyr Ile Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Ala
1           5           10           15
Val Thr Val Ser Ala Pro Gln Thr Thr Asn Ser Thr Ala Phe Ala Lys
                20           25           30
Ser Ser Ala Glu Val Gln Gln Thr Gln Gln Ala Ser Ile Pro Ala Ser
35           40           45
Gln Lys Ala Asn Leu Gly Asn Gln Asn Leu Met Ala Val Ala Trp Tyr
50           55           60
Gln Asn Ser Ala Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Tyr Leu Gln Gly Tyr Asn Ser
65           70           75           80
Ala Lys Thr Gln Leu Asp Lys Glu Ile Lys Lys Asn Lys Gly Lys His
85           90           95
Lys Leu Ala Ile Ala Leu Asp Leu Asp Glu Thr Val Leu Asp Asn Ser
100          105          110
Pro Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Ala Ser Ile His Asn Lys Pro Phe Pro Glu Gly
115          120          125
Trp His Glu Trp Val Gln Ala Ala Lys Ala Lys Pro Val Tyr Gly Ala
130          135          140
Lys Glu Phe Leu Lys Tyr Ala Asp Lys Lys Gly Val Asp Ile Tyr Tyr
145          150          155          160
Ile Ser Asp Arg Asp Lys Glu Lys Asp Leu Lys Ala Thr Gln Lys Asn
165          170          175
Leu Lys Gln Gln Gly Ile Pro Gln Ala Lys Lys Ser His Ile Leu Leu
180          185          190
Lys Gly Lys Asp Asp Lys Ser Lys Glu Ser Arg Arg Gln Met Val Gln
195          200          205
Lys Asp His Lys Leu Val Met Leu Phe Gly Asp Asn Leu Leu Asp Phe
210          215          220
Thr Asp Pro Lys Glu Ala Thr Ala Glu Ser Arg Glu Ala Leu Ile Glu
225          230          235          240
Lys His Lys Asp Asp Phe Gly Lys Lys Tyr Ile Ile Phe Pro Asn Pro
245          250          255
Met Tyr Gly Ser Trp Glu Ala Thr Ile Tyr Asn Asn Asn Tyr Lys Ala
260          265          270
Ser Asp Lys Ala Lys Asp Lys Leu Arg Lys Asn Ala Ile Lys Gln Phe
275          280          285
Asp Pro Lys Thr Gly Glu Val Lys
290          295

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<210> SEQ ID NO 58
<211> LENGTH: 690
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

Met Leu Arg Gly Gln Glu Glu Arg Lys Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Ser
1           5           10           15
Ile Gly Val Val Ser Val Leu Ala Ala Thr Met Phe Val Val Ser Ser

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20			25			30									
His	Glu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ser	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ser	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gln
	35						40					45			
Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Pro	Gly	Glu	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr	Ser
	50						55				60				
His	Gln	Met	Gln	Ser	Gly	Lys	Gln	Leu	Asp	Asp	Met	His	Lys	Glu	Asn
65					70					75					80
Gly	Lys	Ser	Gly	Thr	Val	Thr	Glu	Gly	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser
				85						90				95	
Lys	His	Gln	Ser	Thr	Gln	Asn	Ser	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Thr	Gln	Asn	Asp
			100					105					110		
Asn	Gln	Val	Lys	Gln	Asp	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Ser	Lys	Gln	Ser	His
		115					120					125			
Gln	Asn	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Glu	Arg	Gln	Asn	Asp	Gln	Val	Gln
	130						135					140			
Asn	Thr	His	His	Ala	Glu	Arg	Asn	Gly	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr	Thr	Ser	Gln
145					150					155					160
Ser	Asn	Asp	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gln	Lys	Val
				165						170				175	
Ile	Pro	Asn	His	Asp	Lys	Ala	Ala	Pro	Thr	Ser	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Ser
				180				185					190		
Asn	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ala	Pro	Lys	Ser	Thr	Lys	Ala	Gln	Asp	Ala	Thr	Thr
		195					200					205			
Asp	Lys	His	Pro	Asn	Gln	Gln	Asp	Thr	His	Gln	Pro	Ala	His	Gln	Ile
	210						215				220				
Ile	Asp	Ala	Lys	Gln	Asp	Asp	Thr	Val	Arg	Gln	Ser	Glu	Gln	Lys	Pro
225					230					235					240
Gln	Val	Gly	Asp	Leu	Ser	Lys	His	Ile	Asp	Gly	Gln	Asn	Ser	Pro	Glu
				245						250				255	
Lys	Pro	Thr	Asp	Lys	Asn	Thr	Asp	Asn	Lys	Gln	Leu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Ala
			260					265					270		
Leu	Gln	Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	Arg	Ser	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ala	Ala	Asp	Ala
		275					280					285			
Lys	Lys	Val	Arg	Pro	Leu	Lys	Ala	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Pro	Leu	Asn	Lys
	290						295				300				
Tyr	Pro	Val	Val	Phe	Val	His	Gly	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Val	Gly	Asp	Asn
305					310					315					320
Ala	Pro	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Lys	Phe	Lys	Val
				325						330				335	
Ile	Glu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Lys	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Val	His	Gln	Ala	Ser	Val
			340					345					350		
Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Ser	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Arg	Ala	Val	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Tyr
		355					360					365			
Ile	Lys	Gly	Gly	Arg	Val	Asp	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Ala	His	Ala	Ala	Lys	Tyr
	370						375				380				
Gly	His	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Ile	Met	Pro	Asn	Trp
385					390					395					400
Glu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	His	Leu	Val	Gly	His	Ser	Met	Gly	Gly	Gln
				405						410				415	
Thr	Ile	Arg	Leu	Met	Glu	Glu	Phe	Leu	Arg	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Glu	Glu
			420					425						430	

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Ile Ala Tyr His Lys Ala His Gly Gly Glu Ile Ser Pro Leu Phe Thr  
 435 440 445

Gly Gly His Asn Asn Met Val Ala Ser Ile Thr Thr Leu Ala Thr Pro  
 450 455 460

His Asn Gly Ser Gln Ala Ala Asp Lys Phe Gly Asn Thr Glu Ala Val  
 465 470 475 480

Arg Lys Ile Met Phe Ala Leu Asn Arg Phe Met Gly Asn Lys Tyr Ser  
 485 490 495

Asn Ile Asp Leu Gly Leu Thr Gln Trp Gly Phe Lys Gln Leu Pro Asn  
 500 505 510

Glu Ser Tyr Ile Asp Tyr Ile Lys Arg Val Ser Lys Ser Lys Ile Trp  
 515 520 525

Thr Ser Asp Asp Asn Ala Ala Tyr Asp Leu Thr Leu Asp Gly Ser Ala  
 530 535 540

Lys Leu Asn Asn Met Thr Ser Met Asn Pro Asn Ile Thr Tyr Thr Thr  
 545 550 555 560

Tyr Thr Gly Val Ser Ser His Thr Gly Pro Leu Gly Tyr Glu Asn Pro  
 565 570 575

Asp Leu Gly Thr Phe Phe Leu Met Ala Thr Thr Ser Arg Ile Ile Gly  
 580 585 590

His Asp Ala Arg Glu Glu Trp Arg Lys Asn Asp Gly Val Val Pro Val  
 595 600 605

Ile Ser Ser Leu His Pro Ser Asn Gln Pro Phe Val Asn Val Thr Asn  
 610 615 620

Asp Glu Pro Ala Thr Arg Arg Gly Ile Trp Gln Val Lys Pro Ile Ile  
 625 630 635 640

Gln Gly Trp Asp His Val Asp Phe Ile Gly Val Asp Phe Leu Asp Phe  
 645 650 655

Lys Arg Lys Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Asn Phe Tyr Thr Gly Ile Ile Asn  
 660 665 670

Asp Leu Leu Arg Val Glu Ala Thr Glu Ser Lys Gly Thr Gln Leu Lys  
 675 680 685

Ala Ser  
 690

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 59

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 208

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 59

Met Lys Lys Arg Leu Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Ala Ser Thr Leu Ile  
 1 5 10 15

Leu Thr Gly Cys Ala Ser Asp Gln Ser Asp Asn Glu Asp His His Thr  
 20 25 30

Ser Thr Gly Ile His Ala Pro Lys Ser Ala Lys Lys Leu Glu Thr Lys  
 35 40 45

Asp Ile Phe Asn Ser Asp Lys Lys Asn Ser Asp Ile Ser Asp Ala Glu  
 50 55 60

Met Lys Gln Ala Ile Glu Lys Tyr Leu Ser Val Asn Ser Asp Ile Leu  
 65 70 75 80

Asp Asn Lys Tyr Ile Met Gln His Lys Leu Asp Lys Gln Ile Asp Ser



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Glu Asn Lys Glu Glu Asn Ile Tyr Phe Thr Asp Ser Ile Tyr Phe Asn  
245 250 255

Pro Ser Glu Asp Lys  
260

<210> SEQ ID NO 61  
<211> LENGTH: 347  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

Met Asn Lys Asp Asn Lys Trp Thr Met Ile Thr Ala Leu Phe Ile Thr  
1 5 10 15

Val Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Ala Phe His Leu Lys Gln His Tyr Asp Gln  
20 25 30

Ile Thr Asn Glu Asn His Ala Asn Lys Asp Lys Ile Asn Ile Lys Asn  
35 40 45

Lys Asn Val Arg Ile Tyr Gln Asn Leu Thr Tyr Asn Arg Val Phe Pro  
50 55 60

Asn Ser Lys Leu Asp Ile Ile Thr Pro Val Asp Met Ser Ser Asn Ala  
65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Pro Val Ile Phe Trp Met His Gly Gly Gly Tyr Ile Ala Gly  
85 90 95

Asp Lys Gln Tyr Lys Asn Pro Leu Leu Ala Lys Ile Ala Glu Gln Gly  
100 105 110

Tyr Ile Val Val Asn Val Asn Tyr Ala Leu Ala Pro Gln Tyr Lys Tyr  
115 120 125

Pro Thr Pro Leu Ile Gln Met Asn Gln Ala Thr Gln Phe Ile Lys Glu  
130 135 140

Asn Lys Met Asn Leu Pro Ile Asp Phe Asn Gln Val Ile Ile Gly Gly  
145 150 155 160

Asp Ser Ala Gly Ala Gln Leu Ala Ser Gln Phe Thr Ala Ile Gln Thr  
165 170 175

Asn Asp Arg Leu Arg Glu Ala Met Lys Phe Asp Gln Ser Phe Lys Pro  
180 185 190

Ser Gln Ile Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu Phe Gly Gly Phe Tyr Asn Met Gln  
195 200 205

Thr Val Arg Glu Thr Glu Phe Pro Arg Ile Gln Leu Phe Met Lys Ser  
210 215 220

Tyr Thr Gly Glu Glu Asp Trp Glu Lys Ser Phe Lys Asn Ile Ser Gln  
225 230 235 240

Met Ser Thr Val Lys Gln Ser Thr Lys Asn Tyr Pro Pro Thr Phe Leu  
245 250 255

Ser Val Gly Asp Ser Asp Pro Phe Glu Ser Gln Asn Ile Glu Phe Ser  
260 265 270

Lys Lys Leu Gln Glu Leu Asn Val Pro Val Asp Thr Leu Phe Tyr Asp  
275 280 285

Gly Thr His His Leu His His Gln Tyr Gln Phe His Leu Asn Lys Pro  
290 295 300

Glu Ser Ile Asp Asn Ile Lys Lys Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Ser Arg Asn  
305 310 315 320

Thr Ser Ser Ser Gly Ile Gln Thr Glu Glu Lys Pro Gln Ile Glu Asn  
325 330 335

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Pro Ser Asn Glu Leu Pro Leu Asn Pro Leu Asn  
340 345

<210> SEQ ID NO 62  
<211> LENGTH: 265  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 62

Met Lys Lys Leu Ala Phe Ala Ile Thr Ala Thr Ser Gly Ala Ala Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Phe Leu Thr His His Asp Ala Gln Ala Ser Thr Gln His Thr Val Gln  
20 25 30  
Ser Gly Glu Ser Leu Trp Ser Ile Ala Gln Lys Tyr Asn Thr Ser Val  
35 40 45  
Glu Ser Ile Lys Gln Asn Asn Gln Leu Asp Asn Asn Leu Val Phe Pro  
50 55 60  
Gly Gln Val Ile Ser Val Gly Gly Ser Asp Ala Gln Asn Thr Ser Asn  
65 70 75 80  
Thr Ser Pro Gln Ala Gly Ser Ala Ser Ser His Thr Val Gln Ala Gly  
85 90 95  
Glu Ser Leu Asn Ile Ile Ala Ser Arg Tyr Gly Val Ser Val Asp Gln  
100 105 110  
Leu Met Ala Ala Asn Asn Leu Arg Gly Tyr Leu Ile Met Pro Asn Gln  
115 120 125  
Thr Leu Gln Ile Pro Asn Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Thr Thr Pro Thr Ala  
130 135 140  
Thr Thr Gly Ser Asn Gly Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Asn His Gln Asn Leu  
145 150 155 160  
Tyr Thr Ala Gly Gln Cys Thr Trp Tyr Val Phe Asp Arg Arg Ala Gln  
165 170 175  
Ala Gly Ser Pro Ile Ser Thr Tyr Trp Ser Asp Ala Lys Tyr Trp Ala  
180 185 190  
Gly Asn Ala Ala Asn Asp Gly Tyr Gln Val Asn Asn Thr Pro Ser Val  
195 200 205  
Gly Ser Ile Met Gln Ser Thr Pro Gly Pro Tyr Gly His Val Ala Tyr  
210 215 220  
Val Glu Arg Val Asn Gly Asp Gly Ser Ile Leu Ile Ser Glu Met Asn  
225 230 235 240  
Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Pro Tyr Asn Met Asn Tyr Arg Thr Ile Pro Ala Ser  
245 250 255  
Glu Val Ser Ser Tyr Ala Phe Ile His  
260 265

<210> SEQ ID NO 63  
<211> LENGTH: 292  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

Met Lys Lys Ile Val Ile Ile Ala Val Leu Ala Ile Leu Phe Val Val  
1 5 10 15  
Ile Ser Ala Cys Gly Asn Lys Glu Lys Glu Ala Gln His Gln Phe Thr  
20 25 30

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Lys Gln Phe Lys Asp Val Glu Gln Lys Gln Lys Glu Leu Gln His Val  
 35 40 45  
 Met Asp Asn Ile His Leu Lys Glu Ile Asp His Leu Ser Lys Thr Asp  
 50 55 60  
 Thr Thr Asp Lys Asn Ser Lys Glu Phe Lys Ala Leu Gln Glu Asp Val  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Asn His Leu Ile Pro Lys Phe Glu Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Ser Ala Lys  
 85 90 95  
 Asn Leu Pro Asp Asp Thr Met Lys Val Lys Lys Leu Lys Lys Glu Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Met Thr Leu Ala Asn Glu Lys Lys Asp Ala Ile Tyr Gln Leu Lys Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Phe Ile Gly Leu Cys Asn Gln Ser Ile Lys Tyr Asn Glu Asp Ile Leu  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Tyr Thr Lys Gln Phe Glu Lys Asn Arg Tyr Lys Val Glu Ser Glu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ile Lys Leu Ala Asp Asn Lys Ser Glu Ala Thr Asn Leu Thr Thr Lys  
 165 170 175  
 Leu Glu His Asn Asn Lys Ala Leu Arg Asp Thr Ala Lys Lys Asn Leu  
 180 185 190  
 Asp Asp Ser Lys Glu Asn Glu Val Lys Gly Ala Ile Lys Asn His Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Met Pro Met Ile Glu Lys Gln Ile Thr Asp Ile Asn Gln Thr Asn Ile  
 210 215 220  
 Ser Asp Lys His Val Asn Asn Ala Arg Lys Asn Ala Ile Glu Met Tyr  
 225 230 235 240  
 Tyr Ser Leu Gln Asn Tyr Tyr Asn Thr Arg Ile Glu Thr Ile Lys Val  
 245 250 255  
 Ser Glu Lys Leu Ser Lys Val Asp Val Asp Lys Leu Pro Lys Lys Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Ile Asp Ile Thr His Gly Asp Lys Ala Phe Glu Lys Lys Leu Glu Lys  
 275 280 285  
 Leu Glu Glu Lys  
 290

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 64

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 242

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 64

Met Lys Lys Val Met Gly Ile Leu Leu Ala Ser Thr Leu Ile Leu Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ala Cys Gly His His Gln Asp Ser Ala Lys Lys Glu Ser Thr Ser His  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Lys Lys Glu Asn Asp Asn Glu Glu Leu Asn Glu Glu Leu Lys Glu  
 35 40 45  
 Phe Lys Ser Lys Lys Asn Met Asp Ile Lys Ile Lys Gly Asp Thr Ile  
 50 55 60  
 Val Ser Asp Lys Phe Glu Ala Lys Ile Lys Glu Pro Phe Ile Ile Asn  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Lys Asp Glu Lys Lys Lys Tyr Ile Ala Phe Lys Met Glu Ile Thr

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	85		90		95	
Ala	Lys	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asp
			100			105
						110
Tyr	Ile	Asn	Ile	Thr	Gln	Asp
						120
						125
Asp	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp
						135
						140
Asn	Gln	Asp	Gln	Ile	Lys	Lys
						150
						155
Tyr	Glu	Leu	Arg	Gly	Asp	Gly
						165
						170
Ser	Glu	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val	Asp
						180
						185
Lys	Thr	Glu	Asp	Phe	Ser	His
						195
						200
Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Glu	Phe	Glu
						210
						215
Glu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln
						225
						230
						235
						240

Glu Val

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 65

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 439

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 65

Met	Arg	Leu	Thr	Ile	Tyr	His	Thr	Asn	Asp	Ile	His	Ser	His	Leu	His
1				5						10				15	
Glu	Tyr	Glu	Arg	Leu	Lys	Ala	Tyr	Met	Ala	Glu	His	Arg	Pro	Arg	Leu
				20						25				30	
Asn	His	Pro	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Asp	His	Val	Asp	Leu	Ser
				35						40				45	
Ala	Pro	Ile	Thr	Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Gly	Lys	Lys	Asn	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu
				50						55				60	
Asn	Glu	Ala	Lys	Cys	Asp	Val	Ala	Thr	Ile	Gly	Asn	Asn	Glu	Gly	Met
				65						70				75	80
Thr	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Leu	Asn	His	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Ala	Lys	Phe
				85						90				95	
Ile	Val	Thr	Cys	Ser	Asn	Val	Ile	Asp	Glu	Ser	Gly	His	Leu	Pro	Asn
				100						105				110	
Asn	Ile	Val	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Asp	Ile	Asp	Gly	Val	Lys	Ile	Leu
				115						120				125	
Phe	Val	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Pro	Phe	Thr	Pro	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Leu	Asn
				130						135				140	
Trp	Ile	Val	Thr	Asp	Pro	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Lys	Glu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Leu
				145						150				155	160
Gln	Arg	Gly	Lys	Phe	Asp	Val	Leu	Ile	Val	Leu	Ser	His	Cys	Gly	Ile
				165						170				175	
Phe	Phe	Asp	Glu	Thr	Leu	Cys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asp	Val	Ile
				180						185				190	
Phe	Gly	Ser	His	Thr	His	His	Tyr	Phe	Glu	His	Gly	Glu	Ile	Asn	Asn

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195			200			205									
Gly	Val	Leu	Met	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Glu
210						215					220				
Val	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Ala	His	Lys	Val	Val	His	Lys	Thr	Ala	Lys
225					230					235					240
Ile	Ile	Pro	Leu	Glu	Thr	Leu	Pro	Glu	Val	Glu	Thr	Ser	Phe	Glu	Glu
			245						250					255	
Glu	Gly	Lys	Thr	Leu	Met	Ser	Asn	Ser	Val	Ile	Gln	His	Pro	Val	Val
			260					265					270		
Leu	Lys	Arg	Ser	Met	Asn	His	Ile	Thr	Glu	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ala
		275					280					285			
Gln	Ser	Val	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Thr	His	Ala	Gln	Cys	Ala	Ile	Ile	Asn	Ala
290						295					300				
Gly	Leu	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Asp	Glu	Val	Thr	Glu	Tyr	Asp
305					310					315					320
Ile	His	Gln	Met	Leu	Pro	His	Pro	Ile	Asn	Met	Val	Arg	Val	Arg	Leu
			325						330					335	
Phe	Gly	Val	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ile	Ile	Ala	Lys	Ser	Asn	Lys	Gln	Glu
			340					345						350	
Tyr	Met	Tyr	Glu	His	Ala	Gln	Gly	Leu	Gly	Phe	Arg	Gly	Asn	Ile	Phe
		355					360					365			
Gly	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Ile	His	Ser	Thr	Gly	Arg
370						375					380				
Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Gly	Glu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Asp	Asp	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Val	Leu
385					390					395					400
Gly	Thr	Ile	Asp	Met	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Thr	Leu	Lys
			405						410					415	
Glu	Leu	Pro	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Met	Pro	Glu	Phe	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ile	Phe
			420					425					430		
Lys	Glu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Glu	Tyr									
		435													
<210> SEQ ID NO 66															
<211> LENGTH: 774															
<212> TYPE: PRT															
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp															
<400> SEQUENCE: 66															
Met	Glu	Trp	Thr	Leu	Val	Asp	Ile	Gly	Lys	Lys	His	Val	Ile	Pro	Lys
1				5					10					15	
Ser	Gln	Tyr	Arg	Arg	Lys	Arg	Arg	Glu	Phe	Phe	His	Asn	Glu	Asp	Arg
			20					25					30		
Glu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Gln	His	Gln	Asp	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Asn	Thr
		35					40						45		
Thr	Ser	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asp	Lys	Gln	Ile	His	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ile	Asp	Lys
		50				55					60				
His	Glu	Arg	Phe	Lys	Asn	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	His	Leu	Glu	Gln	Arg	Asn
65					70					75					80
Arg	Asp	Val	Asn	Glu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Ser	Asn	Gln	Asp
				85					90					95	
Ser	Lys	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Asp	His	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Asp	Asp	Val	Ser
			100					105						110	

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Lys Lys Gln Asn Ser Leu Asp Ser Val Asp Gln Asp Thr Glu Lys Ser  
 115 120 125  
 Lys Tyr Tyr Glu Gln Asn Ser Glu Ala Thr Leu Ser Thr Lys Ser Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Lys Val Glu Ser Thr Glu Met Arg Lys Leu Ser Ser Asp Lys Asn  
 145 150 155 160  
 Lys Val Gly His Glu Glu Gln His Val Leu Ser Lys Pro Ser Glu His  
 165 170 175  
 Asp Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Asp Ser Glu Ser Ser Arg Thr Asp Ser Asp  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Ser Met Gln Thr Glu Lys Ile Lys Lys Asp Ser Ser Asp Gly Asn  
 195 200 205  
 Lys Ser Ser Asn Leu Lys Ser Glu Val Ile Ser Asp Lys Ser Asn Thr  
 210 215 220  
 Val Pro Lys Leu Ser Glu Ser Asp Asp Glu Val Asn Asn Gln Lys Pro  
 225 230 235 240  
 Leu Thr Leu Pro Glu Glu Gln Lys Leu Lys Arg Gln Gln Ser Gln Asn  
 245 250 255  
 Glu Gln Thr Lys Thr Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Asp Ser Glu Gln Asn Asp Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Ser Asn His Glu Asn Asp Leu Ser His His Ile Pro Ser Ile Ser Asp  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Lys Asp Asn Val Met Arg Glu Asn His Ile Val Asp Asp Asn Pro  
 290 295 300  
 Asp Asn Asp Ile Asn Thr Pro Ser Leu Ser Lys Thr Asp Asp Asp Arg  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Leu Asp Glu Lys Ile His Val Glu Asp Lys His Lys Gln Asn Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Asp Ser Ser Glu Thr Val Gly Tyr Gln Ser Gln Ser Thr Ala Ser His  
 340 345 350  
 Arg Ser Thr Glu Lys Arg Asn Ile Ser Ile Asn Asp His Asp Lys Leu  
 355 360 365  
 Asn Gly Gln Lys Thr Asn Thr Lys Thr Ser Ala Asn Asn Asn Gln Lys  
 370 375 380  
 Lys Ala Thr Ser Lys Leu Asn Lys Gly Arg Ala Thr Asn Asn Asn Tyr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ser Asp Ile Leu Lys Lys Phe Trp Met Met Tyr Trp Pro Lys Leu Val  
 405 410 415  
 Ile Leu Met Gly Ile Ile Ile Leu Ile Val Ile Leu Asn Ala Ile Phe  
 420 425 430  
 Asn Asn Val Asn Lys Asn Asp Arg Met Asn Asp Asn Asn Asp Ala Asp  
 435 440 445  
 Ala Gln Lys Tyr Thr Thr Thr Met Lys Asn Ala Asn Asn Thr Val Lys  
 450 455 460  
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Glu Asn Glu Thr Ser Lys Asp Ser Ser Leu Pro  
 465 470 475 480  
 Lys Asp Lys Ala Ser Gln Asp Glu Val Gly Ser Gly Val Val Tyr Lys  
 485 490 495  
 Lys Ser Gly Asp Thr Leu Tyr Ile Val Thr Asn Ala His Val Val Gly  
 500 505 510  
 Asp Lys Glu Asn Gln Lys Ile Thr Phe Ser Asn Asn Lys Ser Val Val



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Glu Asp Asn Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Pro Val Ile Lys Asp Gly Lys Ile Val
      100      105      110

Tyr Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Pro Lys Asn Lys Asp Asp Leu Asn Lys Ser
      115      120      125

Lys Glu Asp Met Asn Tyr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Asn Phe Ile Ala Lys
      130      135      140

Asp Leu Asp Gln Ile Lys Asp Lys Asn Ser Asn Ile Thr Val Leu Thr
      145      150      155      160

Asp Glu Lys Gly Phe Tyr Phe Glu Glu Asp Gly Lys Val Arg Leu Val
      165      170      175

Lys Ala Thr Pro Leu Pro Gly Asn Val Lys Glu Lys Glu Ser Ala Lys
      180      185      190

Thr Val Ser Ala Lys Leu Lys Gln Glu Leu Lys Asn Thr Val Thr Pro
      195      200      205

Thr Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Glu Ala Ile Gln Glu Asp Gln Val Gln Tyr
      210      215      220

Glu Asn Thr Leu Lys Asn Phe Lys Ile Arg Glu Gln Gln Phe Asp Asn
      225      230      235      240

Ser Trp Cys Ala Gly Phe Ser Met Ala Ala Leu Leu Asn Ala Thr Lys
      245      250      255

Asn Thr Asp Thr Tyr Asn Ala His Asp Ile Met Arg Thr Leu Tyr Pro
      260      265      270

Glu Val Ser Glu Gln Asp Leu Pro Asn Cys Ala Thr Phe Pro Asn Gln
      275      280      285

Met Ile Glu Tyr Gly Lys Ser Gln Gly Arg Asp Ile His Tyr Gln Glu
      290      295      300

Gly Val Pro Ser Tyr Glu Gln Val Asp Gln Leu Thr Lys Asp Asn Val
      305      310      315      320

Gly Ile Met Ile Leu Ala Gln Ser Val Ser Gln Asn Pro Asn Asp Pro
      325      330      335

His Leu Gly His Ala Leu Ala Val Val Gly Asn Ala Lys Ile Asn Asp
      340      345      350

Gln Glu Lys Leu Ile Tyr Trp Asn Pro Trp Asp Thr Glu Leu Ser Ile
      355      360      365

Gln Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Leu Leu His Leu Ser Phe Asn Arg Asp Tyr
      370      375      380

Asn Trp Tyr Gly Ser Met Ile Gly Tyr
      385      390

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<210> SEQ ID NO 68
<211> LENGTH: 336
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 68

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Met Lys Gly Lys Phe Leu Lys Val Ser Ser Leu Phe Val Ala Thr Leu
1      5      10      15

Thr Thr Ala Thr Leu Val Ser Ser Pro Ala Ala Asn Ala Leu Ser Ser
      20      25      30

Lys Ala Met Asp Asn His Pro Gln Gln Thr Gln Ser Ser Lys Gln Gln
      35      40      45

Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Lys Gly Gly Asn Leu Lys Pro Leu Glu Gln Arg
      50      55      60

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Glu His Ala Asn Val Ile Leu Pro Asn Asn Asp Arg His Gln Ile Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asp Thr Thr Asn Gly His Tyr Ala Pro Val Thr Tyr Ile Gln Val Glu  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Pro Thr Gly Thr Phe Ile Ala Ser Gly Val Val Val Gly Lys Asp  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Leu Leu Thr Asn Lys His Val Val Asp Ala Thr His Gly Asp Pro  
 115 120 125  
 His Ala Leu Lys Ala Phe Pro Ser Ala Ile Asn Gln Asp Asn Tyr Pro  
 130 135 140  
 Asn Gly Gly Phe Thr Ala Glu Gln Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ser Gly Glu Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Leu Ala Ile Val Lys Phe Ser Pro Asn Glu Gln Asn Lys His Ile  
 165 170 175  
 Gly Glu Val Val Lys Pro Ala Thr Met Ser Asn Asn Ala Glu Thr Gln  
 180 185 190  
 Val Asn Gln Asn Ile Thr Val Thr Gly Tyr Pro Gly Asp Lys Pro Val  
 195 200 205  
 Ala Thr Met Trp Glu Ser Lys Gly Lys Ile Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gly Glu  
 210 215 220  
 Ala Met Gln Tyr Asp Leu Ser Thr Thr Gly Gly Asn Ser Gly Ser Pro  
 225 230 235 240  
 Val Phe Asn Glu Lys Asn Glu Val Ile Gly Ile His Trp Gly Gly Val  
 245 250 255  
 Pro Asn Glu Phe Asn Gly Ala Val Phe Ile Asn Glu Asn Val Arg Asn  
 260 265 270  
 Phe Leu Lys Gln Asn Ile Glu Asp Ile His Phe Ala Asn Asp Asp Gln  
 275 280 285  
 Pro Asn Asn Pro Asp Asn Pro Asp Asn Pro Asn Asn Pro Asp Asn Pro  
 290 295 300  
 Asn Asn Pro Asp Glu Pro Asn Asn Pro Asp Asn Pro Asn Asn Pro Asp  
 305 310 315 320  
 Asn Pro Asp Asn Gly Asp Asn Asn Asn Ser Asp Asn Pro Asp Ala Ala  
 325 330 335

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 69

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 397

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 69

Met Lys Phe Asn Lys Val Lys Leu Val Ile His Ala Cys Val Leu Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Phe Ile Ile Ile Ser Ile Ala Leu Ile Phe His Arg Leu Gln Thr Lys  
 20 25 30  
 Thr His Ser Ile Asp Pro Ile His Lys Glu Thr Lys Leu Ser Asp Asn  
 35 40 45  
 Glu Lys Tyr Leu Val Asp Arg Asn Lys Glu Lys Val Ala Pro Ser Lys  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Lys Glu Val Tyr Asn Ser Lys Asp Pro Lys Tyr Lys Lys Ile Asp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Tyr Leu Gln Ser Ser Leu Phe Asn Gly Ser Val Ala Ile Tyr Glu





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Thr Ser Tyr Lys Thr Leu Pro Asn Arg Tyr Lys Asp Val Pro Glu Ile  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Gln Pro Met Glu Pro Asn Val Glu Ala Val Lys Lys Leu Lys Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Thr His Val Leu Ser Val Ser Thr Ile Lys Asp Glu Met Gln Pro Phe  
 85 90 95  
 Tyr Lys Gln Leu Asn Met Lys Gly Tyr Phe Tyr Asp Phe Asp Ser Leu  
 100 105 110  
 Lys Gly Met Gln Lys Ser Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Asp Gln Phe Asn Arg  
 115 120 125  
 Lys Ala Gln Ala Lys Glu Leu Asn Asp His Leu Asn Ser Val Lys Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Ile Glu Asn Lys Ala Ala Lys Gln Lys Lys His Pro Lys Val Leu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ile Leu Met Gly Val Pro Gly Ser Tyr Leu Val Ala Thr Asp Lys Ser  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Ile Gly Asp Leu Val Lys Ile Ala Gly Gly Glu Asn Val Ile Lys  
 180 185 190  
 Val Lys Asp Arg Gln Tyr Ile Ser Ser Asn Thr Glu Asn Leu Leu Asn  
 195 200 205  
 Ile Asn Pro Asp Ile Ile Leu Arg Leu Pro His Gly Met Pro Glu Glu  
 210 215 220  
 Val Lys Lys Met Phe Gln Lys Glu Phe Lys Gln Asn Asp Ile Trp Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 His Phe Lys Ala Val Lys Asn Asn His Val Tyr Asp Leu Glu Glu Val  
 245 250 255  
 Pro Phe Gly Ile Thr Ala Asn Val Asp Ala Asp Lys Ala Met Thr Gln  
 260 265 270  
 Leu Tyr Asp Leu Phe Tyr Lys Asp Lys Lys  
 275 280

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 72

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 244

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 72

Met Arg Met Lys Arg Phe Leu Thr Ile Val Gln Ile Leu Leu Val Val  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ile Ile Ile Ile Phe Gly Tyr Lys Ile Val Gln Thr Tyr Ile Glu Asp  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Gln Glu Arg Ala Asn Tyr Glu Lys Leu Gln Gln Lys Phe Gln Met  
 35 40 45  
 Leu Met Ser Lys His Gln Glu His Val Arg Pro Gln Phe Glu Ser Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Lys Ile Asn Lys Asp Ile Val Gly Trp Ile Lys Leu Ser Gly Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ser Leu Asn Tyr Pro Val Leu Gln Gly Lys Thr Asn His Asp Tyr Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Asn Leu Asp Phe Glu Arg Glu His Arg Arg Lys Gly Ser Ile Phe Met  
 100 105 110  
 Asp Phe Arg Asn Glu Leu Lys Asn Leu Asn His Asn Thr Ile Leu Tyr





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Tyr Asp Asn Pro Phe Asn Pro Pro Met Phe Ala Arg Val Phe Arg Lys  
 65 70 75 80  
 His Leu Glu Gly Gly Ile Ile Glu Ser Ile Lys Gln Ile Gly Asn Asp  
 85 90 95  
 Arg Arg Ile Glu Ile Asp Ile Lys Ser Lys Asp Glu Ile Gly Asp Thr  
 100 105 110  
 Ile Tyr Arg Thr Val Ile Leu Glu Ile Met Gly Lys His Ser Asn Leu  
 115 120 125  
 Ile Leu Val Asp Glu Asn Arg Lys Ile Ile Glu Gly Phe Lys His Leu  
 130 135 140  
 Thr Pro Asn Thr Asn His Tyr Arg Thr Val Met Pro Gly Phe Asn Tyr  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Ala Pro Pro Thr Gln His Lys Ile Asn Pro Tyr Asp Ile Thr Gly  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Glu Val Leu Lys Tyr Ile Asp Phe Asn Ala Gly Asn Ile Ala Lys  
 180 185 190  
 Gln Leu Leu Asn Gln Phe Glu Gly Phe Ser Pro Leu Ile Thr Asn Glu  
 195 200 205  
 Ile Val Ser Arg Arg Gln Phe Met Thr Ser Ser Thr Leu Pro Glu Ala  
 210 215 220  
 Phe Asp Glu Val Met Ala Glu Thr Lys Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro Ile Phe  
 225 230 235 240  
 His Lys Asn His Glu Thr Gly Lys Glu Asp Phe Tyr Phe Ile Lys Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Asn Gln Phe Asn Asp Asp Thr Val Thr Tyr Asp Ser Leu Asn Asp Leu  
 260 265 270  
 Leu Asp Arg Phe Tyr Asp Ala Arg Gly Glu Arg Glu Arg Val Lys Gln  
 275 280 285  
 Arg Ala Asn Asp Leu Val Arg Phe Val Gln Gln Gln Leu His Lys Tyr  
 290 295 300  
 Gln Asn Lys Leu Ala Lys Leu Ile Glu Glu Tyr Glu Gln Ser Lys Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Asp Thr Glu Gln Leu Tyr Gly Glu Leu Ile Thr Ala Asn Ile Tyr  
 325 330 335  
 Arg Ile Lys Gln Gly Asp Lys Glu Val Thr Ala Leu Asn Tyr Tyr Thr  
 340 345 350  
 Asn Glu Glu Val Val Ile Pro Leu Asn Pro Thr Lys Ser Pro Ser Ala  
 355 360 365  
 Asn Ala Gln Tyr Tyr Tyr Lys Gln Tyr Asn Arg Met Lys Thr Arg Glu  
 370 375 380  
 Arg Glu Leu Gln His Gln Ile Gln Leu Thr Lys Asp Asn Ile Asp Tyr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Phe Ser Thr Ile Glu Gln Gln Leu His His Ile Ser Val His Asp Ile  
 405 410 415  
 Asp Glu Ile Arg Asp Glu Leu Ala Glu Gln Gly Phe Met Lys Gln Arg  
 420 425 430  
 Lys Asn Gln Thr Lys Lys Lys Lys Ala Gln Ile Gln Leu Gln His Tyr  
 435 440 445  
 Val Ser Thr Asp Gly Asp Asp Ile Tyr Val Gly Lys Asn Asn Lys Gln  
 450 455 460



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Phe Thr Phe Ser Pro Lys Asn Tyr Glu Asp Lys Ser Asn Pro Asp Pro  
                   260                                  265                                  270

Lys Val Leu Asn Leu Val His Met Asp Phe Leu Asn Ala Ser Ser Asp  
                   275                                  280                                  285

Phe Gly Asn Ala His Phe Val Val Leu Ser Lys Tyr Ile Lys Glu Tyr  
                   290                                  295                                  300

Glu Ser Asn Tyr Glu Thr Ala Ser Asp Asp Ser Leu Lys  
 305                                  310                                  315

<210> SEQ ID NO 77  
 <211> LENGTH: 372  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 77

Met Asn Lys Gln Gln Ser Lys Val Arg Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Val Ser  
 1                                  5                                  10                                  15

Ile Gly Ile Leu Ser Ile Ser Ile Gly Met Phe Leu Ala Leu Gly Met  
                   20                                  25                                  30

Ser Asn Lys Ala Tyr Ala Asp Glu Ile Asp Lys Ser Lys Asp Phe Thr  
                   35                                  40                                  45

Arg Gly Tyr Glu Gln Asn Val Phe Ala Lys Ser Glu Leu Asn Ala Asn  
                   50                                  55                                  60

Lys Asn Thr Thr Lys Asp Lys Ile Lys Asn Glu Gly Ala Val Lys Thr  
 65                                  70                                  75                                  80

Ser Asp Thr Ser Leu Lys Leu Asp Asn Lys Ser Ala Ile Ser Asn Gly  
                   85                                  90                                  95

Asn Glu Ile Asn Gln Asp Ile Lys Ile Ser Asn Thr Pro Lys Asn Ser  
                   100                                  105                                  110

Ser Gln Gly Asn Asn Leu Val Ile Asn Asn Asn Glu Leu Thr Lys Glu  
                   115                                  120                                  125

Ile Lys Ile Ala Asn Leu Glu Ala Gln Asn Ser Asn Gln Lys Lys Thr  
                   130                                  135                                  140

Asn Lys Val Thr Asn Asn Tyr Phe Gly Tyr Tyr Ser Phe Arg Glu Ala  
 145                                  150                                  155                                  160

Pro Lys Thr Gln Ile Tyr Thr Val Lys Lys Gly Asp Thr Leu Ser Ala  
                   165                                  170                                  175

Ile Ala Leu Lys Tyr Lys Thr Thr Val Ser Asn Ile Gln Asn Thr Asn  
                   180                                  185                                  190

Asn Ile Ala Asn Pro Asn Leu Ile Phe Ile Gly Gln Lys Leu Lys Val  
                   195                                  200                                  205

Pro Met Thr Pro Leu Val Glu Pro Lys Pro Lys Thr Val Ser Ser Asn  
                   210                                  215                                  220

Asn Lys Ser Asn Ser Asn Ser Ser Thr Leu Asn Tyr Leu Lys Thr Leu  
 225                                  230                                  235                                  240

Glu Asn Arg Gly Trp Asp Phe Asp Gly Ser Tyr Gly Trp Gln Cys Phe  
                   245                                  250                                  255

Asp Leu Val Asn Val Tyr Trp Asn His Leu Tyr Gly His Gly Leu Lys  
                   260                                  265                                  270

Gly Tyr Gly Ala Lys Asp Ile Pro Tyr Ala Asn Asn Phe Asn Ser Glu  
                   275                                  280                                  285

Ala Lys Ile Tyr His Asn Thr Pro Thr Phe Lys Ala Glu Pro Gly Asp



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Glu Leu Ser Ile Lys Phe Ser Asp Asn Lys Ile Asn Thr Val Lys Pro  
275 280 285

Asn Phe Asn Gly Glu Ser Thr Ser Glu Tyr Gly Val Phe Asp Gln Glu  
290 295 300

<210> SEQ ID NO 79  
<211> LENGTH: 193  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

Met Lys Lys Leu Val Ser Ile Val Gly Ala Thr Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly  
1 5 10 15

Cys Gly Ser Gln Asn Leu Ala Pro Leu Glu Glu Lys Thr Thr Asp Leu  
20 25 30

Arg Glu Asp Asn His Gln Leu Lys Leu Asp Ile Gln Glu Leu Asn Gln  
35 40 45

Gln Ile Ser Asp Ser Lys Ser Lys Ile Lys Gly Leu Glu Lys Asp Lys  
50 55 60

Glu Asn Ser Lys Lys Thr Ala Ser Asn Asn Thr Lys Ile Lys Leu Met  
65 70 75 80

Asn Val Thr Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Lys Val Ala Lys Ala Leu Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Tyr Asn Asp Ile Glu Lys Asp Val Ser Lys Asn Lys Gly Asp Lys Asn  
100 105 110

Val Gln Ser Lys Leu Asn Gln Ile Ser Asn Asp Ile Gln Ser Ala His  
115 120 125

Thr Ser Tyr Lys Asp Ala Ile Asp Gly Leu Ser Leu Ser Asp Asp Asp  
130 135 140

Lys Lys Thr Ser Lys Asn Ile Asp Lys Leu Asn Ser Asp Leu Asn His  
145 150 155 160

Ala Phe Asp Asp Ile Lys Asn Gly Tyr Gln Asn Lys Asp Lys Lys Gln  
165 170 175

Leu Thr Lys Gly Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Lys Leu Asn Leu Asn Ala Lys  
180 185 190

Ser

<210> SEQ ID NO 80  
<211> LENGTH: 216  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 80

Met Lys Ile Thr Tyr Lys Tyr Arg Gly Asp Leu Pro Leu Asn Thr Glu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Gln Ser Val Lys Asn Ser Glu Arg Arg Gly  
20 25 30

Met Leu Lys Gly Cys Gly Gly Cys Leu Ile Ser Phe Ile Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45

Ile Leu Leu Ser Ala Cys Ser Met Met Phe Ser Asn Asn Asp Asn Ser  
50 55 60

Thr Asn Asn Gln Ser Ser Lys Thr Gln Leu Thr Gln Lys Asp Glu Asn  
65 70 75 80

Lys Asn Glu Asp Lys Pro Glu Glu Lys Ser Glu Thr Ala Thr Asp Glu



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&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 82

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Met Lys Ile Ile Lys Arg Ala Ile Ile Ser Leu Ile Ile Leu Ser Leu
1           5           10           15
Leu Ile Ser Ile Thr Met Ser Asn Ala Ser Ala Ser Glu Glu Leu Tyr
20           25           30
Tyr Ser Val Glu Tyr Lys Asn Thr Ala Thr Phe Asn Lys Leu Val Lys
35           40           45
Lys Lys Ser Leu Asn Val Val Tyr Asn Ile Pro Glu Leu His Val Ala
50           55           60
Gln Ile Lys Met Thr Lys Met His Ala Asn Ala Leu Ala Asn Tyr Lys
65           70           75           80
Asn Asp Ile Lys Tyr Ile Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Thr Cys Ile Thr Ser
85           90           95
Glu Lys Thr Ile Asp Arg Thr Ser Asn Glu Ser Leu Phe Ser Arg Gln
100          105          110
Trp Asp Met Asn Lys Ile Thr Asn Asn Gly Ala Ser Tyr Asp Asp Leu
115          120          125
Pro Lys His Ala Asn Thr Lys Ile Ala Ile Ile Asp Thr Gly Val Met
130          135          140
Lys Asn His Asp Asp Leu Lys Asn Asn Phe Ser Thr Asp Ser Lys Asn
145          150          155          160
Leu Val Pro Leu Asn Gly Phe Arg Gly Thr Glu Pro Glu Glu Thr Gly
165          170          175
Asp Val His Asp Val Asn Asp Arg Lys Gly His Gly Thr Met Val Ser
180          185          190
Gly Gln Thr Ser Ala Asn Gly Lys Leu Ile Gly Val Ala Pro Asn Asn
195          200          205
Lys Phe Thr Met Tyr Arg Val Phe Gly Ser Lys Lys Thr Glu Leu Leu
210          215          220
Trp Val Ser Lys Ala Ile Val Gln Ala Ala Asn Asp Gly Asn Gln Val
225          230          235          240
Ile Asn Ile Ser Val Gly Ser Tyr Ile Ile Leu Asp Lys Asn Asp His
245          250          255
Gln Thr Phe Arg Lys Asp Glu Lys Val Glu Tyr Asp Ala Leu Gln Lys
260          265          270
Ala Ile Asn Tyr Ala Lys Lys Lys Lys Ser Ile Val Val Ala Ala Ala
275          280          285
Gly Asn Asp Gly Ile Asp Val Asn Asp Lys Gln Lys Leu Lys Leu Gln
290          295          300
Arg Glu Tyr Gln Gly Asn Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Val Pro Ala Ser Met
305          310          315          320
Asp Asn Val Val Thr Val Gly Ser Thr Asp Gln Lys Ser Asn Leu Ser
325          330          335
Glu Phe Ser Asn Phe Gly Met Asn Tyr Thr Asp Leu Ala Ala Pro Gly
340          345          350
Gly Ser Phe Ala Tyr Leu Asn Gln Phe Gly Val Asp Lys Trp Met Asn
355          360          365
Glu Gly Tyr Met His Lys Glu Asn Ile Leu Thr Thr Ala Asn Asn Gly
370          375          380

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Arg Tyr Ile Tyr Gln Ala Gly Thr Ser Leu Ala Thr Pro Lys Val Ser  
 385 390 395 400

Gly Ala Leu Ala Leu Ile Ile Asp Lys Tyr His Leu Glu Lys His Pro  
 405 410 415

Asp Lys Ala Ile Glu Leu Leu Tyr Gln His Gly Thr Ser Lys Asn Asn  
 420 425 430

Lys Pro Phe Ser Arg Tyr Gly His Gly Glu Leu Asp Val Tyr Lys Ala  
 435 440 445

Leu Asn Val Ala Asn Gln Lys Ala Ser  
 450 455

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 83

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 320

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 83

Met Lys Met Ile Asn Lys Leu Ile Val Pro Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Leu  
 1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Gly Ala Ser Ala Thr Asp Ser Lys Glu Asn Thr  
 20 25 30

Leu Ile Ser Ser Lys Ala Gly Asp Val Thr Val Ala Asp Thr Met Lys  
 35 40 45

Lys Ile Gly Lys Asp Gln Ile Ala Asn Ala Ser Phe Thr Glu Met Leu  
 50 55 60

Asn Lys Ile Leu Ala Asp Lys Tyr Lys Asn Lys Val Asn Asp Lys Lys  
 65 70 75 80

Ile Asp Glu Gln Ile Glu Lys Met Gln Lys Gln Tyr Gly Gly Lys Asp  
 85 90 95

Lys Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Gln Gln Gly Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Tyr  
 100 105 110

Lys Glu Asn Leu Arg Thr Ala Ala Tyr His Lys Glu Leu Leu Ser Asp  
 115 120 125

Lys Ile Lys Ile Ser Asp Ser Glu Ile Lys Glu Asp Ser Lys Lys Ala  
 130 135 140

Ser His Ile Leu Ile Lys Val Lys Ser Lys Lys Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Leu Asp Asp Lys Glu Ala Lys Gln Lys Ala Glu Glu Ile Gln Lys Glu  
 165 170 175

Val Ser Lys Asp Pro Ser Lys Phe Gly Glu Ile Ala Lys Lys Glu Ser  
 180 185 190

Met Asp Thr Gly Ser Ala Lys Lys Asp Gly Glu Leu Gly Tyr Val Leu  
 195 200 205

Lys Gly Gln Thr Asp Lys Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Phe Lys Leu Lys  
 210 215 220

Asp Gly Glu Val Ser Glu Val Val Lys Ser Ser Phe Gly Tyr His Leu  
 225 230 235 240

Leu Lys Ala Asp Lys Pro Thr Asp Phe Asn Ser Glu Lys Gln Ser Leu  
 245 250 255

Lys Glu Lys Leu Val Asp Gln Lys Val Gln Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Leu  
 260 265 270

Thr Asp Ala Tyr Lys Asp Leu Leu Lys Glu Tyr Asp Val Asp Phe Lys



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Gly Ser Arg Val Glu Ser Arg Asn Gly Met His Ala Gly His Ala Met  
 325 330 335

Ala Val Val Gly Asn Ala Lys Leu Asp Asn Gly Gln Glu Val Ile Ile  
 340 345 350

Ile Trp Asn Pro Trp Asp Asn Gly Phe Met Thr Gln Asp Ala Lys Asn  
 355 360 365

Asn Val Ile Pro Val Ser Asn Gly Asp His Tyr Arg Trp Tyr Ser Ser  
 370 375 380

Ile Tyr Gly Tyr  
 385

<210> SEQ ID NO 85  
 <211> LENGTH: 280  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 85

Met Lys Lys Phe Phe Phe Ile Gly Leu Leu Val Phe Val Val Phe Phe  
 1 5 10 15

Thr Ala Ala Thr Ile Ile Trp Phe Ser Tyr Asp Lys Asn Lys Tyr Gly  
 20 25 30

Thr Lys Gln Tyr Asp Lys Thr Phe Lys Asp Asp Ala Phe Asp Asn Val  
 35 40 45

Ser Ile Asn Leu Asp Ser Thr Glu Leu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gly Asn Gln  
 50 55 60

Phe Arg Val Lys Tyr Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Ile Leu Ile Asn Ile Val  
 65 70 75 80

Asp Lys Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Asp Lys Arg Ser Lys Thr Arg Gly Tyr  
 85 90 95

Ala Ile Asp Met Asn Pro Phe His Glu Asn Lys Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile  
 100 105 110

Glu Met Pro Asp Lys Met Ile Lys Arg Leu Asn Leu Ser Ser Gly Ala  
 115 120 125

Gly Ser Val Arg Ile Ser Asp Val Asp Leu Glu Asn Thr Ser Ile Gln  
 130 135 140

Ser Ile Asn Gly Glu Val Val Ile Lys Asn Ser Asn Leu Asp Ala Leu  
 145 150 155 160

Asp Ser Lys Thr Asn Asn Ser Ser Thr Tyr Ile Ser Lys Ser Asn Ile  
 165 170 175

Lys Asn Ser Asn Ile Lys Val Val Ile Gly Thr Leu Gln Ile Asp Lys  
 180 185 190

Ser Gln Ile Lys Gln Ser Ile Phe Leu Asn Asp His Gly Asp Ile Glu  
 195 200 205

Phe Lys Asn Met Pro Ser Lys Val Asp Ala Lys Ala Ser Thr Lys Gln  
 210 215 220

Gly Asp Ile Arg Phe Lys Tyr Asp Ser Lys Pro Glu Asp Thr Ile Leu  
 225 230 235 240

Lys Leu Asn Pro Gly Thr Gly Asp Ser Val Val Lys Asn Lys Thr Phe  
 245 250 255

Thr Asn Gly Lys Val Gly Lys Ser Asp Asn Val Leu Glu Phe Tyr Thr  
 260 265 270

Ile Asp Gly Asn Ile Lys Val Glu  
 275 280

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<210> SEQ ID NO 86
<211> LENGTH: 303
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 86
Met Lys Arg Leu Ile Gly Ile Leu Leu Cys Asn Leu Phe Ile Leu Thr
 1           5           10          15
Ala Cys Ser Ala Ser Val Asp Lys Thr Ser Asn Ser Thr Lys Thr Thr
 20          25          30
Asp Tyr Lys Ile Glu Asn Gly Glu Thr Leu Lys Val Pro Glu Lys Pro
 35          40          45
Lys Arg Val Ala Val Leu Thr Gly Phe Tyr Val Gly Asp Phe Ile Lys
 50          55          60
Leu Gly Ile Lys Pro Ile Ala Val Ser Asp Ile Thr Lys Asp Ser Ser
 65          70          75          80
Ile Leu Lys Pro Tyr Leu Lys Gly Val Asp Tyr Ile Gly Glu Asn Asp
 85          90          95
Val Glu Arg Val Ala Lys Ala Lys Pro Asp Leu Ile Val Val Asp Ala
 100         105         110
Met Asp Lys Asn Ile Lys Lys Tyr Gln Lys Ile Ala Pro Thr Ile Pro
 115         120         125
Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Lys Tyr Asn His Lys Glu Ile Leu Lys Glu Ile Gly
 130         135         140
Lys Leu Thr Asn Asn Glu Asp Lys Ala Lys Lys Trp Ile Glu Glu Trp
 145         150         155         160
Asp Asp Lys Thr Arg Lys Asp Lys Lys Glu Ile Gln Ser Lys Ile Gly
 165         170         175
Gln Ala Thr Ala Ser Val Phe Glu Pro Asp Glu Lys Gln Ile Tyr Ile
 180         185         190
Tyr Asn Ser Thr Trp Gly Arg Gly Leu Asp Ile Val His Asp Ala Phe
 195         200         205
Gly Met Pro Met Thr Lys Gln Tyr Lys Asp Lys Leu Gln Glu Asp Lys
 210         215         220
Lys Gly Tyr Ala Ser Ile Ser Lys Glu Asn Ile Ser Lys Tyr Ala Gly
 225         230         235         240
Asp Tyr Ile Phe Leu Ser Lys Pro Ser Tyr Gly Lys Phe Asp Phe Glu
 245         250         255
Lys Thr His Thr Trp Gln Asn Ile Glu Ala Val Lys Lys Gly His Val
 260         265         270
Ile Ser Tyr Lys Ala Glu Asp Tyr Trp Phe Thr Asp Pro Ile Thr Leu
 275         280         285
Glu His Leu Arg Ser Lys Leu Lys Lys Glu Ile Leu Asn Lys Lys
 290         295         300

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<210> SEQ ID NO 87
<211> LENGTH: 419
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 87

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Met Ser Tyr His Trp Phe Lys Lys Met Leu Leu Ser Thr Ser Ile Leu
 1           5           10          15

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Ile Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Leu Ala Thr His Thr Val Glu Ala  
                   20                                  25                                  30  
 Lys Asp Asn Leu Asn Gly Glu Lys Pro Thr Thr Asn Leu Asn His Asn  
                   35                                  40                                  45  
 Ile Thr Ser Pro Ser Val Asn Ser Glu Met Asn Asn Asn Glu Thr Gly  
                   50                                  55                                  60  
 Thr Pro His Glu Ser Asn Gln Thr Gly Asn Glu Gly Thr Gly Ser Asn  
                   65                                  70                                  75                                  80  
 Ser Arg Asp Ala Asn Pro Asp Ser Asn Asn Val Lys Pro Asp Ser Asn  
                                   85                                  90                                  95  
 Asn Gln Asn Pro Ser Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Asp Pro Asn Asn Gln Asn  
                                   100                                  105                                  110  
 Ser Ser Pro Asn Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Lys Pro Lys Pro  
                                   115                                  120                                  125  
 Asp Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asp Lys Pro Lys Pro Asn Pro Asp Pro Lys  
                   130                                  135                                  140  
 Pro Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Lys Pro Asn Pro Asp Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro  
                   145                                  150                                  155                                  160  
 Asp Lys Pro Lys Pro Asn Pro Asp Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asp Lys Pro  
                                   165                                  170                                  175  
 Lys Pro Asn Pro Asn Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asn Lys Pro Asn Pro Asn  
                                   180                                  185                                  190  
 Pro Ser Pro Asp Pro Asp Gln Pro Gly Asp Ser Asn His Ser Gly Gly  
                   195                                  200                                  205  
 Ser Lys Asn Gly Gly Thr Trp Asn Pro Asn Ala Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn  
                   210                                  215                                  220  
 Gln Gly Gln Trp Gln Pro Asn Gly Asn Gln Gly Asn Ser Gln Asn Pro  
                   225                                  230                                  235                                  240  
 Thr Gly Asn Asp Phe Val Ser Gln Arg Phe Leu Ala Leu Ala Asn Gly  
                                   245                                  250                                  255  
 Ala Tyr Lys Tyr Asn Pro Tyr Ile Leu Asn Gln Ile Asn Lys Leu Gly  
                                   260                                  265                                  270  
 Lys Asp Tyr Gly Glu Val Thr Asp Glu Asp Ile Tyr Asn Ile Ile Arg  
                   275                                  280                                  285  
 Lys Gln Asn Phe Ser Gly Asn Ala Tyr Leu Asn Gly Leu Gln Gln Gln  
                   290                                  295                                  300  
 Ser Asn Tyr Phe Arg Phe Gln Tyr Phe Asn Pro Leu Lys Ser Glu Arg  
                   305                                  310                                  315                                  320  
 Tyr Tyr Arg Asn Leu Asp Glu Gln Val Leu Ala Leu Ile Thr Gly Glu  
                                   325                                  330                                  335  
 Ile Gly Ser Met Pro Asp Leu Lys Lys Pro Glu Asp Lys Pro Asp Ser  
                                   340                                  345                                  350  
 Lys Gln Arg Ser Phe Glu Pro His Glu Lys Asp Asp Phe Thr Val Val  
                   355                                  360                                  365  
 Lys Lys Gln Glu Asp Asn Lys Lys Ser Ala Ser Thr Ala Tyr Ser Lys  
                   370                                  375                                  380  
 Ser Trp Leu Ala Ile Val Cys Ser Met Met Val Val Phe Ser Ile Met  
                   385                                  390                                  395                                  400  
 Leu Phe Leu Phe Val Lys Arg Asn Lys Lys Lys Asn Lys Asn Glu Ser  
                                   405                                  410                                  415

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Gln Arg Arg

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 88

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 231

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 88

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Met Lys Lys Thr Leu Leu Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Val Gly Leu Gly Ile
 1           5           10           15
Val Ala Gly Asn Ala Gly His Glu Ala His Ala Ser Glu Ala Asp Leu
           20           25           30
Asn Lys Ala Ser Leu Ala Gln Met Ala Gln Ser Asn Asp Gln Thr Leu
           35           40           45
Asn Gln Lys Pro Ile Glu Ala Gly Ala Tyr Asn Tyr Thr Phe Asp Tyr
           50           55           60
Glu Gly Phe Thr Tyr His Phe Glu Ser Asp Gly Thr His Phe Ala Trp
 65           70           75           80
Asn Tyr His Ala Thr Gly Thr Asn Gly Ala Asp Met Ser Ala Gln Ala
           85           90           95
Pro Ala Thr Asn Asn Val Ala Pro Ser Ala Val Gln Ala Asn Gln Val
           100          105          110
Gln Ser Gln Glu Val Glu Ala Pro Gln Asn Ala Gln Thr Gln Gln Pro
           115          120          125
Gln Ala Ser Thr Ser Asn Asn Ser Gln Val Thr Ala Thr Pro Thr Glu
           130          135          140
Ser Lys Ser Ser Glu Gly Ser Ser Val Asn Val Asn Ala His Leu Lys
 145          150          155          160
Gln Ile Ala Gln Arg Glu Ser Gly Gly Asn Ile His Ala Val Asn Pro
           165          170          175
Thr Ser Gly Ala Ala Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Leu Gln Ser Thr Trp Asp
           180          185          190
Ser Val Ala Pro Ala Lys Tyr Lys Gly Val Ser Pro Ala Asn Ala Pro
           195          200          205
Glu Ser Val Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Val Lys Leu Tyr Asn Thr Gly Gly
 210          215          220
Ala Gly His Trp Val Thr Ala
 225          230

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 89

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 294

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 89

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Met Gly Val Lys Ser Val Lys Lys Ile Phe Val Ile Ile Thr Thr Leu
 1           5           10           15
Leu Ala Val Ala Ile Ile Ile Gly Ser Ile Ile Met Val Val Phe Ser
           20           25           30
Gln Arg Gln Ala Gln Thr Phe Lys Ile Gln Gln Gln Gln Phe Val Lys
           35           40           45
Lys Pro Ile Pro Thr Leu Phe Leu His Gly Phe Gly Gly Ser Ala Asn
           50           55           60
Ser Glu Lys Phe Met Val Lys Gln Ala Glu Lys Arg Gly Val Thr Lys

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65	70	75	80
Asp Ile Ile Thr Ala Tyr Val Ser Lys Asp Gly Ala Val Thr Phe Lys	85	90	95
Gly Lys Leu Arg Lys Asp Ala Val Asn Pro Ile Val Lys Ile Glu Leu	100	105	110
Glu Asn Asn Arg Gln Gly Tyr Leu Asp Lys Asn Ala Ala Trp Phe Lys	115	120	125
Asn Val Leu Thr Lys Leu Gln Ser Glu Tyr Asn Phe Asp Lys Phe Asn	130	135	140
Phe Val Gly His Ser Met Gly Asn Leu Thr Phe Ala Gln Tyr Met Met	145	150	155
Thr Tyr Gly Asn Asp Lys Ser Leu Pro Gln Leu Asn Lys Gln Val Asn	165	170	175
Ile Ala Gly Thr Phe Asn Gly Val Leu Asn Met Asn Glu Asp Val Asn	180	185	190
Glu Ile Thr Val Asp Lys Asp Gly Lys Pro Ser Arg Met Asn Gln Pro	195	200	205
Tyr Gln Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Lys Asp Ile Tyr Lys Gly Lys Gly Ile	210	215	220
Glu Val Leu Asn Ile Tyr Gly Asp Leu Lys Asp Gly Thr His Ser Asp	225	230	235
Gly Arg Val Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Lys Ser Leu Lys Tyr Leu Leu Gly	245	250	255
Asn Ser Pro Lys Ser Tyr Arg Glu Ser Lys Tyr Glu Gly Glu Pro Ala	260	265	270
Gln His Ser Gln Leu His Glu Asn Glu Asn Val Ala Asn Glu Leu Ile	275	280	285
Asp Phe Leu Trp Lys Lys	290		

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 90

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 807

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 90

Met Thr Tyr Arg Ile Lys Lys Trp Gln Lys Leu Ser Thr Ile Thr Leu	1	5	10	15
Leu Met Ala Gly Val Ile Thr Leu Asn Gly Gly Glu Phe Arg Ser Val	20	25	30	
Asp Lys His Gln Ile Ala Val Ala Asp Thr Asn Val Gln Thr Pro Asp	35	40	45	
Tyr Glu Lys Leu Arg Asn Thr Trp Leu Asp Val Asn Tyr Gly Tyr Asp	50	55	60	
Lys Tyr Asp Glu Asn Asn Pro Asp Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Asp Ala Thr	65	70	75	80
Glu Lys Glu Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Lys Glu Met Lys Thr Glu Ser Gly	85	90	95	
Arg Lys Tyr Leu Trp Ser Gly Ala Glu Thr Leu Glu Thr Asn Ser Ser	100	105	110	
His Met Thr Arg Thr Tyr Arg Asn Ile Glu Lys Ile Ala Glu Ala Met	115	120	125	

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Arg	Asn	Pro	Lys	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Lys	Val
	130					135					140				
Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Glu	Trp	Leu	His	Lys	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Glu	Pro
145					150					155					160
Asp	Lys	Lys	Val	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asn	Phe	Thr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Gly
				165					170					175	
Lys	Asn	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Trp	Trp	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Gly	Thr	Pro	Lys
			180					185					190		
Ser	Leu	Thr	Asn	Thr	Leu	Ile	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asp	Gln	Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu
		195					200					205			
Glu	Lys	Lys	Lys	Phe	Thr	Ala	Pro	Ile	Lys	Thr	Phe	Ala	Pro	Asp	Ser
	210					215					220				
Asp	Lys	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Gly	Lys	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gly
225					230					235					240
Asn	Leu	Val	Asp	Ile	Ser	Lys	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Glu	Cys	Ile	Ile	Glu
				245					250					255	
Glu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Met	Met	Lys	Lys	Ser	Ile	Asp	Ser	Phe	Asn	Lys	Val
			260					265					270		
Phe	Thr	Tyr	Val	Gln	Asp	Ser	Ala	Thr	Gly	Lys	Glu	Arg	Asn	Gly	Phe
		275					280					285			
Tyr	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Asp	His	Gln	Asp	Val	Pro	Tyr	Thr	Gly
	290					295					300				
Ala	Tyr	Gly	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ile	Ser	Gln	Met	Met	Pro	Met
305					310					315					320
Ile	Lys	Glu	Thr	Pro	Phe	Asn	Asp	Lys	Thr	Gln	Asn	Asp	Thr	Thr	Leu
				325					330					335	
Lys	Ser	Trp	Ile	Asp	Asp	Gly	Phe	Met	Pro	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Glu
			340					345					350		
Met	Met	Asp	Leu	Ser	Arg	Gly	Arg	Ala	Ile	Ser	Arg	Glu	Asn	Glu	Thr
		355					360					365			
Ser	His	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala	Thr	Val	Met	Lys	Ser	Leu	Leu	Arg	Leu	Ser
	370					375					380				
Asp	Ala	Met	Asp	Asp	Ser	Thr	Lys	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Ile	Val	Lys
385					390					395					400
Ser	Ser	Val	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Asn
				405					410					415	
Ser	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Ile	Asp	Lys	Met	Lys	Ser	Leu	Met	Thr	Asp	Asn	Ser
			420					425					430		
Ile	Ser	Lys	Asn	Gly	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Asp	Met
		435					440					445			
Asp	Arg	Val	Thr	Tyr	His	Asn	Lys	Asp	Leu	Asp	Phe	Ala	Phe	Gly	Leu
	450					455					460				
Ser	Met	Thr	Ser	Lys	Asn	Val	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Ile	Asn	Gly	Glu
465					470					475					480
Asn	Leu	Lys	Gly	Trp	His	Thr	Gly	Ala	Gly	Met	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Asn
				485					490					495	
Ser	Asp	Val	Lys	His	Tyr	His	Asp	Asn	Phe	Trp	Val	Thr	Ala	Asp	Met
			500					505					510		
Lys	Arg	Leu	Ser	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Asn	Glu	Ile	Leu	Lys	Asp
		515					520					525			
Thr	Asp	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ser	Ser	Lys	Thr	Phe	Val	Gly	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val



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Ile Gly Ser Thr Trp Gly Asn Ala Asn Asn Trp Ala Ala Ala Ala Gln
      85                               90                               95

Gly Ala Gly Phe Thr Val Asn His Thr Pro Ser Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu
      100                               105                               110

Gln Ser Ser Glu Gly Pro Phe Gly His Val Ala Tyr Val Glu Ser Val
      115                               120                               125

Asn Ser Asp Gly Ser Val Thr Ile Ser Glu Met Asn Tyr Ser Gly Gly
      130                               135                               140

Pro Phe Ser Val Ser Ser Arg Thr Ile Ser Ala Ser Glu Ala Gly Asn
      145                               150                               155                               160

Tyr Asn Tyr Ile His Ile
      165

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 92

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 516

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 92

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Met Lys Lys Lys Leu Gly Met Leu Leu Leu Val Pro Ala Val Thr Leu
 1      5      10      15

Ser Leu Ala Ala Cys Gly Asn Asp Asp Gly Lys Asp Lys Asp Gly Lys
 20     25     30

Val Thr Ile Lys Thr Thr Val Tyr Pro Leu Gln Ser Phe Ala Glu Gln
 35     40     45

Ile Gly Gly Lys His Val Lys Val Ser Ser Ile Tyr Pro Ala Gly Thr
 50     55     60

Asp Leu His Ser Tyr Glu Pro Thr Gln Lys Asp Ile Leu Ser Ala Ser
 65     70     75     80

Lys Ser Asp Leu Phe Met Tyr Thr Gly Asp Asn Leu Asp Pro Val Ala
 85     90     95

Lys Lys Val Ala Ser Thr Ile Lys Asp Lys Asp Lys Lys Leu Ser Leu
100    105    110

Glu Asp Lys Leu Asp Lys Ala Lys Leu Leu Thr Asp Gln His Glu His
115    120    125

Gly Glu Glu His Glu His Glu Gly His Asp His Glu Lys Glu Glu His
130    135    140

His His His His Gly Gly Tyr Asp Pro His Val Trp Leu Asp Pro Lys
145    150    155    160

Ile Asn Gln Thr Phe Ala Lys Glu Ile Lys Asp Glu Leu Val Lys Lys
165    170    175

Asp Pro Lys His Lys Asp Asp Tyr Glu Lys Asn Tyr Lys Lys Leu Asn
180    185    190

Asp Asp Leu Lys Lys Ile Asp Asn Asp Met Lys Gln Val Thr Lys Asp
195    200    205

Lys Gln Gly Asn Ala Val Phe Ile Ser His Glu Ser Ile Gly Tyr Leu
210    215    220

Ala Asp Cys Tyr Gly Phe Val Gln Lys Gly Ile Gln Asn Met Asn Ala
225    230    235    240

Glu Asp Pro Ser Gln Lys Glu Leu Thr Lys Ile Val Lys Glu Ile Arg
245    250    255

Asp Ser Asn Ala Lys Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Glu Asp Asn Val Ala Asn Lys
260    265    270

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100	105	110
Thr Lys Asp Ser Asn Val Asp Leu Ile Asn Tyr Leu Pro Lys Asn Lys		
115	120	125
Ile Asp Ser Ala Asp Val Ser Gln Lys Leu Gly Tyr Asn Ile Gly Gly		
130	135	140
Asn Phe Gln Ser Ala Pro Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Phe Asn Tyr		
145	150	155
Ser Lys Thr Ile Ser Tyr Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Val Thr Glu Val Glu		
165	170	175
Ser Gln Asn Ser Lys Gly Val Lys Trp Gly Val Lys Ala Asn Ser Phe		
180	185	190
Val Thr Pro Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Ala Tyr Asp Gln Tyr Leu Phe Ala		
195	200	205
Gln Asp Pro Thr Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Asp Tyr Phe Val Pro Asp Asn		
210	215	220
Gln Leu Pro Pro Leu Ile Gln Ser Gly Phe Asn Pro Ser Phe Ile Thr		
225	230	235
Thr Leu Ser His Glu Arg Gly Lys Gly Asp Lys Ser Glu Phe Glu Ile		
245	250	255
Thr Tyr Gly Arg Asn Met Asp Ala Thr Tyr Ala Tyr Val Thr Arg His		
260	265	270
Arg Leu Ala Val Asp Arg Lys His Asp Ala Phe Lys Asn Arg Asn Val		
275	280	285
Thr Val Lys Tyr Glu Val Asn Trp Lys Thr His Glu Val Lys Ile Lys		
290	295	300
Ser Ile Thr Pro Lys		
305		

<210> SEQ ID NO 94  
 <211> LENGTH: 532  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 94

Met Arg Lys Leu Thr Lys Met Ser Ala Met Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly Leu															
1			5				10						15		
Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Gly Gly Asn Lys Gly Leu Glu Glu Lys Lys Glu															
20						25							30		
Asn Lys Gln Leu Thr Tyr Thr Thr Val Lys Asp Ile Gly Asp Met Asn															
35						40							45		
Pro His Val Tyr Gly Gly Ser Met Ser Ala Glu Ser Met Ile Tyr Glu															
50						55							60		
Pro Leu Val Arg Asn Thr Lys Asp Gly Ile Lys Pro Leu Leu Ala Lys															
65						70							75		80
Lys Trp Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Gly Lys Thr Tyr Thr Phe His Leu Arg															
85															95
Asp Asp Val Lys Phe His Asp Gly Thr Pro Phe Asp Ala Asp Ala Val															
100															110
Lys Lys Asn Ile Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Asn Lys Lys Leu His Ser Trp															
115						120									125
Leu Lys Ile Ser Thr Leu Ile Asp Asn Val Lys Val Lys Asp Lys Tyr															
130						135									140

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Thr	Val	Glu	Leu	Asn	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Pro	Ala	Leu	Ala	Glu	145	150	155	160
Leu	Ala	Met	Pro	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Val	Phe	Val	Ser	Pro	Lys	Asp	Phe	Lys	165	170	175	
Asn	Gly	Thr	Thr	Lys	Asp	Gly	Val	Lys	Lys	Phe	Asp	Gly	Thr	Gly	Pro	180	185	190	
Phe	Lys	Leu	Gly	Glu	His	Lys	Lys	Asp	Glu	Ser	Ala	Asp	Phe	Asn	Lys	195	200	205	
Asn	Asp	Gln	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Glu	Lys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Lys	Val	Gln	Ala	210	215	220	
Lys	Val	Met	Pro	Ala	Gly	Glu	Thr	Ala	Phe	Leu	Ser	Met	Lys	Lys	Gly	225	230	235	240
Glu	Thr	Asn	Phe	Ala	Phe	Thr	Asp	Asp	Arg	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ser	Leu	Asp	245	250	255	
Lys	Asp	Ser	Leu	Lys	Gln	Leu	Lys	Asp	Thr	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Val	Lys	260	265	270	
Arg	Ser	Gln	Pro	Met	Asn	Thr	Lys	Met	Leu	Val	Val	Asn	Ser	Gly	Lys	275	280	285	
Lys	Asp	Asn	Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val	Arg	Gln	Ala	Ile	Gly	His	290	295	300	
Met	Val	Asn	Arg	Asp	Lys	Ile	Ala	Lys	Glu	Ile	Leu	Asp	Gly	Gln	Glu	305	310	315	320
Lys	Pro	Ala	Thr	Gln	Leu	Phe	Ala	Lys	Asn	Val	Thr	Asp	Ile	Asn	Phe	325	330	335	
Asp	Met	Pro	Thr	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ala	Glu	Ser	Leu	Leu	340	345	350	
Asp	Glu	Ala	Gly	Trp	Lys	Lys	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ser	Asp	Val	Arg	Gln	Lys	355	360	365	
Asp	Gly	Lys	Asn	Leu	Glu	Met	Ala	Met	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Gly	Ser	Ser	370	375	380	
Ser	Gln	Lys	Glu	Gln	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Ala	Glu	Phe	Lys	Lys	Met	385	390	395	400
Gly	Ile	Lys	Leu	Asn	Ile	Asn	Gly	Glu	Thr	Ser	Asp	Lys	Ile	Ala	Glu	405	410	415	
Arg	Arg	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Met	Phe	Asn	Gln	Thr	Trp	Gly	420	425	430	
Leu	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Gln	Ser	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ala	Phe	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asn	435	440	445	
Gly	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Ala	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ile	Glu	Asn	Lys	Asp	Lys	Ile	Tyr	450	455	460	
Asn	Ser	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ala	Phe	Lys	Ile	Gln	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Arg	Ser	465	470	475	480
Asp	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Ile	Leu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Asp	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ile	Phe	485	490	495	
Ile	Pro	Ile	Ser	His	Gly	Ser	Met	Thr	Val	Val	Ala	Pro	Lys	Asp	Leu	500	505	510	
Glu	Lys	Val	Ser	Phe	Thr	Gln	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Pro	Phe	Asn	Glu	515	520	525	
Met	Gln	Tyr	Lys	530															

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<210> SEQ ID NO 95
<211> LENGTH: 264
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 95

Met Ile His Ser Lys Lys Leu Thr Leu Gly Ile Cys Leu Val Leu Leu
1           5           10           15

Ile Ile Leu Ile Val Gly Tyr Val Ile Met Thr Lys Thr Asn Gly Arg
20           25           30

Asn Ala Gln Ile Lys Asp Thr Phe Asn Gln Thr Leu Lys Leu Tyr Pro
35           40           45

Thr Lys Asn Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Asp Lys Glu Gly Phe Arg Asp Gln
50           55           60

Glu Phe Lys Lys Gly Asp Lys Gly Thr Trp Ile Val Asn Ser Glu Met
65           70           75           80

Val Ile Glu Pro Lys Gly Lys Asp Met Glu Thr Arg Gly Met Val Leu
85           90           95

Tyr Ile Asn Arg Asn Thr Arg Thr Thr Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Phe Ile Ser
100          105          110

Glu Met Thr Asp Asp Ser Asn Gly Arg Pro Lys Asp Asp Glu Lys Arg
115          120          125

Tyr Pro Val Lys Met Glu His Asn Lys Ile Ile Pro Thr Lys Pro Leu
130          135          140

Pro Asn Asp Lys Leu Lys Lys Glu Ile Glu Asn Phe Lys Phe Phe Val
145          150          155          160

Gln Tyr Gly Asn Phe Lys Asp Ile Asn Asp Tyr Lys Asp Gly Asp Ile
165          170          175

Ser Tyr Asn Pro Asn Val Pro Ser Tyr Ser Ala Lys Tyr Gln Leu Asn
180          185          190

Asn Asp Asp Tyr Asn Val Gln Gln Leu Arg Lys Arg Tyr Asp Ile Pro
195          200          205

Thr Lys Gln Ala Pro Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Gly Asp Gly Asp Leu Lys
210          215          220

Gly Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Arg Ser Leu Glu Phe Thr Phe Val Glu Asn
225          230          235          240

Lys Glu Glu Asn Ile Tyr Phe Thr Asp Ser Val Gln Tyr Thr Pro Ser
245          250          255

Glu Asp Thr Arg Tyr Glu Ser Asn
260

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<210> SEQ ID NO 96
<211> LENGTH: 261
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 96

Met Ile His Ser Lys Lys Leu Thr Leu Gly Ile Cys Leu Val Leu Leu
1           5           10           15

Ile Ile Leu Ile Gly Gly Cys Val Ile Met Thr Lys Thr Asn Gly Arg
20           25           30

Asn Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Asn Phe Asn Lys Thr Leu Ser Val Tyr Leu
35           40           45

Thr Lys Asn Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Asp Lys Glu Gly Phe Arg Asp Gln

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Lys Val Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys Val Glu Ile Asp Gly Asp Ser Asn Lys  
 145 150 155 160  
 Tyr Val Tyr Asn Val Glu Leu Ile Thr Val Thr Pro Glu Ile Ser His  
 165 170 175  
 Trp Lys Val Lys Ile Asp Ala Gln Thr Gly Glu Ile Leu Glu Lys Met  
 180 185 190  
 Asn Leu Val Lys Glu Ala Ala Glu Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Gly Val Leu  
 195 200 205  
 Gly Asp Thr Lys Asp Ile Asn Ile Asn Ser Ile Asp Gly Gly Phe Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Leu Glu Asp Leu Thr His Gln Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Phe Ser Phe Asn  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asp Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala Thr Leu Ile Thr Asn Glu Asp Glu Asn Phe  
 245 250 255  
 Val Lys Asp Glu Gln Arg Ala Gly Val Asp Ala Asn Tyr Tyr Ala Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Gln Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Thr Phe Gly Arg Glu Ser Tyr Asp  
 275 280 285  
 Asn Gln Gly Ser Pro Ile Val Ser Leu Thr His Val Asn Asn Tyr Gly  
 290 295 300  
 Gly Gln Asp Asn Arg Asn Asn Ala Ala Trp Ile Gly Asp Lys Met Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Tyr Gly Asp Gly Asp Gly Arg Thr Phe Thr Ser Leu Ser Gly Ala Asn  
 325 330 335  
 Asp Val Val Ala His Glu Leu Thr His Gly Val Thr Gln Glu Thr Ala  
 340 345 350  
 Asn Leu Glu Tyr Lys Asp Gln Ser Gly Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Phe Ser  
 355 360 365  
 Asp Val Phe Gly Tyr Phe Val Asp Asp Glu Asp Phe Leu Met Gly Glu  
 370 375 380  
 Asp Val Tyr Thr Pro Gly Lys Glu Gly Asp Ala Leu Arg Ser Met Ser  
 385 390 395 400  
 Asn Pro Glu Gln Phe Gly Gln Pro Ala His Met Lys Asp Tyr Val Phe  
 405 410 415  
 Thr Glu Lys Asp Asn Gly Gly Val His Thr Asn Ser Gly Ile Pro Asn  
 420 425 430  
 Lys Ala Ala Tyr Asn Val Ile Gln Ala Ile Gly Lys Ser Lys Ser Glu  
 435 440 445  
 Gln Ile Tyr Tyr Arg Ala Leu Thr Glu Tyr Leu Thr Ser Asn Ser Asn  
 450 455 460  
 Phe Lys Asp Cys Lys Asp Ala Leu Tyr Gln Ala Ala Lys Asp Leu Tyr  
 465 470 475 480  
 Asp Glu Gln Thr Ala Glu Gln Val Tyr Glu Ala Trp Asn Glu Val Gly  
 485 490 495  
 Val Glu

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 98

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 680

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 98

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Met	Lys	Ser	Gln	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Arg	Lys	Phe	Ser	Val	Gly	Ala
1				5					10					15	
Ser	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ile	Ala	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gln	Ala
			20					25					30		
Gln	Ala	Ala	Glu	Lys	Gln	Val	Asn	Met	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Asp	Thr
		35					40					45			
Val	Thr	Ala	Gln	Ser	Ile	Gly	Asp	Gln	Gln	Thr	Arg	Glu	Asn	Ala	Asn
	50					55					60				
Tyr	Gln	Arg	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Asp	Glu	Gln	Gln	His	Thr	Glu	Asn	Leu
65					70					75					80
Thr	Lys	Asn	Leu	His	Asn	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Glu	Glu	Asn	His	Arg
				85					90					95	
Lys	Thr	Asp	Asp	Leu	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Leu	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ser
			100					105					110		
Ser	Leu	Asn	Asn	Lys	Asn	Ile	Gln	Arg	Asp	Thr	Thr	Lys	Asn	Asn	Asn
		115					120					125			
Ala	Asn	Pro	Ser	Asp	Val	Asn	Gln	Gly	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ala	Ile	Asn	Asp
		130					135					140			
Gly	Lys	Gln	Ser	Lys	Val	Ala	Ser	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ala	Asp
145					150					155					160
Asn	Ser	Gln	Asp	Ser	Asn	Ala	Asn	Asn	Asn	Leu	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Arg
				165					170					175	
Ile	Lys	Glu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asn	Lys	Leu	Asp	Gln	Thr	Ser	Gln	Arg
			180					185					190		
Glu	Ile	Val	Asn	Glu	Thr	Glu	Ile	Glu	Lys	Val	Gln	Pro	Gln	Gln	Asn
		195					200					205			
Asn	Gln	Ala	Asn	Asp	Lys	Ile	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Asn	Asn	Glu	Gln
		210					215				220				
Glu	Val	Lys	Pro	Gln	Lys	Asp	Glu	Lys	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val	Ser	Asp	Leu
225					230					235					240
Lys	Asn	Asn	Gln	Lys	Ser	Pro	Val	Glu	Pro	Thr	Lys	Asp	Asn	Asp	Lys
				245					250					255	
Lys	Asn	Gly	Leu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ala	Val	Ala	Thr	Leu	Pro
			260					265					270		
Asn	Lys	Gly	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Ala	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Thr
		275					280					285			
Asn	Lys	Val	Ala	Lys	Gln	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Asp	Pro	Ile	Val
		290				295					300				
Leu	Val	His	Gly	Phe	Asn	Gly	Phe	Thr	Asp	Asp	Ile	Asn	Pro	Ser	Val
305					310					315					320
Leu	Ala	His	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Lys	Met	Asn	Ile	Arg	Gln	Asp	Leu
				325					330					335	
Glu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly
			340					345					350		
Ser	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Arg	Ala	Val	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Gly	Gly
		355					360					365			
Arg	Val	Asp	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Ala	His	Ala	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Gly	His	Glu	Arg
		370				375					380				
Tyr	Gly	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Glu	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Trp	Lys	Pro	Gly	Gln
385					390					395					400
Lys	Val	His	Leu	Val	Gly	His	Ser	Met	Gly	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ile	Arg	Gln

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405				410				415							
Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Arg	Asn	Gly	Asn	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Tyr	Gln
			420							425				430	
Lys	Lys	His	Gly	Gly	Glu	Ile	Ser	Pro	Leu	Phe	Lys	Gly	Asn	His	Asp
		435					440					445			
Asn	Met	Ile	Ser	Ser	Ile	Thr	Thr	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	His	Asn	Gly	Thr
	450					455					460				
His	Ala	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ala	Gly	Asn	Glu	Ala	Leu	Val	Arg	Gln	Ile	Val
465					470					475					480
Phe	Asp	Ile	Gly	Lys	Met	Phe	Gly	Asn	Lys	Asn	Ser	Arg	Val	Asp	Phe
			485						490					495	
Gly	Leu	Ala	Gln	Trp	Gly	Leu	Lys	Gln	Lys	Pro	Asn	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Ile
			500						505					510	
Asp	Tyr	Val	Lys	Arg	Val	Lys	Gln	Ser	Asn	Leu	Trp	Lys	Ser	Lys	Asp
		515					520					525			
Asn	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Arg	Glu	Gly	Ala	Thr	Asp	Leu	Asn	Arg
	530					535					540				
Lys	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asn	Pro	Asn	Ile	Val	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Glu
545					550					555					560
Ala	Thr	His	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asn	Ser	Asp	Arg	Gln	Lys	Ala	Asp	Leu	Asn
			565						570					575	
Met	Phe	Phe	Pro	Phe	Val	Ile	Thr	Gly	Asn	Leu	Ile	Gly	Lys	Ala	Thr
		580							585				590		
Glu	Lys	Glu	Trp	Arg	Glu	Asn	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Ser	Val	Ile	Ser	Ser
		595					600					605			
Gln	His	Pro	Phe	Asn	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Ala	Thr	Asp	Lys	Ile	Gln
	610					615					620				
Lys	Gly	Ile	Trp	Gln	Val	Thr	Pro	Thr	Lys	His	Asp	Trp	Asp	His	Val
625					630					635					640
Asp	Phe	Val	Gly	Gln	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asp	Thr	Val	Arg	Thr	Arg	Glu	Glu
			645						650					655	
Leu	Gln	Asp	Phe	Trp	His	His	Leu	Ala	Asp	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Thr	Glu
		660							665					670	
Lys	Leu	Thr	Asp	Thr	Lys	Gln	Ala								
		675					680								

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 99

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 328

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 99

Met	Lys	Lys	Cys	Ile	Lys	Thr	Leu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Leu	Val	Val
1			5						10					15	
Met	Ser	Gly	Trp	Tyr	His	Ser	Ala	His	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Leu	Ser	Lys
		20						25					30		
Ser	Pro	Glu	Asn	Trp	Met	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asp	Asp	Gly	Lys	His	Leu	Thr
		35					40					45			
Glu	Ile	Asn	Ile	Pro	Gly	Ser	His	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Phe	Thr	Leu	Lys
	50					55					60				
Asp	Pro	Val	Lys	Ser	Val	Trp	Ala	Lys	Thr	Gln	Asp	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Leu
65					70					75					80

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Thr Gln Met Lys Ser Gly Val Arg Phe Phe Asp Ile Arg Gly Arg Ala  
 85 90 95  
 Ser Ala Asp Asn Met Ile Ser Val His His Gly Met Val Tyr Leu His  
 100 105 110  
 His Glu Leu Gly Lys Phe Leu Asp Asp Ala Lys Tyr Tyr Leu Ser Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Tyr Pro Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Met Ser Met Lys Lys Asp Tyr Asp Ser  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Ser Lys Val Thr Lys Thr Phe Glu Glu Ile Phe Arg Glu Tyr Tyr  
 145 150 155 160  
 Tyr Asn Asn Pro Gln Tyr Gln Asn Leu Phe Tyr Thr Gly Ser Asn Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Asn Pro Thr Leu Lys Glu Thr Lys Gly Lys Ile Val Leu Phe Asn Arg  
 180 185 190  
 Met Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ile Lys Ser Gly Tyr Gly Ala Asp Thr Ser Gly  
 195 200 205  
 Ile Gln Trp Ala Asp Asn Ala Thr Phe Glu Thr Lys Ile Asn Asn Gly  
 210 215 220  
 Ser Leu Asn Leu Lys Val Gln Asp Glu Tyr Lys Asp Tyr Tyr Asp Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Lys Val Glu Ala Val Lys Asn Leu Leu Ala Lys Ala Lys Thr Asp Ser  
 245 250 255  
 Asn Lys Asp Asn Val Tyr Val Asn Phe Leu Ser Val Ala Ser Gly Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Ser Ala Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Asn Tyr Ala Ser His Ile Asn Pro Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Ile Ala Lys Thr Leu Lys Ala Asn Gly Lys Ala Arg Thr Gly Trp Leu  
 290 295 300  
 Ile Val Asp Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Thr Trp Pro Gly Tyr Asp Asp Ile Val  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ser Glu Ile Ile Asp Ser Asn Lys  
 325

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 100

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 257

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 100

Met Lys Ala His Lys Ile Phe Trp Leu Asn Leu Ala Ala Ile Ile Ile  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ile Ser Ile Val Val Ser Gly Asp Met Phe Leu Ala Met Lys Trp Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Gln Ile His Leu Lys Asp Gly Leu Lys Lys Val Leu Ser Thr Tyr Pro  
 35 40 45  
 Ile Lys Asn Leu Glu Thr Leu Tyr Glu Ile Asp Gly His Asp Asn Pro  
 50 55 60  
 His Tyr Glu Asn Asn Asp Gln Asp Thr Trp Tyr Ile Glu Ser Ser Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ser Val Val Gly Ser Asp Glu Leu Leu Lys Glu Asp Arg Met Leu Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Lys Val Asp Lys Asn Thr His Lys Ile Thr Gly Glu Tyr Asp Thr Thr  
 100 105 110

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Thr Asn Asp Arg Lys Asn Ala Thr Asp Ser Thr Tyr Lys Ser Tyr Pro
  115                               120                               125
Val Lys Val Val Asn Asn Lys Ile Val Phe Thr Lys Asp Val Lys Asp
  130                               135                               140
Pro Ala Leu Lys Gln Lys Ile Glu Asn Asn Gln Phe Leu Ile Gln Ser
  145                               150                               155                               160
Gly Asp Leu Thr Ser Ile Leu Asn Ser Asn Asp Leu Lys Val Thr His
                               165                               170                               175
Asp Pro Thr Thr Asp Tyr Tyr Asn Leu Ser Gly Lys Leu Ser Asn Asp
                               180                               185                               190
Asn Pro Asn Val Lys Gln Leu Lys Arg Arg Tyr Asn Ile Pro Lys Asn
                               195                               200                               205
Ala Ser Thr Lys Val Glu Leu Lys Gly Met Ser Asp Leu Lys Gly Asn
  210                               215                               220
Asn His Gln Asp Gln Lys Leu Tyr Phe Tyr Phe Ser Ser Pro Gly Lys
  225                               230                               235                               240
Asp Gln Ile Ile Tyr Lys Glu Ser Leu Thr Tyr Asn Lys Ile Ser Glu
                               245                               250                               255

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His

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<210> SEQ ID NO 101
<211> LENGTH: 423
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 101

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Met Ser Lys Ile Leu Lys Cys Ile Thr Leu Ala Val Val Met Leu Leu
  1           5           10           15
Ile Val Thr Ala Cys Gly Pro Asn Arg Ser Lys Glu Asp Ile Asp Lys
  20           25           30
Ala Leu Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Asp Lys Pro Asn Gln Leu Thr Met
  35           40           45
Trp Val Asp Gly Asp Lys Gln Met Ala Phe Tyr Lys Lys Ile Thr Asp
  50           55           60
Gln Tyr Thr Lys Lys Thr Gly Ile Lys Val Lys Leu Val Asn Ile Gly
  65           70           75           80
Gln Asn Asp Gln Leu Glu Asn Ile Ser Leu Asp Ala Pro Ala Gly Lys
  85           90           95
Gly Pro Asp Ile Phe Phe Leu Ala His Asp Asn Thr Gly Ser Ala Tyr
  100          105          110
Leu Gln Gly Leu Ala Ala Glu Ile Lys Leu Ser Lys Asp Glu Leu Lys
  115          120          125
Gly Phe Asn Lys Gln Ala Leu Lys Ala Met Asn Tyr Asp Asn Lys Gln
  130          135          140
Leu Ala Leu Pro Ala Ile Val Glu Thr Thr Ala Leu Phe Tyr Asn Lys
  145          150          155          160
Lys Leu Val Lys Asn Ala Pro Gln Thr Leu Glu Glu Val Glu Ala Asn
  165          170          175
Ala Ala Lys Leu Thr Asp Ser Lys Lys Lys Gln Tyr Gly Met Leu Phe
  180          185          190
Asp Ala Lys Asn Phe Tyr Phe Asn Tyr Pro Phe Leu Phe Gly Asn Asp
  195          200          205

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Asp Tyr Ile Phe Lys Lys Asn Gly Ser Glu Tyr Asp Ile His Gln Leu  
 210 215 220  
 Gly Leu Asn Ser Lys His Val Val Lys Asn Ala Glu Arg Leu Gln Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Trp Tyr Asp Lys Gly Tyr Leu Pro Lys Ala Ala Thr His Asp Val Met  
 245 250 255  
 Ile Gly Leu Phe Lys Glu Gly Lys Val Gly Gln Phe Val Thr Gly Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Trp Asn Ile Asn Glu Tyr Gln Glu Thr Phe Gly Lys Asp Leu Gly Val  
 275 280 285  
 Thr Thr Leu Pro Thr Asp Gly Gly Lys Pro Met Lys Pro Phe Leu Gly  
 290 295 300  
 Val Arg Gly Trp Tyr Leu Ser Glu Tyr Ser Lys His Lys Tyr Trp Ala  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Asp Leu Met Leu Tyr Ile Thr Ser Lys Asp Thr Leu Gln Lys Tyr  
 325 330 335  
 Thr Asp Glu Met Ser Glu Ile Thr Gly Arg Val Asp Val Lys Ser Ser  
 340 345 350  
 Asn Pro Asn Leu Lys Val Phe Glu Lys Gln Ala Arg His Ala Glu Pro  
 355 360 365  
 Met Pro Asn Ile Pro Glu Met Arg Gln Val Trp Glu Pro Met Gly Asn  
 370 375 380  
 Ala Ser Ile Phe Ile Ser Asn Gly Lys Asn Pro Lys Gln Ala Leu Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Glu Ala Thr Asn Asp Ile Thr Gln Asn Ile Lys Ile Leu His Pro Ser  
 405 410 415  
 Gln Asn Asp Lys Lys Gly Asp  
 420

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 102

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 560

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 102

Met Leu Ile Thr Ala Ala Met Val Cys Ser Phe Gly Leu Leu Lys Ser  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gln Ala Ala Glu Gln Gln Ser Ile Ser Asp Val Tyr Ser Val Ile Thr  
 20 25 30  
 Asp Ala Lys Ser Ala Leu Ser Asn Asn Ser Ile Ser Asn Asp Asn Lys  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Lys Ala Ile Glu Gln Val Val Ser Ala Val Lys Lys Leu Ser Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Asp Asn Ser Glu Ser Asn Ala Val Lys Ser Asp Val Arg Lys Leu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Asp Ala Lys Ala Asn Asp Asn Gln Lys Asp Thr Leu Ser Gln Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Lys Ser Leu Ile Ala Tyr Glu Glu Lys Leu Ala Ser Lys Asp Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Ser Lys Ile Lys Leu Leu Gln Gln Gln Val Asp Ala Lys Asp Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Ala Met Thr Lys Ala Ile Lys Asp Lys Asn Lys Ala Glu Leu Glu Ser

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130			135			140									
Leu	Asn	Asn	Ser	Leu	Asn	Gln	Ile	Trp	Thr	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Val	Ile
145				150						155				160	
Arg	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Asn	Gln	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Ile	Glu	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu
			165						170					175	
Gln	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ala	Ile	His	Lys	Ser	Pro	Leu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Lys	Val
		180						185					190		
Ser	His	Ala	Trp	Thr	Thr	Phe	Lys	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asp	His	Val	Asp	Lys
		195					200				205				
Lys	Ser	Asn	Thr	Ser	Ala	Asn	Asp	Gln	Tyr	His	Val	Ser	Gln	Leu	Asn
	210					215					220				
Asp	Ala	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ala	Ile	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gln	Leu	Ser
225					230						235			240	
Asp	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ala	Leu	Thr	His	Phe	Ile	Glu	Thr	Trp	Pro	Tyr	Val
			245							250				255	
Glu	Gly	Gln	Ile	Gln	Thr	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Ile	Glu
		260						265						270	
Asp	Lys	Ile	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Val	Leu	Asp	Glu	His	Asn	Lys	Ala
		275					280						285		
His	Val	Lys	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Asp	Leu	Asn	Asn	Gln	Ile	Lys	Glu	Val
	290				295						300				
Val	Gly	His	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Val	Asp	Val	Met	Ile	Ile	Phe	Leu	Arg
305					310					315				320	
Glu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Thr	Leu	Thr	Thr	Met	Thr
			325						330					335	
Arg	Asn	Val	Lys	Asp	Lys	Lys	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val	Ile	Gly	Gly	Ala
			340					345						350	
Ile	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Leu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Leu	Ala	Ile	Thr	Phe	Val	Glu
		355					360						365		
Thr	Leu	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ile	Leu	Arg	Glu	Ser	Met	Glu	Ala	Gly	Leu
	370				375						380				
Gly	Ile	Val	Ala	Val	Ile	Leu	Met	Phe	Ile	Val	Gly	Val	Trp	Met	His
385					390					395				400	
Lys	Arg	Ser	Asn	Ala	Lys	Arg	Trp	Asn	Asp	Met	Ile	Lys	Asn	Met	Tyr
			405						410					415	
Ala	Asn	Ala	Ile	Ser	Asn	Gly	Asn	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ile	Gly
			420					425						430	
Leu	Ile	Ser	Val	Leu	Arg	Glu	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	Ile	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Met
		435					440						445		
Gly	Met	Ile	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ala	Thr	Lys	Asp	Phe	Ile	Ile	Gly	Ile	Ala
	450				455						460				
Leu	Ala	Ile	Val	Ile	Leu	Ile	Ile	Phe	Ala	Leu	Leu	Phe	Arg	Phe	Ile
465					470					475				480	
Val	Lys	Leu	Ile	Pro	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Ile	Phe	Arg	Val	Leu	Ser	Ile	Phe
			485						490					495	
Ile	Phe	Ile	Met	Gly	Phe	Lys	Met	Leu	Gly	Val	Ser	Ile	Gln	Lys	Leu
			500					505						510	
Gln	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ala	Met	Pro	Arg	His	Val	Ile	Glu	Gly	Phe	Pro	Thr
		515						520						525	
Ile	Asn	Trp	Leu	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Pro	Leu	Ile	Ala	Gln
	530						535							540	

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Gly Ala Tyr Ile Met Val Val Ala Ile Leu Ile Phe Lys Phe Lys Lys  
545 550 555 560

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 103

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 334

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 103

Met Gln Lys Lys Val Leu Ala Ala Ile Ile Gly Thr Ser Ala Ile Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ala Val Ala Ala Thr Gln Ala Asn Ala Ala Thr Thr His Thr Val Lys  
20 25 30

Pro Gly Glu Ser Val Trp Ala Ile Ser Asn Lys Tyr Gly Ile Ser Ile  
35 40 45

Ala Lys Leu Lys Ser Leu Asn Asn Leu Thr Ser Asn Leu Ile Phe Pro  
50 55 60

Asn Gln Val Leu Lys Val Ser Gly Ser Ser Asn Ser Thr Ser Asn Ser  
65 70 75 80

Ser Arg Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Thr Val Gln  
85 90 95

Ala Gly Asp Ser Leu Ser Leu Ile Ala Ser Lys Tyr Gly Thr Thr Tyr  
100 105 110

Gln Asn Ile Met Arg Leu Asn Gly Leu Asn Asn Phe Phe Ile Tyr Pro  
115 120 125

Gly Gln Lys Leu Lys Val Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala  
130 135 140

Ser Asn Ser Ser Arg Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Tyr Tyr  
145 150 155 160

Thr Val Gln Ala Gly Asp Ser Leu Ser Leu Ile Ala Ser Lys Tyr Gly  
165 170 175

Thr Thr Tyr Gln Lys Ile Met Ser Leu Asn Gly Leu Asn Asn Phe Phe  
180 185 190

Ile Tyr Pro Gly Gln Lys Leu Lys Val Thr Gly Asn Ala Ser Thr Asn  
195 200 205

Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr Thr Thr Asn Arg Gly Tyr Asn Thr Pro Val Phe  
210 215 220

Ser His Gln Asn Leu Tyr Thr Trp Gly Gln Cys Thr Tyr His Val Phe  
225 230 235 240

Asn Arg Arg Ala Glu Ile Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Thr Tyr Trp Trp Asn  
245 250 255

Ala Asn Asn Trp Asp Asn Ala Ala Ala Ala Asp Gly Tyr Thr Ile Asp  
260 265 270

Asn Arg Pro Thr Val Gly Ser Ile Ala Gln Thr Asp Val Gly Tyr Tyr  
275 280 285

Gly His Val Met Phe Val Glu Arg Val Asn Asn Asp Gly Ser Ile Leu  
290 295 300

Val Ser Glu Met Asn Tyr Ser Ala Ala Pro Gly Ile Leu Thr Tyr Arg  
305 310 315 320

Thr Val Pro Ala Tyr Gln Val Asn Asn Tyr Arg Tyr Ile His  
325 330

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<210> SEQ ID NO 104
<211> LENGTH: 279
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 104

Met Lys Lys Ser Leu Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser Val Leu Ala Phe Leu
 1           5           10           15

Ala Leu Asn Asn Ala Ala His Ala Gln Gln His Gly Thr Gln Val Lys
           20           25           30

Thr Pro Val Gln His Asn Tyr Val Ser Asn Val Gln Ala Gln Thr Gln
           35           40           45

Ser Pro Thr Thr Tyr Thr Val Val Ala Gly Asp Ser Leu Tyr Lys Ile
           50           55           60

Ala Leu Glu His His Leu Thr Leu Asn Gln Leu Tyr Ser Tyr Asn Pro
 65           70           75           80

Gly Val Thr Pro Leu Ile Phe Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Leu Val Pro
           85           90           95

Gln Asn Lys Val Lys Gln Thr Lys Ala Val Lys Ser Pro Val Arg Lys
           100          105          110

Ala Ser Gln Ala Lys Lys Val Val Lys Gln Pro Val Gln Gln Ala Ser
           115          120          125

Lys Lys Val Val Val Lys Gln Ala Pro Lys Gln Ala Val Thr Lys Thr
           130          135          140

Val Asn Val Ala Tyr Lys Pro Ala Gln Val Gln Lys Ser Val Pro Thr
 145          150          155          160

Val Pro Val Ala His Asn Tyr Asn Lys Ser Val Ala Asn Arg Gly Asn
           165          170          175

Leu Tyr Ala Tyr Gly Asn Cys Thr Tyr Tyr Ala Phe Asp Arg Arg Ala
           180          185          190

Gln Leu Gly Arg Ser Ile Gly Ser Leu Trp Gly Asn Ala Asn Asn Trp
           195          200          205

Asn Tyr Ala Ala Lys Val Ala Gly Phe Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Pro Glu
 210          215          220

Val Gly Ala Ile Phe Gln Thr Ala Ala Gly Pro Tyr Gly His Val Gly
 225          230          235          240

Val Val Glu Ser Val Asn Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile Thr Val Ser Glu Met
           245          250          255

Asn Tyr Ala Gly Phe Asn Val Lys Ser Ser Arg Thr Ile Leu Asn Pro
           260          265          270

Gly Lys Tyr Asn Tyr Ile His
           275

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<210> SEQ ID NO 105
<211> LENGTH: 346
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 105

Met Ile Ile Ala Ile Ile Ile Leu Ile Phe Ile Ser Phe Phe Ser
 1           5           10           15

Gly Ser Glu Thr Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Asn Lys Thr Lys Phe Lys Thr
           20           25           30

Glu Ala Asp Lys Gly Asp Lys Lys Ala Lys Gly Ile Val Lys Leu Leu

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Lys Gly Thr Leu Ile Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Glu Ser Asn Lys Tyr Tyr  
 50 55 60  
 Pro Ile Tyr Gly Ser Ser Glu Leu Gly Lys Asp Asp Pro Phe Asn Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ala Ile Ala Leu Asn Lys His Asn Ala Asn Lys Lys Ala Phe Leu Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Thr Asp Leu Ile Asn Ala Val Glu Leu Ala Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Gln Tyr Asp Lys Leu Lys Gly Lys Lys Leu Thr Phe Ile Ile Ser Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Gln Trp Phe Thr Asn His Gly Leu Thr Asn Gln Asn Phe Asp Ala Arg  
 130 135 140  
 Met Ser Gln Thr Gln Ile Asn Gln Met Phe Gln Gln Lys Asn Met Ser  
 145 150 155 160  
 Thr Glu Leu Lys Arg Arg Tyr Ala Gln Arg Leu Leu Gln Phe Pro His  
 165 170 175  
 Val His Asn Lys Glu Tyr Leu Lys Ser Tyr Ala Lys Asn Pro Lys Glu  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Lys Asp Ser Tyr Ile Ser Gly Phe Lys Glu Asn Gln Leu Ile Lys  
 195 200 205  
 Ile Glu Ala Ile Lys Ser Leu Phe Ala Met Asp Lys Ser Pro Leu Glu  
 210 215 220  
 His Val Lys Pro Ala Thr Lys Pro Asp Ala Ser Trp Asp Glu Met Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Gln Lys Ala Val Glu Ile Gly Lys Ala Asp Thr Thr Ser Asn Lys Phe  
 245 250 255  
 Gly Ile Arg Asp Gln Tyr Trp Lys Leu Ile Gln Glu Ser Lys Arg Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Val Arg Arg Asp Tyr Glu Phe Asn Val Asn Ser Pro Glu Phe Gln Asp  
 275 280 285  
 Leu Glu Leu Leu Val Lys Thr Met Arg Ala Ala Gly Ala Asp Val Gln  
 290 295 300  
 Tyr Val Ser Ile Pro Ser Asn Gly Val Trp Tyr Asp His Ile Gly Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Asp Lys Glu Arg Arg Gln Ala Val Tyr Lys Lys Ile His Ser Thr Val  
 325 330 335  
 Val Asp Asn Gly Gly Lys Ile Tyr Asp Met Thr Asp Lys Asp Tyr Glu  
 340 345 350  
 Lys Tyr Val Ile Ser Asp Ala Val His Ile Gly Trp Lys Gly Trp Val  
 355 360 365  
 Tyr Met Asp Glu Gln Ile Ala Lys His Met Lys Gly Glu Pro Gln Pro  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Val Asp Lys Pro Lys Asn  
 385 390

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 107

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 1256

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 107

Met Ala Lys Lys Phe Asn Tyr Lys Leu Pro Ser Met Val Ala Leu Thr  
 1 5 10 15

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Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Val Thr Ala His Gln Val Gln Ala Ala Glu Thr  
                   20                                  25                                  30  
 Thr Gln Asp Gln Thr Thr Asn Lys Asn Val Leu Asp Ser Asn Lys Val  
                   35                                  40                                  45  
 Lys Ala Thr Thr Glu Gln Ala Lys Ala Glu Val Lys Asn Pro Thr Gln  
                   50                                  55                                  60  
 Asn Ile Ser Gly Thr Gln Val Tyr Gln Asp Pro Ala Ile Val Gln Pro  
                   65                                  70                                  75                                  80  
 Lys Thr Ala Asn Asn Lys Thr Gly Asn Ala Gln Val Ser Gln Lys Val  
                                   85                                  90                                  95  
 Asp Thr Ala Gln Val Asn Gly Asp Thr Arg Ala Asn Gln Ser Ala Thr  
                                   100                                  105                                  110  
 Thr Asn Asn Thr Gln Pro Val Ala Lys Ser Thr Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro  
                                   115                                  120                                  125  
 Lys Thr Asn Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Ala Gly Tyr Ser Leu Val Asp Asp  
                                   130                                  135                                  140  
 Glu Asp Asp Asn Ser Glu Asn Gln Ile Asn Pro Glu Leu Ile Lys Ser  
                                   145                                  150                                  155                                  160  
 Ala Ala Lys Pro Ala Ala Leu Glu Thr Gln Tyr Lys Thr Ala Ala Pro  
                                   165                                  170                                  175  
 Lys Ala Ala Thr Thr Ser Ala Pro Lys Ala Lys Thr Glu Ala Thr Pro  
                                   180                                  185                                  190  
 Lys Val Thr Thr Phe Ser Ala Ser Ala Gln Pro Arg Ser Val Ala Ala  
                                   195                                  200                                  205  
 Thr Pro Lys Thr Ser Leu Pro Lys Tyr Lys Pro Gln Val Asn Ser Ser  
                                   210                                  215                                  220  
 Ile Asn Asp Tyr Ile Cys Lys Asn Asn Leu Lys Ala Pro Lys Ile Glu  
                                   225                                  230                                  235                                  240  
 Glu Asp Tyr Thr Ser Tyr Phe Pro Lys Tyr Ala Tyr Arg Asn Gly Val  
                                   245                                  250                                  255  
 Gly Arg Pro Glu Gly Ile Val Val His Asp Thr Ala Asn Asp Arg Ser  
                                   260                                  265                                  270  
 Thr Ile Asn Gly Glu Ile Ser Tyr Met Lys Asn Asn Tyr Gln Asn Ala  
                                   275                                  280                                  285  
 Phe Val His Ala Phe Val Asp Gly Asp Arg Ile Ile Glu Thr Ala Pro  
                                   290                                  295                                  300  
 Thr Asp Tyr Leu Ser Trp Gly Val Gly Ala Val Gly Asn Pro Arg Phe  
                                   305                                  310                                  315                                  320  
 Ile Asn Val Glu Ile Val His Thr His Asp Tyr Ala Ser Phe Ala Arg  
                                   325                                  330                                  335  
 Ser Met Asn Asn Tyr Ala Asp Tyr Ala Ala Thr Gln Leu Gln Tyr Tyr  
                                   340                                  345                                  350  
 Gly Leu Lys Pro Asp Ser Ala Glu Tyr Asp Gly Asn Gly Thr Val Trp  
                                   355                                  360                                  365  
 Thr His Tyr Ala Val Ser Lys Tyr Leu Gly Gly Thr Asp His Ala Asp  
                                   370                                  375                                  380  
 Pro His Gly Tyr Leu Arg Ser His Asn Tyr Ser Tyr Asp Gln Leu Tyr  
                                   385                                  390                                  395                                  400  
 Asp Leu Ile Asn Glu Lys Tyr Leu Ile Lys Met Gly Lys Val Ala Pro  
                                   405                                  410                                  415

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Trp Gly Thr Gln Ser Thr Thr Thr Pro Thr Thr Pro Ser Lys Pro Thr  
 420 425 430  
 Thr Pro Ser Lys Pro Ser Thr Gly Lys Leu Thr Val Ala Ala Asn Asn  
 435 440 445  
 Gly Val Ala Gln Ile Lys Pro Thr Asn Ser Gly Leu Tyr Thr Thr Val  
 450 455 460  
 Tyr Asp Lys Thr Gly Lys Ala Thr Asn Glu Val Gln Lys Thr Phe Ala  
 465 470 475 480  
 Val Ser Lys Thr Ala Thr Leu Gly Asn Gln Lys Phe Tyr Leu Val Gln  
 485 490 495  
 Asp Tyr Asn Ser Gly Asn Lys Phe Gly Trp Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val  
 500 505 510  
 Val Tyr Asn Thr Ala Lys Ser Pro Val Asn Val Asn Gln Ser Tyr Ser  
 515 520 525  
 Ile Lys Pro Gly Thr Lys Leu Tyr Thr Val Pro Trp Gly Thr Ser Lys  
 530 535 540  
 Gln Val Ala Gly Ser Val Ser Gly Ser Gly Asn Gln Thr Phe Lys Ala  
 545 550 555 560  
 Ser Lys Gln Gln Gln Ile Asp Lys Ser Ile Tyr Leu Tyr Gly Ser Val  
 565 570 575  
 Asn Gly Lys Ser Gly Trp Val Ser Lys Ala Tyr Leu Val Asp Thr Ala  
 580 585 590  
 Lys Pro Thr Pro Thr Pro Thr Pro Lys Pro Ser Thr Pro Thr Thr Asn  
 595 600 605  
 Asn Lys Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Leu Asn Gly Val Ala Gln Ile Asn Ala  
 610 615 620  
 Lys Asn Asn Gly Leu Phe Thr Thr Val Tyr Asp Lys Thr Gly Lys Pro  
 625 630 635 640  
 Thr Lys Glu Val Gln Lys Thr Phe Ala Val Thr Lys Glu Ala Ser Leu  
 645 650 655  
 Gly Gly Asn Lys Phe Tyr Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Asn Ser Pro Thr Leu  
 660 665 670  
 Ile Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Gly Asp Val Ile Tyr Asn Asn Ala Lys Ser  
 675 680 685  
 Pro Val Asn Val Met Gln Thr Tyr Thr Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Lys Leu  
 690 695 700  
 Tyr Ser Val Pro Trp Gly Thr Tyr Lys Gln Glu Ala Gly Ala Val Ser  
 705 710 715 720  
 Gly Thr Gly Asn Gln Thr Phe Lys Ala Thr Lys Gln Gln Gln Ile Asp  
 725 730 735  
 Lys Ser Ile Tyr Leu Phe Gly Thr Val Asn Gly Lys Ser Gly Trp Val  
 740 745 750  
 Ser Lys Ala Tyr Leu Ala Val Pro Ala Ala Pro Lys Lys Ala Val Ala  
 755 760 765  
 Gln Pro Lys Thr Ala Val Lys Ala Tyr Thr Val Thr Lys Pro Gln Thr  
 770 775 780  
 Thr Gln Thr Val Ser Lys Ile Ala Gln Val Lys Pro Asn Asn Thr Gly  
 785 790 795 800  
 Leu Arg Ala Ser Val Tyr Glu Lys Thr Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala Lys Tyr  
 805 810 815  
 Ala Asp Arg Thr Phe Tyr Val Thr Lys Glu Arg Ala His Gly Asn Glu

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820			825			830									
Thr	Tyr	Val	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asn	Thr	Ser	His	Asn	Ile	Pro	Leu	Gly	Trp
		835					840					845			
Phe	Asn	Val	Lys	Asp	Leu	Asn	Val	Gln	Asn	Leu	Gly	Lys	Glu	Val	Lys
	850					855					860				
Thr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Val	Asn	Lys	Ser	Asn	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ser	Met
865					870					875					880
Val	Pro	Trp	Gly	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ile	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile
				885						890					895
Ala	Gln	Gly	Thr	Phe	Asn	Ala	Thr	Lys	Gln	Val	Ser	Val	Gly	Lys	Asp
			900					905					910		
Val	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Ile	Asn	Asn	Arg	Thr	Gly	Trp	Val	Asn	Ala
		915					920					925			
Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ala	Pro	Thr	Ala	Val	Lys	Pro	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ala
	930						935					940			
Lys	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Val	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Tyr
945					950					955					960
Tyr	Val	Thr	Pro	Asn	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ala	Phe
				965						970					975
Asn	Glu	Gln	Pro	Phe	Ala	Val	Val	Lys	Glu	Gln	Val	Ile	Asn	Gly	Gln
			980					985					990		
Thr	Trp	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Leu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Lys	Leu	Ala	Trp	Ile	Lys
		995					1000						1005		
Ser	Thr	Asp	Leu	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Thr	Gly	
	1010						1015				1020				
Met	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Val	Ala	Gln	Ile	Gln	Ala	Gly	Leu	Gln	Tyr	
	1025					1030					1035				
Lys	Pro	Gln	Val	Gln	Arg	Val	Pro	Gly	Lys	Trp	Thr	Asp	Ala	Lys	
	1040					1045						1050			
Phe	Asn	Asp	Val	Lys	His	Ala	Met	Asp	Thr	Lys	Arg	Leu	Ala	Gln	
	1055					1060						1065			
Asp	Pro	Ala	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Leu	Arg	Leu	Asp	Gln	Pro	Gln	
	1070					1075						1080			
Asn	Ile	Ser	Ile	Asp	Lys	Ile	Asn	Gln	Phe	Leu	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly	
	1085					1090						1095			
Val	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ala	Phe	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ala	Gln	Met	
	1100					1105						1110			
Tyr	Gly	Ile	Asn	Glu	Val	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Ser	His	Ala	Leu	Leu	Glu	
	1115					1120						1125			
Thr	Gly	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gln	Leu	Ala	Lys	Gly	Ala	Asp	Val	Val	
	1130					1135						1140			
Asn	Asn	Lys	Val	Val	Thr	Asn	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Tyr	His	Asn	Val	
	1145					1150						1155			
Phe	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Asn	Asp	Pro	Leu	Arg	Glu	Gly	Ile	
	1160					1165						1170			
Lys	Tyr	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asp	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ile	
	1175					1180						1185			
Val	Gly	Gly	Ala	Lys	Phe	Ile	Gly	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Val	Lys	Ala	Gly	
	1190					1195						1200			
Gln	Asn	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Lys	Met	Arg	Trp	Asn	Pro	Ala	His	Pro	Gly	
	1205					1210						1215			

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Thr His Gln Tyr Ala Thr Asp Val Asp Trp Ala Asn Ile Asn Ala  
1220 1225 1230

Lys Ile Ile Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Asp Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Gly Lys  
1235 1240 1245

Tyr Phe Asp Ile Pro Gln Tyr Lys  
1250 1255

<210> SEQ ID NO 108

<211> LENGTH: 413

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 108

Met Lys Phe Ser Thr Leu Ser Glu Glu Glu Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Lys  
1 5 10 15

Lys His Phe Lys His Tyr Thr Gln Ser Ile Glu Leu Tyr Asn Tyr Arg  
20 25 30

Asn Lys Ile Asn His Glu Ala His Ile Val Gly Val Lys Asn Asp Lys  
35 40 45

Asn Glu Val Leu Ala Ala Cys Leu Leu Thr Glu Ala Arg Ile Phe Lys  
50 55 60

Phe Tyr Lys Tyr Phe Tyr Ser His Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Asp Tyr Phe  
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Lys Leu Val Cys Tyr Phe Phe Lys Glu Leu Ser Lys Phe Ile  
85 90 95

Tyr Lys Asn Arg Gly Val Phe Ile Leu Val Asp Pro Tyr Leu Ile Glu  
100 105 110

Asn Leu Arg Asp Ala Asn Gly Arg Ile Ile Lys Asn Tyr Asn Asn Ser  
115 120 125

Val Ile Val Lys Met Leu Gly Lys Ile Gly Tyr Leu His Gln Gly Tyr  
130 135 140

Thr Thr Gly Tyr Ser Asn Lys Ser Gln Ile Arg Trp Ile Ser Val Leu  
145 150 155 160

Asp Leu Lys Asp Lys Asp Glu Asn Gln Leu Leu Lys Glu Met Glu Tyr  
165 170 175

Gln Thr Arg Arg Asn Ile Lys Lys Thr Ile Glu Ile Gly Val Lys Val  
180 185 190

Glu Asp Leu Ser Ile Glu Glu Thr Asn Arg Phe Tyr Lys Leu Phe Gln  
195 200 205

Met Ala Glu Glu Lys His Gly Phe His Phe Met Asn Glu Asp Tyr Phe  
210 215 220

Lys Arg Met Gln Glu Ile Tyr Lys Asp Lys Ala Met Leu Lys Ile Ala  
225 230 235 240

Cys Ile Asn Leu Asn Glu Tyr Gln Asp Lys Leu Lys Ile Gln Leu Leu  
245 250 255

Lys Ile Glu Asn Glu Met Met Thr Val Asn Arg Ala Leu Asn Glu Asn  
260 265 270

Pro Asn Ser Lys Lys Asn Lys Ser Lys Leu Asn Gln Leu Asn Met Gln  
275 280 285

Leu Ser Ser Ile Asn Asn Arg Ile Ser Lys Thr Glu Glu Leu Ile Phe  
290 295 300

Glu Asp Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Phe Ile Cys Thr

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305          310          315          320
Asp Asp Glu Val Tyr Tyr Leu Ser Ser Gly Ser Asn Pro Lys Tyr Asn
          325          330          335
Gln Tyr Met Gly Ala Tyr His Leu Gln Trp His Met Ile Lys Tyr Ala
          340          345          350
Lys Ser His Asn Ile Asn Arg Tyr Asn Phe Tyr Gly Ile Thr Gly Val
          355          360          365
Phe Ser Asn Glu Asp Asp Phe Gly Val Gln Gln Phe Lys Lys Gly Phe
          370          375          380
Asn Ala His Val Glu Glu Leu Ile Gly Asp Phe Ile Lys Pro Val Arg
          385          390          395          400
Pro Ile Leu Tyr Lys Phe Ala Lys Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val
          405          410

<210> SEQ ID NO 109
<211> LENGTH: 428
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 109
Met Lys Glu Arg Tyr Tyr Glu Leu Ile Asp Glu Arg Val Phe Glu Gln
 1          5          10          15
Glu Leu Glu Asn Gly Leu Arg Leu Phe Ile Ile Pro Lys Pro Gly Phe
          20          25          30
Gln Lys Thr Phe Val Thr Tyr Thr Thr Gln Phe Gly Ser Leu Asp Asn
          35          40          45
Gln Phe Lys Pro Leu Gly Gln Asp Gln Phe Val Thr Val Pro Asp Gly
          50          55          60
Val Ala His Phe Leu Glu His Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Glu Glu Glu Asp
          65          70          75          80
Leu Phe Thr Ala Phe Ala Glu Asp Asn Ala Gln Ala Asn Ala Phe Thr
          85          90          95
Ser Phe Asp Arg Thr Ser Tyr Leu Phe Ser Ala Thr Asp Asn Ile Glu
          100          105          110
Asn Asn Ile Lys Arg Leu Leu Thr Met Val Glu Thr Pro Tyr Phe Thr
          115          120          125
Lys Glu Thr Val Asp Lys Glu Lys Gly Ile Ile Ala Glu Glu Ile Lys
          130          135          140
Met Tyr Gln Glu Gln Pro Gly Tyr Lys Leu Met Phe Asn Thr Leu Arg
          145          150          155          160
Ala Met Tyr Gln Gln His Pro Ile Arg Val Asp Ile Ala Gly Ser Val
          165          170          175
Glu Ser Ile Tyr Asp Ile Thr Lys Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Cys Tyr Glu
          180          185          190
Thr Phe Tyr His Pro Ser Asn Met Val Leu Phe Val Val Gly Asp Val
          195          200          205
Asp Pro Glu Ala Ile Cys Arg Ile Val Lys Gln His Glu Asp Ala Arg
          210          215          220
Asn Lys Val Asn Gln Pro Lys Ile Glu Arg Gly Leu Val Asp Glu Pro
          225          230          235          240
Glu Asp Val Lys Glu Ala Phe Val Thr Glu Ser Met Lys Ile Gln Ser
          245          250          255

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Pro Arg Leu Met Leu Gly Phe Lys Asn Lys Pro Leu Gln Glu Ala Pro
      260                               265                               270

Gln Lys Tyr Val Gln Arg Asp Leu Glu Met Ser Leu Phe Phe Glu Leu
      275                               280                               285

Ile Phe Gly Glu Glu Thr Asp Phe Tyr Gln Asn Leu Leu Asn Glu Gly
      290                               295                               300

Leu Ile Asp Asp Thr Phe Gly Tyr Gln Phe Val Leu Glu Pro Thr Tyr
      305                               310                               315                               320

Ser Phe Ser Ile Val Thr Ser Ala Thr Glu Glu Pro Asp Lys Leu Lys
      325                               330                               335

Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Glu Leu Arg Asp Lys Lys Gly Asn Phe Gln Asp
      340                               345                               350

Ala Glu Ala Phe Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Gln Phe Ile Gly Glu Phe Ile
      355                               360                               365

Ser Ser Leu Asn Ser Pro Glu Tyr Ile Ala Asn Gln Tyr Thr Lys Leu
      370                               375                               380

Tyr Phe Glu Gly Val Ser Val Phe Asp Met Leu Asp Ile Val Glu Asn
      385                               390                               395                               400

Ile Thr Leu Asp Ser Ile Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Leu Tyr Leu Asn Leu
      405                               410                               415

Asp Gln Gln Val Asp Ser Arg Leu Glu Ile Lys Lys
      420                               425

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 110

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 519

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 110

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Met Asn Leu Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Leu Gly Ile Ile Leu Gly
 1      5      10      15

Val Val Gly Gly Tyr Val Val Ala Arg Asn Leu Leu Leu Gln Lys Gln
 20      25      30

Ser Gln Ala Arg Gln Thr Ala Glu Asp Ile Val Asn Gln Ala His Lys
 35      40      45

Glu Ala Asp Asn Ile Lys Lys Glu Lys Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Glu
 50      55      60

Asn Gln Ile Leu Arg Glu Gln Thr Glu Ala Glu Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg
 65      70      75      80

Ser Glu Leu Gln Arg Gln Glu Thr Arg Leu Leu Gln Lys Glu Glu Asn
 85      90      95

Leu Glu Arg Lys Ser Asp Leu Leu Asp Lys Lys Asp Glu Ile Leu Glu
100     105     110

Gln Lys Glu Ser Lys Ile Glu Glu Lys Gln Gln Gln Val Asp Ala Lys
115     120     125

Glu Ser Ser Val Gln Thr Leu Ile Met Lys His Glu Gln Glu Leu Glu
130     135     140

Arg Ile Ser Gly Leu Thr Gln Glu Glu Ala Ile Asn Glu Gln Leu Gln
145     150     155     160

Arg Val Glu Glu Glu Leu Ser Gln Asp Ile Ala Val Leu Val Lys Glu
165     170     175

Lys Glu Lys Glu Ala Lys Glu Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu
180     185     190

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20				25				30							
Val	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Lys	Gln	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Ser	Ala
		35					40						45		
Glu	Asn	Ala	Glu	Leu	Arg	Ser	Gln	Met	Leu	Ser	Ser	Asn	Asn	Asp	Val
	50					55						60			
Gly	His	His	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Ala	Lys	Arg	Glu	Leu	Arg	Lys	Ile	Leu
65					70					75					80
Asp	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Ile	Ile	Val
			85						90						95
Thr	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ala	Thr	Lys	His	Pro	Phe	Phe	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Ser
			100					105						110	
Phe	Asp	Phe	Ile	Ile	Val	Ser	Asp	Ile	Gly	Leu	Ile	Asn	Val	Asp	Val
	115						120						125		
Lys	Ser	Trp	Gly	Glu	Lys	Thr	Phe	Tyr	His	Phe	Asp	Val	Pro	Asp	Glu
	130					135					140				
His	Asp	Thr	Glu	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ser	Asn	Ile	Glu	Lys	Val	Val	Gly	His
145					150					155					160
Tyr	Ile	Ser	Gln	Gln	Tyr	His	Asp	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Ser	Arg	Lys	Ser
			165						170						175
Ile	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Thr	Glu	Thr	Val	Gln	Pro	Asn	Arg	Val	Ile	Tyr	Asp
			180					185						190	
Phe	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ala	Asn	Asn	Ala	Lys	Ala
		195					200						205		
Leu	Lys	Asp	His	Ile	Glu	Gln	Asn	Phe	Asn	Phe	Lys	Val	Gln	Ser	Thr
	210					215					220				
Gly	Val	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Ser	Asp	Gly	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Ile	Gln	Gly	Ser
225					230					235					240
Glu	Glu	Arg	Asp	Lys	Tyr	Val	Asp	Thr	Val	Ser	Thr	Lys	Ser	Ser	Leu
			245						250						255
Arg	Arg	Ile	Ile	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ile	Glu	Leu	Ser	Lys	His	Pro	Leu	Asn
			260					265						270	
Lys	Glu	Gln	Val	Asp	Gln	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ile	Phe	Lys				
	275						280								

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 112

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 1274

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 112

Met	Ser	Trp	Phe	Asp	Lys	Leu	Phe	Gly	Glu	Asp	Asn	Asp	Ser	Asn	Asp
1				5					10					15	
Asp	Leu	Ile	His	Arg	Lys	Lys	Lys	Arg	Arg	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gln	Asn	Ile
			20					25					30		
Asp	Asn	Asp	His	Asp	Ser	Leu	Leu	Pro	Gln	Asn	Asn	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Ser
		35					40						45		
Arg	Pro	Arg	Gly	Lys	Phe	Arg	Phe	Pro	Met	Ser	Val	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Asn
	50					55					60				
Glu	Asn	Val	Glu	Gln	Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr	Ile	Ser	Asp	Glu	Lys	Glu	Gln
65					70					75					80
Tyr	His	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Gln	Ser	His	Asp	Ser	Arg	Ser	Gln	Lys
				85					90						95

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Arg His Arg Arg Arg Arg Asn Gln Thr Thr Glu Glu Gln Asn Tyr Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Glu Gln Arg Gly Asn Ser Lys Ile Ser Gln Gln Ser Ile Lys Tyr Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Asp His Ser His Tyr His Thr Asn Lys Pro Gly Thr Tyr Val Ser Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Asn Gly Ile Glu Lys Glu Thr His Lys Pro Lys Thr His Asn Met  
 145 150 155 160  
 Tyr Ser Asn Asn Thr Asn His Arg Ala Lys Asp Ser Thr Pro Asp Tyr  
 165 170 175  
 His Lys Glu Ser Phe Lys Thr Ser Glu Val Pro Ser Ala Ile Phe Gly  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Met Lys Pro Lys Lys Leu Glu Asn Gly Arg Ile Pro Val Ser Lys  
 195 200 205  
 Pro Ser Glu Lys Val Glu Ser Asp Lys Gln Lys Tyr Asp Lys Tyr Val  
 210 215 220  
 Ala Lys Thr Gln Thr Ser Gln Asn Lys Gln Leu Glu Gln Glu Lys Gln  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asn Asp Ser Val Val Lys Gln Gly Thr Ala Ser Lys Ser Ser Asp Glu  
 245 250 255  
 Asn Val Ser Ser Thr Thr Lys Ser Met Pro Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Asp  
 260 265 270  
 Asn Thr Ile Lys Ile Glu Asn Ile Tyr Ala Ser Gln Ile Val Glu Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Ile Arg Arg Glu Arg Glu Arg Lys Val Leu Gln Lys Arg Arg Phe Lys  
 290 295 300  
 Lys Ala Leu Gln Gln Lys Arg Glu Glu His Lys Asn Glu Glu Gln Asp  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ala Ile Gln Arg Ala Ile Asp Glu Met Tyr Ala Lys Gln Ala Glu Arg  
 325 330 335  
 Tyr Val Gly Asp Ser Ser Leu Asn Asp Asp Ser Asp Leu Thr Asp Asn  
 340 345 350  
 Ser Thr Asp Ala Ser Gln Leu His Thr Asn Gly Ile Glu Asn Glu Thr  
 355 360 365  
 Val Ser Asn Asp Glu Asn Lys Gln Ala Ser Ile Gln Asn Glu Asp Thr  
 370 375 380  
 Asn Asp Thr His Val Asp Glu Ser Pro Tyr Asn Tyr Glu Glu Val Ser  
 385 390 395 400  
 Leu Asn Gln Val Ser Thr Thr Lys Gln Leu Ser Asp Asp Glu Val Thr  
 405 410 415  
 Val Ser Asn Val Thr Ser Gln His Gln Ser Ala Leu Gln His Asn Val  
 420 425 430  
 Glu Val Asn Asp Lys Asp Glu Leu Lys Asn Gln Ser Arg Leu Ile Ala  
 435 440 445  
 Asp Ser Glu Glu Asp Gly Ala Thr Asn Lys Glu Glu Tyr Ser Gly Ser  
 450 455 460  
 Gln Ile Asp Asp Ala Glu Phe Tyr Glu Leu Asn Asp Thr Glu Val Asp  
 465 470 475 480  
 Glu Asp Thr Thr Ser Asn Ile Glu Asp Asn Thr Asn Arg Asn Ala Ser  
 485 490 495  
 Glu Met His Val Asp Ala Pro Lys Thr Gln Glu Tyr Ala Val Thr Glu

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500				505				510							
Ser	Gln	Val	Asn	Asn	Ile	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val	Asp	Asn	Glu	Ile	Glu	Leu
		515					520					525			
Ala	Pro	Arg	His	Lys	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ser	Val	Asn	Ser
		530				535					540				
Leu	Lys	Thr	Asn	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	His	Val	Val	Glu	Asp	Ser	Ser
		545			550					555				560	
Met	Asn	Glu	Ile	Glu	Lys	Asn	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Glu	Asn	Val	Gln
				565					570					575	
Asn	Glu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ser	Glu	Gln	Asn	Val	Glu	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Glu
			580					585					590		
Asn	Val	Asn	Pro	Lys	Lys	Gln	Thr	Glu	Lys	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Ser	Lys
		595				600						605			
Arg	Pro	Phe	Asn	Val	Val	Met	Thr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Lys	Lys	Arg	Met	Met
		610				615					620				
Asp	Arg	Lys	Lys	His	Ser	Lys	Val	Asn	Val	Pro	Glu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Val
		625			630					635				640	
Gln	Ser	Lys	Gln	Ala	Val	Ser	Glu	Arg	Met	Pro	Ala	Ser	Gln	Ala	Thr
				645					650					655	
Pro	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser	Asn	Thr	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Lys
			660					665					670		
Thr	Asn	Asn	Met	Thr	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Glu	Asn	Asn	Gln	Leu	Ile	Gly
		675				680						685			
His	Ala	Glu	Thr	Glu	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Ala	Gln	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Glu
		690				695					700				
Gln	Lys	Pro	Ser	Val	Asp	Ser	Thr	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ile	Phe	Glu	Glu	Ser
		705			710					715				720	
Gln	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gln	Leu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Gln	Val	Asp	Gln	Ser	Thr	Ser
			725					730						735	
Ser	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Val	Ser	Asp	Ile	Thr	Glu	Glu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Thr
			740					745					750		
Thr	His	Pro	Asn	Asn	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gln	Gln	Asp	Asn	Asp	Asp	Gln	Gln
		755				760						765			
Lys	Asp	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Phe	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asn	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Asn
		770				775					780				
Glu	Asn	Arg	Pro	Arg	Thr	Asn	Gln	Gln	Asp	Val	Ala	Thr	Asn	Gln	Ala
		785			790					795				800	
Val	Gln	Thr	Ser	Lys	Pro	Met	Ile	Arg	Lys	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ile	Lys	Leu
				805					810					815	
Pro	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Glu	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Ile	Glu	Ser	Asp	Glu
			820					825					830		
Asp	Trp	Ile	Thr	Asp	Lys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asn	Asp	Ala	Leu	Phe	Tyr
		835				840						845			
Phe	Asn	Val	Pro	Ala	Glu	Val	Gln	Asp	Val	Thr	Glu	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val
		850				855					860				
Thr	Arg	Phe	Glu	Leu	Ser	Val	Glu	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Val	Ser	Arg	Ile
				865		870				875				880	
Thr	Ala	Leu	Gln	Asp	Asp	Ile	Lys	Met	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Asp	Ile
				885					890					895	
Arg	Ile	Glu	Ala	Pro	Ile	Pro	Gly	Thr	Ser	Arg	Val	Gly	Ile	Glu	Val
			900					905					910		

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Pro Asn Gln Asn Pro Thr Thr Val Asn Leu Arg Ser Ile Ile Glu Ser  
 915 920 925  
 Pro Ser Phe Lys Asn Ala Glu Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Ala Met Gly Tyr  
 930 935 940  
 Arg Ile Asn Asn Glu Pro Leu Leu Met Asp Ile Ala Lys Thr Pro His  
 945 950 955 960  
 Ala Leu Ile Ala Gly Ala Thr Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Val Cys Ile Asn  
 965 970 975  
 Ser Ile Leu Met Ser Leu Leu Tyr Lys Asn His Pro Glu Glu Leu Arg  
 980 985 990  
 Leu Leu Leu Ile Asp Pro Lys Met Val Glu Leu Ala Pro Tyr Asn Gly  
 995 1000 1005  
 Leu Pro His Leu Val Ala Pro Val Ile Thr Asp Val Lys Ala Ala  
 1010 1015 1020  
 Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Trp Ala Val Glu Glu Met Glu Arg Arg Tyr  
 1025 1030 1035  
 Lys Leu Phe Ala His Tyr His Val Arg Asn Ile Thr Ala Phe Asn  
 1040 1045 1050  
 Lys Lys Ala Pro Tyr Asp Glu Arg Met Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val  
 1055 1060 1065  
 Ile Asp Glu Leu Ala Asp Leu Met Met Met Ala Pro Gln Glu Val  
 1070 1075 1080  
 Glu Gln Ser Ile Ala Arg Ile Ala Gln Lys Ala Arg Ala Cys Gly  
 1085 1090 1095  
 Ile His Met Leu Val Ala Thr Gln Arg Pro Ser Val Asn Val Ile  
 1100 1105 1110  
 Thr Gly Leu Leu Lys Ala Asn Ile Pro Thr Arg Ile Ala Phe Met  
 1115 1120 1125  
 Val Ser Ser Ser Val Asp Ser Arg Thr Ile Leu Asp Ser Gly Gly  
 1130 1135 1140  
 Ala Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Tyr Gly Asp Met Leu Tyr Leu Gly Ser  
 1145 1150 1155  
 Gly Met Asn Lys Pro Ile Arg Val Gln Gly Thr Phe Val Ser Asp  
 1160 1165 1170  
 Asp Glu Ile Asp Asp Val Val Asp Phe Ile Lys Gln Gln Arg Glu  
 1175 1180 1185  
 Pro Asp Tyr Leu Phe Glu Glu Lys Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Thr Gln  
 1190 1195 1200  
 Thr Gln Ser Gln Asp Glu Leu Phe Asp Asp Val Cys Ala Phe Met  
 1205 1210 1215  
 Val Asn Glu Gly His Ile Ser Thr Ser Leu Ile Gln Arg His Phe  
 1220 1225 1230  
 Gln Ile Gly Tyr Asn Arg Ala Ala Arg Ile Ile Asp Gln Leu Glu  
 1235 1240 1245  
 Gln Leu Gly Tyr Val Ser Ser Ala Asn Gly Ser Lys Pro Arg Asp  
 1250 1255 1260  
 Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Ala Asp Leu Asn Lys Glu  
 1265 1270

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 113

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 239

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&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 113

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Met Asn Lys Asn Ile Ile Ile Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu
1           5           10           15

Thr Ser Ile Thr Gly Val Gly Thr Thr Met Val Glu Gly Ile Gln Gln
          20           25           30

Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu Asn Thr Val Lys Gln Ile Thr Asn Thr Asn Val
          35           40           45

Ala Pro Tyr Ser Gly Val Thr Trp Met Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Phe Val
          50           55           60

Val Gly Asn His Thr Ile Ile Thr Asn Lys His Val Thr Tyr His Met
65           70           75           80

Lys Val Gly Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala His Pro Asn Gly Phe Tyr Asn Asn
          85           90           95

Gly Gly Gly Leu Tyr Lys Val Thr Lys Ile Val Asp Tyr Pro Gly Lys
          100          105          110

Glu Asp Ile Ala Val Val Gln Val Glu Glu Lys Ser Thr Gln Pro Lys
          115          120          125

Gly Arg Lys Phe Lys Asp Phe Thr Ser Lys Phe Asn Ile Ala Ser Glu
          130          135          140

Ala Lys Glu Asn Glu Pro Ile Ser Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro Asn Pro Asn
          145          150          155          160

Gly Asn Lys Leu Gln Met Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ser Val
          165          170          175

Asn Gly Asn Ile Val Ser Ser Asp Ala Ile Ile Gln Pro Gly Ser Ser
          180          185          190

Gly Ser Pro Ile Leu Asn Ser Lys His Glu Ala Ile Gly Val Ile Tyr
          195          200          205

Ala Gly Asn Lys Pro Ser Gly Glu Ser Thr Arg Gly Phe Ala Val Tyr
          210          215          220

Phe Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Asp Asn Leu Asp Lys
          225          230          235

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 114

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 238

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 114

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Met Asn Lys Asn Ile Ile Ile Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu
1           5           10           15

Thr Ser Val Thr Gly Val Gly Thr Thr Val Val Glu Gly Ile Gln Gln
          20           25           30

Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu His Asn Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Asn Thr Asn Val
          35           40           45

Ala Pro Tyr Asn Gly Val Val Ser Ile Gly Ser Gly Thr Gly Phe Ile
          50           55           60

Val Gly Lys Asn Thr Ile Val Thr Asn Lys His Val Val Ala Gly Met
65           70           75           80

Glu Ile Gly Ala His Ile Ile Ala His Pro Asn Gly Glu Tyr Asn Asn
          85           90           95

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Gly Gly Phe Tyr Lys Val Lys Lys Ile Val Arg Tyr Ser Gly Gln Glu  
100 105 110

Asp Ile Ala Ile Leu His Val Glu Asp Lys Ala Val His Pro Lys Asn  
115 120 125

Arg Asn Phe Lys Asp Tyr Thr Gly Ile Leu Lys Ile Ala Ser Glu Ala  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Asn Glu Arg Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Tyr Pro Glu Pro Tyr Ile  
145 150 155 160

Asn Lys Phe Gln Met Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ser Val Lys  
165 170 175

Gly Asn Met Ile Ile Thr Asp Ala Phe Val Glu Pro Gly Asn Ser Gly  
180 185 190

Ser Ala Val Phe Asn Ser Lys Tyr Glu Val Val Gly Val His Phe Gly  
195 200 205

Gly Asn Gly Pro Gly Asn Lys Ser Thr Lys Gly Tyr Gly Val Tyr Phe  
210 215 220

Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Asp Asn Thr Asp Lys  
225 230 235

<210> SEQ ID NO 115  
<211> LENGTH: 239  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 115

Met Asn Lys Asn Ile Ile Ile Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Ile Thr Gly Val Gly Thr Thr Val Val Asp Gly Ile Gln Gln  
20 25 30

Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu Asn Ser Val Lys Leu Ile Thr Asn Thr Asn Val  
35 40 45

Ala Pro Tyr Ser Gly Val Thr Trp Met Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Phe Val  
50 55 60

Val Gly Asn His Thr Ile Ile Thr Asn Lys His Val Thr Tyr His Met  
65 70 75 80

Lys Val Gly Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala His Pro Asn Gly Phe Tyr Asn Asn  
85 90 95

Gly Gly Gly Leu Tyr Lys Val Thr Lys Ile Val Asp Tyr Pro Gly Lys  
100 105 110

Glu Asp Ile Ala Val Val Gln Val Glu Glu Lys Ser Thr Gln Pro Lys  
115 120 125

Gly Arg Lys Phe Lys Asp Phe Thr Ser Lys Phe Asn Ile Ala Ser Glu  
130 135 140

Ala Lys Glu Asn Glu Pro Ile Ser Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro Asn Pro Asn  
145 150 155 160

Gly Asn Lys Leu Gln Met Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ser Val  
165 170 175

Asn Gly Asn Ile Val Thr Ser Asp Ala Val Val Gln Pro Gly Ser Ser  
180 185 190

Gly Ser Pro Ile Leu Asn Ser Lys Arg Glu Ala Ile Gly Val Met Tyr  
195 200 205

Ala Ser Asp Lys Pro Thr Gly Glu Ser Thr Arg Ser Phe Ala Val Tyr  
210 215 220

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Phe Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Asp Asn Leu Asp Lys  
225 230 235

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 116

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 239

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 116

Met Asn Lys Asn Ile Val Ile Lys Ser Met Ala Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Val Thr Gly Ile Asn Ala Ala Val Val Glu Glu Thr Gln Gln  
20 25 30

Ile Ala Asn Ala Glu Lys Asn Val Thr Gln Val Lys Asp Thr Asn Ile  
35 40 45

Phe Pro Tyr Asn Gly Val Val Ser Phe Lys Asp Ala Thr Gly Phe Val  
50 55 60

Ile Gly Lys Asn Thr Ile Ile Thr Asn Lys His Val Ser Lys Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Lys Val Gly Asp Arg Ile Thr Ala His Pro Asn Gly Asp Lys Gly Asn  
85 90 95

Gly Gly Ile Tyr Lys Ile Lys Ser Ile Ser Asp Tyr Pro Gly Asp Glu  
100 105 110

Asp Ile Ser Val Met Asn Ile Glu Glu Gln Ala Val Glu Arg Gly Pro  
115 120 125

Lys Gly Phe Asn Phe Asn Glu Asn Val Gln Ala Phe Asn Phe Ala Lys  
130 135 140

Asp Ala Lys Val Asp Asp Lys Ile Lys Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro Leu Pro  
145 150 155 160

Ala Gln Asn Ser Phe Lys Gln Phe Glu Ser Thr Gly Thr Ile Lys Arg  
165 170 175

Ile Lys Asp Asn Ile Leu Asn Phe Asp Ala Tyr Ile Glu Pro Gly Asn  
180 185 190

Ser Gly Ser Pro Val Leu Asn Ser Asn Asn Glu Val Ile Gly Val Val  
195 200 205

Tyr Gly Gly Ile Gly Lys Ile Gly Ser Glu Tyr Asn Gly Ala Val Tyr  
210 215 220

Phe Thr Pro Gln Ile Lys Asp Phe Ile Gln Lys His Ile Glu Gln  
225 230 235

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 117

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 240

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 117

Met Asn Lys Asn Val Val Ile Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Val Thr Gly Ile Gly Thr Thr Leu Val Glu Glu Val Gln Gln  
20 25 30

Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu Asn Asn Val Thr Lys Val Lys Asp Thr Asn Ile  
35 40 45

Phe Pro Tyr Thr Gly Val Val Ala Phe Lys Ser Ala Thr Gly Phe Val  
50 55 60

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Val Gly Lys Asn Thr Ile Leu Thr Asn Lys His Val Ser Lys Asn Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Lys Val Gly Asp Arg Ile Thr Ala His Pro Asn Ser Asp Lys Gly Asn  
85 90 95

Gly Gly Ile Tyr Ser Ile Lys Lys Ile Ile Asn Tyr Pro Gly Lys Glu  
100 105 110

Asp Val Ser Val Ile Gln Val Glu Glu Arg Ala Ile Glu Arg Gly Pro  
115 120 125

Lys Gly Phe Asn Phe Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Pro Phe Lys Tyr Ala Ala  
130 135 140

Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly Glu Arg Ile Lys Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro His Pro  
145 150 155 160

Tyr Lys Asn Lys Tyr Val Leu Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Pro Val Met Ser  
165 170 175

Val Glu Gly Ser Ser Ile Val Tyr Ser Ala His Thr Glu Ser Gly Asn  
180 185 190

Ser Gly Ser Pro Val Leu Asn Ser Asn Asn Glu Leu Val Gly Ile His  
195 200 205

Phe Ala Ser Asp Val Lys Asn Asp Asp Asn Arg Asn Ala Tyr Gly Val  
210 215 220

Tyr Phe Thr Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Glu Asn Ile Asp Lys  
225 230 235 240

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 118

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 235

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 118

Met Asn Lys Asn Val Met Val Lys Gly Leu Thr Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Leu Gly Phe Ala Glu Asn Ile Ser Asn Gln Pro His Ser Ile  
20 25 30

Ala Lys Ala Glu Lys Asn Val Lys Glu Ile Thr Asp Ala Thr Lys Glu  
35 40 45

Pro Tyr Asn Ser Val Val Ala Phe Val Gly Gly Thr Gly Val Val Val  
50 55 60

Gly Lys Asn Thr Ile Val Thr Asn Lys His Ile Ala Lys Ser Asn Asp  
65 70 75 80

Ile Phe Lys Asn Arg Val Ser Ala His His Ser Ser Lys Gly Lys Gly  
85 90 95

Gly Gly Asn Tyr Asp Val Lys Asp Ile Val Glu Tyr Pro Gly Lys Glu  
100 105 110

Asp Leu Ala Ile Val His Val His Glu Thr Ser Thr Glu Gly Leu Asn  
115 120 125

Phe Asn Lys Asn Val Ser Tyr Thr Lys Phe Ala Asp Gly Ala Lys Val  
130 135 140

Lys Asp Arg Ile Ser Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro Lys Gly Ala Gln Thr Lys  
145 150 155 160

Tyr Lys Met Phe Glu Ser Thr Gly Thr Ile Asn His Ile Ser Gly Thr  
165 170 175

Phe Met Glu Phe Asp Ala Tyr Ala Gln Pro Gly Asn Ser Gly Ser Pro



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Glu Lys Ile Gln Glu Lys Val Lys Arg Ala Arg Thr Gln Glu Glu Lys  
                   100                                  105                                  110  
 Met Ala Ala Asn Gln Glu Leu Met Gln Val Tyr Lys Lys Tyr Asp Met  
                   115                                  120                                  125  
 Asn Pro Ile Lys Ser Met Leu Gly Cys Leu Pro Met Leu Ile Gln Leu  
                   130                                  135                                  140  
 Pro Ile Ile Met Gly Leu Tyr Phe Val Leu Lys Asp Gln Leu Val Asp  
                   145                                  150                                  155                                  160  
 Gly Leu Phe Lys Tyr Pro His Phe Leu Trp Phe Asp Leu Gly Arg Pro  
                                   165                                  170                                  175  
 Asp Ile Trp Ile Thr Ile Ile Ala Gly Val Leu Tyr Phe Ile Gln Ala  
                                   180                                  185                                  190  
 Tyr Val Ser Ser Lys Thr Met Pro Asp Glu Gln Arg Gln Met Gly Tyr  
                   195                                  200                                  205  
 Met Met Met Val Ile Ser Pro Ile Met Ile Ile Trp Ile Ser Leu Ser  
                   210                                  215                                  220  
 Ser Ala Ser Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr Trp Ser Val Ser Ala Ala Phe Leu  
                   225                                  230                                  235                                  240  
 Val Val Gln Thr His Phe Ala Asn Ile Tyr Tyr Glu Lys Val Ala Lys  
                                   245                                  250                                  255  
 Lys Glu Val Gln Pro Phe Ile Glu Ala Tyr Glu Arg Glu His Asn Gly  
                                   260                                  265                                  270  
 Gly Ser Asn Lys Lys Gly Lys Asn Thr Gln Val Val Ser Lys Lys Lys  
                   275                                  280                                  285  
 Lys Lys  
                   290

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 121

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 460

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 121

Met Lys Ser Cys Pro Lys Cys Gly Gln Gln Ala Gln Asp Asp Val Gln  
 1                  5                                  10                                  15  
 Ile Cys Thr Gln Cys Gly His Lys Phe Asp Ser Arg Gln Ala Leu Tyr  
                   20                                  25                                  30  
 Arg Lys Ser Thr Asp Glu Asp Ile Gln Thr Asn Asn Ile Lys Met Arg  
                   35                                  40                                  45  
 Lys Met Val Pro Trp Ala Ile Gly Phe Phe Ile Leu Ile Leu Ile Ile  
                   50                                  55                                  60  
 Ile Leu Phe Phe Leu Leu Arg Asn Phe Asn Ser Pro Glu Ala Gln Thr  
                   65                                  70                                  75                                  80  
 Lys Ile Leu Val Asn Ala Ile Glu Asn Asn Asp Lys Gln Lys Val Ala  
                   85                                  90                                  95  
 Thr Leu Leu Ser Thr Lys Asp Asn Lys Val Asp Ser Glu Glu Ala Lys  
                   100                                  105                                  110  
 Val Tyr Ile Asn Tyr Ile Lys Asp Glu Val Gly Leu Lys Gln Phe Val  
                   115                                  120                                  125  
 Ser Asp Leu Lys Asn Thr Val His Lys Leu Asn Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser  
                   130                                  135                                  140  
 Val Ala Ser Tyr Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Gly Gln Asn Ile Leu Arg Val

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145	150	155	160
Ser Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Tyr Ile Phe Phe Asp Asn Met Ser Phe Thr	165	170	175
Ala Pro Thr Lys Gln Pro Ile Val Lys Pro Lys Glu Lys Thr Lys Tyr	180	185	190
Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Gly Lys Lys Lys Met Val Ile Ala Glu Ala Asn	195	200	205
Lys Val Thr Pro Ile Gly Asn Phe Ile Pro Gly Thr Tyr Arg Ile Pro	210	215	220
Ala Met Lys Ser Thr Glu Asn Gly Asp Phe Ala Gly His Leu Lys Phe	225	230	235
Asp Phe Arg Gln Ser Asn Ser Glu Thr Val Asp Val Thr Glu Asp Phe	245	250	255
Glu Glu Ala Asn Ile Ser Val Thr Leu Lys Gly Asp Thr Lys Leu Asn	260	265	270
Asp Ser Ser Lys Lys Val Thr Ile Asn Asp His Glu Met Ala Phe Ser	275	280	285
Ser Ser Lys Thr Tyr Gly Pro Tyr Pro Gln Asn Lys Asp Ile Thr Ile	290	295	300
Ser Ala Ser Gly Lys Ala Lys Asp Lys Thr Phe Thr Thr Gln Thr Lys	305	310	315
Thr Leu Lys Ala Ser Asp Leu Lys Tyr Asn Thr Glu Ile Thr Leu Asn	325	330	335
Phe Asp Ser Glu Asp Ile Glu Asp Tyr Val Glu Lys Lys Glu Lys Glu	340	345	350
Glu Asn Ser Leu Lys Asn Lys Leu Ile Glu Phe Phe Ala Gly Tyr Ser	355	360	365
Leu Ala Asn Asn Ala Ala Phe Asn Gln Ser Asp Phe Asp Phe Val Ser	370	375	380
Ser Tyr Ile Lys Lys Gly Ser Ser Phe Tyr Asp Asp Val Lys Lys Arg	385	390	395
Val Ser Lys Gly Ser Leu Met Met Ile Ser Ser Pro Gln Ile Ile Asp	405	410	415
Ala Glu Lys His Gly Asp Lys Ile Thr Ala Thr Val Arg Leu Ile Asn	420	425	430
Glu Asn Gly Lys Gln Val Asp Lys Glu Tyr Glu Leu Glu Gln Gly Ser	435	440	445
Gln Asp Arg Leu Gln Leu Ile Lys Thr Ser Glu Lys	450	455	460

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 122

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 322

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 122

Met Arg Lys Lys Trp Ser Thr Leu Ala Phe Gly Phe Leu Val Ala Ala	1	5	10	15
Tyr Ala His Ile Arg Ile Lys Glu Lys Arg Ser Val Lys Ser Tyr Met	20	25	30	
Leu Glu Gln Gly Ile Arg Leu Ser Arg Ala Lys Arg Arg Phe Met Tyr	35	40	45	

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Lys Glu Glu Ala Met Lys Ala Leu Glu Lys Met Ala Pro Gln Thr Ala  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Glu Tyr Glu Gly Thr Asn Tyr Gln Phe Lys Met Pro Val Lys Val  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asp Lys His Phe Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Thr Val Asn Asp Lys Gln Asp  
 85 90 95  
 Lys His Gln Arg Val Val Leu Tyr Ala His Gly Gly Ala Trp Phe Gln  
 100 105 110  
 Asp Pro Leu Lys Ile His Phe Glu Phe Ile Asp Glu Leu Ala Glu Thr  
 115 120 125  
 Leu Asn Ala Lys Val Ile Met Pro Val Tyr Pro Lys Ile Pro His Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Tyr Gln Ala Thr Tyr Val Leu Phe Glu Lys Leu Tyr His Asp Leu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Leu Asn Gln Val Ala Asp Ser Lys Gln Ile Val Val Met Gly Asp Ser  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Gly Gly Gln Ile Ala Leu Ser Phe Ala Gln Leu Leu Lys Glu Lys  
 180 185 190  
 His Ile Val Gln Pro Gly His Ile Val Leu Ile Ser Pro Val Leu Asp  
 195 200 205  
 Ala Thr Met Gln His Pro Glu Ile Pro Asp Tyr Leu Lys Lys Asp Pro  
 210 215 220  
 Met Val Gly Val Asp Gly Ser Val Phe Leu Ala Glu Gln Trp Ala Gly  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asp Thr Pro Leu Asp Asn Tyr Lys Val Ser Pro Ile Asn Gly Asp Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Asp Gly Leu Gly Arg Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Gly Thr Lys Glu Val Leu  
 260 265 270  
 Tyr Pro Asp Ala Leu Asn Leu Ser Gln Leu Leu Ser Ala Lys Gly Ile  
 275 280 285  
 Glu His Asp Phe Ile Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Phe His Ile Tyr Pro Val  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Pro Ile Pro Glu Arg Arg Arg Phe Leu Tyr Gln Val Lys Asn Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ile Asn

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 123

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 143

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 123

Met Glu Tyr Lys Lys Ile Leu Ile Arg Leu Leu Ile Ala Phe Ala Val  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Phe Ser Ala Asp Phe Thr Tyr Gln Ser Val Glu Gln Thr His Gln  
 20 25 30  
 Ser His Ala Ala Val Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Lys Asn Gln Cys Thr Trp Trp  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Phe Lys Arg Arg Ala Gln Val Gly Lys Pro Val Ser Asn Arg Trp  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Asn Ala Lys Asn Trp Tyr Tyr Asn Ala Arg Lys Ser Lys Tyr Ala  
 65 70 75 80

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Thr Gly Arg Thr Pro Arg Lys Phe Ala Val Met Gln Ser Thr Ala Gly
      85                               90
Tyr Tyr Gly His Val Ala Val Val Glu Gln Val Tyr Lys Asn Gly Ser
      100                               105
Ile Lys Val Ser Glu Tyr Asn Phe Tyr Arg Pro Leu Lys Tyr Asn Thr
      115                               120
Arg Val Leu Ser Lys Lys Ala Ala Arg Asn Phe Asn Tyr Ile Tyr
      130                               135

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<210> SEQ ID NO 124
<211> LENGTH: 255
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 124

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Met Lys Lys Ile Val Thr Ala Thr Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Ala Thr
  1      5                               10
Ile Ala Phe Ala Gly His Asp Ala Gln Ala Ala Glu Gln Asn Asn Asn
  20      25                               30
Gly Tyr Asn Ser Asn Asp Ala Gln Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Ile
  35      40                               45
Asp Ala Gln Gly Asn Tyr His Tyr Thr Trp Thr Gly Asn Trp Asn Pro
  50      55                               60
Ser Gln Leu Thr Gln Asn Asn Thr Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Thr
  65      70                               75
Tyr Ser Tyr Asn Asn Ala Ser Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Tyr Asn His Ser Tyr
  85      90                               95
Gln Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Thr Asn Asn Ser Gln Thr Ala Thr Asn Asn Tyr
  100     105                               110
Tyr Thr Gly Gly Ser Gly Ala Ser Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Asn Asn Val
  115     120                               125
His Val Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Pro Ser Ser Asn Gly Arg Ser Ile Ser
  130     135                               140
Asn Gly Tyr Ala Ser Gly Ser Asn Leu Tyr Thr Ser Gly Gln Cys Thr
  145     150                               155
Tyr Tyr Val Phe Asp Arg Val Gly Gly Lys Ile Gly Ser Thr Trp Gly
  165     170                               175
Asn Ala Ser Asn Trp Ala Asn Ala Ala Ala Ser Ser Gly Tyr Thr Val
  180     185                               190
Asn Asn Thr Pro Lys Val Gly Ala Ile Met Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Tyr
  195     200                               205
Tyr Gly His Val Ala Tyr Val Glu Gly Val Asn Ser Asn Gly Ser Val
  210     215                               220
Arg Val Ser Glu Met Asn Tyr Gly His Gly Ala Gly Val Val Thr Ser
  225     230                               235
Arg Thr Ile Ser Ala Asn Gln Ala Gly Ser Tyr Asn Phe Ile His
      245                               250

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<210> SEQ ID NO 125
<211> LENGTH: 131
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 125

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Met Lys Lys Leu Ile Ile Ser Leu Met Ala Val Met Leu Phe Leu Thr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Cys Gly Lys Ser Gln Glu Lys Ala Thr Leu Glu Lys Asp Ile Asp  
 20 25 30  
 Asn Leu Gln Lys Glu Asn Lys Glu Leu Lys Asp Lys Lys Glu Lys Leu  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Gln Glu Lys Glu Lys Leu Ala Asp Lys Gln Lys Asp Leu Glu Lys  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Val Lys Asp Leu Lys Pro Ser Lys Glu Asp Asn Lys Asp Asp Lys  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Asp Glu Asp Lys Asn Lys Asp Lys Asp Lys Asp Lys Glu Ala Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Gln Asp Lys Gln Ser Lys Asp Gln Thr Lys Ser Ser Asp Lys Asp Asn  
 100 105 110  
 His Lys Lys Pro Thr Ser Ala Asp Lys Asp Gln Lys Ala Asn Asp Lys  
 115 120 125  
 His Gln Ser  
 130

<210> SEQ ID NO 126  
 <211> LENGTH: 192  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 126

Met Thr Lys Arg Pro Lys Arg Ile Leu Ala Thr Ile Ile Ile Phe Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Leu Leu Phe Thr Ile Ile Tyr Ile Asp Asp Ile Gln Lys Trp Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Asn Gln Tyr Thr Asp Lys Leu Thr Gln Asn His Lys Gly Gln Gly His  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Lys Trp Glu Asp Phe Phe Arg Gly Ser Arg Ile Thr Glu Thr Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Lys Tyr Gln His Ser Pro Phe Asp Gly Lys His Tyr Gly Ile Asp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Phe Ala Leu Pro Lys Gly Thr Pro Leu Lys Ala Pro Thr Asn Gly Lys  
 85 90 95  
 Val Thr Arg Ile Phe Asn Asn Glu Leu Gly Gly Lys Val Leu Gln Ile  
 100 105 110  
 Ala Glu Asp Asn Gly Glu Tyr His Gln Trp Tyr Leu His Leu Asp Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Tyr Asn Val Lys Val Gly Asp Arg Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Ile Ile Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Tyr Ser Gly Asn Thr Gly Ile Gln Thr Thr Gly Ala His Leu His Phe  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gln Arg Met Lys Gly Gly Val Gly Asn Ala Tyr Ala Glu Asp Pro Lys  
 165 170 175  
 Pro Phe Ile Asp Gln Leu Pro Asp Gly Glu Arg Ser Leu Tyr Asp Leu  
 180 185 190

<210> SEQ ID NO 127  
 <211> LENGTH: 505  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 127

Met Thr Gln Gln Gln Asn Asp Lys Arg Thr Leu Lys Asn Lys His Thr  
1 5 10 15  
Tyr Gln Asn Glu Pro Leu Pro Asn Arg Lys Asp Phe Val Val Ser Phe  
20 25 30  
Ile Thr Gly Ala Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Lys Asn  
35 40 45  
Lys Val Tyr Gln Lys Ala Asp Asp Leu Lys Val Lys Glu Gln Glu Leu  
50 55 60  
Ser Gln Lys Phe Glu Glu Arg Lys Thr Gln Leu Glu Glu Thr Val Ala  
65 70 75 80  
Tyr Thr Lys Glu Arg Val Glu Gly Phe Leu Asn Lys Ser Lys Asn Glu  
85 90 95  
Gln Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser  
100 105 110  
Ala Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp Thr Ser Gln Glu Ala Gln Glu Ile Gln Glu  
115 120 125  
Ala Lys Arg Glu Ala Gln Ala Glu Ala Asp Lys Ser Val Ala Val Ser  
130 135 140  
Asn Lys Glu Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile  
145 150 155 160  
Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp Thr Ser Gln Glu Ala  
165 170 175  
Gln Glu Ile Gln Glu Ala Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln Ala Glu Thr Asp Lys  
180 185 190  
Ser Ala Ala Val Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Lys Ala Val Ala Leu Lys Ala  
195 200 205  
Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp  
210 215 220  
Thr Ser Gln Glu Ala Gln Glu Val Gln Glu Ala Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln  
225 230 235 240  
Ala Glu Thr Asp Lys Ser Ala Ala Val Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Lys Ala  
245 250 255  
Val Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser Ala  
260 265 270  
Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile Ser Gln Glu Ala Gln Glu Val Gln Glu Ala  
275 280 285  
Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln Ala Glu Lys Asp Ser Asp Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp  
290 295 300  
Ala Ser Ala Ala Lys Val Glu Val Ser Lys Pro Glu Ser Gln Ala Glu  
305 310 315 320  
Arg Leu Ala Asn Ala Ala Lys Gln Lys Gln Ala Lys Leu Thr Pro Gly  
325 330 335  
Ser Lys Glu Ser Gln Leu Thr Glu Ala Leu Phe Ala Glu Lys Pro Val  
340 345 350  
Ala Lys Asn Asp Leu Lys Glu Ile Pro Gln Leu Val Thr Lys Lys Asn  
355 360 365  
Asp Val Ser Glu Thr Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asp Asn Lys Asp Thr Val  
370 375 380  
Lys Gln Lys Glu Ala Lys Phe Glu Asn Gly Val Ile Thr Arg Lys Ala

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385		390		395		400									
Asp	Glu	Lys	Thr	Thr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Ala	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ser	Gly	Lys
				405					410					415	
Gln	Ser	Lys	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ser	Asn	Lys	Arg	Asn	Ala	Ser	Lys	Ala
			420					425					430		
Ser	Thr	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gln	Lys	Lys	Gln	His	Asn	Lys	Lys	Ser
		435					440					445			
Ser	Gln	Gly	Ala	Lys	Lys	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys
	450					455					460				
Asn	Asn	Gln	Thr	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asn	Ser	Lys	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ala	Lys	Ser
465					470					475					480
Ser	Asn	Ala	Ser	Lys	Thr	Pro	Asn	Ala	Lys	Val	Glu	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ser
				485					490					495	
Lys	Ile	Glu	Lys	Arg	Thr	Phe	Asn	Asp							
		500						505							

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 128

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 305

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 128

Met	Phe	Lys	Arg	Thr	Lys	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ile	Ala	Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ser
1				5					10					15	
Gly	Cys	Ser	Thr	Thr	Asn	Asn	Glu	Ser	Asn	Lys	Glu	Thr	Lys	Ser	Val
			20					25					30		
Pro	Glu	Glu	Met	Glu	Ala	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Val	Gly	Gln	Gly	Phe	Gln	Pro
			35				40					45			
Pro	Ala	Glu	Lys	Asp	Val	Val	Glu	Phe	Ala	Lys	Lys	His	Lys	Asp	Lys
	50					55					60				
Ile	Ala	Lys	Arg	Gly	Glu	Gln	Phe	Phe	Met	Asp	Asn	Phe	Gly	Leu	Lys
65					70					75					80
Val	Lys	Ala	Thr	Asn	Val	Val	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	Phe
				85					90					95	
Val	His	Cys	Asp	Asp	His	Asp	Ile	Val	Phe	Asn	Ala	Ser	Ile	Pro	Phe
			100					105					110		
Asp	Lys	Ser	Ile	Ile	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ser	Glu	Asp	Lys
		115					120					125			
Gly	Asp	Asp	Met	Ser	Thr	Leu	Val	Gly	Thr	Val	Leu	Ser	Gly	Phe	Glu
	130					135					140				
Tyr	Arg	Thr	Gln	Lys	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Lys	Phe	Phe	Lys
145					150					155					160
Asp	Asn	Glu	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Phe	Thr	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ile
				165					170					175	
Asn	Lys	Thr	Gln	Asn	Val	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Ile	Thr
		180						185					190		
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Leu	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Tyr	Glu	Pro	Leu
		195					200					205			
Ile	His	Lys	Asn	Asp	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Glu	Gly	Met	Glu	Gln	Ala	Arg
	210					215					220				
Lys	Glu	Val	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Asn	Thr	Asp	Thr	Val	Thr	Thr	Leu	Phe
225					230					235					240

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Ser Thr Lys Glu Asn Phe Thr Lys Asp Asn Thr Val Asp Asp Val Ile  
 245 250 255

Glu Leu Ser Asp Lys Leu Tyr Asn Phe Lys Asn Lys Pro Glu Lys Ser  
 260 265 270

Thr Ile Thr Ile Gln Ile Gly Lys Pro Thr Ile Asn Thr Lys Lys Ala  
 275 280 285

Phe Tyr Asp Asp Asn Asp Pro Ile Glu Tyr Gly Val Tyr Arg Lys Asp  
 290 295 300

Glu  
 305

<210> SEQ ID NO 129  
 <211> LENGTH: 226  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 129

Met Lys Phe Lys Ala Ile Ala Lys Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Met Leu  
 1 5 10 15

Ala Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Ser Asn Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ala Lys Ala  
 20 25 30

Glu Val Lys Gln Gln Ser Glu Ser Glu Leu Lys His Tyr Tyr Asn Lys  
 35 40 45

Pro Ile Leu Glu Arg Lys Asn Val Thr Gly Phe Lys Tyr Thr Asp Glu  
 50 55 60

Gly Lys His Tyr Leu Glu Val Thr Val Gly Gln Gln His Ser Arg Ile  
 65 70 75 80

Thr Leu Leu Gly Ser Asp Lys Asp Lys Phe Lys Asp Gly Glu Asn Ser  
 85 90 95

Asn Ile Asp Val Phe Ile Leu Arg Glu Gly Asp Ser Arg Gln Ala Thr  
 100 105 110

Asn Tyr Ser Ile Gly Gly Val Thr Lys Ser Asn Ser Val Gln Tyr Ile  
 115 120 125

Asp Tyr Ile Asn Thr Pro Ile Leu Glu Ile Lys Lys Asp Asn Glu Asp  
 130 135 140

Val Leu Lys Asp Phe Tyr Tyr Ile Ser Lys Glu Asp Ile Ser Leu Lys  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Leu Asp Tyr Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Ala Ile Lys Gln His Gly Leu  
 165 170 175

Tyr Ser Asn Gly Leu Lys Gln Gly Gln Ile Thr Ile Thr Met Asn Asp  
 180 185 190

Gly Thr Thr His Thr Ile Asp Leu Ser Gln Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Arg  
 195 200 205

Met Gly Glu Ser Ile Asp Gly Thr Lys Ile Asn Lys Ile Leu Val Glu  
 210 215 220

Met Lys  
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 130  
 <211> LENGTH: 231  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 130

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Met Lys Met Lys Asn Ile Ala Lys Ile Ser Leu Leu Leu Gly Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ala Thr Gly Val Asn Thr Thr Thr Glu Lys Pro Val His Ala Glu Lys  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Ile Val Ile Ser Glu Asn Ser Lys Lys Leu Lys Ala Tyr Tyr  
35 40 45

Asn Gln Pro Ser Ile Glu Tyr Lys Asn Val Thr Gly Tyr Ile Ser Phe  
50 55 60

Ile Gln Pro Ser Ile Lys Phe Met Asn Ile Ile Asp Gly Asn Ser Val  
65 70 75 80

Asn Asn Ile Ala Leu Ile Gly Lys Asp Lys Gln His Tyr His Thr Gly  
85 90 95

Val His Arg Asn Leu Asn Ile Phe Tyr Val Asn Glu Asp Lys Arg Phe  
100 105 110

Glu Gly Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ile Gly Gly Ile Thr Ser Ala Asn Asp Lys  
115 120 125

Ala Val Asp Leu Ile Ala Glu Ala Arg Val Ile Lys Glu Asp His Thr  
130 135 140

Gly Glu Tyr Asp Tyr Asp Phe Phe Pro Phe Lys Ile Asp Lys Glu Ala  
145 150 155 160

Met Ser Leu Lys Glu Ile Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Tyr Leu Ile Asp  
165 170 175

Asn Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Gly Glu Met Ser Thr Gly Lys Ile Thr Val Lys  
180 185 190

Lys Lys Tyr Tyr Gly Lys Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu Asp Lys Lys Leu Gln  
195 200 205

Glu Asp Arg Met Ser Asp Val Ile Asn Val Thr Asp Ile Asp Arg Ile  
210 215 220

Glu Ile Lys Val Leu Lys Ala  
225 230

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 131

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 356

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 131

Met Lys Met Arg Thr Ile Ala Lys Thr Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Thr Thr Gly Ala Ile Thr Val Thr Thr Gln Ser Val Lys Ala Glu Lys  
20 25 30

Ile Gln Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Val Pro Thr Leu Lys Ala Glu Arg  
35 40 45

Leu Ala Met Ile Asn Ile Thr Ala Gly Ala Asn Ser Ala Thr Thr Gln  
50 55 60

Ala Ala Asn Thr Arg Gln Glu Arg Thr Pro Lys Leu Glu Lys Ala Pro  
65 70 75 80

Asn Thr Asn Glu Glu Lys Thr Ser Ala Ser Lys Ile Glu Lys Ile Ser  
85 90 95

Gln Pro Lys Gln Glu Glu Gln Lys Thr Leu Asn Ile Ser Ala Thr Pro  
100 105 110

Ala Pro Lys Gln Glu Gln Ser Gln Thr Thr Thr Glu Ser Thr Thr Pro  
115 120 125

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Lys Thr Lys Val Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Thr Asn Thr Pro Gln Pro Met  
 130 135 140  
 Gln Ser Thr Lys Ser Asp Thr Pro Gln Ser Pro Thr Ile Lys Gln Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gln Thr Asp Met Thr Pro Lys Tyr Glu Asp Leu Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Lys Pro Ser Phe Glu Phe Glu Lys Gln Phe Gly Phe Met Leu Lys Pro  
 180 185 190  
 Trp Thr Thr Val Arg Phe Met Asn Val Ile Pro Asn Arg Phe Ile Tyr  
 195 200 205  
 Lys Ile Ala Leu Val Gly Lys Asp Glu Lys Lys Tyr Lys Asp Gly Pro  
 210 215 220  
 Tyr Asp Asn Ile Asp Val Phe Ile Val Leu Glu Asp Asn Lys Tyr Gln  
 225 230 235 240  
 Leu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Val Gly Gly Ile Thr Lys Thr Asn Ser Lys Lys  
 245 250 255  
 Val Asn His Lys Val Glu Leu Ser Ile Thr Lys Lys Asp Asn Gln Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Met Ile Ser Arg Asp Val Ser Glu Tyr Met Ile Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile  
 275 280 285  
 Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Gln Leu Ile Glu Lys  
 290 295 300  
 His Asn Leu Tyr Gly Asn Met Gly Ser Gly Thr Ile Val Ile Lys Met  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Asn Gly Gly Lys Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu His Lys Lys Leu Gln Glu  
 325 330 335  
 His Arg Met Ala Asp Val Ile Asp Gly Thr Asn Ile Asp Asn Ile Glu  
 340 345 350  
 Val Asn Ile Lys  
 355

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 132

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 308

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 132

Met Lys Ile Thr Thr Ile Ala Lys Thr Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Thr Thr Thr Gln Ala Ala Asn Ala Thr Thr  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Glu Ala Pro Gln Ser Thr Pro Pro Ser Thr  
 35 40 45  
 Lys Ile Glu Ala Pro Gln Ser Lys Pro Asn Ala Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Thr Lys Val Glu Ala Pro Gln Gln Thr Ala Asn Ala Thr Thr Pro Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ser Thr Lys Val Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Thr Asn Thr Pro Gln Pro Met  
 85 90 95  
 Gln Ser Thr Lys Ser Asp Thr Pro Gln Ser Pro Thr Thr Lys Gln Val  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Thr Glu Ile Asn Pro Lys Phe Lys Asp Leu Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Thr

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115					120					125					
Lys	Pro	Ser	Leu	Glu	Phe	Lys	Asn	Glu	Ile	Gly	Ile	Ile	Leu	Lys	Lys
130						135					140				
Trp	Thr	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Met	Asn	Val	Val	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Tyr
145					150					155					160
Lys	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val	Gly	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Glu	Gly	Val
			165						170					175	
His	Arg	Asn	Val	Asp	Val	Phe	Val	Val	Leu	Glu	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Asn
			180						185					190	
Leu	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Val	Gly	Gly	Ile	Thr	Lys	Ser	Asn	Ser	Lys	Lys
		195						200						205	
Val	Asp	His	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr	Lys	Glu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Gly
	210					215						220			
Thr	Ile	Ser	His	Asp	Val	Ser	Glu	Phe	Lys	Ile	Thr	Lys	Glu	Gln	Ile
225					230					235					240
Ser	Leu	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asp	Phe	Lys	Leu	Arg	Lys	Gln	Leu	Ile	Glu	Lys
			245						250					255	
Asn	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ile	Val	Ile	Lys	Met
			260						265					270	
Lys	Asn	Gly	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Glu	Leu	His	Lys	Lys	Leu	Gln	Glu
		275					280						285		
Asn	Arg	Met	Ala	Asp	Val	Ile	Asp	Gly	Thr	Asn	Ile	Asp	Asn	Ile	Glu
	290					295					300				
Val	Asn	Ile	Lys												
305															

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 133

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 234

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 133

Met	Lys	Met	Thr	Ala	Ile	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ile	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ile	Thr	Ser	Leu	His	Gln	Thr	Val	Asn	Ala	Ser	Glu
			20					25					30		
His	Lys	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Val	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ile	Phe	Asp	Leu	Arg
		35					40					45			
Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ser	Lys	Glu	Leu	Lys	Asn	Val	Thr	Gly	Tyr
	50					55					60				
Arg	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Gly	Gly	Lys	His	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Phe	Asp	Lys	Asn	Arg
65					70					75				80	
Lys	Phe	Thr	Arg	Val	Gln	Ile	Phe	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ile	Glu	Arg	Phe	Lys
				85					90					95	
Ala	Arg	Lys	Asn	Pro	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ile	Phe	Val	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Glu
			100					105					110		
Asn	Arg	Asn	Gly	Thr	Val	Phe	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Val	Thr	Lys	Lys	Asn
			115					120					125		
Gln	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Ala	Pro	Arg	Phe	Gln	Ile	Lys
	130						135					140			
Arg	Asp	Glu	Gly	Asp	Gly	Ile	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Val	His	Tyr	Ile
145					150					155					160

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Tyr Lys Glu Glu Ile Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Gln
    165                                170                                175

Tyr Leu Ile Gln Asn Phe Asp Leu Tyr Lys Lys Phe Pro Lys Asp Ser
    180                                185                                190

Lys Ile Lys Val Ile Met Lys Asp Gly Gly Tyr Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu
    195                                200                                205

Asn Lys Lys Leu Gln Thr Asn Arg Met Ser Asp Val Ile Asp Gly Arg
    210                                215                                220

Asn Ile Glu Lys Ile Glu Ala Asn Ile Arg
    225                                230

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<210> SEQ ID NO 134
<211> LENGTH: 231
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 134

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Met Lys Leu Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Val Leu Gly Leu Leu
 1          5          10          15

Ala Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Thr Glu Ser Gln Thr Val Lys Ala Ala Glu
 20          25          30

Ser Thr Gln Gly Gln His Asn Tyr Lys Ser Leu Lys Tyr Tyr Tyr Ser
 35          40          45

Lys Pro Ser Ile Glu Leu Lys Asn Leu Asp Gly Leu Tyr Arg Gln Lys
 50          55          60

Val Thr Asp Lys Gly Val Tyr Val Trp Lys Asp Arg Lys Asp Tyr Phe
 65          70          75          80

Val Gly Leu Leu Gly Lys Asp Ile Glu Lys Tyr Pro Gln Gly Glu His
 85          90          95

Asp Lys Gln Asp Ala Phe Leu Val Ile Glu Glu Glu Thr Val Asn Gly
100          105          110

Arg Gln Tyr Ser Ile Gly Gly Leu Ser Lys Thr Asn Ser Lys Glu Phe
115          120          125

Ser Lys Glu Val Asp Val Lys Val Thr Arg Lys Ile Asp Glu Ser Ser
130          135          140

Glu Lys Ser Lys Asp Ser Lys Phe Lys Ile Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile Ser
145          150          155          160

Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Met Glu Glu Glu
165          170          175

Lys Leu Tyr Gly Ala Val Asn Asn Arg Lys Gly Lys Ile Val Val Lys
180          185          190

Met Glu Asp Asp Lys Phe Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu Thr Lys Lys Leu Gln
195          200          205

Pro His Arg Met Gly Asp Thr Ile Asp Gly Thr Lys Ile Lys Glu Ile
210          215          220

Asn Val Glu Leu Glu Tyr Lys
225          230

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<210> SEQ ID NO 135
<211> LENGTH: 231
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 135

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Met Lys Leu Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Ser Glu Gly Gln Ala Val Gln Ala Lys Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Gln Glu Arg Val Gln His Leu Tyr Asp Ile Lys Asp Leu His Arg  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Glu Ser Phe Glu Phe Ser Asn Ile Ser Gly Lys Val  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Asn Tyr Asn Gly Ser Asn Val Val Arg Phe Asn Gln Glu Asn Gln  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asn His Gln Leu Phe Leu Leu Gly Lys Asp Lys Glu Lys Tyr Lys Glu  
 85 90 95  
 Gly Ile Glu Gly Lys Asp Val Phe Val Val Lys Glu Leu Ile Asp Pro  
 100 105 110  
 Asn Gly Arg Leu Ser Thr Val Gly Gly Val Thr Lys Lys Asn Asn Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Ser Glu Thr Asn Thr His Leu Phe Val Asn Lys Val Tyr Gly Gly  
 130 135 140  
 Asn Leu Asp Ala Ser Ile Asp Ser Phe Ser Ile Asn Lys Glu Glu Val  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Gln His Leu Val Lys Asn  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Lys Gly Thr Thr Lys Tyr Gly Lys Ile Thr Ile Asn  
 180 185 190  
 Leu Lys Asp Gly Glu Lys Gln Glu Ile Asp Leu Gly Asp Lys Leu Gln  
 195 200 205  
 Phe Glu Arg Met Gly Asp Val Leu Asn Ser Lys Asp Ile Asn Lys Ile  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Val Thr Leu Lys Gln Ile  
 225 230

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 136

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 232

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 136

Met Lys Phe Thr Val Ile Ala Lys Ala Ile Phe Ile Leu Gly Ile Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ile Thr Glu Asn Gln Ser Val Asn Ala Lys Gly  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Tyr Glu Lys Met Asn Arg Leu Tyr Asp Thr Asn Lys Leu His Gln  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Tyr Ser Gly Pro Ser Tyr Glu Leu Thr Asn Val Ser Gly Gln Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Gly Tyr Tyr Asp Ser Asn Val Leu Leu Phe Asn Gln Gln Asn Gln  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Phe Gln Val Phe Leu Leu Gly Lys Asp Glu Asn Lys Tyr Lys Glu  
 85 90 95  
 Lys Thr His Gly Leu Asp Val Phe Ala Val Pro Glu Leu Val Asp Leu  
 100 105 110  
 Asp Gly Arg Ile Phe Ser Val Ser Gly Val Thr Lys Lys Asn Val Lys  
 115 120 125

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Ser Ile Phe Glu Ser Leu Arg Thr Pro Asn Leu Leu Val Lys Lys Ile  
 130 135 140

Asp Asp Lys Asp Gly Phe Ser Ile Asp Glu Phe Phe Phe Ile Gln Lys  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Glu Val Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Lys Leu Leu  
 165 170 175

Ile Lys Lys Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Glu Gly Ser Ala Asp Lys Gly Arg Ile  
 180 185 190

Val Ile Asn Met Lys Asp Glu Asn Lys Tyr Glu Ile Asp Leu Ser Asp  
 195 200 205

Lys Leu Asp Phe Glu Arg Met Ala Asp Val Ile Asn Ser Glu Gln Ile  
 210 215 220

Lys Asn Ile Glu Val Asn Leu Lys  
 225 230

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 137

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 232

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 137

Met Lys Leu Thr Thr Ile Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Leu  
 1 5 10 15

Thr Thr Gly Val Phe Thr Ala Glu Ser Gln Thr Gly His Ala Lys Val  
 20 25 30

Glu Leu Asp Glu Thr Gln Arg Lys Tyr Tyr Ile Asn Met Leu His Gln  
 35 40 45

Tyr Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Phe Glu Pro Thr Asn Ile Ser Val Lys Ser  
 50 55 60

Glu Asp Tyr Tyr Gly Ser Asn Val Leu Asn Phe Lys Gln Arg Asn Lys  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Phe Lys Val Phe Leu Leu Gly Asp Asp Lys Asn Lys Tyr Lys Glu  
 85 90 95

Lys Thr His Gly Leu Asp Val Phe Ala Val Pro Glu Leu Ile Asp Ile  
 100 105 110

Lys Gly Gly Ile Tyr Ser Val Gly Gly Ile Thr Lys Lys Asn Val Arg  
 115 120 125

Ser Val Phe Gly Phe Val Ser Asn Pro Ser Leu Gln Val Lys Lys Val  
 130 135 140

Asp Ala Lys Asn Gly Phe Ser Ile Asn Glu Leu Phe Phe Ile Gln Lys  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Glu Val Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Lys Leu Leu  
 165 170 175

Ile Glu Lys Tyr Arg Leu Tyr Lys Gly Thr Ser Asp Lys Gly Arg Ile  
 180 185 190

Val Ile Asn Met Lys Asp Glu Lys Lys His Glu Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu  
 195 200 205

Lys Leu Ser Phe Glu Arg Met Phe Asp Val Met Asp Ser Lys Gln Ile  
 210 215 220

Lys Asn Ile Glu Val Asn Leu Asn  
 225 230

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<210> SEQ ID NO 138
<211> LENGTH: 227
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 138

Met Lys Phe Thr Ala Leu Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Leu
1           5           10          15

Thr Thr Gly Thr Leu Thr Thr Glu Val His Ser Gly His Ala Lys Gln
          20          25          30

Asn Gln Lys Ser Val Asn Lys His Asp Lys Glu Ala Leu Tyr Arg Tyr
          35          40          45

Tyr Thr Gly Lys Thr Met Glu Met Lys Asn Ile Ser Ala Leu Lys His
          50          55          60

Gly Lys Asn Asn Leu Arg Phe Lys Phe Arg Gly Ile Lys Ile Gln Val
65          70          75          80

Leu Leu Pro Gly Asn Asp Lys Ser Lys Phe Gln Gln Arg Ser Tyr Glu
          85          90          95

Gly Leu Asp Val Phe Phe Val Gln Glu Lys Arg Asp Lys His Asp Ile
          100         105         110

Phe Tyr Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ile Gln Asn Asn Lys Thr Ser Gly Val
          115         120         125

Val Ser Ala Pro Ile Leu Asn Ile Ser Lys Glu Lys Gly Glu Asp Ala
          130         135         140

Phe Val Lys Gly Tyr Pro Tyr Tyr Ile Lys Lys Glu Lys Ile Thr Leu
145         150         155         160

Lys Glu Leu Asp Tyr Lys Leu Arg Lys His Leu Ile Glu Lys Tyr Gly
          165         170         175

Leu Tyr Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Gly Arg Val Lys Ile Ser Leu Lys
          180         185         190

Asp Gly Ser Phe Tyr Asn Leu Asp Leu Arg Ser Lys Leu Lys Phe Lys
          195         200         205

Tyr Met Gly Glu Val Ile Glu Ser Lys Gln Ile Lys Asp Ile Glu Val
210         215         220

Asn Leu Lys
225

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<210> SEQ ID NO 139
<211> LENGTH: 225
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 139

Met Lys Leu Lys Asn Ile Ala Lys Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Leu
1           5           10          15

Thr Thr Gly Met Ile Thr Thr Thr Ala Gln Pro Val Lys Ala Ser Thr
          20          25          30

Leu Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Ala Thr Gln Asp Leu Ser Glu Tyr Tyr Asn
          35          40          45

Arg Pro Phe Phe Glu Tyr Thr Asn Gln Ser Gly Tyr Lys Glu Glu Gly
          50          55          60

Lys Val Thr Phe Thr Pro Asn Tyr Gln Leu Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Thr
65          70          75          80

Gly Asn Glu Lys Gln Asn Phe Gly Glu Asp Ile Ser Asn Val Asp Ile

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 143

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Met Pro Lys Asn Lys Ile Leu Ile Tyr Leu Leu Ser Thr Thr Leu Val
1           5              10              15

Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Ser Pro Thr Ala Tyr Ala Asp Thr Pro Gln Lys
20              25              30

Asp Thr Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Ser His Asp Ser Lys Lys Ser Asn Asp
35              40              45

Asp Glu Thr Ser Lys Asp Thr Thr Ser Lys Asp Ile Asp Lys Ala Asp
50              55              60

Lys Asn Asn Thr Ser Asn Gln Asp Asn Asn Asp Lys Lys Phe Lys Thr
65              70              75              80

Ile Asp Asp Ser Thr Ser Asp Ser Asn Asn Ile Ile Asp Phe Ile Tyr
85              90              95

Lys Asn Leu Pro Gln Thr Asn Ile Asn Gln Leu Leu Thr Lys Asn Lys
100             105             110

Tyr Asp Asp Asn Tyr Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Ile Gln Asn Leu Phe Asn
115            120            125

Leu Asn Ser Asp Ile Ser Asp Tyr Glu Gln Pro Arg Asn Gly Glu Lys
130            135            140

Ser Thr Asn Asp Ser Asn Lys Asn Ser Asp Asn Ser Ile Lys Asn Asp
145            150            155            160

Thr Asp Thr Gln Ser Ser Lys Gln Asp Lys Ala Asp Asn Gln Lys Ala
165            170            175

Pro Lys Ser Asn Asn Thr Lys Pro Ser Thr Ser Asn Lys Gln Pro Asn
180            185            190

Ser Pro Lys Pro Thr Gln Pro Asn Gln Ser Asn Ser Gln Pro Ala Ser
195            200            205

Asp Asp Lys Ala Asn Gln Lys Ser Ser Ser Lys Asp Asn Gln Ser Met
210            215            220

Ser Asp Ser Ala Leu Asp Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Ser Glu Asp Ala
225            230            235            240

Lys Lys Thr Gln Lys Asp Tyr Ala Ser Gln Ser Lys Lys Asp Lys Asn
245            250            255

Glu Lys Ser Asn Thr Lys Asn Pro Gln Leu Pro Thr Gln Asp Glu Leu
260            265            270

Lys His Lys Ser Lys Pro Ala Gln Ser Phe Asn Asn Asp Val Asn Gln
275            280            285

Lys Asp Thr Arg Ala Thr Ser Leu Phe Glu Thr Asp Pro Ser Ile Ser
290            295            300

Asn Asn Asp Asp Ser Gly Gln Phe Asn Val Val Asp Ser Lys Asp Thr
305            310            315            320

Arg Gln Phe Val Lys Ser Ile Ala Lys Asp Ala His Arg Ile Gly Gln
325            330            335

Asp Asn Asp Ile Tyr Ala Ser Val Met Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Leu Glu
340            345            350

Ser Asp Ser Gly Arg Ser Ala Leu Ala Lys Ser Pro Asn His Asn Leu
355            360            365

Phe Gly Ile Lys Gly Ala Phe Glu Gly Asn Ser Val Pro Phe Asn Thr
370            375            380

Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Asn Gln Leu Tyr Ser Ile Asn Ala Gly Phe Arg
385            390            395            400

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130	135	140
Tyr Lys Lys Ala Val Asn Ser Glu Lys Thr Leu Phe Lys Tyr Leu Asn		
145	150	155 160
Gln Asn Asp Ala Thr Gln Gln Gly Val Asn Glu Lys Ser Lys Ala Ile		
	165	170 175
Glu Gln Asn Tyr Lys Lys Leu Lys Glu Val Ser Asp Lys Tyr Thr Lys		
	180	185 190
Val Leu Asn Lys Val Gly Lys Glu Lys Gln Asp Val Asp Gln Phe Lys		
	195	200 205

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 145

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 105

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 145

Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Gln Ser Leu Ser Ala Leu Gly Val Ser Ala Thr		
1	5	10 15
Leu Val Thr Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Ala Thr Thr Asn Thr Thr Pro		
	20	25 30
Gln Ile Lys Gly Ala Asn Asp Ile Val Ile Lys Lys Gly Gln Asp Tyr		
	35	40 45
Asn Leu Leu Asn Gly Ile Ser Ala Phe Asp Lys Glu Asp Gly Asp Leu		
	50	55 60
Thr Asp Lys Ile Lys Val Asp Gly Gln Ile Asp Thr Ser Lys Ser Gly		
	65	70 75 80
Lys Tyr Gln Ile Lys Tyr His Val Thr Asp Ser Asp Gly Ala Ile Lys		
	85	90 95
Ile Ser Thr Arg Tyr Ile Glu Val Lys		
	100	105

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 146

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 312

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 146

Met Lys Lys Leu Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Leu Val Ala		
1	5	10 15
Ala Cys Gly Thr Gly Gly Lys Gln Ser Ser Asp Lys Ser Asn Gly Lys		
	20	25 30
Leu Lys Val Val Thr Thr Asn Ser Ile Leu Tyr Asp Met Ala Lys Asn		
	35	40 45
Val Gly Gly Asp Asn Val Asp Ile His Ser Ile Val Pro Val Gly Gln		
	50	55 60
Asp Pro His Glu Tyr Glu Val Lys Pro Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Leu Thr		
	65	70 75 80
Asp Ala Asp Val Ile Leu Tyr Asn Gly Leu Asn Leu Glu Thr Gly Asn		
	85	90 95
Gly Trp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Glu Gln Ala Gly Lys Ser Leu Lys Asp		
	100	105 110
Lys Lys Val Ile Ala Val Ser Lys Asp Val Lys Pro Ile Tyr Leu Asn		
	115	120 125
Gly Glu Glu Gly Asn Lys Asp Lys Gln Asp Pro His Ala Trp Leu Ser		



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Arg Pro Glu Leu Leu Thr Arg Thr Phe Asp His Lys Tyr Leu Val Lys  
 180 185 190  
 Tyr Leu Gly Pro Tyr Asn Phe Thr Val Tyr Asp Gly Val Lys Thr Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Glu Asn Asn Gln Gln Lys Ala Leu Ala Ser Glu Asp Asp Leu Thr Lys  
 210 215 220  
 Val Leu Asn Tyr Thr Lys Gln Arg Gln Thr Glu Pro Asn Pro Glu Tyr  
 225 230 235 240  
 Tyr Gly Val Ala Lys Lys Lys Asn Ile Ile Lys Ile His Leu Glu Ser  
 245 250 255  
 Phe Gln Thr Phe Leu Ile Asn Lys Lys Val Asn Gly Lys Glu Val Thr  
 260 265 270  
 Pro Phe Leu Asn Lys Leu Ser Ser Gly Lys Glu Gln Phe Thr Tyr Phe  
 275 280 285  
 Pro Asn Phe Phe His Gln Thr Gly Gln Gly Lys Thr Ser Asp Ser Glu  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Thr Met Asp Asn Ser Leu Tyr Gly Leu Pro Gln Gly Ser Ala Phe  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ser Leu Lys Gly Asp Asn Thr Tyr Gln Ser Leu Pro Ala Ile Leu Asp  
 325 330 335  
 Gln Lys Gln Gly Tyr Lys Ser Asp Val Met His Gly Asp Tyr Lys Thr  
 340 345 350  
 Phe Trp Asn Arg Asp Gln Val Tyr Lys His Phe Gly Ile Asp Lys Phe  
 355 360 365  
 Tyr Asp Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Met Ser Asp Lys Asn Val Val Asn Leu  
 370 375 380  
 Gly Leu Lys Asp Lys Ile Phe Phe Lys Asp Ser Ala Asn Tyr Gln Ala  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Met Lys Ser Pro Phe Tyr Ser His Leu Ile Thr Leu Thr Asn His  
 405 410 415  
 Tyr Pro Phe Thr Leu Asp Glu Lys Asp Ala Thr Ile Glu Lys Ser Asn  
 420 425 430  
 Thr Gly Asp Ala Thr Val Asp Gly Tyr Ile Gln Thr Ala Arg Tyr Leu  
 435 440 445  
 Asp Glu Ala Leu Glu Glu Tyr Ile Asn Asp Leu Lys Lys Lys Gly Leu  
 450 455 460  
 Tyr Asp Asn Ser Val Ile Met Ile Tyr Gly Asp His Tyr Gly Ile Ser  
 465 470 475 480  
 Glu Asn His Asn Asn Ala Met Glu Lys Leu Leu Gly Glu Lys Ile Thr  
 485 490 495  
 Pro Ala Lys Phe Thr Asp Leu Asn Arg Thr Gly Phe Trp Ile Lys Ile  
 500 505 510  
 Pro Gly Lys Ser Gly Gly Ile Asn Asn Glu Tyr Ala Gly Gln Val Asp  
 515 520 525  
 Val Met Pro Thr Ile Leu His Leu Ala Gly Ile Asp Thr Lys Asn Tyr  
 530 535 540  
 Leu Met Phe Gly Thr Asp Leu Phe Ser Lys Gly His Asn Gln Val Val  
 545 550 555 560  
 Pro Phe Arg Asn Gly Asp Phe Ile Thr Lys Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Val Asn  
 565 570 575  
 Gly Lys Ile Tyr Ser Asn Lys Asn Asn Glu Leu Ile Thr Thr Gln Pro









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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 154

Met Ser Leu Ile Asn Lys Glu Ile Leu Pro Phe Thr Ala Gln Ala Phe
1           5           10           15
Asp Pro Lys Lys Asp Gln Phe Lys Glu Val Thr Gln Glu Asp Leu Lys
          20           25           30
Gly Ser Trp Ser Val Val Cys Phe Tyr Pro Ala Asp Phe Ser Phe Val
          35           40           45
Cys Pro Thr Glu Leu Glu Asp Leu Gln Asn Gln Tyr Glu Glu Leu Gln
          50           55           60
Lys Leu Gly Val Asn Val Phe Ser Val Ser Thr Asp Thr His Phe Val
65           70           75           80
His Lys Ala Trp His Asp His Ser Asp Ala Ile Ser Lys Ile Thr Tyr
          85           90           95
Thr Met Ile Gly Asp Pro Ser Gln Thr Ile Thr Arg Asn Phe Asp Val
          100          105          110
Leu Asp Glu Ala Thr Gly Leu Ala Gln Arg Gly Thr Phe Ile Ile Asp
          115          120          125
Pro Asp Gly Val Val Gln Ala Ser Glu Ile Asn Ala Asp Gly Ile Gly
          130          135          140
Arg Asp Ala Ser Thr Leu Ala His Lys Ile Lys Ala Ala Gln Tyr Val
145          150          155          160
Arg Lys Asn Pro Gly Glu Val Cys Pro Ala Lys Trp Glu Glu Gly Ala
          165          170          175
Lys Thr Leu Gln Pro Gly Leu Asp Leu Val Gly Lys Ile
          180          185

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<210> SEQ ID NO 155
<211> LENGTH: 207
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 155

Met Ala Met Ile Lys Met Ser Pro Glu Glu Leu Arg Ala Lys Ser Gln
1           5           10           15
Ser Tyr Gly Gln Gly Ser Asp Gln Ile Arg Gln Ile Leu Ser Asp Leu
          20           25           30
Thr Arg Ala Gln Gly Glu Leu Ala Ala Asn Trp Glu Gly Gln Ala Phe
          35           40           45
Ser Arg Phe Glu Glu Gln Phe Gln Gln Leu Ser Pro Lys Val Glu Lys
          50           55           60
Phe Ala Gln Leu Leu Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Gln Leu Asn Ser Thr Ala
65           70           75           80
Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Gln Asp Gln Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Leu
          85           90           95
Gln Ala Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Met Gly Gly Tyr Lys Gly Leu Lys Ala
          100          105          110
Asp Gly Gly Lys Val Asp Gln Ala Lys Gln Leu Ala Ala Lys Thr Ala
          115          120          125
Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Cys Gln Lys Gln Thr Gln Gln Leu Ala Glu Tyr
          130          135          140

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Ile	Glu	Gly	Ser	Asp	Trp	Glu	Gly	Gln	Phe	Ala	Asn	Lys	Val	Lys	Asp
145					150					155					160
Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	Phe	Gln	Glu	Glu	Leu	Val	Gln	Pro	Met
				165					170					175	
Ala	Asp	His	Gln	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asp	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gln	Asn	Leu	Ala	Lys
			180					185					190		
Tyr	Asp	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ile	Lys	Gln	Gly	Leu	Asp	Arg	Val	Asn	Pro	
	195						200						205		

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1.-42. (canceled)

43. A method for enhancing a subject's ability to mount an immune response to a *Staphylococcus aureus* antigen comprising providing to the subject a composition comprising an isolated antibody that specifically binds to the nontoxigenic *Staphylococcus aureus* Protein A (SpA) variant polypeptide SpA<sub>KKAA</sub>, wherein the antibody enhances the subject's ability to mount an immune response to a *Staphylococcus aureus* antigen selected from the group consisting of FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA variant, Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla, IsdC, SasF, vWbp, and vWh.

44. The method of claim 43, wherein the *Staphylococcus aureus* antigen is present in or on a *Staphylococcus aureus* bacterium.

45. The method of claim 43, further comprising providing to the subject the *Staphylococcus aureus* antigen.

46. The method of claim 45, wherein the *Staphylococcus aureus* antigen is present in or on a *Staphylococcus aureus* bacterium.

47. The method of claim 45, wherein the *Staphylococcus aureus* antigen is selected from the group consisting of FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA variant, Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla, IsdC, SasF, vWbp, and vWh.

48. The method of claim 43, wherein the antibody is a polyclonal antibody, a monoclonal antibody, or an antibody fragment.

49. The method of claim 43, wherein the antibody was generated using the SpA polypeptide SPA<sub>KKAA</sub> as an antigen.

50. The method of claim 43, wherein the subject is at risk of developing a *Staphylococcus aureus* infection.

51. The method of claim 43, wherein the subject has a *Staphylococcus aureus* infection.

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