

Figure 5.1 Data analysis script

Contents

1	load the packages	
2	Set up the data	
2.1	Import df, Annotation file & Kallisto sc run metrics	
2.2	subset the data, only consider single cells	
2.3	Subset on Vaccinated samples for scatter plots to explore cellular heterogeneity	
2.4	Functions I use to make scatter plots	
2.5	Generating the plots	
2.6	Here find the sc threshold and set values below it = 0	
2.7	Same for mc data	
2.8	Re-merge the data sets and Remove genes with variance = 0	
2.9	Remove duplicated elements in Gene list.	
3	Subset on Vaccine induced samples and apply cell filters	
3.1	Separate Vaccine induced samples from the log transformed data here.	
3.2	Make % mapping figure and apply filter	
3.3	Import repertoire and remove all cells with unknown specificity	
3.4	Remove any IgG vaccine negative cells that snuck through	
3.5	Filter DF on remaining cells	
3.6	Make new annotation files to exclude the lost cells	
3.7	Remove cells with specificity = 'exclude' or 'failure'	
3.8	Calculate pearson itteration to reveal distribution of heterogeneity between single cells	
4	Apply gene filter, normalize the data and remove batch effects	
4.1	Now apply gene expression filter, where expression is required in 5% of the cells	
4.2	Quantile normalize sc DF by experimental plate.	
4.3	tSNE before limma to show batch effect	
4.4	Use Limma to remove batch effect from experimental plate and Patient ID, while protecting Isotype and Specificity	
5	Begin to explore the data	
5.1	Make a heatmap of the IGH-Constant domains to confirm that the identified BCR isotype matches the RNA expression levels.	
5.2	3 population tSNE projection	
6	Now perform exploration of clones	
6.1	Make Clonal DF	
6.2	Make not clonal DF	

6.3	Make VP and VN Not clones
6.4	separate out each clonal family and do within clone correlations
6.5	Group together VP within clonal family correlations and VN within clonal family correlations
6.6	Boxplot VP/VN clones vs not clones
6.7	Same on same data with no IG
6.8	Separate out each clonal group again, this time after IG genes are excluded .
6.9	Group no-IG clones together; VP within clonal family correlations and VN within clonal family correlations
6.10	Boxplot VP/VN no Ig clones vs not clones
6.11	Boxplot of not clones with and without IG & Clones with and without IG .
7	Repertoire analysis of all three populations - excluding repeate BCRs that are a part of clonal expansions as this will skew gene usage frequency.
7.1	Make repertoire Figures
7.2	VH family frequency plots made from an excel table
8	Here we explore the expression of genes associated with genes from pathways we expect to be different between our populations.
8.1	How does BCR signaling look between our three populations?
8.2	What about B cell activation?
8.3	What about Mucosal homing?
9	Now we subset on QIV positive cells only (IgAVP and IgGVP) and tSNE by Isotype
9.1	Now Identify Differentially expressed genes between the Isotype groups . . .
9.2	perform a ttest by Isotype
9.3	Make a volcano plot to show fold change vs p value
9.4	Show the clusters identified by assigned isotype align with the expression of the IGH constant domains, which are the most significant DEGs identified by the ttest
9.5	Now show that clustering is dependent on IGHC genes by removing them . .
9.6	Also explore what it looks like when All IG genes are removed
9.7	Heatmap of all non-IG DEGs to see what their expression looks like
10	Subset on IgA only and tSNE by Specificity (IgAVP and IgAVN cells)
10.1	Repeate tSNE without IG genes
10.2	Perform a ttest by Spec to see how many DEGs are identified
10.3	Make volcano plot of Specificity DEGs between IgAVP and IgAVN
10.4	B4GALT1 & FUT8 violin plots
10.5	Repertoire figures without excluding clonal expansions for validation of Specificity DEGs
10.6	Look at VH usage, family level summary table made in Excel
11	Perform ttest on all three populations by specificity without IG genes And

make volcano plot

12 Clyclone for cell cycle analysis of all three populations

- 12.1 Make a plot of G1 by S assignment by Specificity
- 12.2 Then separate Vaccine positive and vaccine negative and make boxplots to compare phase assignment between groups, and perform ttest to assess significance
- 12.3 Repeat cyclone on IgAVN and IgAVP specifically

```
library(knitr)
opts_chunk$set(tidy.opts=list(width.cutoff=60),tidy=FALSE)
```

1 load the packages

2 Set up the data

2.1 Import df, Annotation file & Kallisto sc run metrics

```
## [1] 34963 480
## [1] 480 9
```

2.2 subset the data, only consider single cells

```
sc_Annotation_12345 <- subset(sorted_Annotation_12345, Cell.Number == 1)
sc_Annotation_12345 <- droplevels(sc_Annotation_12345)
dim(sc_Annotation_12345)
## [1] 437 9

mc_Annotation_12345 <- subset(sorted_Annotation_12345, Cell.Number != 1)
mc_Annotation_12345 <- droplevels(mc_Annotation_12345)

sc_Tag_12345 <- TagPL12345_genes[,colnames(TagPL12345_genes) %in% rownames(
  sc_Annotation_12345)]
dim(sc_Tag_12345)
## [1] 34963 437

mc_Tag_12345 <- TagPL12345_genes[,colnames(TagPL12345_genes) %in% rownames(
  mc_Annotation_12345)]
dim(mc_Tag_12345)
## [1] 34963 43
```

```

Kallisto_run_metrics_Tag12345_sc <- Kallisto_run_metrics_Tag12345[
  rownames(Kallisto_run_metrics_Tag12345)%in%
  rownames(sc_Annotation_12345),]
dim(Kallisto_run_metrics_Tag12345_sc)

## [1] 437  3

```

2.3 Subset on Vaccinated samples for scatter plots to explore cellular heterogeneity

```

Vac_ann <- subset(sc_Annotation_12345, Type == 'Vaccinated')
V_df <- sc_Tag_12345[,colnames(sc_Tag_12345)%in% rownames(Vac_ann)]
V_df <- as.data.frame(V_df)

Vac_mc_ann <- subset(mc_Annotation_12345, Type == 'Vaccinated')
V_mc_df <- mc_Tag_12345[,colnames(mc_Tag_12345)%in% rownames(Vac_mc_ann)]
V_mc_df <- as.data.frame(V_mc_df)

```

2.4 Functions I use to make scatter plots

```

scatter_func <- function(data, xvar, yvar){
  g <-ggplot(data, aes_string(x = xvar, y = yvar)) +
    geom_point() +
    theme_bw() +
    theme(axis.text=element_text(size=12),
          axis.title=element_text(size=14),
          plot.title =element_text(size=20))
  g
}

pearsoncorr <- function(xvar, yvar){
  Number <- cor(xvar, yvar, use= 'na.or.complete')
  Value <- signif(Number, digits=2)
  Value
}

Title <- function(main, pearson){
  mainTitle <- paste(main, toString(pearson))
  mainTitle
}

```

2.5 Generating the plots

```

#Vac sc vs Vac sc

```

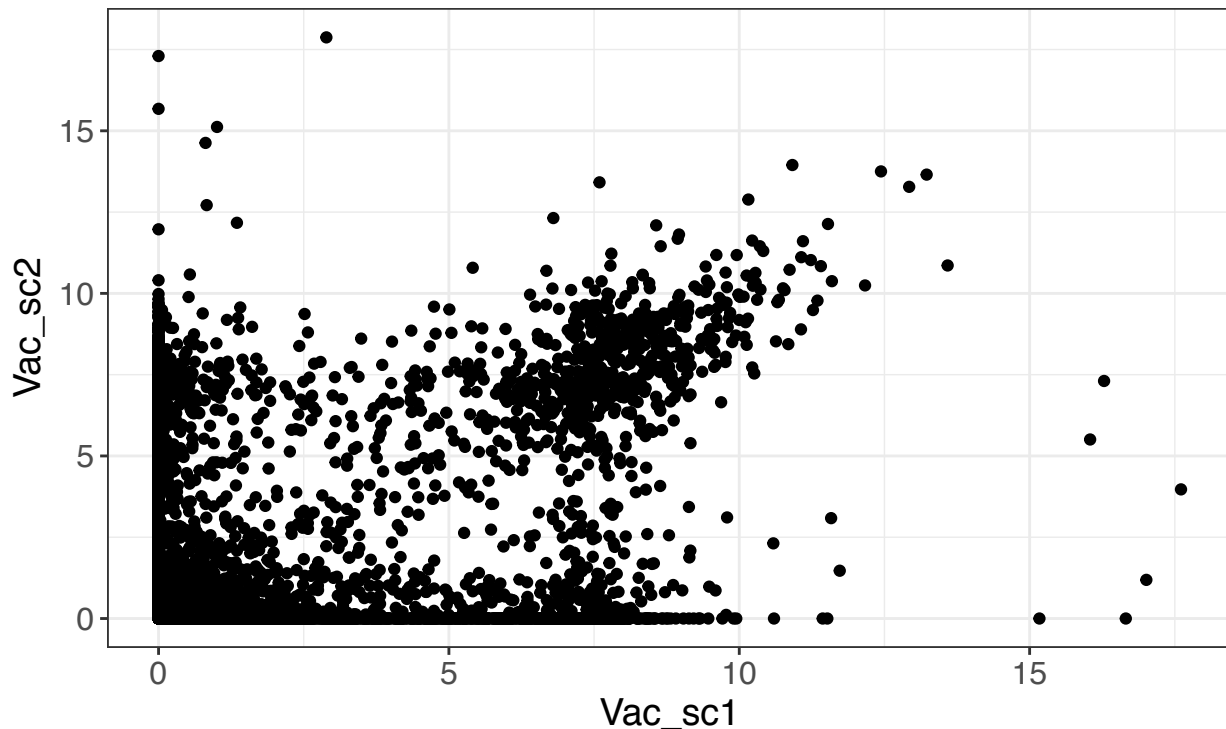
```

new_df <- as.data.frame(cbind(log2(V_df$`PW2-A1`+1), log2(V_df$`PW6-H6`+1)))
colnames(new_df) <- c("Vac_sc1", "Vac_sc2")
R <- pearsoncorr(new_df$Vac_sc1, new_df$Vac_sc2)
maintitle <- Title("Vaccination induced sc vs sc \nr=", R)
plot <- scatter_func(new_df, "Vac_sc1", "Vac_sc2")
g <- plot + labs(x = "Vac_sc1", y = "Vac_sc2") + ggtitle(maintitle)
g

```

Vaccination induced sc vs sc

r= 0.47



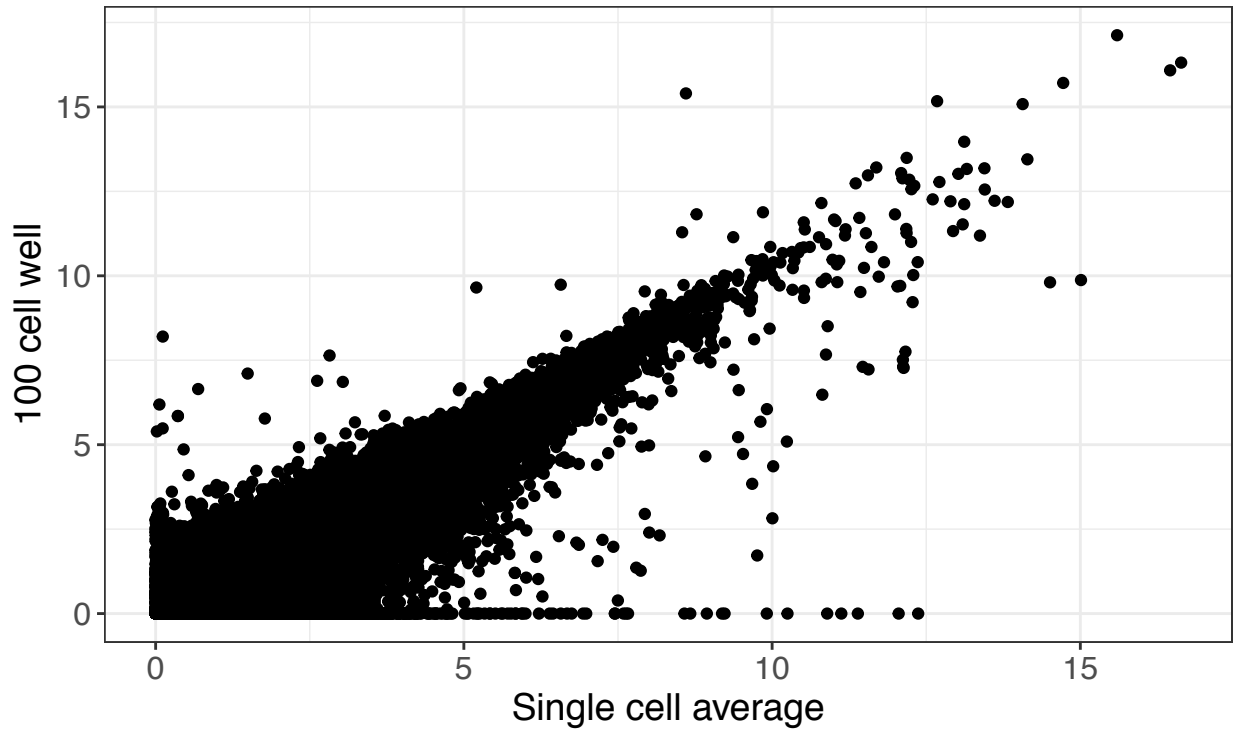
```

#Vac sc average vs Vac 100 cell well
Av_V_DF <- rowMeans(V_df, na.rm=TRUE)
log_Av_V_DF <- (log2(Av_V_DF +1))
new_df <- as.data.frame(cbind(log_Av_V_DF, log2(V_mc_df$`PW2-A9`+1)))
colnames(new_df) <- c("single_cell_av", "MC-cell_well")
R <- pearsoncorr(new_df$single_cell_av, new_df$`MC-cell_well`)
maintitle <- Title("Vaccination induced sc_av vs MC_well \nr=", R)
plot <- scatter_func(new_df, "single_cell_av", new_df$`MC-cell_well`)
g <- plot + labs(x = "Single cell average", y = "100 cell well") +
  ggtitle(maintitle)
g

```

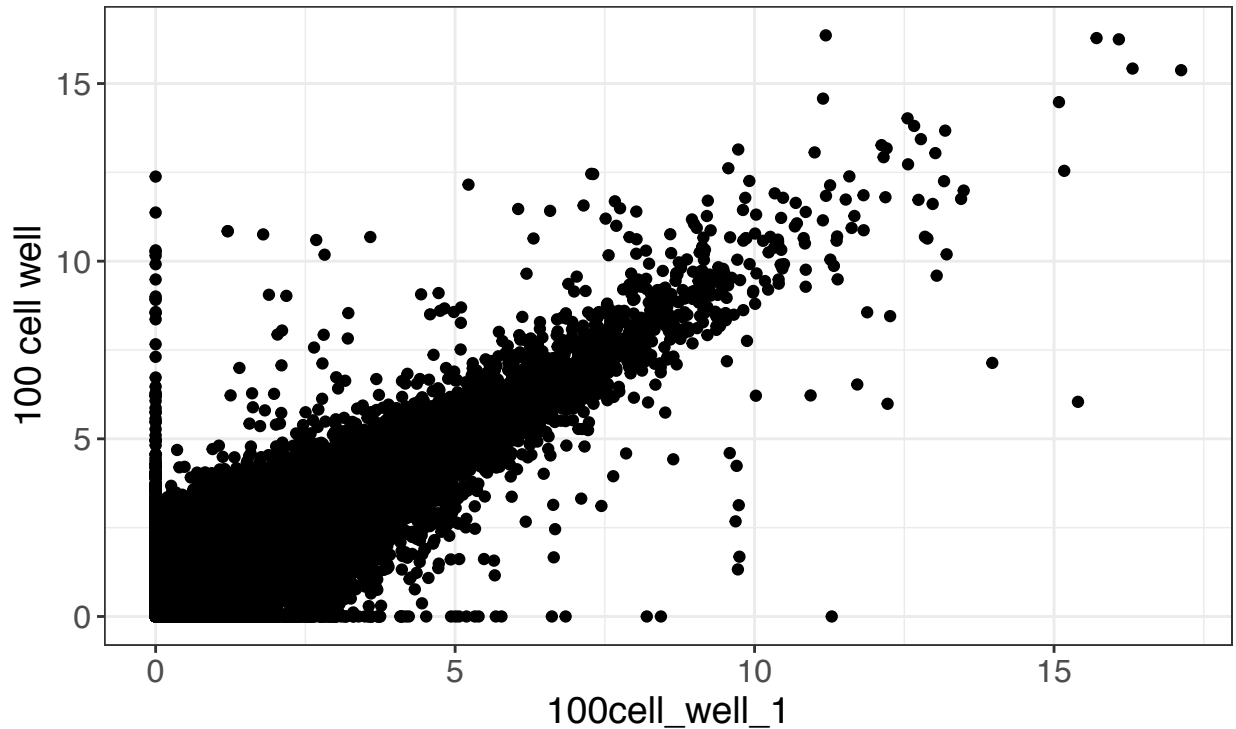
Vaccination induced sc_av vs MC_well

$r = 0.91$



```
#Vac 100 cell well vs Vac 100 cell well
new_df <- as.data.frame(cbind(log2(V_mc_df$`PW2-A9`+1),
                             log2(V_mc_df$`PW4-G9`+1)))
colnames(new_df) <- c("MCcell_well_1", "MCcell_well")
R <- pearsoncorr(new_df$MCcell_well_1, new_df$MCcell_well)
maintitle <- Title("Vaccination induced 100x100 \nr=", R)
plot <- scatter_func(new_df, new_df$MCcell_well_1, new_df$MCcell_well)
g <- plot + labs(x = "100cell_well_1", y = "100 cell well") +
  ggtitle(maintitle)
g
```

Vaccination induced 100x100
 $r = 0.91$



```
##log2 transform
```

```
Log2_Tag_12345_sc <- log2(sc_Tag_12345 + 1)  
dim(Log2_Tag_12345_sc)
```

```
## [1] 34963 437
```

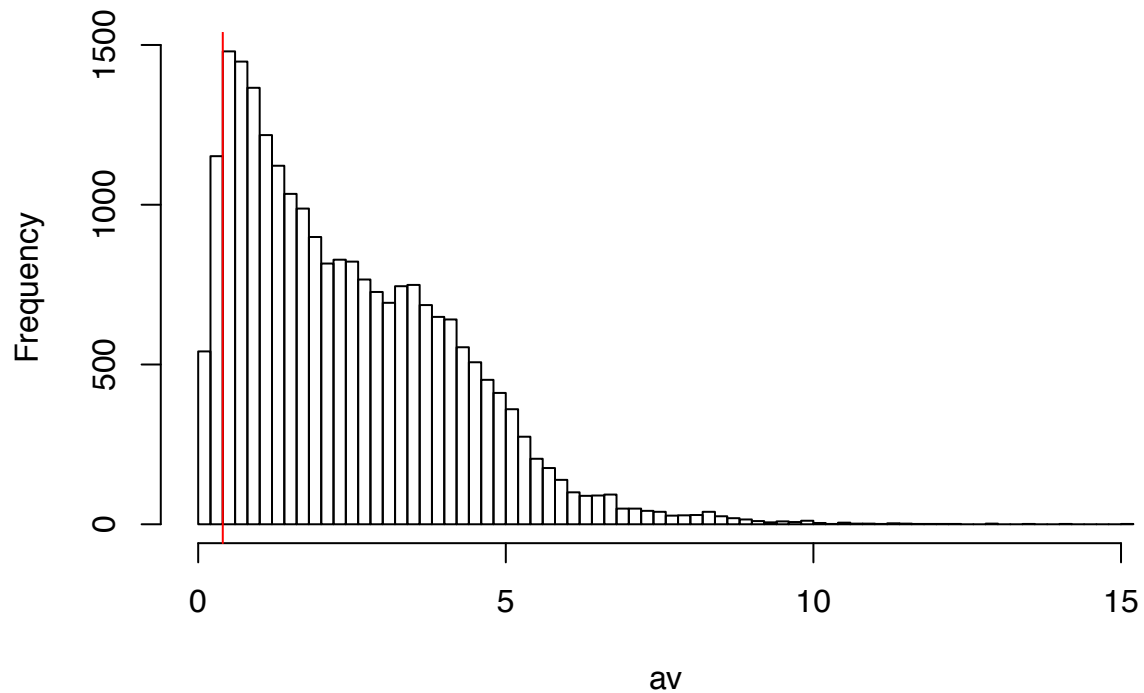
```
Log2_Tag_12345_mc <- log2(mc_Tag_12345 + 1)  
dim(Log2_Tag_12345_mc)
```

```
## [1] 34963 43
```

2.6 Here find the sc threshold and set values below it = 0

```
g <- Log2_Tag_12345_sc  
g[g == 0] <- NA  
av <- rowMeans(g, na.rm = TRUE)  
hist(av, breaks = 100)  
abline(v=.4, col= 'red')
```

Histogram of av

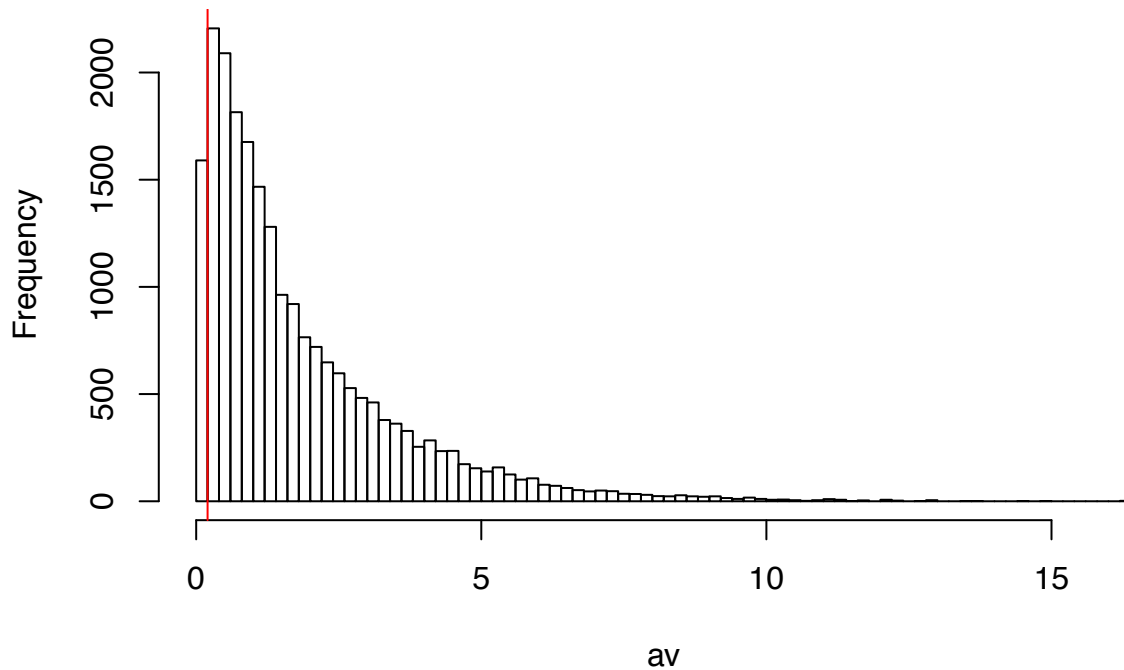


```
Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_sc <- Log2_Tag_12345_sc  
Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_sc[Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_sc < .4] <- 0
```

2.7 Same for mc data

```
g <- Log2_Tag_12345_mc  
g[g == 0] <- NA  
av <- rowMeans(g, na.rm = TRUE)  
hist(av, breaks = 100)  
abline(v = .2, col = 'red')
```

Histogram of av



```
Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_mc <- Log2_Tag_12345_mc  
Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_mc[Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_mc < .2] <- 0
```

2.8 Re-merge the data sets and Remove genes with variance = 0

```
Full_DF_again <- cbind(Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_sc,  
                      Threshold_Log2_Tag_12345_mc)  
Full_DF_variance <- (apply(Full_DF_again, 1, var, na.rm = TRUE) == 0)  
var_Full_DF <- Full_DF_again[!Full_DF_variance,]  
dim(var_Full_DF)  
## [1] 23974 480
```

2.9 Remove duplicated elements in Gene list.

2.9.1 These are situations where there are multiple names for a given gene.

```
dups <- duplicated(var_Full_DF)  
dup_var_Full_DF <- var_Full_DF[!dups,]  
dim(dup_var_Full_DF)  
## [1] 23904 480
```

3 Subset on Vaccine induced samples and apply cell filters

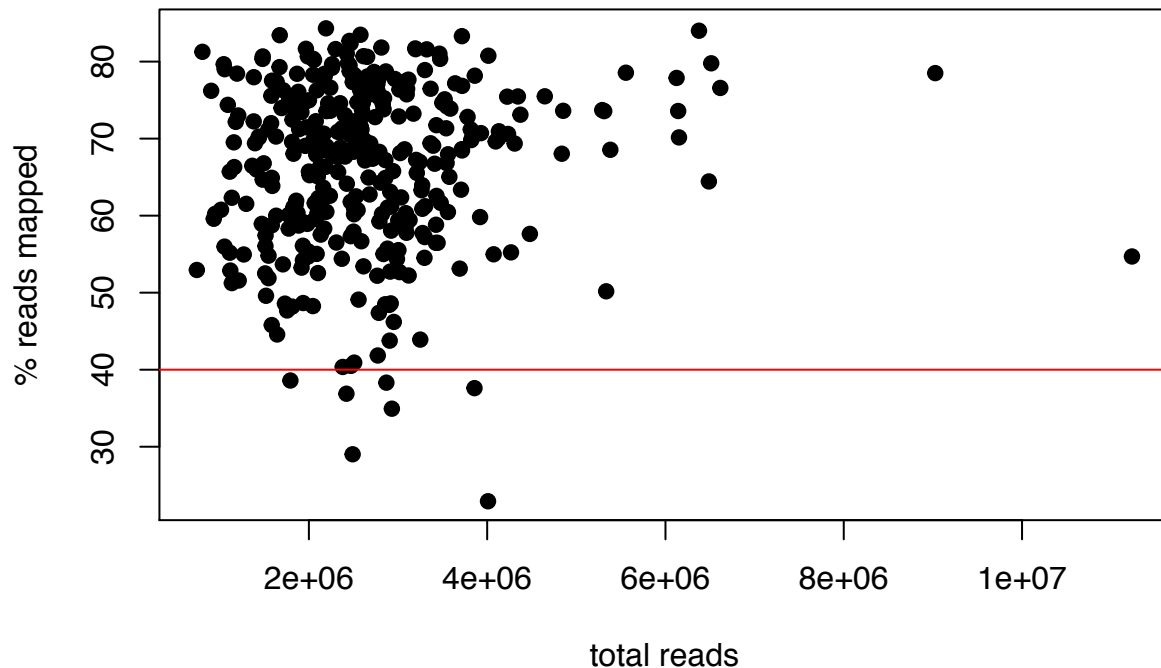
3.1 Separate Vaccine induced samples from the log transformed data here.

```
Vaccinated_ann <- subset(sc_Annotation_12345, Type == 'Vaccinated')
Vaccinated_DF <- dup_var_Full_DF[,colnames(dup_var_Full_DF)%in%rownames(
  Vaccinated_ann)]
dim(Vaccinated_DF)
## [1] 23904 350
Vaccinated_Kallisto_run_Metrics <- Kallisto_run_metrics_Tag12345[rownames(
  Kallisto_run_metrics_Tag12345)
  %in%rownames(Vaccinated_ann),]
```

3.2 Make % mapping figure and apply filter

```
plot(Vaccinated_Kallisto_run_Metrics$processed.reads,
     Vaccinated_Kallisto_run_Metrics$X..mapped.reads,
     main="Vaccinated sc total reads vs % mapped Kallisto",
     ylab = "% reads mapped", xlab="total reads", pch = 19)
abline(h=40, col='red')
```

Vaccinated sc total reads vs % mapped Kallisto



```
PercentMapped_filter_Vaccinated <- subset(Vaccinated_Kallisto_run_Metrics,  
                                           X..mapped.reads > 40)
```

```
Vaccinated_DF_Filtered_Kallisto <- Vaccinated_DF[, (colnames(  
  Vaccinated_DF) %in% rownames(PercentMapped_filter_Vaccinated))]  
dim(Vaccinated_DF_Filtered_Kallisto)
```

```
## [1] 23904 343
```

```
Filtered_Vaccinated_ann <- Vaccinated_ann[rownames(  
  Vaccinated_ann)%in%colnames(Vaccinated_DF_Filtered_Kallisto),]
```

3.3 Import repertoire and remove all cells with unknown specificity

```
notExclude <- subset(Vaccine_repertoire, HC.Seq.Source != 'exclude')  
Vac_repertoire_notExclude <- Vaccine_repertoire[rownames(  
  Vaccine_repertoire)%in% rownames(notExclude),]  
dim(Vac_repertoire_notExclude) #lost 13 cells
```

```
## [1] 330 41
```

```
Vac_repertoire_notExclude <- droplevels(Vac_repertoire_notExclude)
```

3.4 Remove any IgG vaccine negative cells that snuck through

```
Vac_IGneg_ANN <-subset(Filtered_Vaccinated_ann,
                    Isotype == 'IgG' & Specificity == 'negative')
dim(Vac_IGneg_ANN)
## [1] 6 9
```

3.5 Filter DF on remaining cells

```
Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF <- Vaccinated_DF_Filtered_Kallisto[
, colnames(
  Vaccinated_DF_Filtered_Kallisto) %in%
  rownames(Vac_repertoire_notExclude)]

Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF <-
  Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF[
    ,!colnames(Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF) %in%
    rownames(Vac_IGneg_ANN)]
```

3.6 Make new annotation files to exclude the lost cells

```
filtered_sc_Annotation_Vaccinated <- Filtered_Vaccinated_ann[
  rownames(Filtered_Vaccinated_ann) %in%
  colnames(Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF),]
filtered_sc_Annotation_Vaccinated <- droplevels(
  filtered_sc_Annotation_Vaccinated)
dim(filtered_sc_Annotation_Vaccinated)
## [1] 324 9

Filtered_repertoire_vaccinated <- Vac_repertoire_notExclude[
  rownames(Vac_repertoire_notExclude)%in%
  colnames(Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF),]
dim(Filtered_repertoire_vaccinated)
## [1] 324 41
```

3.7 Remove cells with specificity = 'exclude' or 'failure'

```
Skip <- subset(filtered_sc_Annotation_Vaccinated, Specificity == 'exclude'
              | Specificity == 'failure')
dim(Skip) #29 cells exclud
```

```

## [1] 29 9

Vac_annotation_known <- filtered_sc_Annotation_Vaccinated[!rownames(
  filtered_sc_Annotation_Vaccinated)%in%rownames(Skip),]
Vac_annotation_known <- droplevels(Vac_annotation_known)
dim(Vac_annotation_known)

## [1] 295 9

Vac_repertoire_known <- Filtered_repertoire_vaccinated[
  rownames(Filtered_repertoire_vaccinated)%in%
  rownames(Vac_annotation_known),]
Vac_repertoire_known <- droplevels(Vac_repertoire_known)
dim(Vac_repertoire_known)

## [1] 295 41

Vac_DF_known <- Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF[
  ,colnames(Vaccinated_Filtered_sc_Kallisto_Rep_DF)%in%
  rownames(Vac_annotation_known)]
dim(Vac_DF_known)

## [1] 23904 295

```

3.8 Calculate pearson itteration to reveal distribution of heterogeneity between single cells

```

pearson_itteration <- function(df)
{
  p = list()
  for (i in 1:(ncol(df))){
    for (k in (i + 1):(ncol(df))){
      if (i < (ncol(df))){
        pcor <- cor(df[i], df[k], use= "na.or.complete")
        #print(pcor)
        p <- c(p, pcor)
      }
    }
  }
  p
}

Vac_TagPL12345_Pearson = pearson_itteration(Vac_DF_known)
testn = as.numeric(Vac_TagPL12345_Pearson)
middle = median(testn)
hist(as.numeric(Vac_TagPL12345_Pearson), breaks=seq(0,1,by=.005),

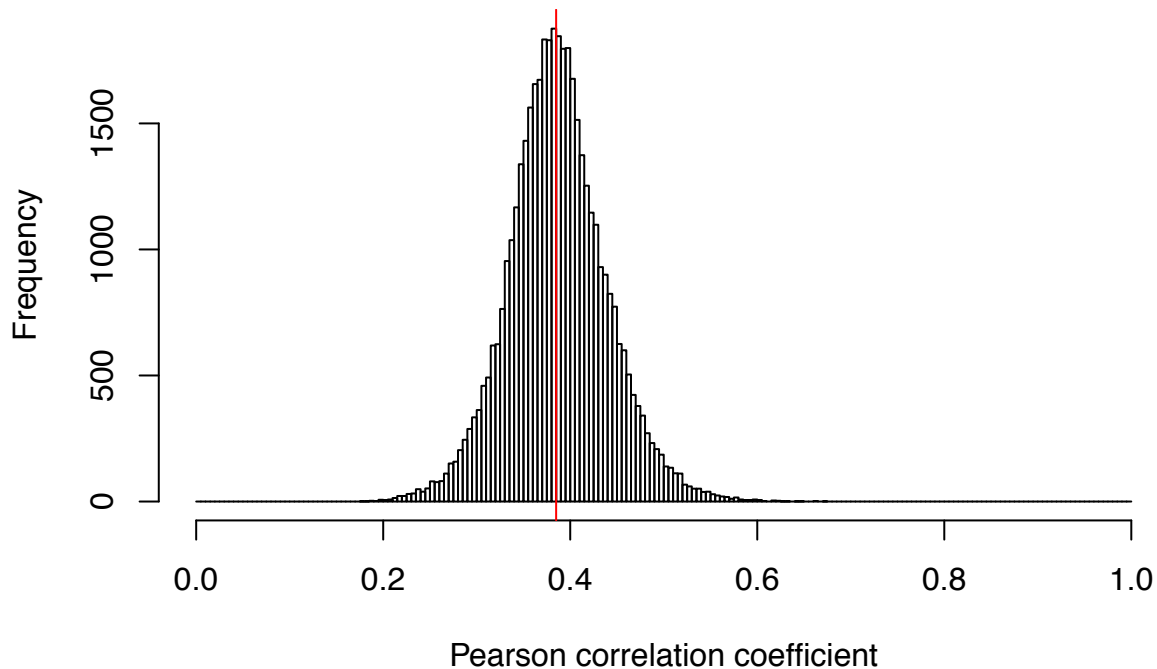
```

```

main="Vac TagPL12345 sc-Pearson correlations",
xlab = "Pearson correlation coefficient")
abline(v=middle, col='red')

```

Vac TagPL12345 sc-Pearson correlations



4 Apply gene filter, normalize the data and remove batch effects

4.1 Now apply gene expression filter, where expression is required in 5% of the cells

```

morethanNnonzero <- function(x,N){
  y <- x[rowSums(x!=0)>=N,]
  y
}
dim(Vac_DF_known)
## [1] 23904 295

Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc <- morethanNnonzero(Vac_DF_known,(.05*295))
dim(Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc)
## [1] 11895 295

```

4.2 Quantile normalize sc DF by experimental plate.

```
library(limma)
library(sva)
#install.packages("preprocessCore")
library(preprocessCore)
exp_PW2 <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Exp == "PW2")
exp_PW3 <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Exp == "PW3")
exp_PW4 <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Exp == "PW4")
exp_PW5 <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Exp == "PW5")
exp_PW6 <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Exp == "PW6")
PW2_post5EXP <- Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc[,colnames(
  Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc)%in%rownames(exp_PW2)]
PW3_post5EXP <- Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc[,colnames(
  Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc)%in%rownames(exp_PW3)]
PW4_post5EXP <- Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc[,colnames(
  Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc)%in%rownames(exp_PW4)]
PW5_post5EXP <- Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc[,colnames(
  Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc)%in%rownames(exp_PW5)]
PW6_post5EXP <- Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc[,colnames(
  Filtered_TagPL12345_Vaccine_DF_sc)%in%rownames(exp_PW6)]
qn_PW2_5 <- as.data.frame(normalize.quantiles(as.matrix(PW2_post5EXP),
  copy=TRUE))
rownames(qn_PW2_5) <- rownames(PW2_post5EXP)
colnames(qn_PW2_5) <- colnames(PW2_post5EXP)
qn_PW3_5 <- as.data.frame(normalize.quantiles(as.matrix(PW3_post5EXP),
  copy=TRUE))
rownames(qn_PW3_5) <- rownames(PW3_post5EXP)
colnames(qn_PW3_5) <- colnames(PW3_post5EXP)
qn_PW4_5 <- as.data.frame(normalize.quantiles(as.matrix(PW4_post5EXP),
  copy=TRUE))
rownames(qn_PW4_5) <- rownames(PW4_post5EXP)
colnames(qn_PW4_5) <- colnames(PW4_post5EXP)
qn_PW5_5 <- as.data.frame(normalize.quantiles(as.matrix(PW5_post5EXP),
  copy=TRUE))
rownames(qn_PW5_5) <- rownames(PW5_post5EXP)
colnames(qn_PW5_5) <- colnames(PW5_post5EXP)
qn_PW6_5 <- as.data.frame(normalize.quantiles(as.matrix(PW6_post5EXP),
  copy=TRUE))
rownames(qn_PW6_5) <- rownames(PW6_post5EXP)
colnames(qn_PW6_5) <- colnames(PW6_post5EXP)
QN_Tag12345_Vac_sc <- cbind(qn_PW2_5, qn_PW3_5, qn_PW4_5, qn_PW5_5, qn_PW6_5)
dim(QN_Tag12345_Vac_sc)

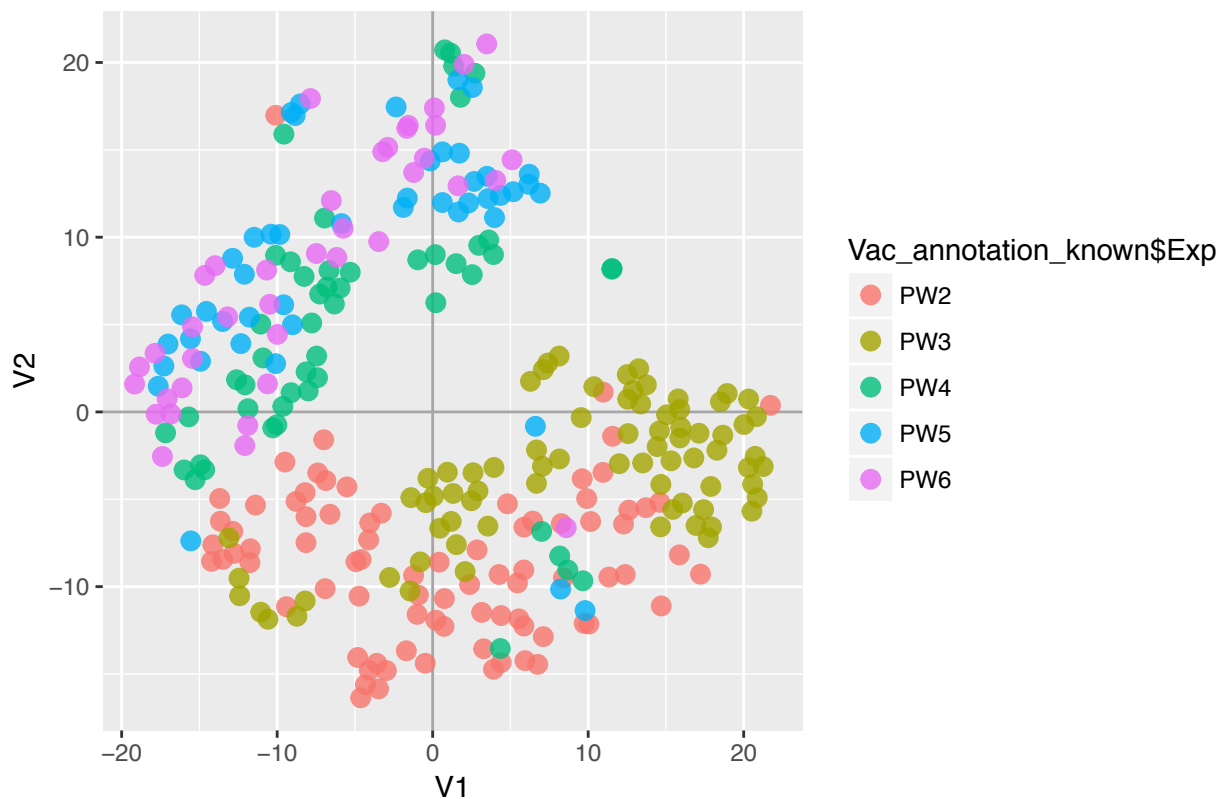
## [1] 11895 295
```

4.3 tSNE before limma to show batch effect

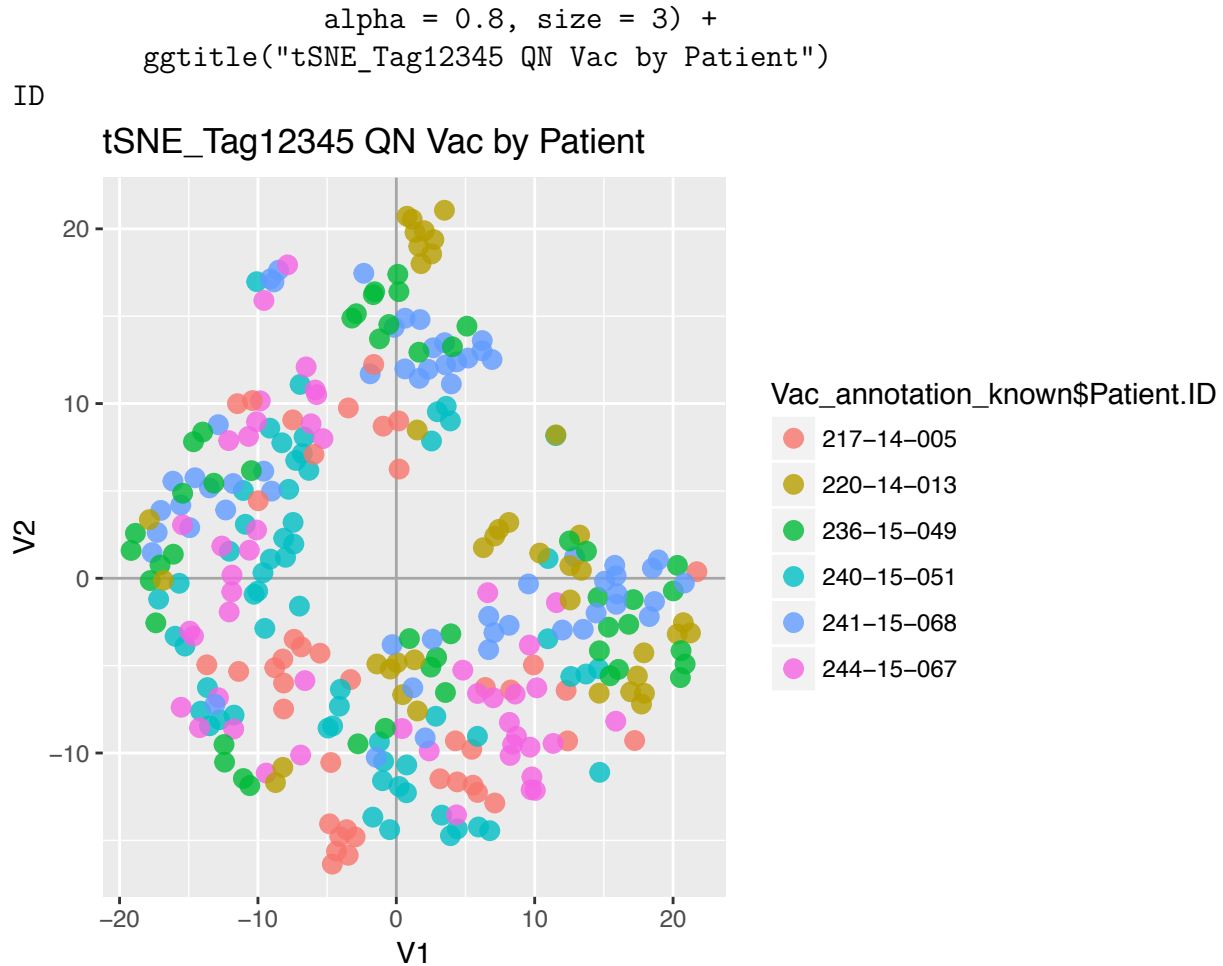
```
library(Rtsne)
set.seed(27)
trans_QN_Tag12345_Vac <- as.data.frame(t(QN_Tag12345_Vac_sc))
tSNE_Tag12345_QN_Vac <- Rtsne(data.frame(trans_QN_Tag12345_Vac),
                               check_duplicates = FALSE, theta = 0.001,
                               perplexity = 30,
                               initial_dims = 10)
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_Tag12345_QN_Vac$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(QN_Tag12345_Vac_sc))) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=Vac_annotation_known$Exp),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("tSNE_Tag12345 QN Vac by Exp")
```

ID

tSNE_Tag12345 QN Vac by Exp



```
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_Tag12345_QN_Vac$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(QN_Tag12345_Vac_sc))) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=Vac_annotation_known$Patient.ID),
```



4.4 Use Limma to remove batch effect from experimental plate and Patient ID, while protecting Isotype and Specificity

```
#source("https://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
#biocLite("limma")
library(limma)
Iso_Spec <- model.matrix(~0+Vac_annotation_known$Isotype+
                        Vac_annotation_known$Specificity)
Limma_adj_4 <- removeBatchEffect(QN_Tag12345_Vac_sc,
                                batch=Vac_annotation_known$Exp,
                                batch2 = Vac_annotation_known$Patient.ID,
                                design = Iso_Spec)
Limma_adj_4 <- as.data.frame(Limma_adj_4)
```

5 Begin to explore the data

5.1 Make a heatmap of the IGH-Constant domains to confirm that the identified BCR isotype matches the RNA expression levels.

5.1.1 1st - Make color spectrum for heatmap

```
col_spectrum <- colorRampPalette(brewer.pal(11,"RdBu"))(200)
```

5.1.2 2nd - Set up annotation for heatmap

```
IGH_list <- c('IGHA1', 'IGHA2', 'IGHG1','IGHG2', 'IGHG3', 'IGHG4')
Vaccine_IGHC_genes <- Limma_adj_4[rownames(Limma_adj_4)%in% IGH_list,]
dim(Vaccine_IGHC_genes)

## [1] 6 295

#Make Annotation
Flow_Iso_12345_V <- Vac_repertoire_known$HC.Isotype
summary(Flow_Iso_12345_V)

## IgA IgG
## 177 118

Flow_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgA", "blue", Flow_Iso_12345_V)
Flow_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgG", "green", Flow_Iso_12345_V_ann)

Sanger_Iso_12345_V <- Vac_repertoire_known$X2ndPCR.Isotype
summary(Sanger_Iso_12345_V)

## IgA Family      IgA1 IgG Family      IgG1      IgG2      IgG3
##          49      111          4      104          1          3
## unclear
##          23

Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgA1", "skyblue1", Sanger_Iso_12345_V)
Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgA Family", "blue", Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann)
Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgA2", "royalblue1", Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann)
Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgG1", "darkgreen", Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann)
Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgG Family", "green", Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann)
Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgG2", "darkolivegreen1",
                              Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann)
Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("IgG3", "yellowgreen", Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann)
Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann<- gsub("unclear", "grey", Sanger_Iso_12345_V_ann)
```



```

#heatmap.3(Vaccine_IGHC_genes,
#main="QN Vaccine_IGHC_genes LIMMA b1=Exp b2=Patient d=0+S+I",
# ColSideColors=col_I.S.A_12345_V_ann, dendrogram = 'column',
# keysize =.6,col=rev(col_spectrum), scale = 'column')
# , margins = c(5,9)
#legend(x = 'left', c("IgA family", "IgA1", "IgA2", "IgG family", "IgG1",
# "IgG3", "IgG2", "unclear", "NA", "vaccine +", "vaccine -",
# "unknown/failure"), col=c("blue", "skyblue1", "royalblue1","green",
# "darkgreen", "yellowgreen", "darkolivegreen1", "grey", "grey", "purple",
# "black", "grey"), lty=1, lwd = 5, cex=0.8, inset = 0, border="black")

```

5.2 3 population tSNE projection

5.2.1 1st - show Experimental batch effect has been removed

```

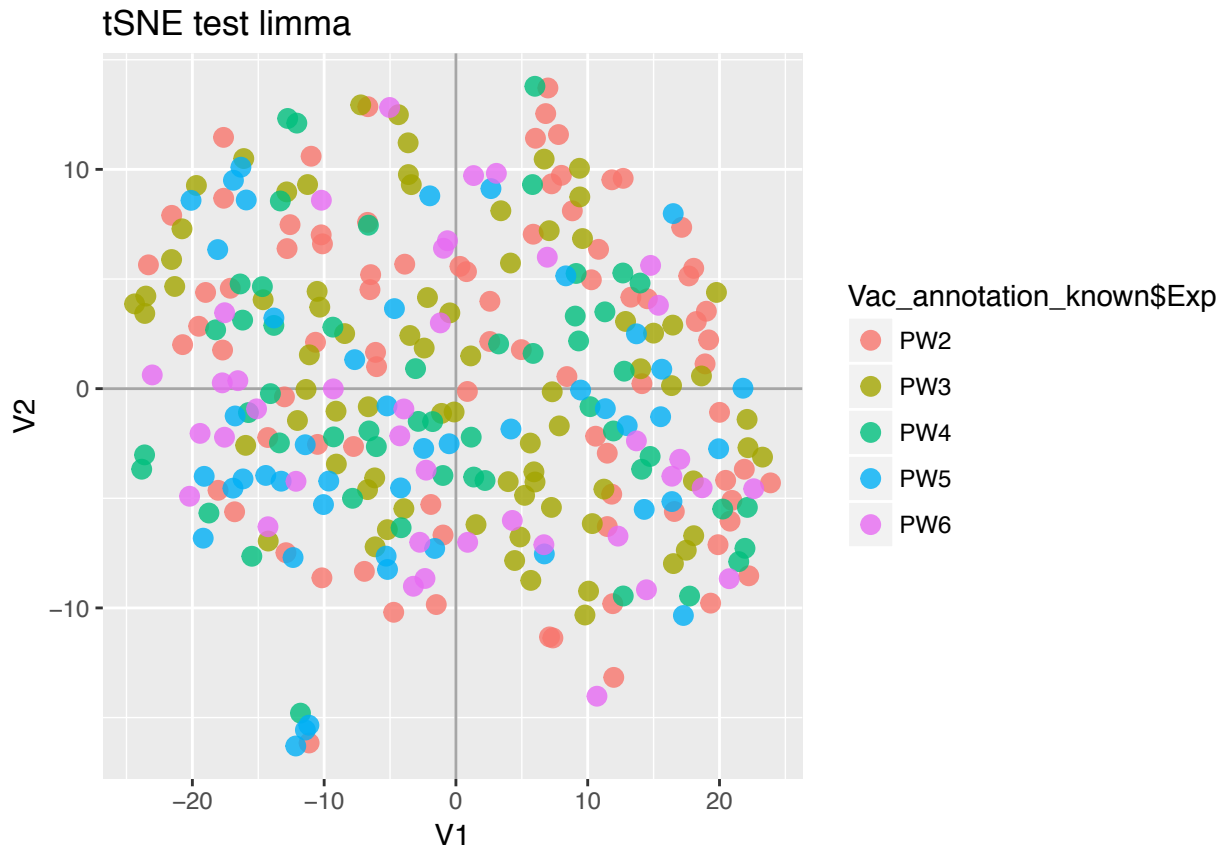
library(ggplot2)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(colorspace)

set.seed(27)
library(Rtsne)

trans_limmaAdj <- as.data.frame(t(Limma_adj_4))
tSNE_limmaAdj <- Rtsne(data.frame(trans_limmaAdj),
                      check_duplicates = FALSE, theta = 0.001,
                      perplexity = 30, initial_dims = 10)

ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_limmaAdj$Y),
            aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Limma_adj_4))) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=Vac_annotation_known$Exp),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("tSNE test limma")
ID

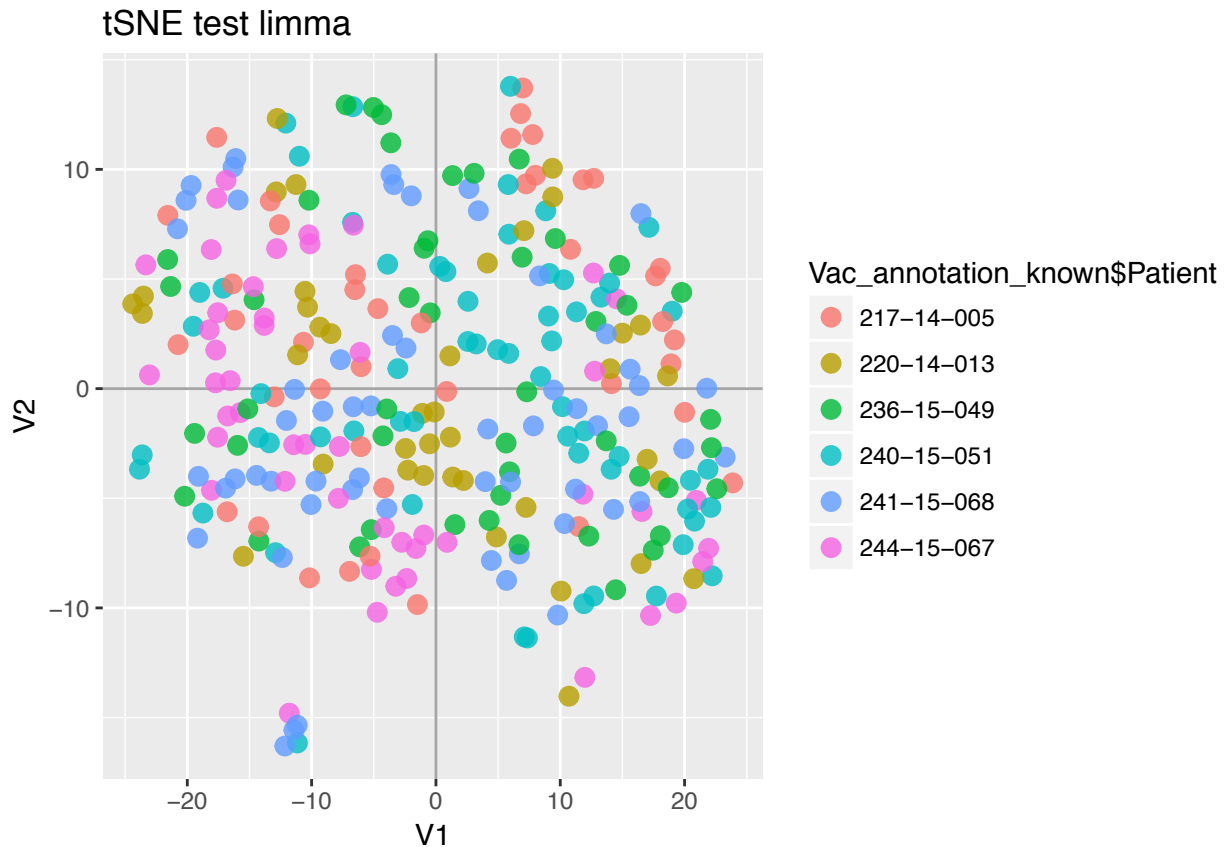
```



5.2.2 2nd - show Patient Batch effect is removed

```
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_limmaAdj$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Limma_adj_4))) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=Vac_annotation_known$Patient),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("tSNE test limma")
```

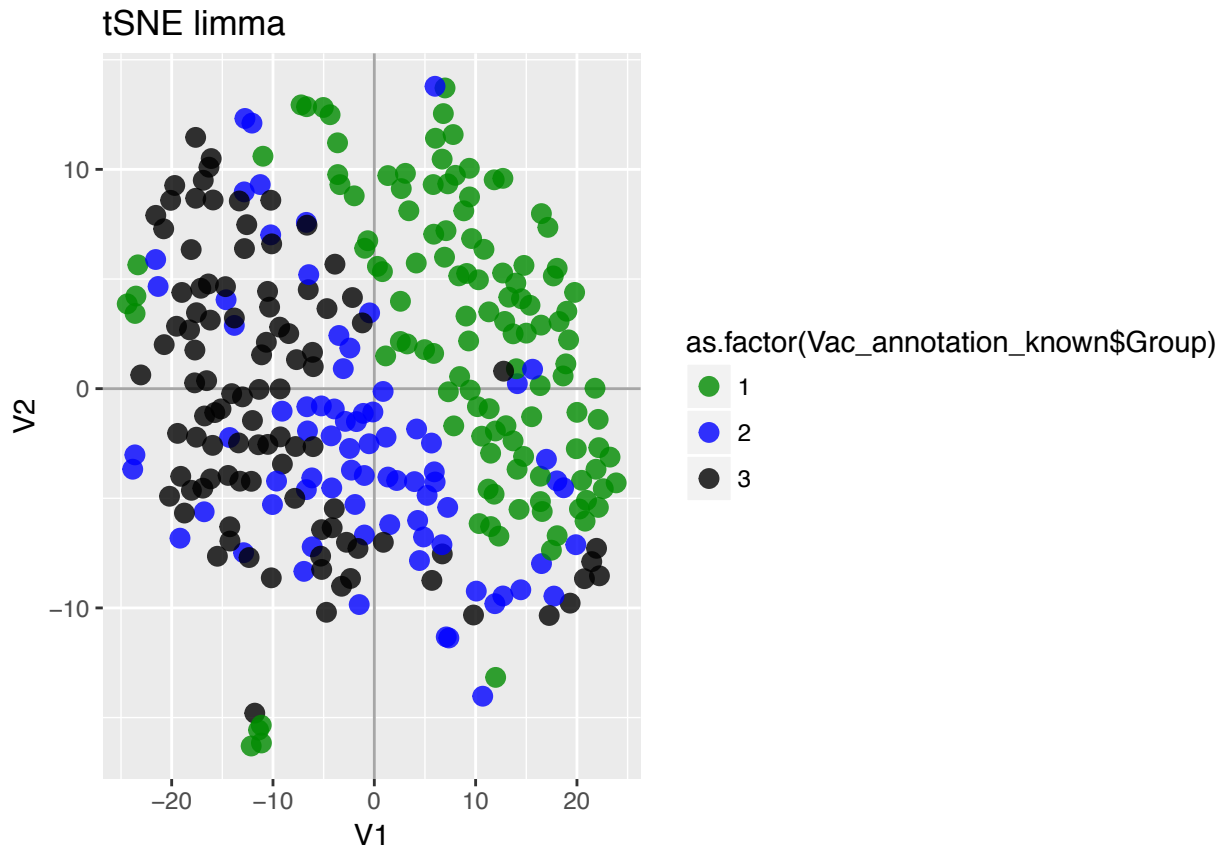
ID



5.2.3 3rd - Look for clustering by group ID

```
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_limmaAdj$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Limma_adj_4))) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c('green4', 'blue', 'black')) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=as.factor(Vac_annotation_known$Group)),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("tSNE limma")
```

ID



5.2.4 4th - color by clone ID

```
Vac_repertoire_known$Clone[is.na(Vac_repertoire_known$Clone)] <- 0
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_limmaAdj$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Limma_adj_4))) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_text(aes(colour=as.factor(Vac_repertoire_known$Clone),
                label = Vac_repertoire_known$Clone),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 7) +
  ggtitle("tSNE") + theme(legend.position="none")
```

ID

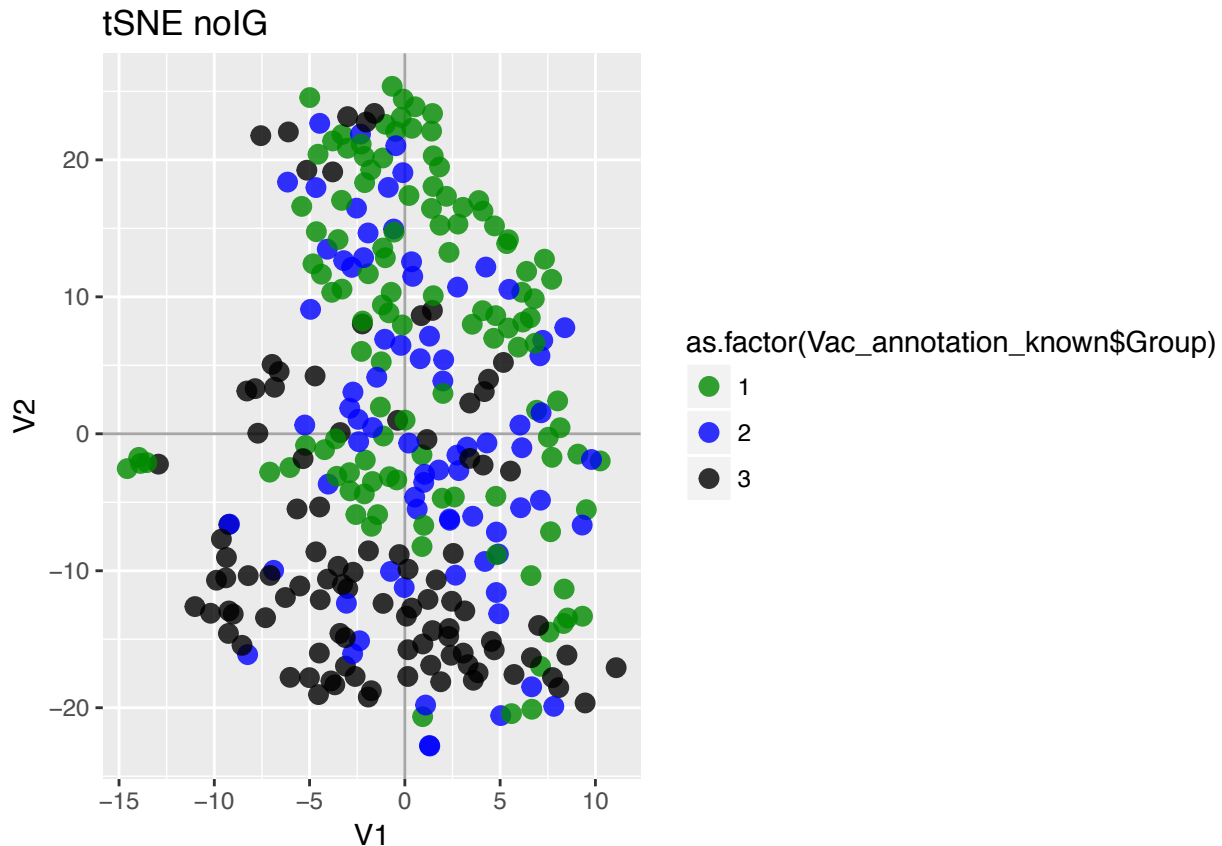

```

#tSNE plot
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_limmaAdj_noIG$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2,label = colnames(limma_adj_noIG))) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c('green4','blue', 'black'))+

  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=as.factor(Vac_annotation_known$Group)),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("tSNE noIG")

```

ID



5.2.6 6th - do the same thing with the clones

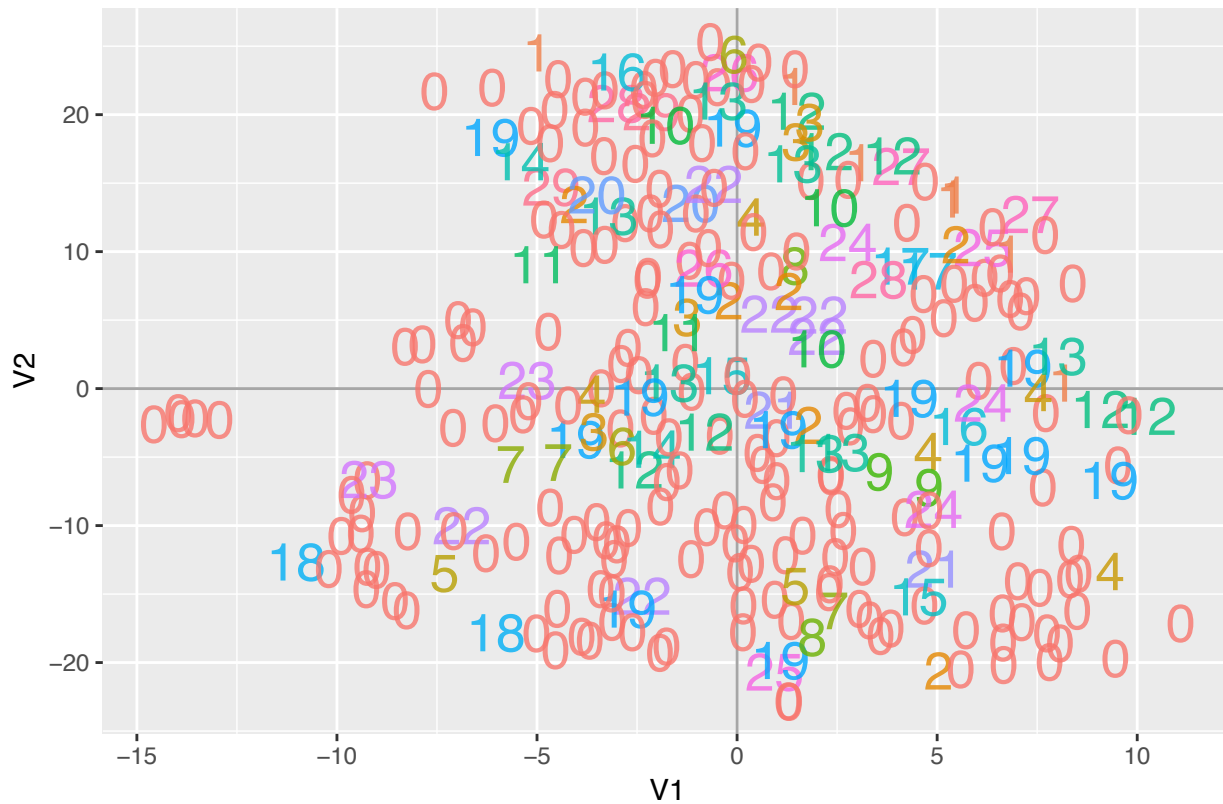
```

ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_limmaAdj_noIG$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2,label = colnames(Limma_adj_4))) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_text(aes(colour=as.factor(Vac_repertoire_known$Clone),
                label = Vac_repertoire_known$Clone),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 7) +
  ggtitle("tSNE no IG") + theme(legend.position="none")

```

ID

tSNE no IG



6 Now perform exploration of clones

6.1 Make Clonal DF

```
Clones <- subset(Vac_repertoire_known, Clone != '0')
dim(Clones)

## [1] 100 41

#13 cells in Negative clones means 87 in positive
dim(Vac_annotation_known)

## [1] 295 9

Annotation_Clones <- Vac_annotation_known[rownames(
  Vac_annotation_known)%in%rownames(Clones),]
dim(Annotation_Clones)

## [1] 100 9

all(rownames(Annotation_Clones)==rownames(Clones))
```

```

## [1] TRUE
Annotation_Clones <- cbind(Annotation_Clones, Clones$Clone)

Clone_DF <- Limma_adj_4[,colnames(Limma_adj_4)
                        %in% rownames(Annotation_Clones)]
dim(Clone_DF)
## [1] 11895  100

```

6.2 Make not clonal DF

```

Not_Clones <- subset(Vac_repertoire_known, Clone == 0)
dim(Not_Clones)
## [1] 195  41

no_clone_DF <- Limma_adj_4[
                ,colnames(Limma_adj_4) %in% rownames(Not_Clones)]
dim(no_clone_DF)
## [1] 11895  195

Not_Clones_ANN <- Vac_annotation_known[
                rownames(Vac_annotation_known)%in%
                colnames(no_clone_DF),]
dim(Not_Clones_ANN)
## [1] 195  9

```

6.3 Make VP and VN Not clones

```

Vaccine_Positive <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Specificity == 'vaccine')
dim(Vaccine_Positive)
## [1] 195  9

Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones <- no_clone_DF[,colnames(
    no_clone_DF)%in%rownames(Vaccine_Positive)]
dim(Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones)
## [1] 11895  108

Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones <- no_clone_DF[
    ,!colnames(no_clone_DF)%in%rownames(Vaccine_Positive)]
dim(Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones)
## [1] 11895  87

```

6.4 separate out each clonal family and do within clone correlations

```
table(Annotation_Clones$Specificity, Annotation_Clones$`Clones$Clone`)  
  
##  
##           1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21  
## negative  0  0  0  0  2  0  3  2  0  0  0  0  0  0  2  2  0  2  0  0  0  
## vaccine   7  6  4  5  0  2  0  0  2  3  2  7  7  2  0  0  2  0 13  2  2  
##  
##           22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29  
## negative  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  
## vaccine   6  2  3  2  2  2  2  2  
  
first <- subset(Clones, Clone == '1')  
first_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(first)]  
first_Cor <- pearson_itteration(first_DF)  
  
second <- subset(Clones, Clone == '2')  
second_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(second)]  
second_Cor <- pearson_itteration(second_DF)  
  
third <- subset(Clones, Clone == '3')  
third_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(third)]  
third_Cor <- pearson_itteration(third_DF)  
  
fourth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '4')  
fourth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(fourth)]  
fourth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fourth_DF)  
  
fifth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '5')  
fifth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(fifth)]  
fifth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fifth_DF)  
  
sixth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '6')  
sixth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(sixth)]  
sixth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(sixth_DF)  
  
seventh <- subset(Clones, Clone == '7')  
seventh_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(seventh)]  
seventh_Cor <- pearson_itteration(seventh_DF)  
  
eighth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '8')  
eighth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(eighth)]  
eighth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(eighth_DF)
```

```
ninth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '9')
ninth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(ninth)]
ninth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(ninth_DF)

tenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '10')
tenth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(tenth)]
tenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(tenth_DF)

eleventh <- subset(Clones, Clone == '11')
eleventh_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(eleventh)]
eleventh_Cor <- pearson_itteration(eleventh_DF)

twelfth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '12')
twelfth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twelfth)]
twelfth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twelfth_DF)

thirteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '13')
thirteenth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(thirteenth)]
thirteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(thirteenth_DF)

fourteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '14')
fourteenth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(fourteenth)]
fourteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fourteenth_DF)

fifteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '15')
fifteenth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(fifteenth)]
fifteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fifteenth_DF)

sixteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '16')
sixteenth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(sixteenth)]
sixteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(sixteenth_DF)

seventeenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '17')
seventeenth_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(seventeenth)]
seventeenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(seventeenth_DF)

eighteen <- subset(Clones, Clone == '18')
eighteen_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(eighteen)]
eighteen_Cor <- pearson_itteration(eighteen_DF)

nineteen <- subset(Clones, Clone == '19')
nineteen_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(nineteen)]
nineteen_Cor <- pearson_itteration(nineteen_DF)
```

```
twenty <- subset(Clones, Clone == '20')
twenty_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twenty)]
twenty_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twenty_DF)

twentyone <- subset(Clones, Clone == '21')
twentyone_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentyone)]
twentyone_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyone_DF)

twentytwo <- subset(Clones, Clone == '22')
twentytwo_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentytwo)]
twentytwo_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentytwo_DF)

twentythree <- subset(Clones, Clone == '23')
twentythree_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentythree)]
twentythree_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentythree_DF)

twentyfour <- subset(Clones, Clone == '24')
twentyfour_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentyfour)]
twentyfour_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyfour_DF)

twentyfive <- subset(Clones, Clone == '25')
twentyfive_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentyfive)]
twentyfive_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyfive_DF)

twentysix <- subset(Clones, Clone == '26')
twentysix_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentysix)]
twentysix_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentysix_DF)

twentyseven <- subset(Clones, Clone == '27')
twentyseven_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentyseven)]
twentyseven_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyseven_DF)

twentyeight <- subset(Clones, Clone == '28')
twentyeight_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentyeight)]
twentyeight_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyeight_DF)

twentynine <- subset(Clones, Clone == '29')
twentynine_DF <- Clone_DF[,colnames(Clone_DF) %in% rownames(twentynine)]
twentynine_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentynine_DF)
```

6.5 Group together VP within clonal family correlations and VN within clonal family correlations

```
#VP <- 1,2,3,4,6,9,10,11,12,13,14,17,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29
#VN <- 5,7,8,15,16,18
#G&A clones <- 4, 13, 21

VP_clone_correlations <- c(as.numeric(first_Cor),as.numeric(second_Cor),
                           as.numeric(third_Cor), as.numeric(fourth_Cor),
                           as.numeric(sixth_Cor), as.numeric(ninth_Cor),
                           as.numeric(tenth_Cor), as.numeric(eleventh_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twelfth_Cor), as.numeric(thirteenth_Cor),
                           as.numeric(fourteenth_Cor),
                           as.numeric(seventeenth_Cor),
                           as.numeric(nineteen_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twenty_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentyone_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentytwo_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentythree_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentyfour_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentyfive_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentsix_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentyseven_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twentyeight_Cor),
                           as.numeric(twenty-nine_Cor))

VN_clone_correlations <- c(as.numeric(fifth_Cor), as.numeric(seventh_Cor),
                           as.numeric(eighth_Cor), as.numeric(fifteenth_Cor),
                           as.numeric(sixteenth_Cor), as.numeric(eighteen_Cor))
```

6.6 Boxplot VP/VN clones vs not clones

```
VP_notClones_Cor <- pearson_itteration(Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones)
VN_notClones_Cor <- pearson_itteration(Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones)
length(VN_clone_correlations)

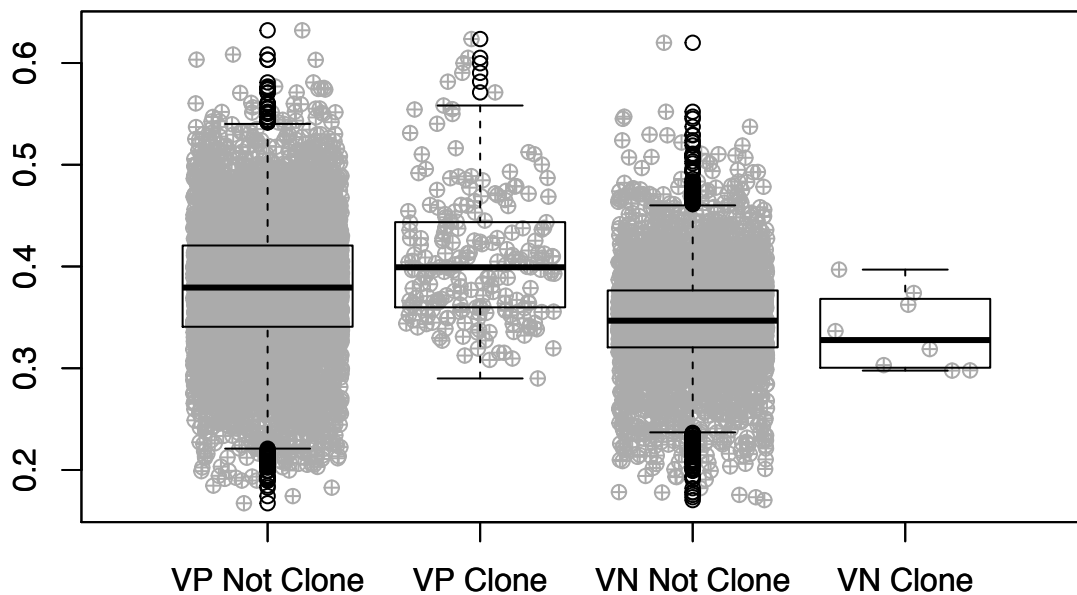
## [1] 8

par(mfrow = c(1,1))

x <- list("VP Not Clone"=as.numeric(VP_notClones_Cor),
         "VP Clone"=VP_clone_correlations,
         "VN Not Clone" = as.numeric(VN_notClones_Cor),
         "VN Clone" = VN_clone_correlations)
```

```
stripchart(x, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter",
           jitter=.35, pch = 10, col = 'grey67')
boxplot(x, col='transparent', border = 'black',
        alpha=.8, add = TRUE, main = "Correlations with IG")
```

Correlations with IG



6.7 Same on same data with no IG

```
Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones_noIG <- Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones[!rownames(
  Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones)%in%Kallisto_IG_gene_list,]
Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones_noIG <- Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones[!rownames(
  Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones)%in%Kallisto_IG_gene_list,]
Clones_noIG <- Clone_DF[!rownames(
  Clone_DF)%in%Kallisto_IG_gene_list,]
dim(Clones_noIG)
## [1] 11687 100
```

6.8 Separate out each clonal group again, this time after IG genes are excluded

```
first <- subset(Clones, Clone == '1')
first_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(first)]
first_Cor <- pearson_itteration(first_DF)
```

```
second <- subset(Clones, Clone == '2')
second_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(second)]
second_Cor <- pearson_itteration(second_DF)

third <- subset(Clones, Clone == '3')
third_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(third)]
third_Cor <- pearson_itteration(third_DF)

fourth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '4')
fourth_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(fourth)]
fourth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fourth_DF)

fifth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '5')
fifth_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(fifth)]
fifth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fifth_DF)

sixth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '6')
sixth_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(sixth)]
sixth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(sixth_DF)

seventh <- subset(Clones, Clone == '7')
seventh_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(seventh)]
seventh_Cor <- pearson_itteration(seventh_DF)

eighth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '8')
eighth_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(eighth)]
eighth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(eighth_DF)

ninth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '9')
ninth_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(ninth)]
ninth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(ninth_DF)

tenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '10')
tenth_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(tenth)]
tenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(tenth_DF)

eleventh <- subset(Clones, Clone == '11')
eleventh_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(eleventh)]
eleventh_Cor <- pearson_itteration(eleventh_DF)

twelfth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '12')
twelfth_DF <- Clones_noIG[,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twelfth)]
twelfth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twelfth_DF)
```

```
thirteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '13')
thirteenth_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(thirteenth)]
thirteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(thirteenth_DF)

fourteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '14')
fourteenth_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(fourteenth)]
fourteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fourteenth_DF)

fifteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '15')
fifteenth_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(fifteenth)]
fifteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(fifteenth_DF)

sixteenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '16')
sixteenth_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(sixteenth)]
sixteenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(sixteenth_DF)

seventeenth <- subset(Clones, Clone == '17')
seventeenth_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(seventeenth)]
seventeenth_Cor <- pearson_itteration(seventeenth_DF)

eighteen <- subset(Clones, Clone == '18')
eighteen_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(eighteen)]
eighteen_Cor <- pearson_itteration(eighteen_DF)

nineteen <- subset(Clones, Clone == '19')
nineteen_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(nineteen)]
nineteen_Cor <- pearson_itteration(nineteen_DF)

twenty <- subset(Clones, Clone == '20')
twenty_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twenty)]
twenty_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twenty_DF)

twentyone <- subset(Clones, Clone == '21')
twentyone_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentyone)]
twentyone_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyone_DF)
```

```
twentytwo <- subset(Clones, Clone == '22')
twentytwo_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentytwo)]
twentytwo_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentytwo_DF)

twentythree <- subset(Clones, Clone == '23')
twentythree_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentythree)]
twentythree_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentythree_DF)

twentyfour <- subset(Clones, Clone == '24')
twentyfour_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentyfour)]
twentyfour_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyfour_DF)

twentyfive <- subset(Clones, Clone == '25')
twentyfive_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentyfive)]
twentyfive_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyfive_DF)

twentysix <- subset(Clones, Clone == '26')
twentysix_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentysix)]
twentysix_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentysix_DF)

twentyseven <- subset(Clones, Clone == '27')
twentyseven_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentyseven)]
twentyseven_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyseven_DF)

twentyeight <- subset(Clones, Clone == '28')
twentyeight_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentyeight)]
twentyeight_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentyeight_DF)

twentynine <- subset(Clones, Clone == '29')
twentynine_DF <- Clones_noIG[
  ,colnames(Clones_noIG) %in% rownames(twentynine)]
twentynine_Cor <- pearson_itteration(twentynine_DF)
```

6.9 Group no-IG clones together; VP within clonal family correlations and VN within clonal family correlations

```
VP_clone_correlations_noIG <- c(as.numeric(first_Cor),as.numeric(second_Cor),
                                as.numeric(third_Cor), as.numeric(fourth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(sixth_Cor), as.numeric(ninth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(tenth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(eleventh_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twelfth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(thirteenth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(fourteenth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(seventeenth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(nineteen_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twenty_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentyone_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentytwo_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentythree_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentyfour_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentyfive_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentysix_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentyseven_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twentyeight_Cor),
                                as.numeric(twenty-nine_Cor))
```

```
VN_clone_correlations_noIG <- c(as.numeric(fifth_Cor),as.numeric(seventh_Cor),
                                as.numeric(eighth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(fifteenth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(sixteenth_Cor),
                                as.numeric(eighteen_Cor))
```

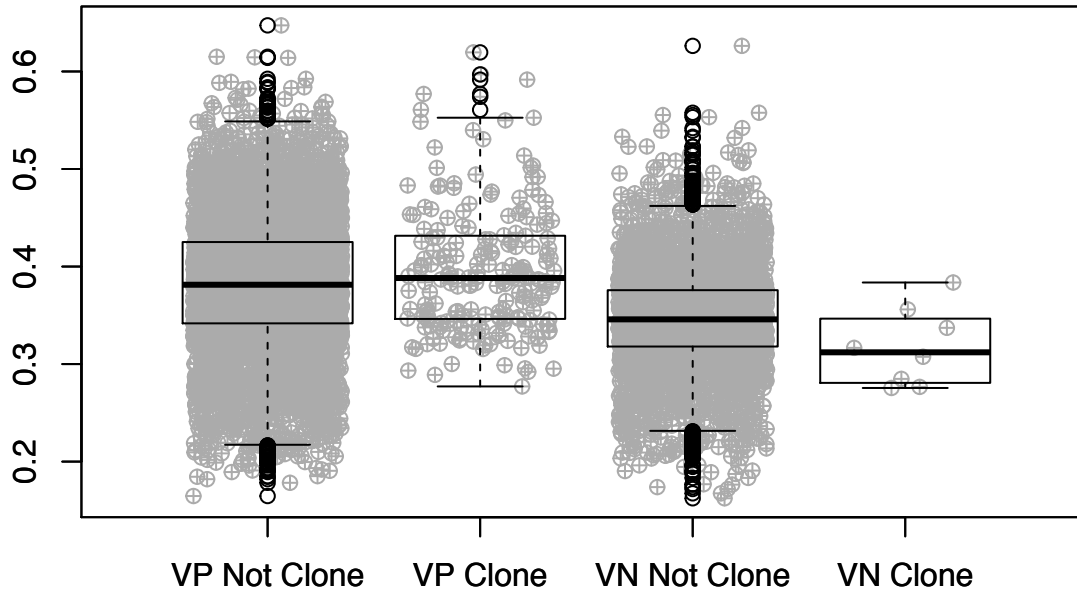
6.10 Boxplot VP/VN no Ig clones vs not clones

```
Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones_noIG_COR <- pearson_itteration(
  Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones_noIG)
Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones_noIG_COR <- pearson_itteration(
  Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones_noIG)

par(mfrow = c(1,1))
x_noIG <- list("VP Not Clone"=as.numeric(Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones_noIG_COR),
              "VP Clone"=VP_clone_correlations_noIG,
              "VN Not Clone" = as.numeric(Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones_noIG_COR),
              "VN Clone" = VN_clone_correlations_noIG)
```

```
stripchart(x_noIG, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter", jitter=.35,
          pch = 10, col = 'grey67')
boxplot(x_noIG, col='transparent', border = 'black', alpha=.8, add = TRUE,
        main = "Correlations no IG")
```

Correlations no IG

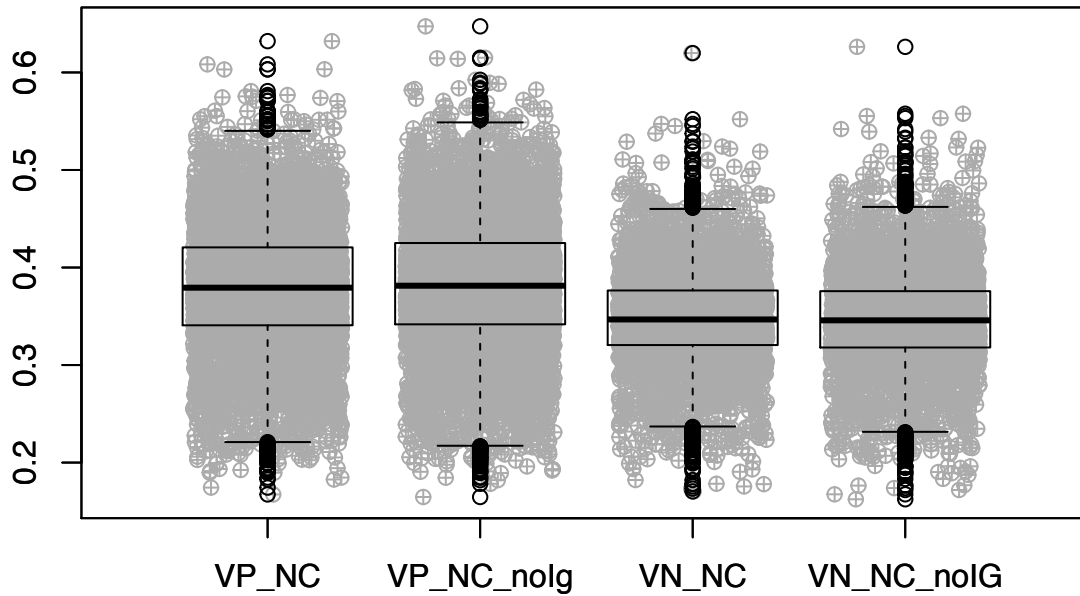


6.11 Boxplot of not clones with and without IG & Clones with and without IG

```
NC <- list('VP_NC' = as.numeric(VP_notClones_Cor),
          'VP_NC_noIg' = as.numeric(Vaccine_pos_Not_Clones_noIG_COR),
          'VN_NC' = as.numeric(VN_notClones_Cor),
          'VN_NC_noIG' = as.numeric(Vaccine_Neg_Not_Clones_noIG_COR))
```

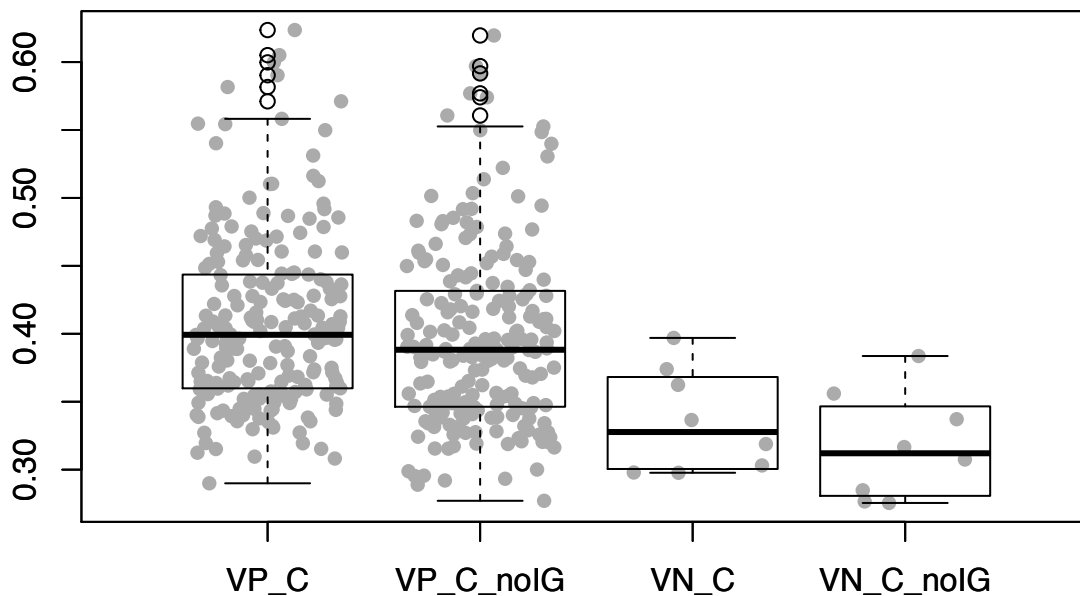
```
stripchart(NC, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter", jitter=.35,
          pch = 10, col = 'grey67')
boxplot(NC, col='transparent', border = 'black', alpha=.8, add = TRUE,
        main = "Not clones with/without Ig")
```

Not clones with/without Ig



```
C<- list('VP_C' = VP_clone_correlations,  
        'VP_C_noIG' = VP_clone_correlations_noIG,  
        'VN_C'=VN_clone_correlations,  
        'VN_C_noIG'=VN_clone_correlations_noIG)  
stripchart(C, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter", jitter=.35,  
          pch = 16, col = 'grey67')  
boxplot(C, col='transparent', border = 'black', alpha=.8, add = TRUE,  
        main = "Clones with/without IG")
```

Clones with/without IG



7 Repertoire analysis of all three populations - excluding repeated BCRs that are a part of clonal expansions as this will skew gene usage frequency.

```
Repertoire_noExpansion <- subset(Vac_repertoire_known,
                                Rep_exclude != 'exclude')
dim(Repertoire_noExpansion)
## [1] 224 41

No_Expansion_Annotation <- Vac_annotation_known[rownames(
  Vac_annotation_known)%in%rownames(Repertoire_noExpansion),]
dim(No_Expansion_Annotation)
## [1] 224 9

IgAP_no_Exp_ann <- subset(No_Expansion_Annotation, Isotype == 'IgA' &
                        Specificity == 'vaccine')
IgAN_no_Exp_ann <- subset(No_Expansion_Annotation, Isotype == 'IgA' &
                        Specificity == 'negative')
IgGP_no_Exp_ann <- subset(No_Expansion_Annotation, Isotype == 'IgG' &
                        Specificity == 'vaccine')

IgAP_rep <- Repertoire_noExpansion[
  rownames(Repertoire_noExpansion)
  %in% rownames(IgAP_no_Exp_ann),]
IgAN_rep <- Repertoire_noExpansion[
  rownames(Repertoire_noExpansion)
  %in% rownames(IgAN_no_Exp_ann),]
IgG_rep <- Repertoire_noExpansion[
  rownames(Repertoire_noExpansion)
  %in% rownames(IgGP_no_Exp_ann),]
#Dont DropLevels or else they will not be c-bind able
```

7.1 Make repertoire Figures

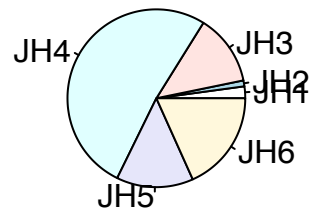
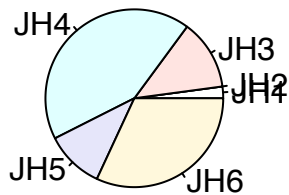
```
par(mfrow=c(1,1), mar = c(6,5,5,5))
#HC J gene usage
JH_locus_by_Isotype <- as.data.frame(cbind
                                     (IgA_J = table(IgAP_rep$JH.locus),
                                      IgAN_J = table(IgAN_rep$JH.locus),
                                      IgG_J = table(IgG_rep$JH.locus)))

#Labeled with gene
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
```

```
pie(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgA_J, labels = rownames(JH_locus_by_Isotype),
    main = 'IgAP J chain')
pie(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgAN_J, labels = rownames(JH_locus_by_Isotype),
    main = 'IgAN J chain')
```

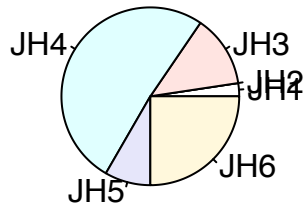
IgAP J chain

IgAN J chain



```
pie(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgG_J, labels = rownames(JH_locus_by_Isotype),
    main = 'IgGP J chain')
#Labeled with frequency
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
```

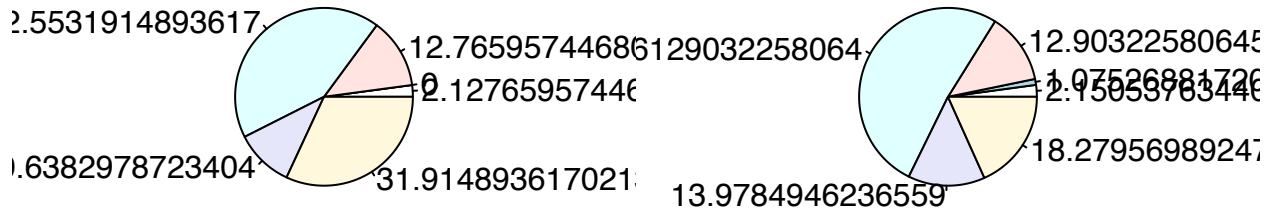
IgGP J chain



```
pie(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgA_J, labels =
    prop.table(as.matrix(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgA_J),2)*100,
    main = 'IgAP J chain')
pie(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgAN_J, labels =
    prop.table(as.matrix(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgAN_J),2)*100,
    main = 'IgAN J chain')
```

IgAP J chain

IgAN J chain

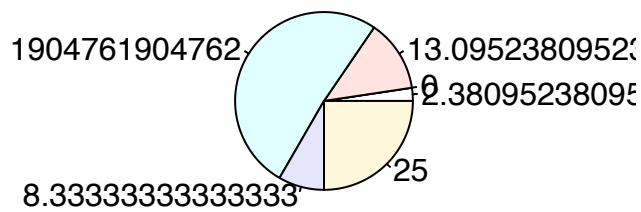


```
pie(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgG_J, labels =
      prop.table(as.matrix(JH_locus_by_Isotype$IgG_J),2)*100,
      main = 'IgGP J chain')
```

```
#Light chain usage
LC_Iso_by_Isotype <- as.data.frame(cbind(IgA_LC = table(IgAP_rep$Isotype),
                                          IgAN_LC = table(IgAN_rep$Isotype),
                                          IgG_LC = table(IgG_rep$Isotype)))
```

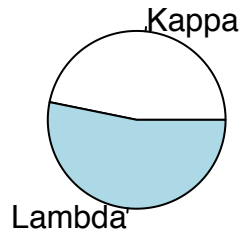
```
#Labeled with gene
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
```

IgGP J chain

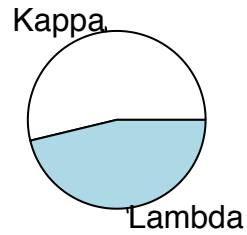


```
pie(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgA_LC, labels = rownames(LC_Iso_by_Isotype),
      main = 'IgAP_LC chain')
pie(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgAN_LC, labels = rownames(LC_Iso_by_Isotype),
      main = 'IgAN_LC chain')
```

IgAP_LC chain

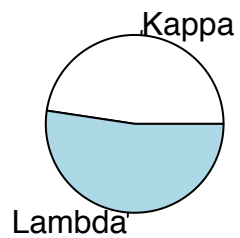


IgAN_LC chain



```
pie(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgG_LC, labels = rownames(LC_Iso_by_Isotype),  
    main = 'IgG_LC chain')  
#Labeled with frequency  
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
```

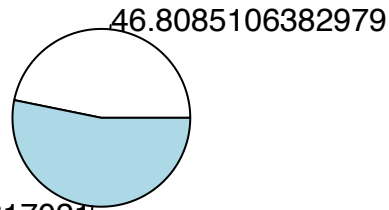
IgG_LC chain



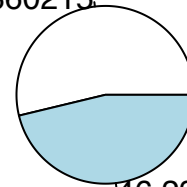
```
pie(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgA_LC, labels =  
    prop.table(as.matrix(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgA_LC))*100,  
    main = 'IgAP_LC chain')  
pie(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgAN_LC, labels =  
    prop.table(as.matrix(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgAN_LC))*100,  
    main = 'IgAN_LC chain')
```

IgAP_LC chain

IgAN_LC chain



53.763440860215



53.1914893617021

46.2365591397849

```
pie(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgG_LC, labels =  
     prop.table(as.matrix(LC_Iso_by_Isotype$IgG_LC))*100,  
     main = 'IgG_LC chain')
```

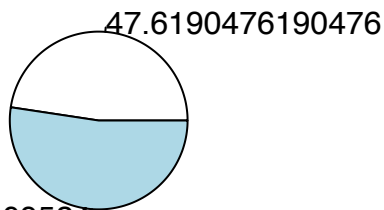
#HC Isotype

```
HC_locus_by_Isotype <- as.data.frame(cbind  
                                     (IgAP_V = table(IgAP_rep$BASIC.Isotype),  
                                      IgAN_V = table(IgAN_rep$BASIC.Isotype),  
                                      IgG_V = table(IgG_rep$BASIC.Isotype)))
```

#Labeled with Isotype

```
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
```

IgG_LC chain

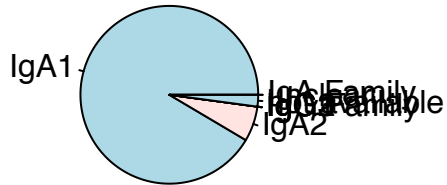


52.3809523809524

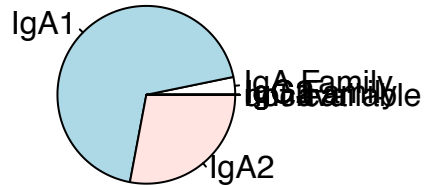
```
pie(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgAP_V, labels = rownames(HC_locus_by_Isotype),  
     main = 'IgAP Iso')
```

```
pie(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgAN_V, labels = rownames(HC_locus_by_Isotype),  
     main = 'IgAN Iso')
```

IgAP Iso

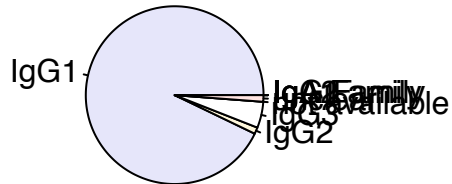


IgAN Iso



```
pie(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgG_V, labels = rownames(HC_locus_by_Isotype),  
    main = 'IgG Iso')  
#Labeled with frequency  
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
```

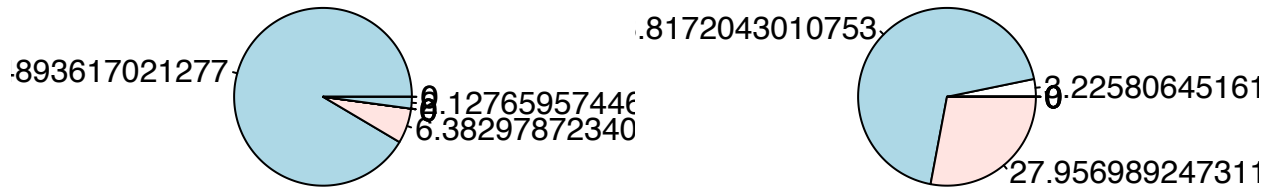
IgG Iso



```
pie(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgAP_V,  
    labels = prop.table(as.matrix(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgAP_V))*100,  
    main = 'IgAP Iso')  
pie(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgAN_V,  
    labels = prop.table(as.matrix(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgAN_V))*100,  
    main = 'IgAN Iso')
```

IgAP Iso

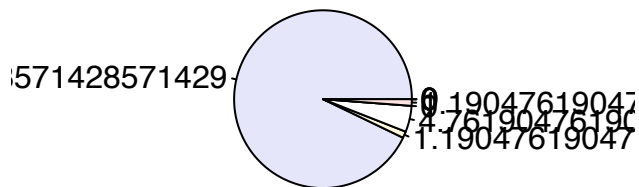
IgAN Iso



```
pie(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgG_V,  
    labels = prop.table(as.matrix(HC_locus_by_Isotype$IgG_V))*100,  
    main = 'IgGP Iso')
```

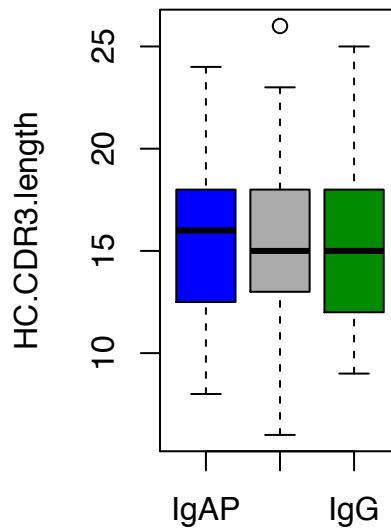
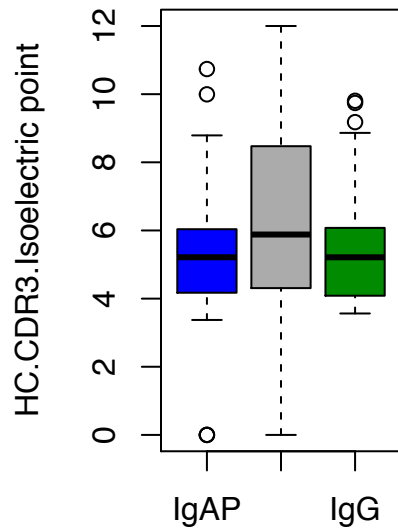
```
#Boxplots for remaining analysis  
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
```

IgGP Iso



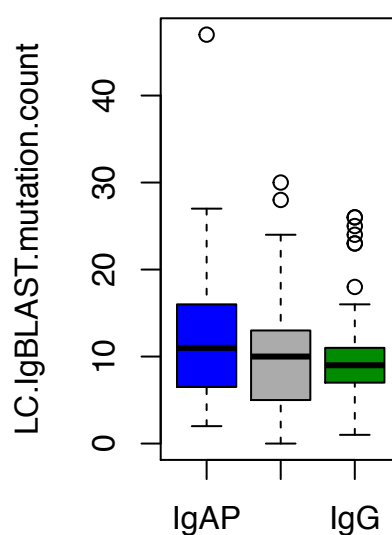
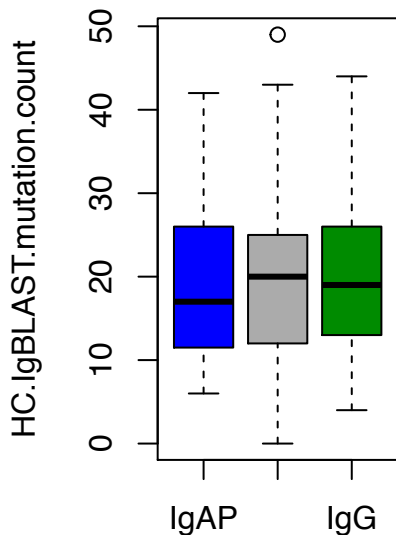
```
#CDR3 Isoelectric  
boxplot(IgAP_rep$HC.CDR3.isoelectric.point, IgAN_rep$HC.CDR3.isoelectric.point,  
        IgG_rep$HC.CDR3.isoelectric.point, names = c('IgAP', 'IgAN', 'IgG'),  
        ylab = 'HC.CDR3.Isoelectric point', col = c('blue', 'grey67', 'green4'))
```

```
#CDR3 length  
boxplot(IgAP_rep$HC.CDR3.length, IgAN_rep$HC.CDR3.length,  
        IgG_rep$HC.CDR3.length, names = c('IgAP', 'IgAN', 'IgG'),  
        ylab = 'HC.CDR3.length', col = c('blue', 'grey67', 'green4'))
```



```
#HC Ig blast mutation count
boxplot(IgAP_rep$HC.IgBLAST.mutation.count, IgAN_rep$HC.IgBLAST.mutation.count,
        IgG_rep$HC.IgBLAST.mutation.count, names = c('IgAP', 'IgAN', 'IgG'),
        ylab = 'HC.IgBLAST.mutation.count', col = c('blue', 'grey67', 'green4'))
```

```
#LC Ig blast mutation count
boxplot(IgAP_rep$IgBLAST.mutation.count, IgAN_rep$IgBLAST.mutation.count,
        IgG_rep$IgBLAST.mutation.count, names = c('IgAP', 'IgAN', 'IgG'),
        ylab = 'LC.IgBLAST.mutation.count', col = c('blue', 'grey67', 'green4'))
```



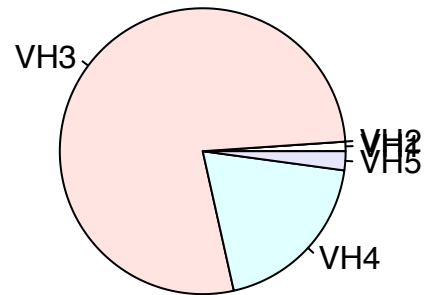
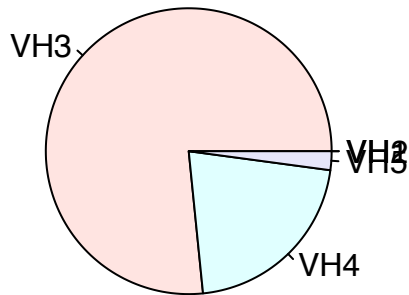
7.2 VH family frequency plots made from an excel table

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
pie(as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgAP_V), labels = rownames(V_all_freq),
    main = 'IgAP V')
```

```
pie(as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgAN_V), labels = rownames(V_all_freq),
    main = 'IgAN V')
```

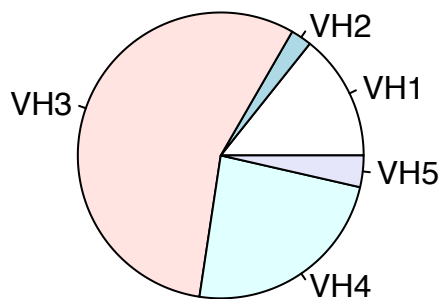
IgAP V

IgAN V



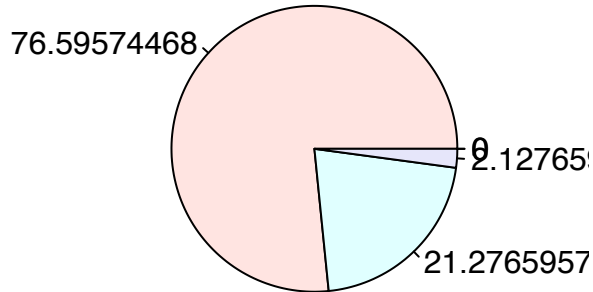
```
pie(as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgG_V), labels =
    rownames(V_all_freq),
    main = 'IgGP V')
#Label by frequency
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
```

IgGP V

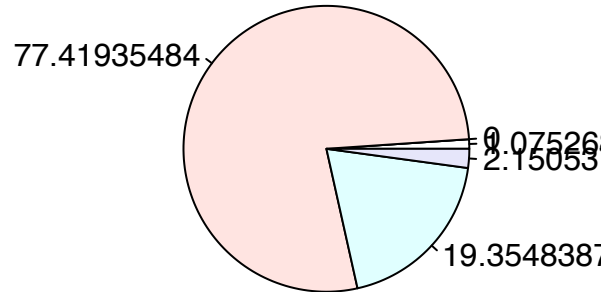


```
pie(as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgAP_V), labels = as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgAP_V),
    main = 'IgAP V')
pie(as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgAN_V), labels = as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgAN_V),
    main = 'IgAN V')
```

IgAP V

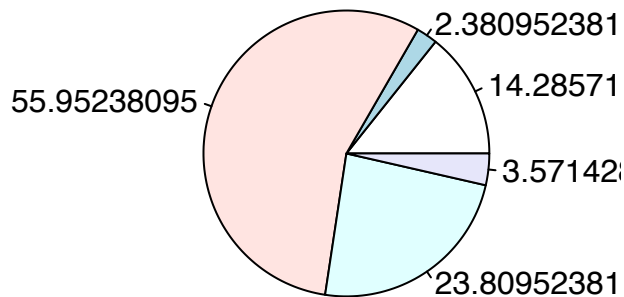


IgAN V



```
pie(as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgG_V), labels = as.matrix(V_all_freq$IgG_V),  
    main = 'IgGP V')
```

IgGP V



8 Here we explore the expression of genes associated with genes from pathways we expect to be different between our populations.

Overall differences between three populations could be due to differential expression of genes indicative of BCR signaling or B cell activation differences between vaccine positive and vaccine negative cells. We also may detect mucosal homing within the IgA vaccine negative population.

8.1 How does BCR signaling look between our three populations?

```
# biocarta_BCRsignaling
BCR_signaling_list <- c("AKT1", "AKT2", "AKT3", "BCL10", "BLNK",
  "BTK", "CARD11", "CD19", "CD22", "CD72", "CD79A", "CD79B",
  "CD81", "CHUK", "CR2", "DAPP1", "FCGR2B", "FOS", "GRB2",
  "GSK3B", "HRAS", "IFITM1", "IGH", "IKBKB", "IKBKG", "INPP5D",
  "INPPL1", "JUN", "KRAS", "LILRB3", "LYN", "MALT1", "MAP2K1",
  "MAP2K2", "MAPK1", "MAPK3", "NFATC1", "NFATC2", "NFATC3",
  "NFKB1", "NFKBIA", "NFKBIB", "NFKBIE", "NRAS", "PIK3AP1",
  "PIK3CA", "PIK3CB", "PIK3CD", "PIK3CG", "PIK3R1", "PIK3R2",
  "PIK3R3", "PIK3R5", "PLCG2", "PPP3CA", "PPP3CB", "PPP3CC",
  "PPP3R1", "PPP3R2", "PRKCB", "PTPN6", "RAC1", "RAC2", "RAC3",
  "RAF1", "RASGRP3", "RELA", "SOS1", "SOS2", "SYK", "VAV1",
  "VAV2", "VAV3")

BCR_sig_list_all <- Limma_adj_4[rownames(Limma_adj_4) %in% BCR_signaling_list,
  ]

Group_All <- Vac_annotation_known$Group
Ann_Group_All <- gsub("1", "green", Group_All)
Ann_Group_All <- gsub("2", "blue", Ann_Group_All)
Ann_Group_All <- gsub("3", "black", Ann_Group_All)

Col_Ann_Group_All <- as.matrix(Ann_Group_All, ncol = 1)

# heatmap.3(BCR_sig_list_all, main='BCR_sig_list_all',
# ColSideColors=Col_Ann_Group_All, margins = c(5,9),keysize
# =.6,col=rev(col_spectrum), scale= 'row')

# legend(x = 'left', c('IgGVP', 'IgAVP', 'IgAVN'),
# col=c('green', 'blue', 'black'), lty=1, lwd = 5, cex=0.8,
# inset = 0, border='black')
```

8.2 What about B cell activation?

```
BCR_act_list <- c("A0A087WW49", "ABL1", "ADA", "ADAM17", "ADGRG3",
  "AHR", "AICDA", "AKAP17A", "APLF", "ATAD5", "ATM", "ATP11C",
  "BAD", "BAK1", "BANK1", "BATF", "BAX", "BCL2", "BCL3", "BCL6",
  "BLNK", "BST1", "BST2", "BTK", "CARD11", "CASP3", "CASP8",
  "CCR6", "CD180", "CD27", "CD28", "CD19", "CD25", "CD30",
  "CD300A", "CD320", "CD38", "CD40", "CD40LG", "CD74", "CD79A",
  "CD79B", "CD81", "CD86", "CDH17", "CDKN1A", "CEBPG", "CHRNA4",
  "CHRN2", "CLCF1", "CMTM7", "CR2", "CTLA4", "CTPS1", "CXCR5",
```

"CYLD", "DCAF1", "DCLRE1C", "DLL1", "DOCK10", "DOCK11", "EP300",
"ERCC1", "EXO1", "EXOSC3", "EXOSC6", "FAS", "FLT3", "FNIP1",
"FOXJ1", "FOXP3", "FZD9", "GAPT", "GON4L", "GPR183", "HDAC4",
"HDAC5", "HDAC9", "HHEX", "HSPD1", "ICOSLG", "IFNA1", "IFNA10",
"IFNA14", "IFNA16", "IFNA17", "IFNA2", "IFNA21", "IFNA4",
"IFNA5", "IFNA6", "IFNA7", "IFNA8", "IFNB1", "IFNE", "IFNG",
"IFNK", "IFNW1", "IGBP1", "IGHA1", "IGHA2", "IGHD", "IGHE",
"IGHG1", "IGHG2", "IGHG3", "IGHG4", "IGHM", "IGHV1-18", "IGHV1-24",
"IGHV1-3", "IGHV1-45", "IGHV1-58", "IGHV1-69-2", "IGHV1-69D",
"IGHV10R15-1", "IGHV10R15-9", "IGHV2-26", "IGHV2-70D", "IGHV20R16-5",
"IGHV3-15", "IGHV3-16", "IGHV3-20", "IGHV3-21", "IGHV3-23",
"IGHV3-35", "IGHV3-38", "IGHV3-43", "IGHV3-49", "IGHV3-64",
"IGHV3-66", "IGHV3-72", "IGHV3-73", "IGHV3-74", "IGHV30R15-7",
"IGHV30R16-10", "IGHV30R16-12", "IGHV30R16-13", "IGHV30R16-8",
"IGHV30R16-9", "IGHV4-28", "IGHV4-30-2", "IGHV4-4", "IGHV4-61",
"IGHV5-51", "IGHV6-1", "IGHV7-81", "IGKC", "IGLC1", "IGLC6",
"IGLC7", "IGLL1", "IGLL5", "IKZF3", "IL10", "IL11", "IL13",
"IL2", "IL21", "IL27RA", "IL4", "IL5", "IL6", "IL7", "IL7R",
"INHA", "INHBA", "INPP5D", "IRS2", "ITFG2", "ITGA4", "ITGB1",
"ITM2A", "JAK3", "KIT", "KLF6", "LAT2", "LAX1", "LEF1", "LFNG",
"LGALS1", "LIG4", "LRRC8A", "LYL1", "LYN", "MALT1", "MEF2C",
"MFNG", "MIF", "MLH1", "MMP14", "MNDA", "MS4A1", "MSH2",
"MSH6", "MZB1", "NBN", "NCKAP1L", "NDFIP1", "NFAM1", "NFATC2",
"NHEJ1", "NKX2-3", "NOD2", "NOTCH2", "NSD2", "NTRK1", "ONECUT1",
"PAWR", "PAXIP1", "PCID2", "PELI1", "PIK3CD", "PIK3R1", "PKN1",
"PLCG2", "PLCL2", "POLM", "POU1F1", "POU2F2", "PPP2R3C",
"PRDM1", "PRKCB", "PRKCD", "PRKDC", "PTK2B", "PTPN2", "PTPN6",
"PTPRC", "RAG1", "RAG2", "RBPJ", "RC3H1", "RIF1", "RNF168",
"RNF8", "S4R3C0", "SAMSN1", "SASH3", "SFRP1", "SHB", "SKAP2",
"SLA2", "SLC39A10", "SP3", "STAT5B", "STAT6", "SUPT6H", "SWAP70",
"SYK", "TBC1D10C", "TBX21", "TCF3", "TFRC", "TGFB1", "THOC1",
"TICAM1", "TIRAP", "TLR4", "TNFAIP3", "TNFRSF13B", "TNFRSF13C",
"TNFRSF21", "TNFRSF4", "TNFSF13", "TNFSF13B", "TNFSF4", "TNIP2",
"TP53BP1", "TPD52", "TRBC1", "TRBC2", "TRDC", "TXLNA", "UNG",
"URS000075DE64_9606", "VAV3", "VCAM1", "WNT3A", "XBP1", "ZAP70",
"ZBTB1", "ZFP36L1", "ZFP36L2")

```
BCR_Act_list_all <- Limma_adj_4[rownames(Limma_adj_4) %in% BCR_act_list,  
  ]
```

```
# heatmap.3(BCR_Act_list_all, main='BCR_Act_list_all',  
# ColSideColors=Col_Ann_Group_All, margins = c(5,9),keysize  
# =.6,col=rev(col_spectrum), scale= 'row')
```

```
# legend(x = 'left', c('IgGVP', 'IgAVP', 'IgAVN'),
# col=c('green', 'blue', 'black'), lty=1, lwd = 5, cex=0.8,
# inset = 0, border='black')
```

8.3 What about Mucosal homing?

```
MucosalGeneIds <- c("RORA", "CCR9", "CCR10", "CXCR4", "ITGA4", "ITGB7",
                    "IGTB1", "CCR3", "CXCR5", "CCR7", "CCR6", "CCR4", "CLA")
Mucosal_list_DF <- Limma_adj_4[rownames(Limma_adj_4)%in%MucosalGeneIds,]

#heatmap.3(Mucosal_list_DF, main="Mucosal_list_DF",
#ColSideColors=Col_Ann_Group_All,
#margins = c(5,9),keysize =.6,col=rev(col_spectrum),
#scale= 'row')

#legend(x = 'left', c("IgGVP", "IgAVP", "IgAVN"),
#col=c("green", "blue", "black"),
#lty=1, lwd = 5, cex=0.8, inset = 0, border="black")
```

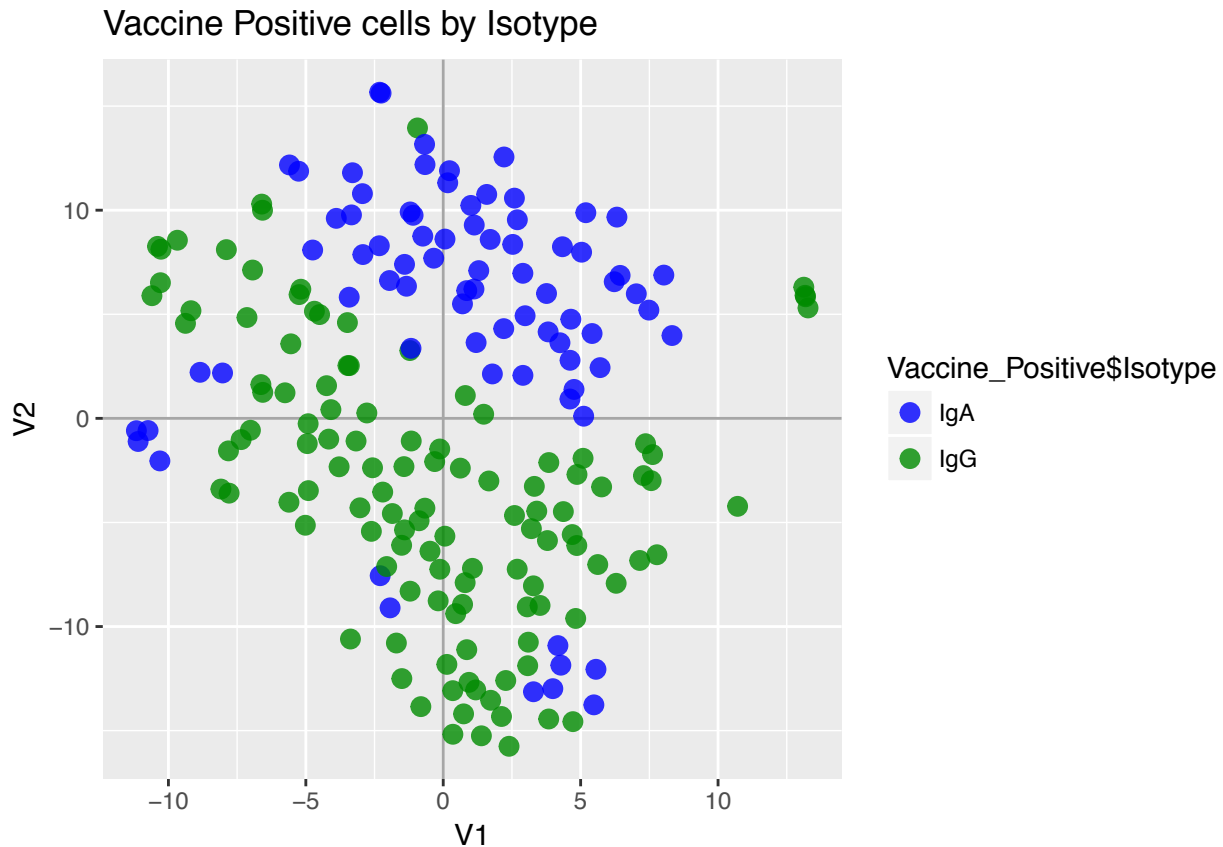
9 Now we subset on QIV positive cells only (IgAVP and IgGVP) and tSNE by Isotype

```
Vaccine_Positive_DF <- Limma_adj_4[,colnames(Limma_adj_4)
                                     %in%rownames(Vaccine_Positive)]
dim(Vaccine_Positive_DF)
## [1] 11895 195

set.seed(27)
trans_Vaccine_positive <- as.data.frame(t(Vaccine_Positive_DF))
tSNE_Vaccine_positive <- Rtsne(data.frame(trans_Vaccine_positive),
                               check_duplicates = FALSE, theta = 0.001,
                               perplexity = 30, initial_dims = 10)

library(ggplot2)
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_Vaccine_positive$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2,label = colnames(Vaccine_Positive_DF))) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c('blue', 'green4')) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=Vaccine_Positive$Isotype),
             alpha = 0.8, size = 3)+
  ggtitle("Vaccine Positive cells by Isotype")

ID
```



9.1 Now Identify Differentially expressed genes between the Isotype groups

9.2 perform a ttest by Isotype

```
ttest_Vaccine_Positive_DF <- apply(Vaccine_Positive_DF, 1, function(x)
  pairwise.t.test(x, Vaccine_Positive$Isotype,
    p.adjust.method = 'BH')$p.value)
```

9.3 Make a volcano plot to show fold change vs p value

```
IgA_VP <- subset(Vaccine_Positive, Isotype == 'IgA')
IgA_DF <- Vaccine_Positive_DF[,colnames(Vaccine_Positive_DF)
  %in% rownames(IgA_VP)]
IgA_mean <- rowMeans(IgA_DF, na.rm=TRUE)

IgG <- subset(Vaccine_Positive, Isotype == 'IgG')
IgG_DF <- Vaccine_Positive_DF[,colnames(Vaccine_Positive_DF)
  %in% rownames(IgG)]
```

```

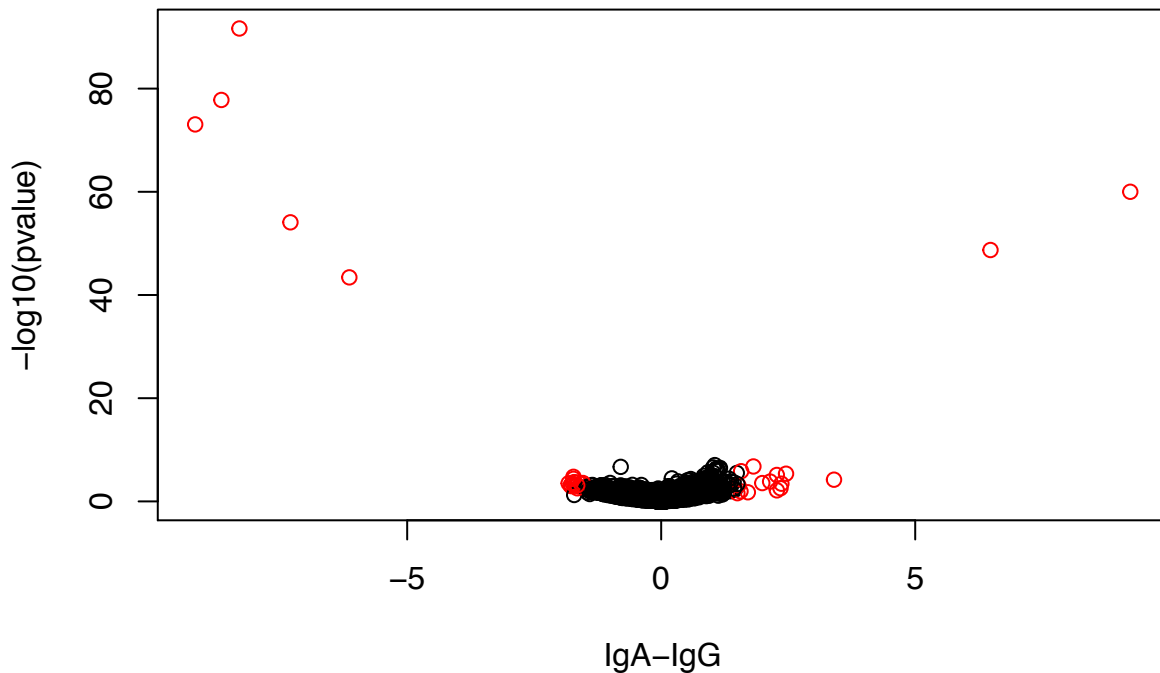
IgG_mean <- rowMeans(IgG_DF, na.rm=TRUE)

change_iso <- IgA_mean-IgG_mean
Outcome_iso <- as.data.frame(cbind(IgA_mean, IgG_mean, change_iso,
                                   ttest_Vaccine_Positive_DF))

change_ann_ISO <- abs(Outcome_iso$change_iso) > 1.5
p_ISO <- Outcome_iso$ttest_Vaccine_Positive_DF < .05
ann_ISO <- change_ann_ISO & p_ISO
change_list_ISO <- gsub(TRUE, 'red', ann_ISO)
change_list_ISO <- gsub(FALSE, 'black', change_list_ISO)
plot(Outcome_iso$change_iso, -log10(Outcome_iso$ttest_Vaccine_Positive_DF),
     col=change_list_ISO, ylab='-log10(pvalue)', xlab='IgA-IgG',
     main='Ttest on Vaccine cells by Isotype')

```

Ttest on Vaccine cells by Isotype



```

VP_fc1.5_p.05_Isotype <- Outcome_iso[ann_ISO,]
dim(VP_fc1.5_p.05_Isotype)

```

```
## [1] 37 4
```

```
print(VP_fc1.5_p.05_Isotype)
```

```
##           IgA_mean  IgG_mean change_iso ttest_Vaccine_Positive_DF
## AC233755.1  2.7382354  0.2806458   2.457590      4.317673e-06
## ATP5G1      3.4132800  5.1942278  -1.780948      9.607378e-04
## C1orf56     4.2102411  2.3954409   1.814800      1.696936e-07
## CALM3       3.7972321  5.5748299  -1.777598      6.581658e-04
```

## CD53	3.5985293	5.4199901	-1.821461	3.056942e-04
## CHCHD2	5.5334486	7.0419414	-1.508493	3.539422e-03
## EIF2S1	2.2843859	3.9044909	-1.620105	1.265296e-03
## EIF4G2	4.6087300	6.3349946	-1.726265	4.243869e-05
## ENO1	3.2949083	5.0609296	-1.766021	1.095765e-03
## GAPDH	6.6458705	8.3610713	-1.715201	1.851451e-04
## HP1BP3	1.9758036	3.6112904	-1.635487	2.084777e-04
## IFI30	2.3561269	4.0941505	-1.738024	4.383987e-04
## IGHA1	15.0069080	5.7735266	9.233381	9.960145e-61
## IGHA2	8.1001590	1.6186676	6.481491	1.922233e-49
## IGHG1	5.6208523	14.7937234	-9.172871	8.711281e-74
## IGHG2	0.6031112	7.9011154	-7.298004	8.285976e-55
## IGHG3	1.5522590	10.2093244	-8.657065	1.595902e-78
## IGHG4	0.3733102	6.5117327	-6.138422	3.852296e-44
## IGHGP	0.4930180	8.7955943	-8.302576	2.264764e-92
## IGHJ4	6.0466973	3.7694265	2.277271	7.258461e-03
## IGHJ5	3.5751922	1.2089267	2.366266	3.719541e-04
## IGHV3-23	3.9395172	2.3786519	1.560865	1.100931e-02
## IGHV3-43	3.6367066	2.1163599	1.520347	7.792056e-04
## IGHV3-7	2.6540189	0.3776669	2.276352	7.563628e-06
## IGLC2	11.0008832	7.5994095	3.401474	6.233616e-05
## IGLC3	8.4399985	6.0918359	2.348163	2.817535e-03
## IGLJ2	5.2271483	3.5213220	1.705826	1.704878e-02
## IGLJ3	4.3269006	2.8268709	1.500030	2.561747e-02
## IGLV2-11	3.5868805	1.5973582	1.989522	2.833770e-04
## IGLV2-18	1.9834782	0.4093061	1.574172	1.409877e-06
## LGALS1	5.2701208	3.1260941	2.144027	1.440188e-04
## NAPA	1.5995619	3.1795481	-1.579986	3.640357e-04
## NOP10	4.7553040	6.4552963	-1.699992	8.659641e-04
## PSMB8	3.9459908	5.5970062	-1.651015	2.869875e-03
## PTPMT1	0.9341683	2.4736378	-1.539470	2.737704e-04
## SLC38A10	1.6771630	3.4045168	-1.727354	1.716207e-05
## TMEM208	1.8028133	3.4552079	-1.652395	7.833593e-04

#which of the significant genes are NOT IG genes

```
VP_Isotype_notIG <- VP_fc1.5_p.05_Isotype[!rownames(
  VP_fc1.5_p.05_Isotype)%in%Kallisto_IG_gene_list,]
dim(VP_Isotype_notIG)
```

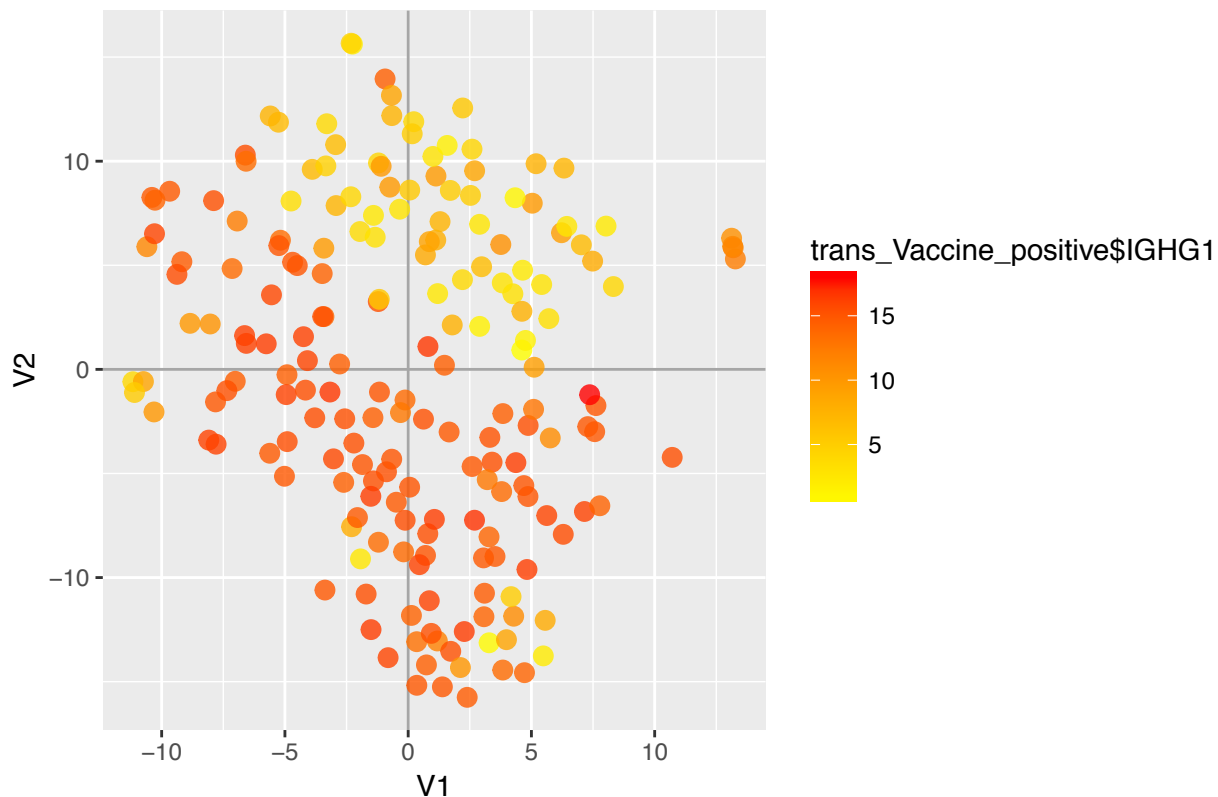
```
## [1] 18 4
```

9.4 Show the clusters identified by assigned isotype align with the expression of the IGH constant domains, which are the most significant DEGs identified by the ttest

```
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_Vaccine_positive$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Vaccine_Positive_DF))) +
  scale_colour_continuous(low = 'yellow', high = 'red') +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour = trans_Vaccine_positive$IGHG1),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("Vaccine Positive cells by IGHG1 exp")
```

ID

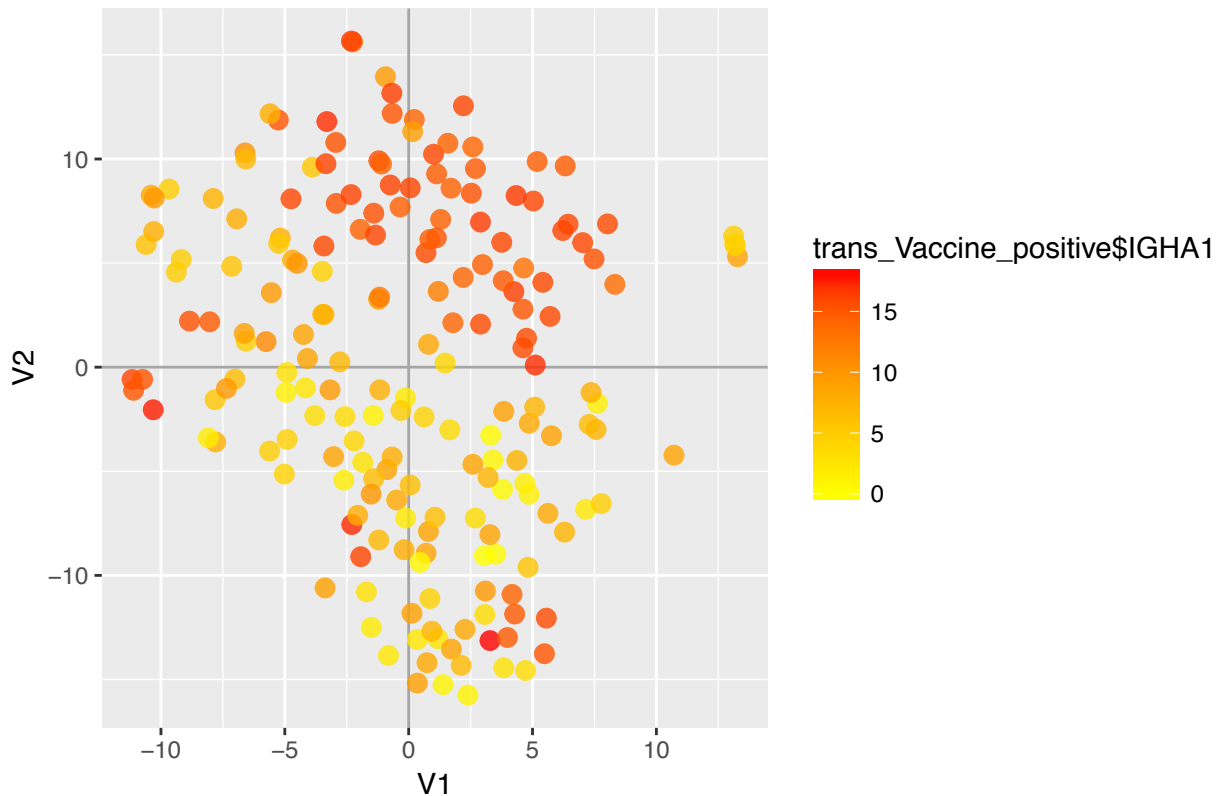
Vaccine Positive cells by IGHG1 exp



```
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_Vaccine_positive$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Vaccine_Positive_DF))) +
  scale_colour_continuous(low = 'yellow', high = 'red') +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour = trans_Vaccine_positive$IGHA1),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("Vaccine Positive cells by IGHA1 exp")
```

ID

Vaccine Positive cells by IGHA1 exp

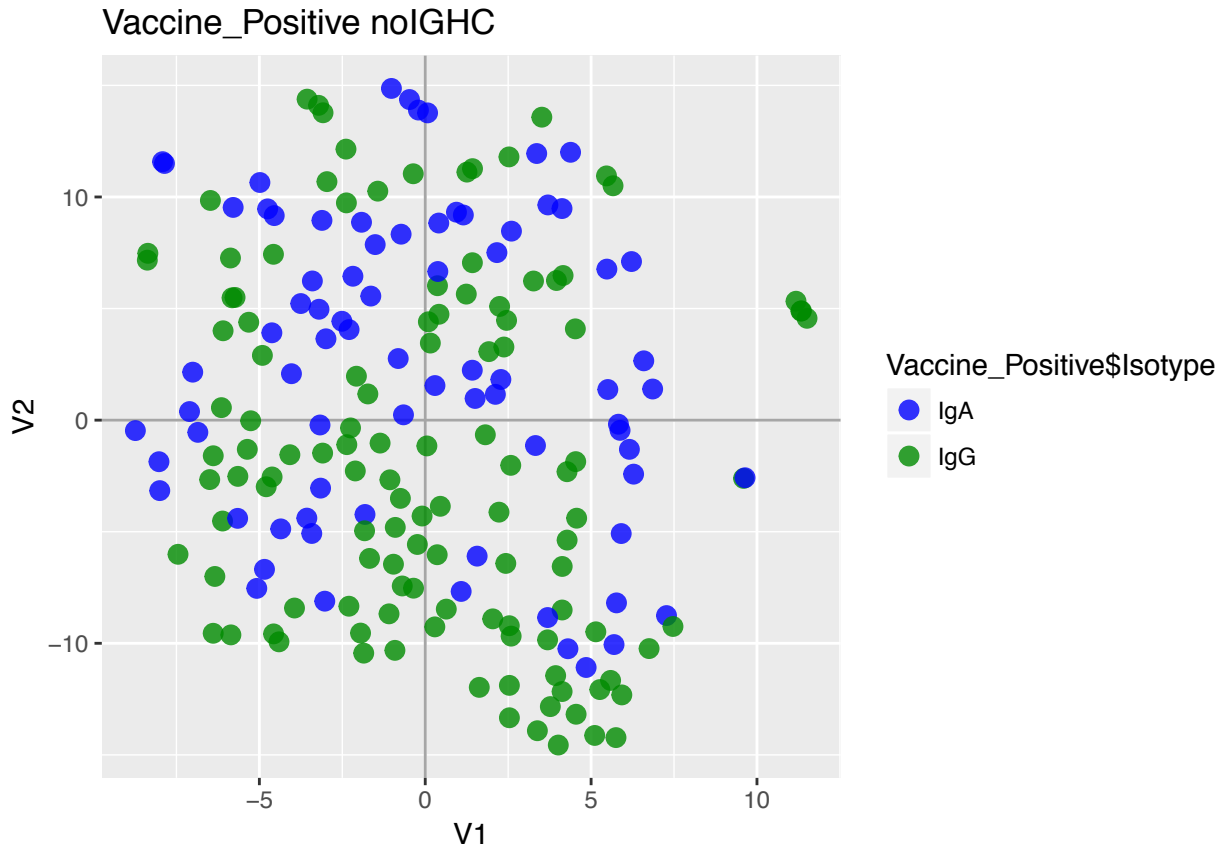


9.5 Now show that clustering is dependent on IGHC genes by removing them

```
IGH_list <- c('IGHG1', 'IGHG2', 'IGHG3', 'IGHG4', 'IGHA1', 'IGHA2',  
             'IGHM', 'IGHE', 'IGHD')  
Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIGHC <- Vaccine_Positive_DF[!rownames(  
  Vaccine_Positive_DF) %in% IGH_list,]  
dim(Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIGHC)  
## [1] 11888 195  
  
trans_Vaccine_positive_noIGHC <- as.data.frame(t(Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIGHC))  
tSNE_Vaccine_positive_noIGHC <- Rtsne(data.frame(trans_Vaccine_positive_noIGHC),  
                                       check_duplicates = FALSE, theta = 0.001,  
                                       perplexity = 30, initial_dims = 10)  
  
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_Vaccine_positive_noIGHC$Y),  
            aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIGHC))) +  
  scale_colour_manual(values = c('blue', 'green4')) +  
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
```

```
geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
geom_point(aes(colour=Vaccine_Positive$Isotype),
           alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
ggtitle("Vaccine_Positive noIGHC")
```

ID



9.6 Also explore what it looks like when All IG genes are removed

```
Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIG <- Vaccine_Positive_DF[!rownames(
  Vaccine_Positive_DF) %in% Kallisto_IG_gene_list,]
dim(Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIG)
## [1] 11687 195

trans_Vaccine_positive_noIG <- as.data.frame(t(Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIG))
tSNE_Vaccine_positive_noIG <- Rtsne(data.frame(trans_Vaccine_positive_noIG),
                                     check_duplicates = FALSE, theta = 0.001,
                                     perplexity = 30, initial_dims = 10)

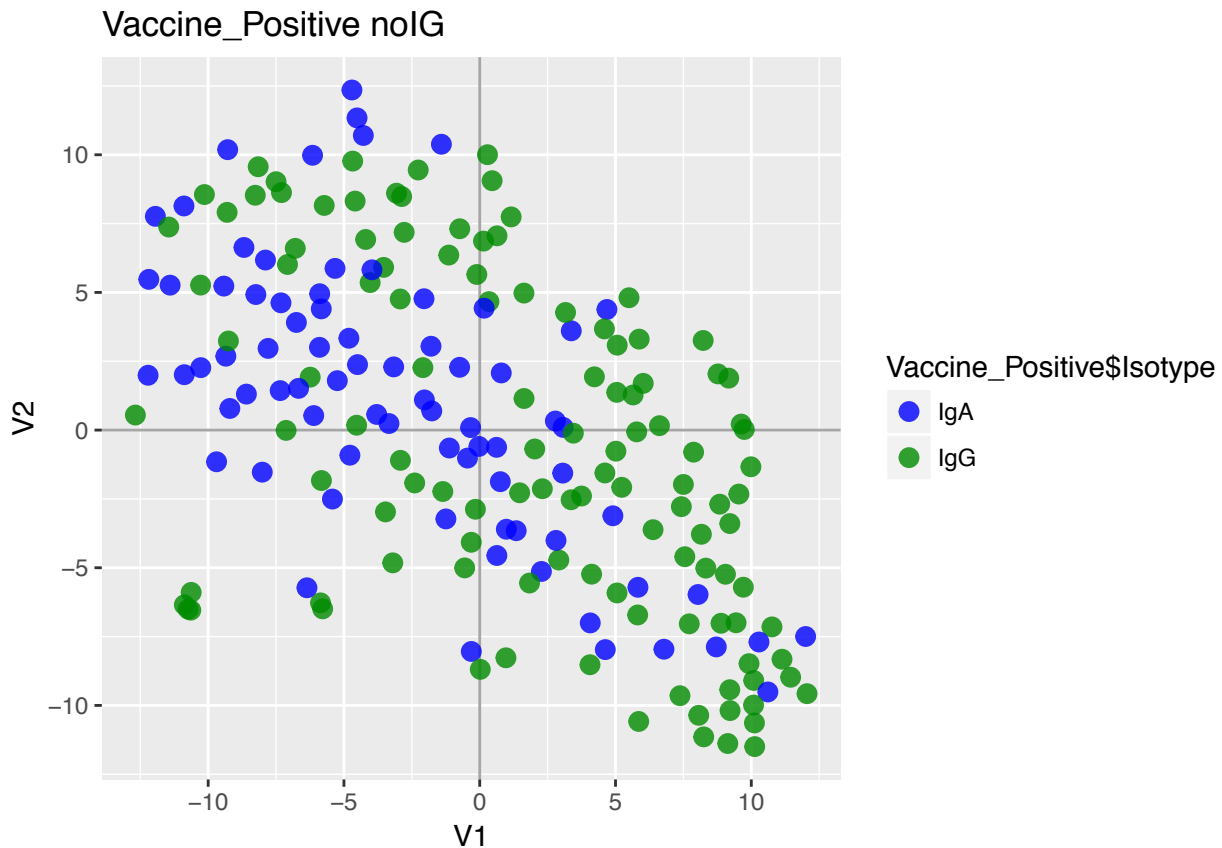
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_Vaccine_positive_noIG$Y),
            aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(Vaccine_Positive_DF_noIG))) +
  scale_colour_manual(values = c('blue', 'green4'))+
```

```

geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
geom_point(aes(colour=Vaccine_Positive$Isotype),
           alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
ggtitle("Vaccine_Positive noIG")

```

ID



9.7 Heatmap of all non-IG DEGs to see what their expression looks like

```

VP_notIG_DEGs <- Vaccine_Positive_DF[rownames(
  Vaccine_Positive_DF)%in%rownames(VP_Isotype_notIG),]
dim(VP_notIG_DEGs)
## [1] 18 195

#heatmap.3(VP_notIG_DEGs, main="VP_notIG_DEGs", ColSideColors=ann,
#margins = c(5,9),
#keysize =.6,col=rev(col_spectrum), scale= 'row')

```

```
#legend(x = 'left', c("IgA", "IgG", "clone member", "not in clone"),
#col=c("blue", "green", "red", "grey"), lty=1, lwd = 5,
#cex=0.8, inset = 0, border="black")
```

10 Subset on IgA only and tSNE by Specificity (IgAVP and IgAVN cells)

```
IgA <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Isotype == 'IgA')
dim(IgA)

## [1] 177    9

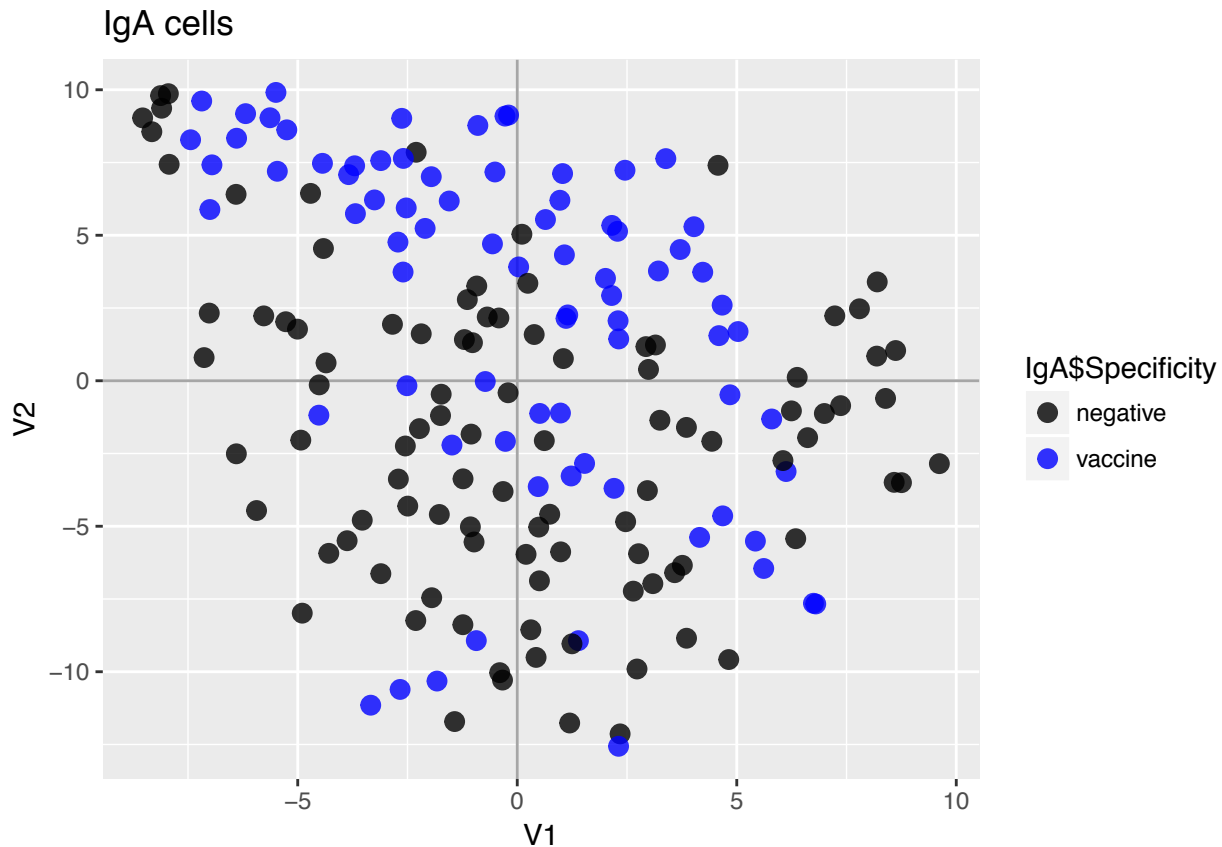
IgA_DF <- Limma_adj_4[,colnames(Limma_adj_4)%in% rownames(IgA)]
dim(IgA_DF)

## [1] 11895   177

trans_IgA <- as.data.frame(t(IgA_DF))
tSNE_IgA <- Rtsne(data.frame(trans_IgA),
                  check_duplicates = FALSE, theta = 0.001,
                  perplexity = 30, initial_dims = 10)

ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_IgA$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(IgA_DF))) +
  scale_colour_manual(values = c('black', 'blue'))+
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=IgA$Specificity),
             alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("IgA cells")

ID
```



10.1 Repeate tSNE without IG genes

```

IgA_noIG_DF <- limma_adj_noIG[,colnames(limma_adj_noIG)%in% rownames(IgA)]
dim(IgA_noIG_DF) #11687 177

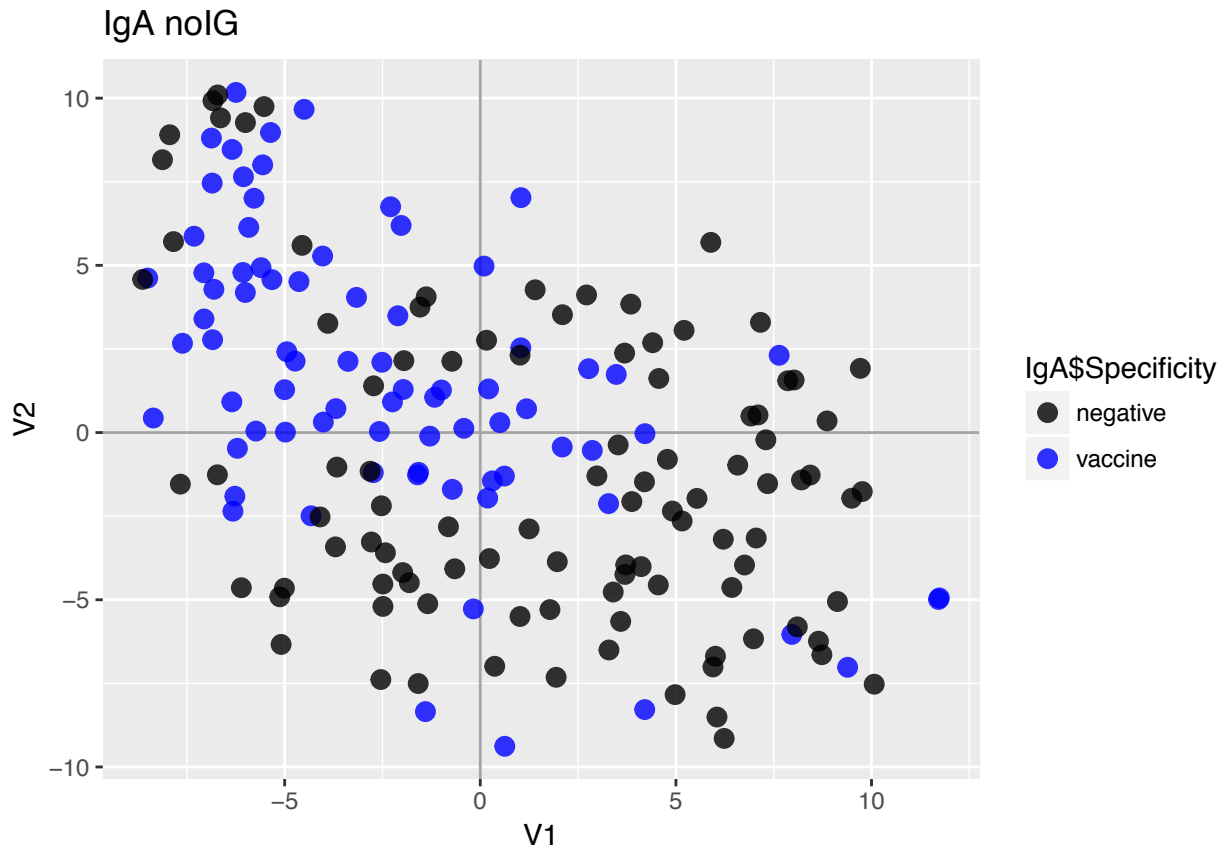
## [1] 11687 177

trans_IgA_noIG <- as.data.frame(t(IgA_noIG_DF))
tSNE_IgA_noIG <- Rtsne(data.frame(trans_IgA_noIG), check_duplicates = FALSE,
                        theta = 0.001,
                        perplexity = 30, initial_dims = 10)

ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tSNE_IgA_noIG$Y),
             aes(x=V1, y=V2, label = colnames(IgA_noIG_DF))) +
  scale_colour_manual(values = c('black', 'blue'))+
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=IgA$Specificity), alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("IgA noIG")

```

ID



10.2 Perform a ttest by Spec to see how many DEGs are identified

```
ttest_IgA_DF <- apply(IgA_DF, 1, function(x)
  pairwise.t.test(x, IgA$Specificity, p.adjust.method = 'BH')$p.value)
```

10.3 Make volcano plot of Specificity DEGs between IgAVP and IgAVN

```
IgA_VP <- subset(IgA, Specificity == 'vaccine')
IgA_DF_VP <- IgA_DF[,colnames(IgA_DF)%in% rownames(IgA_VP)]
IgA_VP_mean <- rowMeans(IgA_DF_VP, na.rm=TRUE)

IgA_VN <- subset(IgA, Specificity == 'negative')
IgA_DF_VN <- IgA_DF[,colnames(IgA_DF) %in% rownames(IgA_VN)]
IgA_VN_mean <- rowMeans(IgA_DF_VN, na.rm=TRUE)

change_SPEC <- IgA_VP_mean-IgA_VN_mean

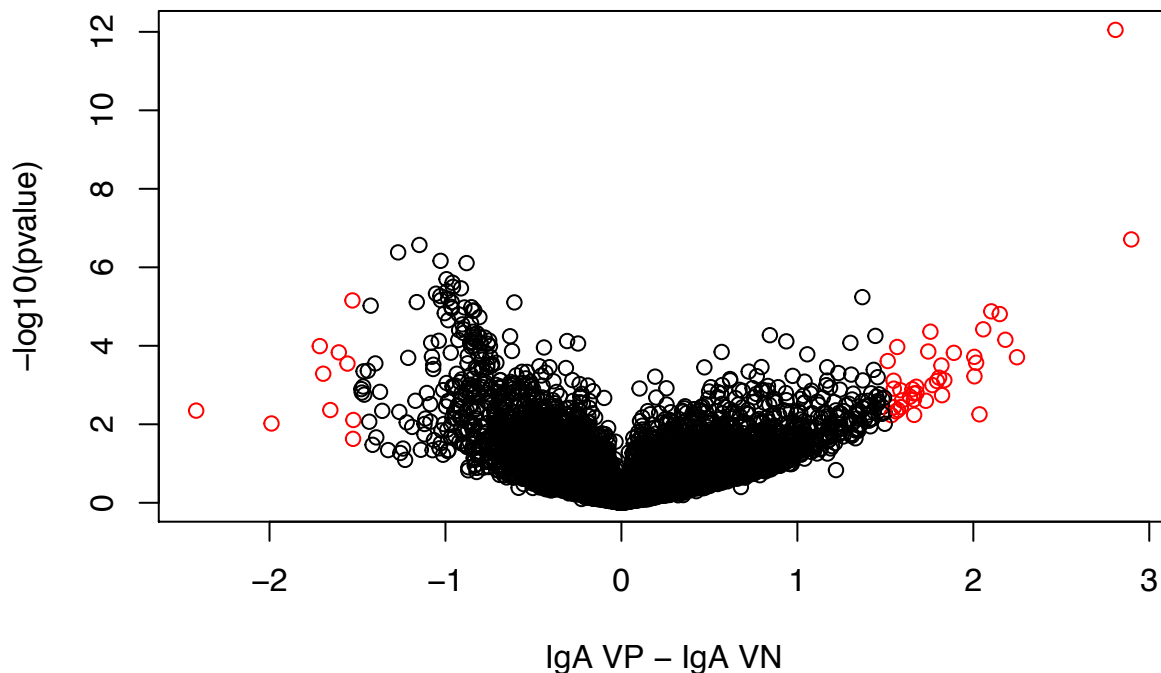
Outcome_SPEC <- as.data.frame(cbind(IgA_VP_mean, IgA_VN_mean,
  change_SPEC, ttest_IgA_DF))
```

```

change_ann_SPEC <- abs(Outcome_SPEC$change_SPEC) > 1.5
p_SPEC <- Outcome_SPEC$ttest_IgA_DF < .05
ann_SPEC <- change_ann_SPEC & p_SPEC
change_list_SPEC <- gsub(TRUE, 'red', ann_SPEC)
change_list_SPEC <- gsub(FALSE, 'black', change_list_SPEC)
plot(Outcome_SPEC$change_SPEC, -log10(Outcome_SPEC$ttest_IgA_DF),
     col=change_list_SPEC, ylab='-log10(pvalue)', xlab='IgA VP - IgA VN',
     main='Ttest on known IgA DFby Specificity')

```

Ttest on known IgA DFby Specificity



```

QN_IgA_fc1.5_p.05_SPEC <- Outcome_SPEC[ann_ISO,]
dim(QN_IgA_fc1.5_p.05_SPEC)
## [1] 37 4

#which of the significant genes are NOT IG genes
IgA_SPEC_notIG <- QN_IgA_fc1.5_p.05_SPEC[!rownames(
  QN_IgA_fc1.5_p.05_SPEC)%in%Kallisto_IG_gene_list,]
dim(IgA_SPEC_notIG)
## [1] 18 4

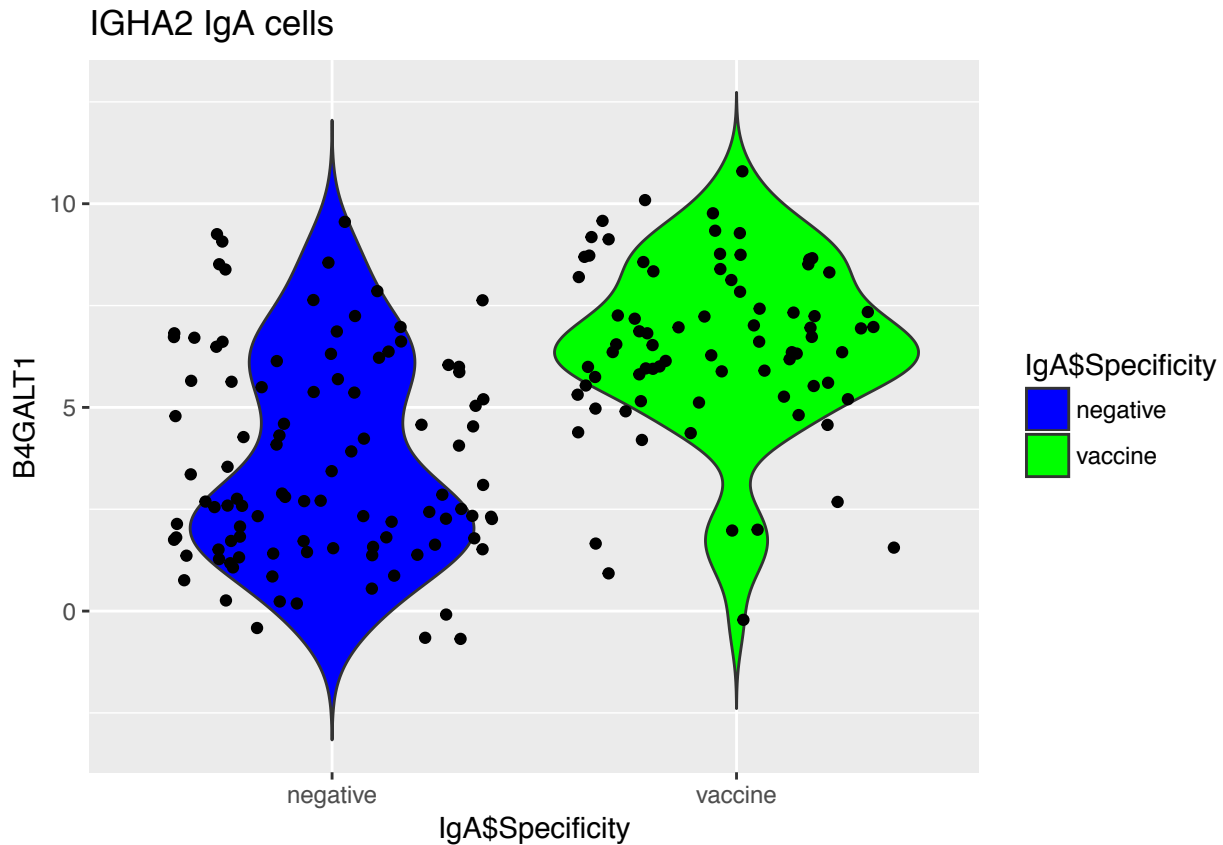
IgA_SPEC_IG <- QN_IgA_fc1.5_p.05_SPEC[rownames(
  QN_IgA_fc1.5_p.05_SPEC)%in%Kallisto_IG_gene_list,]

```

10.4 B4GALT1 & FUT8 violin plots

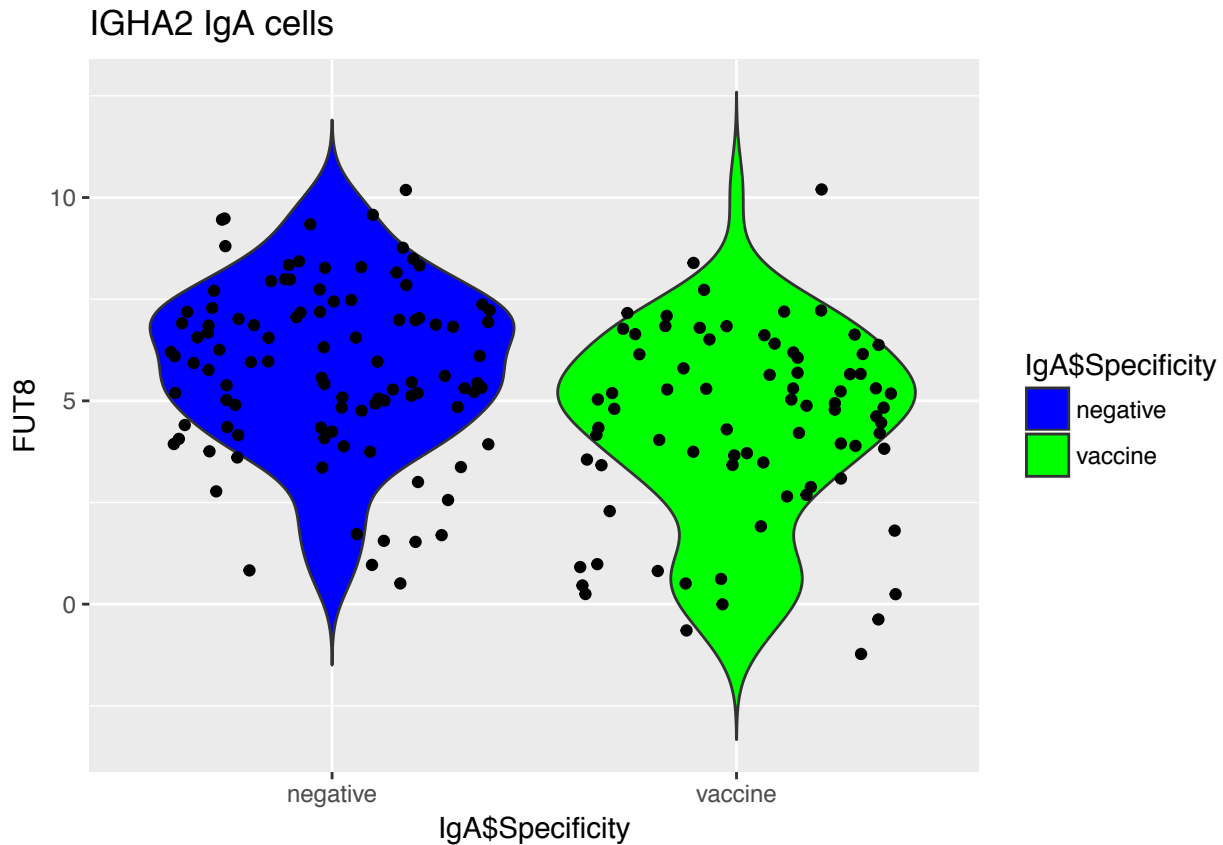
```
t_1 <- as.data.frame(t(IgA_DF))
D <- ggplot(t_1, aes(x = IgA$Specificity, y = B4GALT1)) +
  geom_violin(adjust = 1, trim = FALSE, aes(fill=IgA$Specificity)) +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("blue", "green")) +
  geom_jitter(width=.4, height=.4) +
  ggtitle('IGHA2 IgA cells')
```

D



```
D <- ggplot(t_1, aes(x = IgA$Specificity, y = FUT8)) +
  geom_violin(adjust = 1,
    trim = FALSE, aes(fill=IgA$Specificity)) +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("blue", "green")) +
  geom_jitter(width=.4, height=.4) +
  ggtitle('IGHA2 IgA cells')
```

D



10.5 Repertoire figures without excluding clonal expansions for validation of Specificity DEGs

```

IgA_VP_repertoire <- Vac_repertoire_known[rownames(
  Vac_repertoire_known)%in%colnames(IgA_DF_VP),]
dim(IgA_VP_repertoire)
## [1] 77 41

IgA_VN_repertoire <- Vac_repertoire_known[rownames(
  Vac_repertoire_known)%in%colnames(IgA_DF_VN),]
dim(IgA_VN_repertoire)
## [1] 100 41

#Light Chain Isotype
LC_Isotype_IgA <- as.data.frame(cbind(IgA_VP = table(
  IgA_VP_repertoire$Isotype),
  IgA_VN = table(
    IgA_VN_repertoire$Isotype)))

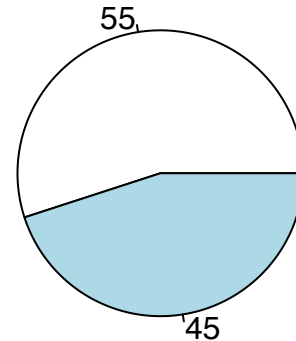
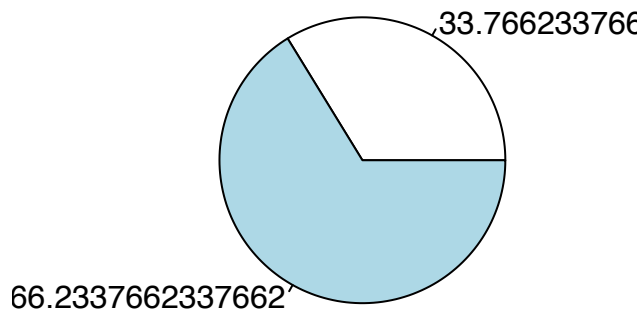
par(mfrow = c(1,2))

```

```
pie(LC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VP, labels = prop.table(LC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VP)*100,
    main = 'IgAP LC Iso')
pie(LC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VN, labels = prop.table(LC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VN)*100,
    main = 'IgAN LC Iso')
```

IgAP LC Iso

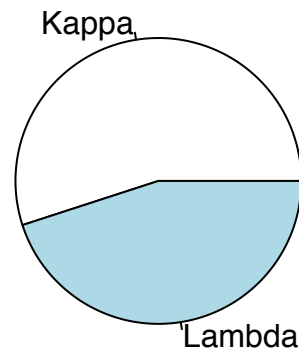
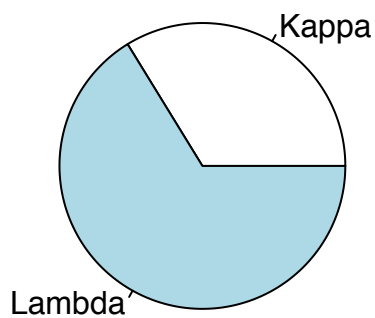
IgAN LC Iso



```
pie(LC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VP, labels = rownames(LC_Isotype_IgA),
    main = 'IgAP LC Iso')
pie(LC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VN, labels = rownames(LC_Isotype_IgA),
    main = 'IgAN LC Iso')
```

IgAP LC Iso

IgAN LC Iso

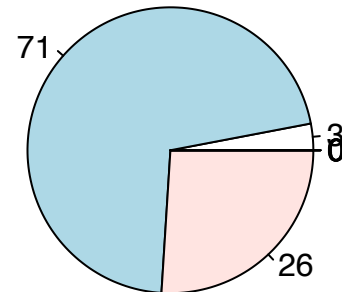
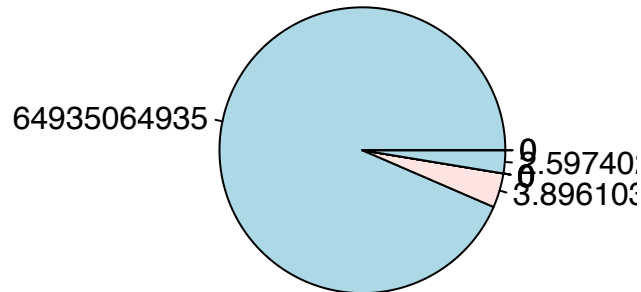


```
#HC Isotype subtype
HC_Isotype_IgA <- as.data.frame(cbind(IgA_VP = table(
  IgA_VP_repertoire$BASIC.Isotype),
  IgA_VN = table(
    IgA_VN_repertoire$BASIC.Isotype)))
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
```

```
pie(HC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VP, labels = prop.table(HC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VP)*100,
    main = 'IgAP HC Iso')
pie(HC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VN, labels = prop.table(HC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VN)*100,
    main = 'IgAN HC Iso')
```

IgAP HC Iso

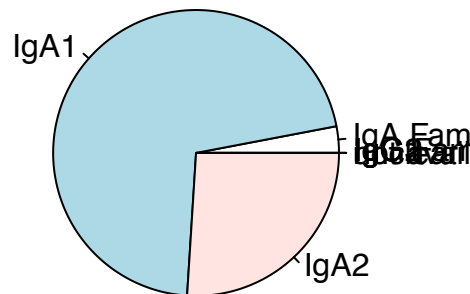
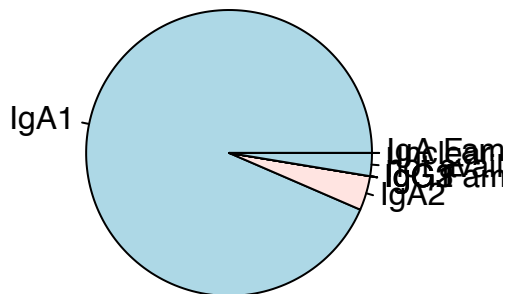
IgAN HC Iso



```
pie(HC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VP, labels = rownames(HC_Isotype_IgA),
    main = 'IgAP HC Iso')
pie(HC_Isotype_IgA$IgA_VN, labels = rownames(HC_Isotype_IgA),
    main = 'IgAN HC Iso')
```

IgAP HC Iso

IgAN HC Iso



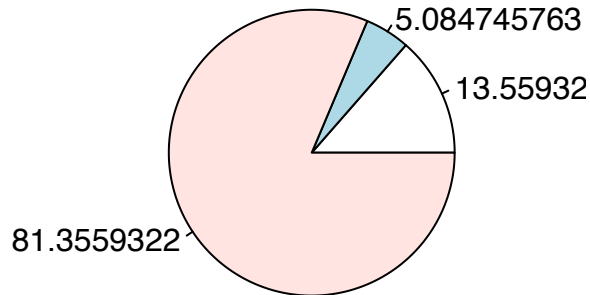
10.6 Look at VH usage, family level summary table made in Excel

```
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
```

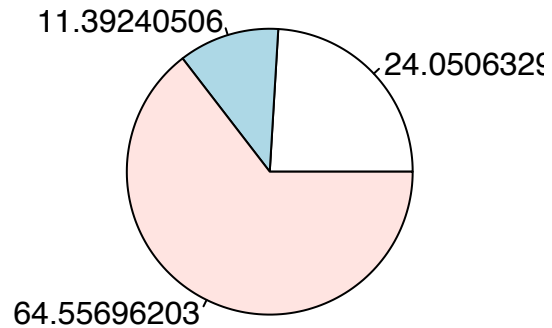
```
pie(VH3_IgA_usage$IgAP_V, labels = VH3_IgA_usage$IgAP_V,
    main = 'IgAP VH3')
pie(VH3_IgA_usage$IgAN_V, labels = VH3_IgA_usage$IgAN_V,
```

```
main = 'IgAN VH3')
```

IgAP VH3



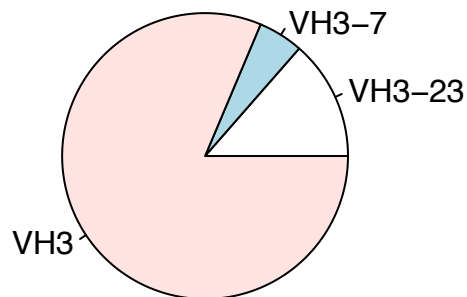
IgAN VH3



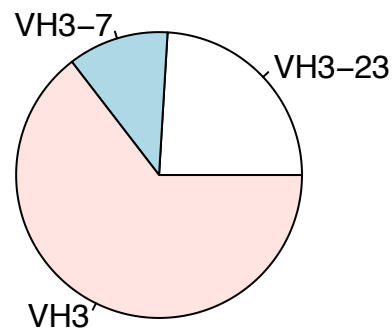
```
pie(VH3_IgA_usage$IgAP_V, labels = rownames(VH3_IgA_usage),  
    main = 'IgAP VH3')
```

```
pie(VH3_IgA_usage$IgAN_V, labels = rownames(VH3_IgA_usage),  
    main = 'IgAN VH3')
```

IgAP VH3



IgAN VH3



11 Perform ttest on all three populations by specificity without IG genes And make volcano plot

```
ttest_threepop_SPEC <- apply(limma_adj_noIG, 1, function(x)  
    pairwise.t.test(x, Vac_annotation_known$Specificity,  
    p.adjust.method = 'BH'))$p.value)
```

```
VP <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Specificity == 'vaccine')
```

```

DF_VP<- limma_adj_noIG[,colnames(limma_adj_noIG)%in% rownames(VP)]
dim(DF_VP)
## [1] 11687  195
VP_mean <- rowMeans(DF_VP, na.rm=TRUE)

VN <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Specificity == 'negative')
dim(VN)
## [1] 100  9
DF_VN <- limma_adj_noIG[,colnames(limma_adj_noIG) %in% rownames(VN)]
dim(DF_VN)
## [1] 11687  100
VN_mean <- rowMeans(DF_VN, na.rm=TRUE)

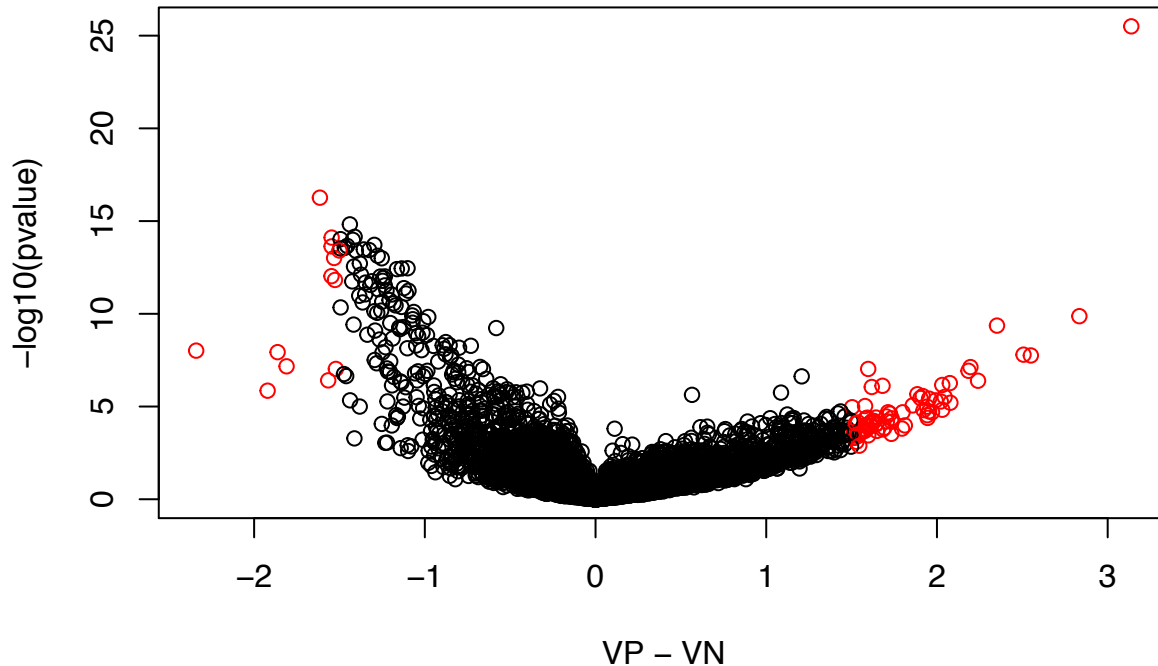
change_3SPEC <- VP_mean-VN_mean

par(mfrow = c(1,1))

Outcome_3SPEC <- as.data.frame(cbind(VP_mean, VN_mean, change_3SPEC,
                                     ttest_threepop_SPEC))
change_ann_3SPEC <- abs(Outcome_3SPEC$change_3SPEC) > 1.5
p_3SPEC <- Outcome_3SPEC$ttest_threepop_SPEC < .05
ann_3SPEC <- change_ann_3SPEC & p_3SPEC
change_list_3SPEC <- gsub(TRUE, 'red', ann_3SPEC)
change_list_3SPEC <- gsub(FALSE, 'black', change_list_3SPEC)
plot(Outcome_3SPEC$change_3SPEC, -log10(Outcome_3SPEC$ttest_threepop_SPEC),
     col=change_list_3SPEC, ylab='-log10(pvalue)', xlab='VP - VN',
     main='Ttest on 3POP by Specificity')

```

Ttest on 3POP by Specificity



```
SPEC_3POP_DEGs <- Outcome_3SPEC[ann_3SPEC,]  
dim(SPEC_3POP_DEGs) #89  
## [1] 89 4
```

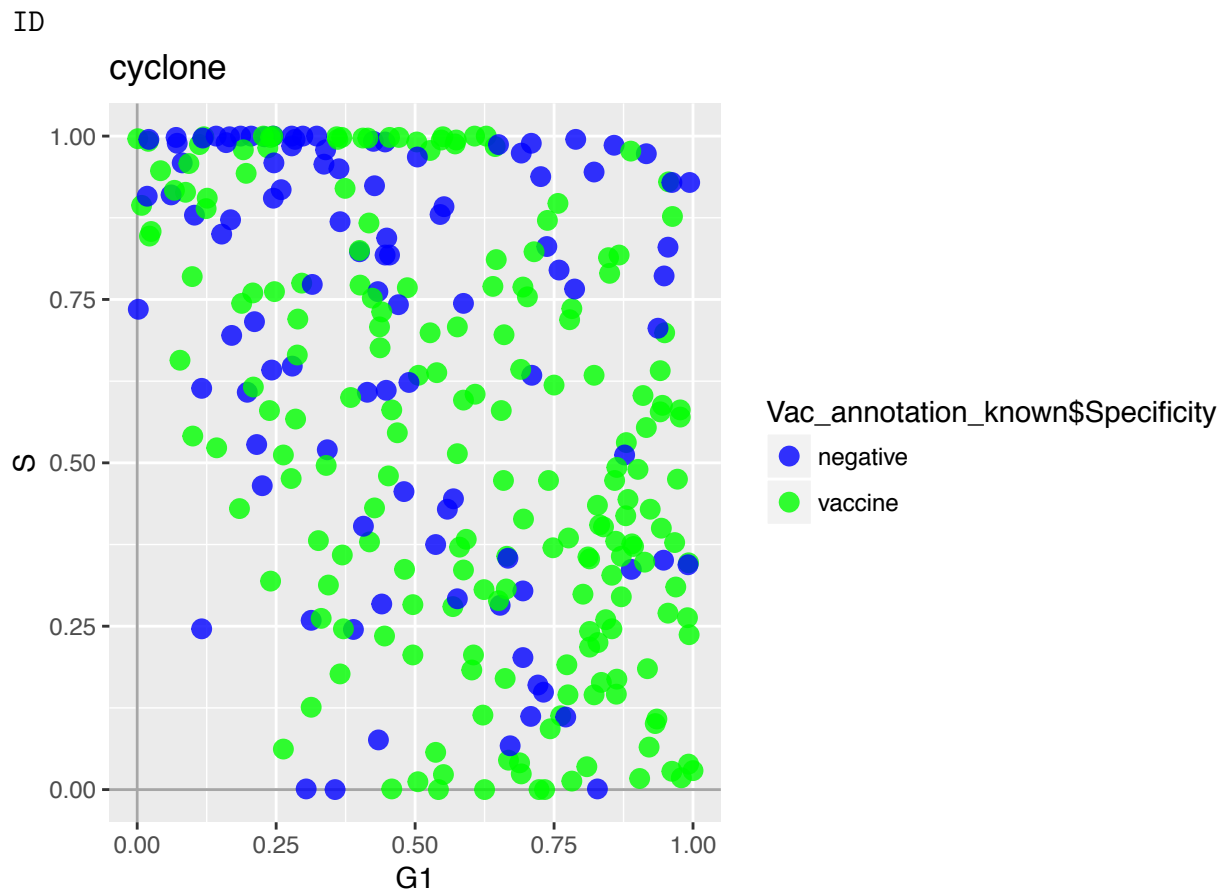
11.0.1 Still found FUT8 and B4GALT1

12 Clyclone for cell cycle analysis of all three populations

```
hs.pairs <- readRDS(system.file("exdata", "human_cycle_markers.rds",  
                             package="scraper"))  
anno <- select(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=rownames(Limma_adj_4),  
              keytype="SYMBOL", column="ENSEMBL")  
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns  
ensembl <- anno$ENSEMBL[match(rownames(Limma_adj_4), anno$SYMBOL)]  
  
assignments <- cyclone(as.matrix(Limma_adj_4),hs.pairs, gene.names=ensembl)  
rownames(assignments$scores) <- colnames(Limma_adj_4)
```

12.1 Make a plot of G1 by S assignment by Specificity

```
ID <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(assignments$score),
             aes(x=G1, y=S, label = colnames(Limma_adj_4))) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c('blue', 'green', 'black', 'grey',
                                'purple')) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, colour = "gray65") +
  geom_point(aes(colour=Vac_annotation_known$Specificity),
            alpha = 0.8, size = 3) +
  ggtitle("cyclone")
```



12.2 Then separate Vaccine positive and vaccine negative and make boxplots to compare phase assignment between groups, and perform ttest to assess significance

```
Positive <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Specificity == 'vaccine')
Negative <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Specificity == 'negative')

positive_assignments <- assignments$score[rownames(assignments$score)
```

```

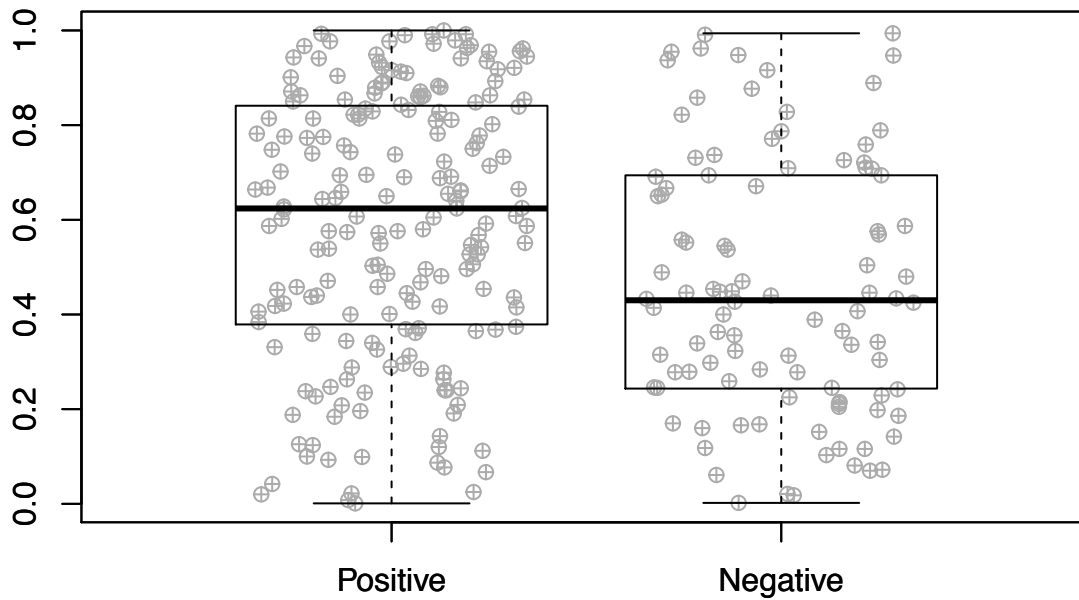
                                %in%rownames(Positive),]
negative_assignments <- assignments$score[rownames(assignments$score)
                                %in%rownames(Negative),]

Pos_Neg_cycloneG1 <- list('Positive' = positive_assignments$G1,
                          'Negative' = negative_assignments$G1)

stripchart(Pos_Neg_cycloneG1, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter",
           jitter=.35, pch = 10, col = 'grey67')
boxplot(Pos_Neg_cycloneG1, col='transparent', border = 'black',
        alpha=.8, add = TRUE, main = "G1")

```

G1



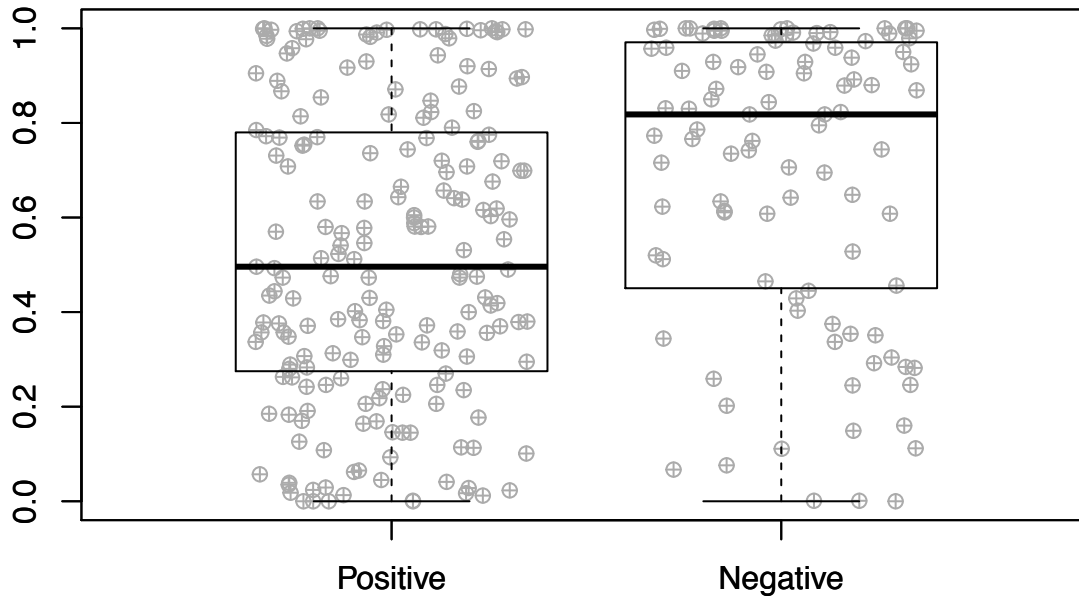
```

Pos_Neg_cycloneS <- list('Positive' = positive_assignments$S, 'Negative' =
                        negative_assignments$S)

stripchart(Pos_Neg_cycloneS, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter",
           jitter=.35, pch = 10, col = 'grey67')
boxplot(Pos_Neg_cycloneS, col='transparent', border = 'black',
        alpha=.8, add = TRUE, main = "S")

```

S



```
t.test(positive_assignments$G1, negative_assignments$G1)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: positive_assignments$G1 and negative_assignments$G1
## t = 3.9832, df = 204.1, p-value = 9.455e-05
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.06755818 0.19999362
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.5926359 0.4588600

t.test(positive_assignments$G2M, negative_assignments$G2M)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: positive_assignments$G2M and negative_assignments$G2M
## t = 0.29727, df = 201.64, p-value = 0.7666
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.05242564 0.07103949
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.2060769 0.1967700
```

```

t.test(positive_assignments$$S, negative_assignments$$S)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: positive_assignments$$S and negative_assignments$$S
## t = -4.5566, df = 203.33, p-value = 8.96e-06
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.24916187 -0.09865557
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.5224513 0.6963600

```

12.3 Repeate cyclone on IgAVN and IgAVP specifically

```

Positive_IgA <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Specificity == 'vaccine'
                      & Isotype == 'IgA')
positive_A_assignments <- assignments$score[rownames(assignments$score)%in%
                                             rownames(Positive_IgA),]

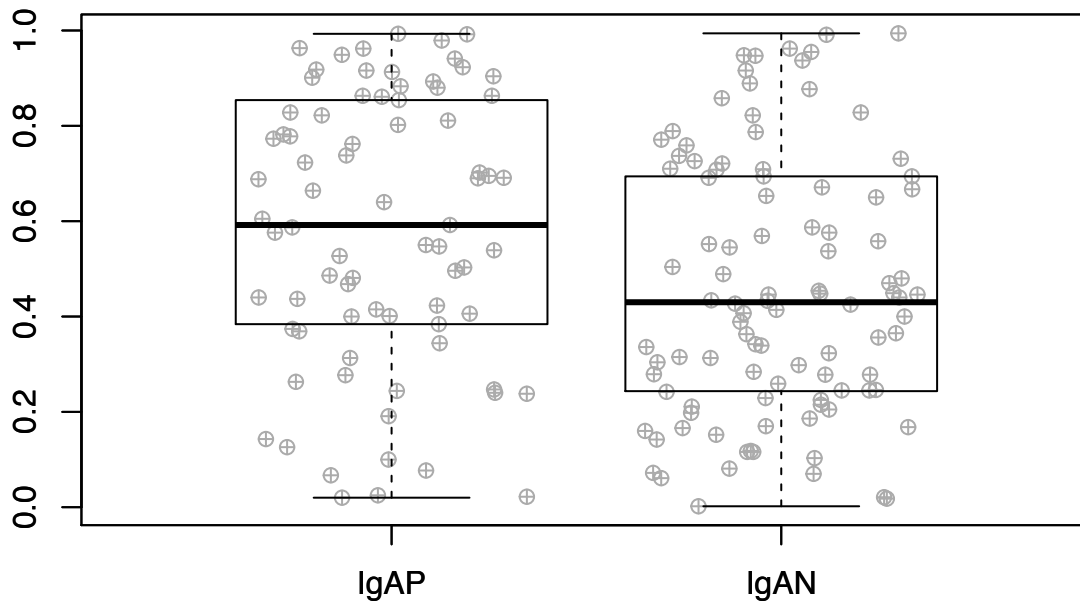
Negative_IgA <- subset(Vac_annotation_known, Specificity == 'negative'
                      & Isotype == 'IgA')
dim(Negative_IgA)
## [1] 100 9

negative_A_assignments <- assignments$score[rownames(assignments$score)%in%
                                             rownames(Negative_IgA),]

AP_AN_G1 <- list('IgAP' = positive_A_assignments$G1,
                'IgAN' = negative_A_assignments$G1)
stripchart(AP_AN_G1, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter", jitter=.35, pch = 10,
           col = 'grey67')
boxplot(AP_AN_G1, col='transparent', border = 'black', alpha=.8, add = TRUE,
        main = "G1")

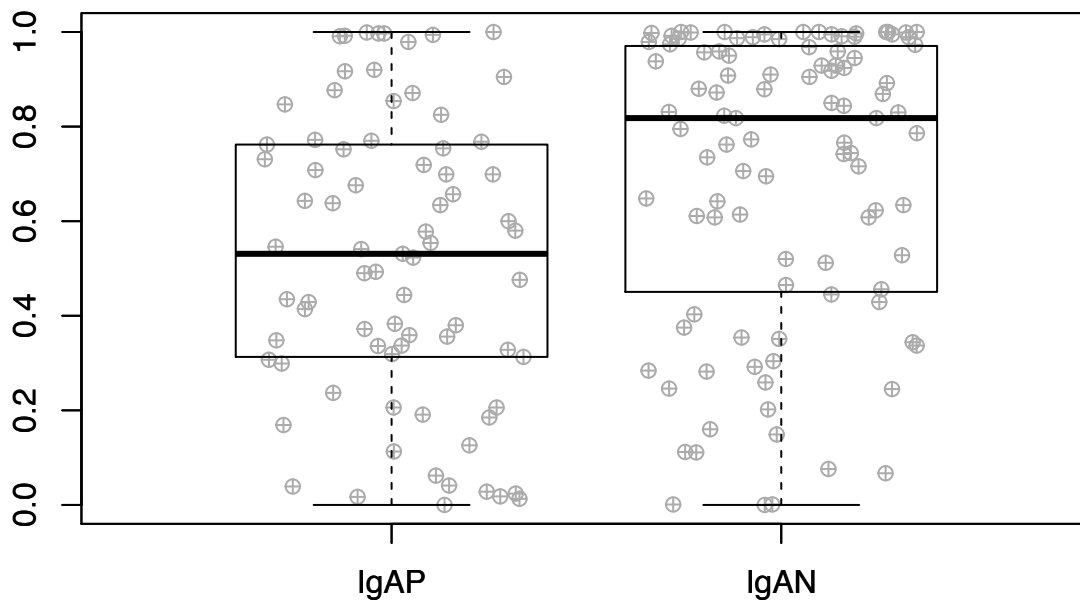
```

G1



```
AP_AN_S <- list('IgAP' = positive_A_assignments$$S,  
               'IgAN' = negative_A_assignments$$S)  
stripchart(AP_AN_S, vertical = TRUE, method = "jitter", jitter=.35, pch = 10,  
           col = 'grey67')  
boxplot(AP_AN_S, col='transparent', border = 'black', alpha=.8, add = TRUE,  
        main = "S")
```

S



```
t.test(positive_A_assignments$G1, negative_A_assignments$G1)
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: positive_A_assignments$G1 and negative_A_assignments$G1
## t = 2.9329, df = 159.27, p-value = 0.003854
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.04051112 0.20756108
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.5828961 0.4588600

t.test(positive_A_assignments$G2M, negative_A_assignments$G2M)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: positive_A_assignments$G2M and negative_A_assignments$G2M
## t = 0.59217, df = 155.64, p-value = 0.5546
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.05610961 0.10415402
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.2207922 0.1967700

t.test(positive_A_assignments$S, negative_A_assignments$S)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: positive_A_assignments$S and negative_A_assignments$S
## t = -3.7839, df = 164.52, p-value = 0.0002159
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.2673391 -0.0840043
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.5206883 0.6963600
```