

Supplementary Information to Accompany Doctoral  
Dissertation of Rossy Natale Entitled "Using  
Ecomorphology to Understand the Evolutionary History  
and Spatial Biodiversity of Wading Birds"

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**Specimens 3D scanned for analyses in Chapter 2 and 3**

The table below contains additional details of the specimens used throughout Chapter 2 and 3 of this dissertation. Included is the species name, the specimen number (FMNH= Field Museum of Natural History; ROM= Royal Ontario Museum; USNM = Smithsonian Museum of Natural History; LACM= Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County), any modifications done on the landmark data set (the number here denotes the number of landmarks), available specimen information, and the additional sources (see methods of Chapter 2) used for each species to determine foraging mode. The 'specimen information' is taken verbatim from [vertnet.org](http://vertnet.org) and includes available information on collector, sex, body mass, location and date of collection. Scans of each specimen and more detailed scanner information are available on the Morphosource online database. "Mini" denotes Capture Mini desktop structured light scanner (3D Systems, North Carolina) and "Zeiss" refers to the Comet L3D blue light scanner (Carl Zeiss, Germany) with '75' an '250' denoting which lens was used with the two differing in their field of view. The 75 field of view lens has 0.03mm point spacing while the 250 field of view lens has 0.10 mm

point spacing. An asterisk next to a reference denotes the source was from an online video. The references for these online videos are available in this online supplement under "Online Video References". The surface scans for all specimens from which landmark data was collected are available on the morphosource data repository(morphosource project ID: 00000C909).

Table 1: Summary of each specimen used in this study.

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	FMNH 368856		Female Kenya, Eastern Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 23 Oct 1958	Zeiss 75	Hammer et al. (2013)
<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	FMNH 338296		Israel, Tel Aviv	Zeiss 75	
<i>Actitis macularia</i>	FMNH 466213		Female Captive; Bay Beach Wildlife Sanctuary 23 Dec 2007	Zeiss 75	
<i>Actitis macularia</i>	FMNH 379170		Female North America, Mexico, Mi- choacan: Lake Chapala 1-17-1949	Zeiss 75	
<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>	FMNH 368823		Female Kenya, Eastern Lake Rudolf, North End of Omo River Delta 22 Jan 1959	Zeiss 75	Ameha (2018)
<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>	FMNH 93434		Female French Sudan Cl. de Bamako satuba 7 km E	Zeiss 75	
<i>Aethia cristatella</i>	LACM 117830		North America, United States, Alaska, Bering Sea, 51 57 N, 174 24 E 06 July 1983	Mini	Hunt Jr et al. (1998)
<i>Aethia cristatella</i>	LACM 117834		Male North America, United States, Alaska, Bering Sea, 51 57 N, 174 24 E 06 July 1983	Mini	
<i>Aethia psittacula</i>	LACM 107192	4 landmarks mirrored	Hunt, G.L Female 300G Bering Sea, North Pacific, 64 50 N, 168 49 W 07 July 1984	Mini	Hunt Jr et al. (1998)
<i>Aethia psittacula</i>	LACM 102621		Heyning, J.E Male 295g North Pa- cific 51 06 N 173 33 E 30 Jun 1982	Mini	
<i>Aethia pusilla</i>	USNM 638874		Female North Pacific Ocean 5100 N, 17600E' 15 Feb 1965	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Aethia pusilla</i>	ROM 0150380		Male 101.5g Troy, D.M. North America, USA; Alaska, Aleutians West, St. George Island Pribilof Islands, 572400N;1693803W 1984-07-01	Mini	
<i>Aethia pygmaea</i>	USNM 344544	7 mirrored	A. Hrdlicka 1937 North America, United States, Alaska, Aleutians West Census Area	Mini	
<i>Aethia pygmaea</i>	LACM 110691	6 mirrored, 4 estimated	Hunt, G.L. Female Bering Sea, North Pacific, 52 27N, 175 41 E 03 Aug 1993	Mini	
<i>Alca torda</i>	LACM 103474		Male Europe, Holland, Oostvoorne 51 55 N, 004 07 E 1980	Mini	
<i>Alca torda</i>	FMNH 376712		North America, USA, New York, Suffolk Co: Montauk	Zeiss 250	
<i>Alle alle</i>	FMNH 105265		Female North America, Greenland, Liverpool Land, Rathbones Id. 1936-08-06	Zeiss 75	Enstipp et al. (2018)
<i>Alle alle</i>	FMNH 376328	1 mirrored, 1 estimated	North America, USA, Florida, Dade Co; Miami Beach December 1936	Zeiss 75	
<i>Anarhynchus frontalis</i>	ROM 141502	1 mirrored	Baker, A.J. Oceania, New Zealand, Auckland, Manukau Harbour, - 36.9686467, 174.6936035 Febuary 1984	Mini	Wittington (2015)
<i>Anous minutus</i>	FMNH 346130		Female Australasia, Micronesia, Marshall Is, Enewetak Atoll, Rigili 1988-07-30	Zeiss 75	
<i>Anous minutus</i>	FMNH 346127		Female Australasia, Micronesia, Marshall Is, Enewetak Atoll, Rigili 1988-07-30	Zeiss 75	
<i>Anous stolidus</i>	LACM 117750		Herbert, E. Australia, New South Wales, Heron Island 05 January 1974	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Anous stolidus</i>	FMNH 346102		Female Australia, Micronesia, Marshall Is, Enewetak Atoll, Bogombogo 1988-08-01	Zeiss 75	
<i>Aphriza virgata</i>	FMNH 334729		Male North America, USA, Alaska, Orca Inlet, 9 mi S Cordova, 60.5230541, -145.866669 1987-5-13	Zeiss 75	
<i>Aphriza virgata</i>	USNM 489303	46 estimate, 46 mirrored	R. Mccaskie Female North America, US, California, Riverside, Desert Beach, Salton Sea 26 April 1967	Mini	
<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	FMNH 313996		Polynesia, Midway Island December 1959	Zeiss 75	Fraser et al. (2010)
<i>Arenaria melanocephala</i>	ROM 115678	46 mirrored	Male 113.1g North America, USA, Alaska, Wade Hampton, Kolomak River, 61.7120514, -165.6895142 1968-07-07	Mini	
<i>Arenaria melanocephala</i>	FMNH 364720		Male USA, California, San Francisco Co; Farallon Island 1981-09-23	Zeiss 75	
<i>Attagis gayi</i>	FMNH 105920		Male South America, Peru, San Antonia de Esquilache 1939-09-22	Zeiss 75	Korzun et al. (2009)
<i>Attagis malouinus</i>	USNM 490853	29 mirrored	Male South America, Argentina, Tierra Del Fuego, Bahia San Sebastian 29 April 1971	Mini	Korzun et al. (2009)
<i>Bartramia longicauda</i>	ROM 110807		Dick, J.A. Male 121.4g North America; Canada; Saskatchewan; Piapot Rural Municipality 500000N; 1091100W 1971-07-16	Mini	Shaffer et al. (2019)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Bartramia longicauda</i>	FMNH 376174	7 mirrored	Female North America, USA, Florida, Dade Co: SW 232nd St at 109th Ave, 22.5516567, -80.3679943 1959-08-22	Zeiss 75	
<i>Brachyramphus brevirostris</i>	USNM 288086	7 mirrored	Female North America, United States, Alaska, Skagway-Yakutat-Angoon C. A., Glacier Bay, Willoughby Island, Near 1921-08-05	Mini	Day and Nigro (2000)
<i>Brachyramphus brevirostris</i>	LACM 110518	15 estimated	Guthrie, D.A. Exxon-Valdez Oil Spill North America, Alaska, Homer, 59.6423912, -151.5501251 April 1989	Mini	
<i>Brachyramphus marmoratus</i>	USNM 557617		Female North America, United States, California, Humboldt, Humboldt Inlet, Off Shore South 25 August 1982	Mini	Kuletz (2005)
<i>Brachyramphus marmoratus</i>	FMNH 348355	7 mirrored	North America, USA, Washington, San Juan Co: San Juan Is, 48.5409323, -123.0860158 1953-07-08	Zeiss 75	
<i>Burhinus bistriatus</i>	FMNH 289831		Captive 27.2085338, -81.3602829 1979-02-28	Zeiss 250	Marín E et al. (2012)
<i>Burhinus bistriatus</i>	LACM 87072		Catalina Bird Park 1941-09-28	Mini	
<i>Burhinus capensis</i>	LACM 117292		Female Africa, South Africa, Free state, Bloemfontein, Ferreira 15 Sep 1987	Mini	My Bonsai Obsession (2009)*
<i>Burhinus capensis</i>	FMNH 390778	51 mirrored, 2 estimated	Africa, South Africa, Barberspen, Angling Resort 1977-07-08	Zeiss 75	
<i>Burhinus (Esacus) magnirostris</i>	USNM 19649	6 mirrored	Asia, Myanmar, Sullivan 1900-02-04	Mini	Birding with Nick Upton (2019)*
<i>Burhinus magnirostris</i>	FMNH 104795		Female Captive 1947-06	Zeiss 75	
<i>Burhinus oedincnemus</i>	FMNH 104449		Female Captive 1942-10-23	Zeiss 250	Green et al. (2000)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Burhinus senegalensis</i>	FMNH 368869	7 mirrored, 1 estimated	Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, North Island 1959-01-12	Zeiss 75	
<i>Burhinus senegalensis</i>	USNM 553053	30 mirrored	Male Pms and C. Seymour Africa, Egypt, Port Said, 2km W 1967-05-14	Mini	
<i>Burhinus superciliaris</i>	LACM 109827	14 estimated	Campbell, K.E. Female 451.7g South America, Peru, Piura Dept. Sechura, 10 Mi E 15 April 1970	Mini	
<i>Burhinus superciliaris</i>	ROM 159572		Female 470g South America; Chile, Tarapaca, Rio Lluta Valley -19.3988363, -70.00007629 1995-07-27	Mini	
<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>	FMNH 342526		Female Captive 1985-09-12	Zeiss 250	Shenton Safaris (2018)*
<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>	ROM 156978	1 estimated	Road kill, Africa, South Africa, Kwazulu-Natal, 8 km from St. Lucia, Cape Vidal Rd. -28.1354261, 32.547554 1991-02-03	Mini	
<i>Calidris acuminata</i>	USNM 638728	46 mirrored		Mini	Jing et al. (2007)
<i>Calidris acuminata</i>	ROM 137943	3 estimated	Gill, R. Male 72.5g North America, USA, Alaska, Wade Hampton, Kaskunuk River, 61.6481625, -164.3444824 1979-09-19	Mini	
<i>Calidris alba</i>	FMNH 483004		North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co., Chicago, Montrose Beach, 41.964285, -87.636266 2012-07-30	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris alba</i>	FMNH 341863		Female North America, USA, Louisiana, Cameron Par, Cameron, 5 km E 1988-04-29	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	FMNH 351273		Female North America, USA, Wisconsin, Brown Co: Green Bay, 44.8986169, -89.5674821 1990-09-16	Zeiss 75	Rob Curtis (2020)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	FMNH 376252	3 mirrored, 4 estimated	North America, USA, New Jersey, Ocean Co: Barnegat 1924-11-08	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris bairdii</i>	FMNH 105040		Male North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co, Chicago, Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1935-09-15	Zeiss 75	Philip Parson's (2014)*
<i>Calidris bairdii</i>	FMNH 93225		North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co: Calumet Lake 41.6741, -87.5827 1933-10-01	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris canutus</i>	FMNH 376221		Female North America, USA, Vir- ginia, Northampton Co: Hog Island 37.4165272, -75.6937408 1929-06-16	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris canutus</i>	FMNH 363893		Male Europe, The Netherlands, No- ord Brabant: Bergen op Zoom 1989- 09	Zeiss 75	
8 <i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	FMNH 368863		Female Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, Malkanyacha 1959-01-14	Zeiss 75	Amar-Singh HSS (2014)*
<i>Calidris fuscicollis</i>	FMNH 317851		Female North America, USA, Kansas, Douglas Co: Kansas River at Lakeview, 39.0265186, -95.2869129 1965-05-14	Zeiss 75	Hernandez and Bala (2007)
<i>Calidris fuscicollis</i>	FMNH 376240		North America, USA, Florida, Dade Co: SW 224th St at 87th Ave 1959-05- 17	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris himantopus</i>	LACM 114330	94 estimated	Garrett, K.L. North America, United States, California, Imperial Co, Salton Sea; Hazard Rd, W End 33 19 32 N, 115 49 53 W 17 SEP 2006	Mini	Tavovalero (2015)*



Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Calidris himantopus</i>	ROM 109502	1 mirrored, 103 estimated	Female North America; Canada; Manitoba; Northern Region, 58.7325792, -93.418808 1997-06-10	Mini	
<i>Calidris maritima</i>	ROM 0141203	94 estimated	Dick, J.A. Male 60.5g North America; Canada; New Brunswick; Charlotte County, Indian Point, near St. Andrews 45.0691562, -67.0382308 1980-12-16	Mini	Birdfun (2018)*
<i>Calidris maritima</i>	ROM 0150964	1 estimated	Sibley, F. Female 77.6g North America; USA; Connecticut; New Haven County, 411829N;0725543W 1985-04-12	Mini	
<i>Calidris mauri</i>	FMNH 342546		Male North America, USA, Florida, Collier Co., Marco Id., 26.1601353, -81.3607445 1987-08-01	Zeiss 75	Van Remsen (2017)*
<i>Calidris mauri</i>	FMNH 360227	2 estimated	Male North America, USA, Florida, Collier Co: Marco Id, 26.1601353, -81.3607445 1989-01-08	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris melanotos</i>	FMNH 85720		North America, USA, Illinois, DuPage Co: Warrenville 41.8178101, -88.1734009 1912-04-10	Zeiss 75	Liron Gertsman (2014)*
<i>Calidris melanotos</i>	FMNH 105111		Female North America, USA, Illinois, Cok Co, Chicago; Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1936-08-30	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris minuta</i>	FMNH 368861		Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1959-02-05	Zeiss 75	Masero et al. (2000)
<i>Calidris minuta</i>	FMNH 363894	1 mirrored, 53 estimated	Female Europe, The Netherlands, Zeeland: Philipsdam 1985-09-27	Zeiss 75	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Calidris minutilla</i>	FMNH 105220		Male North America, USA; Illinois, Cook Co; Chicago, Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1936-07-28	Zeiss 75	Van Rensen (2017)
<i>Calidris minutilla</i>	FMNH 105218		Female North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co, Chicago, Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1936-07-28	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris ptilocnemis</i>	USNM 224073	49 mirrored	W. Palmer North America, United States, Alaska, Aleutians West Census Area, St. Paul Islands, Pribilof Islands 12 July 1890	Mini	Dianab97330 (2014)*
<i>Calidris ptilocnemis</i>	ROM 122452	48 estimated, 46 mirrored	Rising, J.D. Male 59.2g North America; USA; Alaska; Aleutians West, NE Umnak Island, Fox Islands, Aleutian Island 531326N; 1682556W 1974-06-29	Mini	
<i>Calidris pusilla</i>	FMNH 290821	2 mirrored	North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co, Chicago: Lake Calumet, 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1980-08-06	Zeiss 75	Mark Vance (2012)*
<i>Calidris pusilla</i>	FMNH 105215		Female North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co; Chicago, Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1936-07-28	Zeiss 75	
<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	ROM 136257	2 estimated	Bakers, A.J. Female 36g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Greens Beach. 410511S;1464430E 1979-03-22	Mini	Ramos (2017)*
<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	ROM 0152134	53 mirrored	Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K. Male 30.1g Oceania, Australia; Victoria Corinella Peninsula, 382452S;1452530E 1985-12-05	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Calidris tenuirostris</i>	ROM 0152163	1 mirrored, 13 estimated	Baker, A.J. and Peck. M.K. and georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 156g Oceania: Australia; Queensland 272500S; 1530900E 1985-12-11	Mini	Kaustav Kahn (2019)*
<i>Catharacta antarctica</i>	LACM 112533	13 estimated	Sea World San Diego, Aviary Bird 22 April 1984	Mini	
<i>Catharacta maccormicki</i>	USNM 430484		Male 1957-02-01	Mini	
<i>Catharacta maccormicki</i>	LACM 102398	6 mirrored	Fry, J. Female Antarctica, Ross Sea, Victoria Land, Scott Base, -77.83, 166.42 December 1982		
<i>Catharacta skua</i>	LACM 102400	5 mirrored, 2 estimated	Crockett, D.E. Oceania, South Pacific, New Zealand ,North Island, Whangarei, 35 43 S, 174 19 E 1982	Mini	Jakubas et al. (2018)
<i>Catharacta skua</i>	ROM 157280		Baker, A.J. and Peck. M.K. and georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 1500g Europe; Iceland; Austurland, Hof, 641500N;0183100W 1992-07-17	Mini	
<i>Catoptrophorus semipalmatus</i>	FMNH 106365		Female Captive 1950-04	Zeiss 250	Tom Mitchell (2018)*
<i>Catoptrophorus semipalmatus</i>	FMNH 106237		Female Captive 1948-09	Zeiss 250	
<i>Cephus carbo</i>	USNM 347755	6 mirrored, 2 estimated	O. Austin Asia, Japan, Hokkaido, Hokkaido Prefecture, Teure-Jima 28 Jun 1949	Mini	
<i>Cephus columba</i>	USNM 612989		C. Wood and G. Shugart Male North America, United States, Washington, Clallam, Pillar Point 25 Jan 1990	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Cepphus columba</i>	LACM 110513		Guthrie, D.A. Exxon-Valdez Oil Spill specimen Female North America, US, Alaska, Prince William Sound, Green Island, Gibbon Anchorage, 60 36 52 N, 147 10 12 W 1989-04-18	Mini	
<i>Cepphus grylle</i>	USNM 623291		P. Windler North Atlantic Ocean, Iceland, Keflavik, Coast North of, 64 02 N, 22 34 W 2001-08-09	Mini	
<i>Cepphus grylle</i>	ROM 126909		Bradstreet, M.S.W. (georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen (ROM)) Male 388g North America; Canada; Nunavut; Qikiqtaaluk Region, Cape Warrender, Devon Island 742700N; 0820300W 1976-08-17	Mini	
<i>Cerorhinca monocerata</i>	USNM 347760	6 mirrored	O. Austin Asia, Japan, Hokkaido, Hokkaido Prefecture 1949-06-25	Mini	
<i>Cerorhinca monocerata</i>	ROM 119522		Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen (ROM) Female 430g North America; Canada; British Columbia; Skeena-Queen Charlotte Regional District, South Bay, Triangle Island, western most of the Scott Islands, W of Cape Scott at NW end of Vancouver Island 505200N; 1290500W 1973-06-06	Mini	
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	FMNH 317849		Male North America, USA, Texas, San Patricio Co: Padre Island, 26.8439999, -97.3679962 1967-04-03	Zeiss 75	Mandar Bhagat (2017)
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	FMNH 376156		Female North America, USA, Florida, Collier Co: Marco Id, 26.160135-81.3607445 1959-05-01	Zeiss 75	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Charadrius asiaticus</i>	FMNH 368847		Female Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, Allia Bay 1958-12-01	Zeiss 75	Lironziv (2013)*
<i>Charadrius asiaticus</i>	ROM 156945		Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 81g Africa, Namibia, Hardap, near Uhlenhorst (Norikam Farm), - 23.692634, 17.9653931 1991-12-11	Mini	
<i>Charadrius bicinctus</i>	ROM 122588		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 68g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Ralphs Bay, 425825S;1472545E	Mini	DougNorrisFam (2012)*
<i>Charadrius bicinctus</i>	ROM 0136248		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 55g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Greens Beach, 410511S;1464430E 1979-03-22	Mini	
<i>Charadrius collaris</i>	ROM 158366		Peck, M.K. and georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 32g South America, Chile, Valparaiso, Santo Domingo Beaches, 333800S;0713900W 1995-02-24	Mini	Sclateria (2007)*
<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	ROM 158391		Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 36g Europe, Sweden, Uppsala, Storvreta, 595500N;1703800E 1995-07-04	Mini	KapFar (2013)*
<i>Charadrius falklandicus</i>	ROM 158349	25 mirrored	Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 142g South America, Chile, Magallanes y de la Antartica Chilena, Rio Tres Brazos, 531000S;0705600W 1995-02-13	Mini	Botto et al. (2000)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Charadrius falklandicus</i>	ROM 129581		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 59.9g South America; Argentina; Santa Cruz Province, 85 km W Rio Gallegos, Los Horquetas Estancia, 513500S;0703100W 1977-11-09	Mini	
<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	FMNH 368834		Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1958-10-23	Zeiss 75	Birdfun (2017)*
<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	FMNH 368835		Female Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1959-01-10		
<i>Charadrius leschaultii</i>	ROM 156970		Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 92g Africa; South Africa; Kwazulu-Natal, Durban, Bayhead, 295300S;0310000E 1991-12-18		Pete Hines (2013)*
<i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i>	USNM 621501		Female Asia, Mongolia, Omnogovi, Dalandzadagad 26 May 1997	Mini	
<i>Charadrius marginatus</i>	LACM 90217	68 mirrored, 14 estimated	Schreiber, R.W. Africa, South West Africa, Swakopmund Dist, Swakopmund 5 km N, 22 40 S, 014 34 E 04 Oct 1977	Mini	Engelbrecht (2011)
<i>Charadrius marginatus</i>	FMNH 429392		Female Africa, Central African Republic, Sangha-Mbaere: Parc National de Dzanga-Ndoki, 38.6 km S Lidjombo 2001-05-23	Zeiss 75	
<i>Charadrius (Euseyornis) melanops</i>	ROM 122710	92 estimated	Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 32.5g Oceania; Australia; Victoria, Mildura, 341139S;1420921E 1974-08-09	Mini	Mostly Nature (2017)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Charadrius melanops</i>	ROM 122711	4 mirrored	Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 28.5g Oceania; Australia; Victoria, Mildura, 341139S;1420921E 1974-08-09	Mini	
<i>Charadrius melodus</i>	ROM 15084		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen South America; Argentina; Chubut Province, Punta Tafor 450300S; 0661600W 1981-11-15	Mini	Stoil Ivanov (2018)*
<i>Charadrius melodus</i>	ROM 150802	4 mirrored	Strauch, J.G. Jr.	Mini	
<i>Charadrius modestus</i>	ROM 158348		Female 69g Chile Magallanes Province	Mini	Deconto (2016)*
<i>Charadrius modestus</i>	ROM 158361		Female 76g Chile, Magallanes Province Dinamarquero 118 km N Punta Arenas by	Mini	
<i>Charadrius montanus</i>	LACM 87090	14 estimated	Willet, G.W. North America, United States, California, Kern, Blackwell's Corner, 35 38 N, 119 48 W 12 Nov 1938	Mini	Woolley (2016)
<i>Charadrius montanus</i>	LACM 117334		Tiller, D. Male North America, United States, California, Imperial Co., Salton Sea National Wildlife Refuge 15 February 1995	Mini	
<i>Charadrius palidus</i>	ROM 156882	3 mirrored, 2 estimated	Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 49g Africa; South Africa; Western Cape, Velddrif 324700S; 018100E 1991-11-29	Mini	Peacock et al. (2014)
<i>Charadrius pecuarius</i>	FMNH 368837	16 mirrored	Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1958-11-11	Zeiss 75	Nasirwa (2015)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Charadrius pecuarius</i>	FMNH 368842		Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1958-11-09	Zeiss 75	
<i>Charadrius ruficapillus</i>	ROM 122594		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 38g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Ralphs Bay, 425825S;1472545E 1974-07-26	Mini	BIBY TV (2018)*
<i>Charadrius ruficapillus</i>	ROM 122621	16 estimated	Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 42g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Adventure Bay, Bruny Island, 432137S;1471920E 1974-07-29	Mini	
<i>Charadrius (Oreopholus) ruficollis</i>	ROM 158360		Peck, M.K. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 146g South America; Chile; Magallanes y de la Antartica Chilena, Hotel Dinamarquero, 118 km N Punta Arenas by road, 523000S;0703200W 1995-02-14	Mini	
<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>	FMNH 342530		Male North America, USA, Florida, Collier Co: Marco Id, 26.1601353,-81.3607445 1986-04-12	Zeiss 75	
<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>	FMNH 106698	1 mirrored	Female North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co, Chicago: Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1954	Zeiss 75	
<i>Charadrius tricollaris</i>	FMNH 368843	46 estimated	Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1958-11-09	Zeiss 75	Birding Safaris VF (2018)*
<i>Charadrius tricollaris</i>	FMNH 368844		Female Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Loiyangalani 1959-01-09	Zeiss 75	



Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	FMNH 390434		Male North America, USA, Wisconsin: northeastern, 45.1123001, -88.527832	Zeiss 75	Yves Limpalair (2016)*
<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	FMNH 454807		Female Captive 2006-10-15	Zeiss 75	
<i>Charadrius wilsonia</i>	FMNH 360218		North America, USA, Florida, 27.8703803, -82.8549806	Zeiss 75	
<i>Charadrius wilsonia</i>	FMNH 376171	7 mirrored	Male North America, USA, Florida, Collier Co: Marco Id, 26.1601353, -81.3607445 1959-05-01	Zeiss 75	
<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	FMNH 338016		Male Europe, France, Bouches-du-Rhone: Les Sautes Mories, Camargue 1957-06-10	Zeiss 75	Romy Ocon (2010)*
<i>Chionis alba</i>	USNM 490217		Female South America, Argentina, Golfo San Matias, SE Shore, 1 mile Off 1969-07-13	Mini	Favero (1996)
<i>Chionis alba</i>	ROM 128919		Baker, A.J. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 559g South America; Argentina; Chubut Province, Faro Punta Ninfas, 425600S;0642000W 1977-11-13	Mini	
<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>	FMNH 368885		Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1958-11-06	Zeiss 75	
<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>	FMNH 368887	5 mirrored	Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1958-11-06	Zeiss 75	
<i>Chlidonias nigra</i>	ROM 102518		Dick, J.A., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 59.2 North America, Canada; Saskatchewan; Moosomin Rural Municipality, 1 mi N, 1 mi W Fleming 500400N;1013100W 1968-06-25	Mini	Heath et al. (2020)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Chilodnius nigra</i>	FMNH 105798		Male North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co: Matteson 41.506087, -87.732376 1939-05-25	Zeiss 75	
<i>Creagrus frucatus</i>	USNM 18492		South Pacific Ocean, Galapagos Islands, San Cristobal Island	Mini	Cruz et al. (2013)
<i>Creagrus furcatus</i>	LACM 101442	12 estimated	Pitman, R.L. Female 540g South America, Peru, Piura Dept, 05 10 S, 081 36 W 08 Mar 1982	Mini	
<i>Cursorius cursor</i>	USNM 603507		Female Africa, Egypt, Matruh, Burg El Arab 24 Mar 1970	Mini	Palomino et al. (2008)
<i>Cursorius cursor</i>	FMNH 368871		Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Loiyangalani, 0.5 mi N 1958-10-30	Zeiss 75	
<i>Cursorius temminickii</i>	ROM 156942	2 mirrored	Baker, A.J., and Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 79g Africa; Namibia; Hardap, near Uhlenhorst (Norikam Farm), -23.692634, 17.9653931 1991-12-11	Mini	Wazo3927 (2012)*
<i>Dromas ardeola</i>	USNM 488404	7 mirrored	F. Gill Female Indian Ocean, Seychelles, Amirante Isles 1964-06-15	Mini	Soni and Bhuvu (2007)
<i>Eudromias morinellus</i>	USNM 603466	46 mirrored	Male Africa, Egypt, Matruh, Bahig, 10 km S 14 Jan 1971	Mini	Andrew Cooper (2019)*
<i>Fratercula arctica</i>	ROM 144107	2 estimated	Bradstreet, M S W, georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 607.4g North America; Canada; Newfoundland and Labrador, Gannet Island, Labrador 535600N;0563200W 1981-07-03	Mini	Shoji et al. (2015)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Fratercula arctica</i>	ROM 144101	1 mirrored, 2 estimated	Bradstreet, M S W, georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 509.7 North America; Canada; Newfoundland and Labrador, Gannet Island, Labrador 535600N;0563200W 1981-07-03	Mini	
<i>Fratercula cirrhata</i>	ROM 119567		Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male North America; Canada; British Columbia; Skeena-Queen Charlotte Regional District, South Bay, Traingle Island, western most of the Scott Islands, W of Cape Scott at NW end of Vancouver Island 505200N; 1290500W 1972-06	Mini	
<i>Fratercula cirrhata</i>	FMNH 364740		California, San Francisco Farallon Is, Point Reyes Bird Observatory	Zeiss 250	
<i>Fratercula corniculata</i>	LACM 117861	1 mirrored	Male 23 Jun 1979	Mini	
<i>Fratercula corniculata</i>	LACM 117862		Female 1979-06-22	Mini	
<i>Gabianus (Leucophaeus) scoresbii</i>	USNM 345119		South America, Chile, Bio-Bio, Talcahuano	Mini	Suárez and Yorio (2005)
<i>Gabianus scoresbii</i>	LACM 103815		Female 21 April 1986	Mini	
<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	FMNH 342533		Female North America, USA, Florida, Pinellas Co, 27.8938749, -82.7102586 1985-12-28	Zeiss 250	Hoodless et al. (2007)
<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	LACM 93280		Schreiber, R.W. Male South America, Argentina, Corrientes Prov, Itati Dept, Itati; 40 km E or, 27 16 S, 058 15 W 21 May 1981	Mini	
<i>Gallinago hardwickii</i>	USNM 612667		Female Australia, Australia, Queensland, Townsville 10 Mar 1987	Mini	Allan Broomhall (2019)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Gallinago hardwickii</i>	ROM 122701		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male Oceania; Australia; Victoria, Dandenong, 375917S;1454438E 1974-08-04	Mini	
<i>Gallinago jamesoni</i>	USNM 501641	6 mirrored	A Gardner South America, Ecuador, Chimborazo, Urbina, 1.5 km N 15 Aug 1976	Mini	Cesar-Birders (2019)*
<i>Gallinago media</i>	USNM 431836		R. Leaky Male Africa, Kenya, Rift Valley Province, Lake Kwenia 22 Nov 1961	Mini	Pete Hines (2013)*
<i>Gallinago megala</i>	USNM 621521		Male Asia, Mongolia, Tov, Hentiyn Nuruu, 48 21 45 N, 106 18 15 E 19 June 1997	Mini	Uncle Fai (2019)*
<i>Gallinago megala</i>	FMNH 358243		Female Asia, Philippines, Sibuyan: Agnonok, 3.5 km ENE Magdiwang 1992-03-04		
<i>Gallinago nigripennis</i>	USNM 48442	6 mirrored		Mini	Tim Cockcroft Birding (2016)*
<i>Gallinago nigripennis</i>	ROM 157621	3 mirrored, 2 estimated	Berruti, A., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 124g Africa; South Africa; Kwazulu-Natal, Newcastle, -27.7500885, 29.942894 1993-03-23	Mini	
<i>Gallinago nobilis</i>	USNM 346755	2 mirrored, 2 estimated	F. Lehmann Female South Amer- ica, Colombia, Laguna San Rafael, Paramo De Purace 28 Feb 1944	Mini	Bogota Birding and Nature Colombia Tours (2011)*
<i>Gallinago paraguaiae</i>	USNM 622351			Mini	Ciro Albano (2011)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Gallinago paraguaiaie</i>	ROM 129620	209 estimated, 1 mirrored	Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 114.5g South America; Argentina; Santa Cruz Province, 85 km W Rio Gallegos, Los Horquetas, Estancia, 513500S, 0703100W 1977-11-09	Mini	
<i>Gallinago stenura</i>	USNM 557035		P. Taylor Male Asia, Indonesia, Halmahera, Maluku Kampung Pasir Putih, Jailolo District 1981-10-08	Mini	Alan Dalton (2016)*
<i>Glareola maldivarus</i>	USNM 19580	7 mirrored, 4 estimated	Asia, India	Mini	Piersma and Hassell (2010)
<i>Glareola nordmanni</i>	USNM 430839	3 mirrored	R. Smithers Male Africa, Botswana, Rakops, Quomo Store 20 Jan 1959	Mini	
<i>Glareola nuchalis</i>	USNM 347397		H. Beatty Male Africa, Liberia	Mini	Cumming et al. (2012)
<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	FMNH 105767		Female Captive Febuary 1939	Zeiss 75	Calvo and Furness (1996)
<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	ROM 156964		Baker, A.J and Peck, M.K. Male 99g Africa, South Africa, Kwazulu-Natal near Hluhluwe, -28.0253185 32.2790337 1991-12-16	Mini	
<i>Gygis alba</i>	FMNH 314021		Female Polynesia, Midway Is. Eastern Island 1959-12	Zeiss 250	Niethammer and Patrick (1998)
<i>Gygis alba</i>	FMNH 314022		Female Polynesia, Midway Is. Eastern Island 1959-12	Zeiss 75	
<i>Haematopus ater</i>	ROM 128856		Baker, A.J. Male 749g South America; Argentina; Chubut Province, Punta Clara -43.9746267, -65.2423525 1977-11-12	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Haematopus bachmani</i>	ROM 0146602		Strauch, J.G Jr. Female 683g North America; USA; Alaska; Valdez-Cordova, Orca Inlet, 10 mi SW Cordova, 603123N, 1455200W 1981-05-03	Mini	
<i>Haematopus chathamensis</i>	ROM 116435	6 mirrored	Baker, A.J. Female Oceania; Chatham Islands, New Zealand, 440000S;1763000E 1970-11-17	Mini	Schmechel (2001)
<i>Haematopus finschi</i>	LACM 117276		Collins, C.T. Female Oceania, New Zealand, South Island, South Pacific, Porters pass; rte 73 near L. Lyndon 1990-12-10	Mini	Sagar and Veitch (2014)
<i>Haematopus finschi</i>	ROM 119646		Baker, A.J. Female 600g Oceania, New Zealand, Canterbury, Christchurch, 433148S; 1723824E 1970-06-16	Mini	
<i>Haematopus fuliginosus</i>	ROM 122613		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen (ROM) Female 840g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Adventure Bay, Bruny Island 432137S;1471920E 1974-07-29	Mini	BIBY TV (2015)*
<i>Haematopus fuliginosus</i>	ROM 122612		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen (ROM) Male 762g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Adventure Bay, Bruny Island, 432137S;1471920E 1974-07-29	Mini	
<i>Haematopus leucopodus</i>	USNM 490993		J. Angle and D. Bridge Male South America, Argentina, Tierra Del Fuego, Isla De Los Estados, Puerto Basil Hall 20 May 1971	Mini	Gatto et al. (2008)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Haematopus leucopodus</i>	ROM 158356		Peck, M.K. (georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen) Male 600g South America; Chile; Magallanes y de la Antartica Chilena, Rinconanda Bulnes, near Punta Arenas, 531000S, 0705600W 1995-02-13	Mini	
<i>Haematopus longirostris</i>	ROM 0152154		Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male Oceania, Australia, Victoria, Corinella Peninsula, Western Port Bay, 382452S;1452530E 1985-12-09	Mini	Bear Dale (2018)*
<i>Haematopus longirostris</i>	ROM 136421	14 estimated	Female Australia: Greens Beach, Tasmania, 725g March 25 1979	Mini	
<i>Haematopus moquini</i>	ROM 144605		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 640g Africa; South Africa; Western Cape, Marcus Island, 330200S;0175800E, found dead 1982-01-22	Mini	Ryan and Visagie (2008)
<i>Haematopus moquini</i>	USNM 558480		P. Haarhoff and H. James Male Africa, South Africa, Western Cape Province, Cape Town, 58 km N, Rocky Shore 1983-03-12	Mini	
<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	FMNH 363899		Male Europe, The Netherlands, Zeeland: Borssele 1989-12-17	Zeiss 250	Birdfun (2016)*
<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	ROM 118045		Boot, J.P.C., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 465g Europe; Netherlands, Zeeland, Schouwen-Duiveland, 513900N, 0035500E 1972-10-09	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Haematopus palliatus</i>	USNM 623506			Mini	Claire Herzog (2014)*
<i>Haematopus palliatus</i>	ROM 123861		Strauch, J.G. Jr., georeferenced by Derek Spinei (UMMZ) Male 610g North America; USA; South Carolina; Georgetown County, North Island, Sea Island 331724N;0791120W 1975-03-04	Mini	
<i>Haematopus unicolor</i>	ROM 123067	1 mirrored	Baker, A.J. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 713g Oceania; New Zealand; Auckland, Henderson Bay, 344500S;1737480E 1974-07-19	Mini	
<i>Haematopus unicolor</i>	ROM 146618		Veitch, C.R. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 723g Oceania; New Zealand; Auckland, South Waikato Head, 372300S;1744300E 1982-04-13	Mini	
<i>Heteroscelus brevipes</i>	ROM 0159634	47 mirrored	Baker, J.A., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female Oceania; Australia; Western Australia, Broome Bird Observatory, Fish Heads Beach, 175800S; 1222000E 1996-02-23	Mini	MrChopsta (2018)*
<i>Heteroscelus incanus</i>	USNM 612203	4 estimated, 46 mirrored	R. Imler Female North America, United States, Alaska, Wrangell-Petersburg, C.A., Kupreanof Island 31 Aug 1946	Mini	Bill Walker (2018)*
<i>Heteroscelus incanus</i>	LACM 87138	4 estimated	Willett, G.W. Male North America, USA, California, Los Angeles County, San Clemente Island, 32 55 00 N, 118 30 W 08 Oct 1933	Mini	



Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	USNM 431803		R. Leakey Male Africa, Kenya, Rift Valley Province, Lake Kwenia 27 April 1962	Mini	MyBackyardBirding (2017)*
<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	ROM 156898		Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 159g Africa; South Africa, Western Cape, Lamberts Bay, 320400S; 0182000E 1991-12-05	Mini	
<i>Himantopus leucocephalus</i>	USNM 226007		H. Raven Female Asia, Indonesia, Celebes, Rano Lindoe 1917-03-16	Mini	The Bird Hide (2015)*
<i>Himantopus leucocephalus</i>	ROM 102237	1 mirrored	Baker, A.J. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 213g Oceania; New Zealand, Auckland, Sand Island, Kaipara Harbour, 363224S; 1742212E 1986-04-29	Mini	
<i>Himantopus melanurus</i>	LACM 109597	17 estimated	Campbell, K.E. Male South America, Ecuador, Guayas Prov, Santa Elena, 31 Mi N 02 Feb 1970	Mini	Fauna and Flora (2019)*
<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	ROM 114769		Johnston, R.R. , georeferenced by Tyler Weaver (PSM) North America; USA; Arizona; Maricopa County, Phoenix, Sewer plant, 332527N;1120639W 1972-03	Mini	Robinson et al. (2020)
<i>Hydrophasianus chirigrus</i>	USNM 226034		R. McGregor Female Asia, Philippines, Luzon, Paete 1917-03-28	Mini	Amar-Singh HSS (2020)*
<i>Ibidorhyncha struthersi</i>	USNM 292767	14 estimated	D. Graham Female Asia, China, Sichuan 1929-02-12	Mini	Through My Lens, (2020)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Irediparra gallinacea</i>	USNM 553360		Female Australia, Papua New Guinea, New Guinea, Central Province, Kerima Village, Brown River 1969-08-27	Mini	Tim Siggs (2015)*
<i>Jacana jacana</i>	LACM 87052	70 mirrored, 6 estimated	Ward, CO South America, Brazil, Orinoco	Mini	
<i>Jacana jacana</i>	FMNH 376133		Female Captive 1969	Zeiss 75	
<i>Jacana spinosa</i>	FMNH 105999		Male Cuba; Matanzas Zapata SW R. Hatiguanico Feb 04 1940	Zeiss 75	
<i>Larosterna inca</i>	FMNH 437527	1 mirrored	Captive 1983	Zeiss 250	
<i>Larosterna inca</i>	LACM 107162	7 mirrored	Jennings, J. Aviary Bird 05 Oct 1987	Mini	
<i>Larus argentatus</i>	LACM 117517		Bennett, R.J. North America, United States, California, Orange County, Seal Beach 1970-04-20	Mini	Weseloh et al. (2020)
<i>Larus argentatus</i>	FMNH 342553		Male North America, USA, Florida, Isla del Sol 27.7067833, -82.7153778 1986-03-01	Zeiss 75	
<i>Larus atricilla</i>	FMNH 376259		Male North America, USA, Florida, Dade Co: Biscayne Bay, Norris Cut 25.7565706, -80.1450491 1953-05-07	Zeiss 75	Burger (2020)
<i>Larus atricilla</i>	LACM 117558		Collins, C.T. North America, US, Florida, Pinellas County, Boca Ciega Bay, found dead in breeding colony 1973-07-09	Mini	
<i>Larus audouinii</i>	USNM 488784	5 mirrored	G. Watson Female Europe, Greece, Dhodhekanisos, Stephania, Taia Nisia 2 Jul 1966	Mini	Ruiz et al. (1996)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus atlanticus</i>	USNM 635816		Female South America, Uruguay, Rocha, mouth of the Arroyo de Chuy, ca 16 km S, 33 48 S, 53, 26 W 2005-10-25	Mini	
<i>Larus bulleri</i>	ROM 116397		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 260g Oceania; New Zealand; Hawke's Bay, Napier, 393000S;1765324E 1972-07-19	Mini	Brown (2001)
<i>Larus bulleri</i>	ROM 153422		Peck, M.K., and Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 224g Oceania; New Zealand, Southland, Lochiel 461200S;1681948E 1987-11-22	Mini	
<i>Larus cachinmanas</i>	LACM 120527			Mini	Skórka and Wójcik (2008)
<i>Larus cachinmanas</i>	LACM 120528			Mini	
<i>Larus californicus</i>	FMNH 105796		Female Captive 1939-04	Zeiss 75	Winkler (2020)
<i>Larus californicus</i>	ROM 76529		Shortt, T.M., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female North America; Canada; Saskatchewan; Northern Saskatchewan Administration District, Beaver Point, W of Fond-du-Lac, Lake Athabasca, 590800N;1085600W 1945-07-24	Mini	
<i>Larus canus</i>	FMNH 363901		Male Europe, The Netherlands, Zeeland: Oesterdam, Thalen 1987-09-01	Zeiss 75	Garthe and Hüppop (1998)
<i>Larus canus</i>	FMNH 398933		Female North America, USA, Alaska, College Rd at Crossover Way	Zeiss 75	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus cirrocephalus</i>	LACM 109733	14 estimated	Campbell, K.E. Female 384.3g South America, Peru, Piura Dept, Sechura, 23 Mi S 02 April 1970	Mini	
<i>Larus cirrocephalus</i>	ROM 156972		Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 320g Africa; South Africa; Kwazulu-Natal, Durban, Bayhead 295300S, 0310000E 1991-12-18	Mini	
<i>Larus crassirostris</i>	USNM 633465			Mini	Suzuki et al. (2019)
<i>Larus delawarensis</i>	FMNH 495258		Male North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co, Chicago 41.8327351, -87.6654053 2014-06-09	Zeiss 250	Pollet et al. (2020)
<i>Larus delawarensis</i>	LACM 117501		Male North America, US, California, Imperial County, Salton Sea National Wildlife Refuge Nov-December 1975	Mini	
<i>Larus dominicanus</i>	USNM 631732		G. Oskarsson Male North Atlantic Ocean, Iceland, Northwest of Keflavik 64 02 N, 22 36 W 2001-08-07	Mini	Bertellotti and Yorio (2000)
<i>Larus dominicanus</i>	LACM 103871		Male Captive Specimen 05 May 1986	Mini	
<i>Larus fuliginosus</i>	LACM 87185	26 mirrored, 12 estimated	Willet, G.W. Female North America, US, California, Los Angeles County, San Pedro, 33 45 N, 118 19 00 W 1929-10-19	Mini	
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	USNM 631734		Male North Atlantic Ocean, Iceland, Keflavik, NW of, 64.03 lat, -22.6 long, 64 02 N, 22 36 W 2001-08-07	Mini	Kim and Monaghan (2006)
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	USNM 631736		Female North Atlantic Ocean, Iceland, Keflavik, NW of, 64.03 lat, -22.6 long, 64 02 N, 22 36 W 2001-08-07	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus genei</i>	USNM 500267		Asia, Azerbaijan, Masalli, Kisil-Agach, Zaporednik 20 Mar 1965	Mini	Liordos (2010)
<i>Larus genei</i>	LACM 120525	32 mirrored		Mini	
<i>Larus glaucescens</i>	LACM 100742		FandD Disposal Male 880g North America, US, California, Los Angeles, Santa Monica 34 00 31 N, 118 29 54 W 20 Jan 1983	Mini	Hayward and Verbeek (2020)
<i>Larus glaucescens</i>	USNM 635127		M Klope et al. Female North America, United States, Washington Island Oak Harbor, Whidbey Island Naval Air Station, Seaplane Base 2002-02-26	Mini	
<i>Larus glaucooides</i>	USNM 637972		W. Lynch, hit by truck on runway 29 Female North America, Canada, Newfoundland, St. Johns Airport 2007-02-26	Mini	Snell et al. (2020)
<i>Larus glaucooides</i>	ROM 119866		Macpherson, A.H., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 1045g North America; Canada; Nunavut; Qikiqtaaluk Region, Cape Dorset, Foxe Peninsula, Baffin 641400N, 0763300W 1955-05-31	Mini	
<i>Larus hartlaubi</i>	USNM 558519		Female Africa, South Africa, Western Cape Province, Cape Town, Strandfontein Sewage Works 1983-05-18	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus hartlaubi</i>	ROM 156844		Baker, A J; Peck, M K, georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 275g Africa; South Africa, Western Cape, Muizenburg, Coastal Park, 340600S; 0182700E 1991-11-27	Mini	
<i>Larus heermanni</i>	FMNH 338164	1 mirrored	Male North America, USA, California: southern	Zeiss 75	
<i>Larus heermanni</i>	FMNH 338163		Female North America, USA, California, Southern	Zeiss 250	
<i>Larus hyperboreus</i>	ROM 0091342		Snell, RR, georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 1840g Europe; Svalbard and Jan Mayen, Adventfjorden, Spitzbergen, 781400N;0153900E 1987-06-12	Mini	
<i>Larus hyperboreus</i>	FMNH 105260		Female North America, Greenland, Hudsonland, Muskox Fjord, Ymers Id 1936-08-01	Zeiss 75	
<i>Larus ichthyaetus</i>	USNM 502138	6 mirrored	Female Asia, Azerbaijan, Masalli, Kizilagach 11 Mar 1965	Mini	Datta et al. (2016)
<i>Larus livens</i>	LACM 103872		MC Kernan, R.L. Female 1000g North America, United States, California, Imperial County, Salton City 33 18 58 N, 115 58 59 W 05 Sep 1987	Mini	Patten (1996)
<i>Larus livens</i>	LACM 104291	6 mirrored	MC Kernan, R.L. North America, United States, California, Imperial County, Salton City 33 18 58 N, 115 58 59 W 05 Sep 1987	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus maculipennis</i>	ROM 129555		Baker, A.J. , georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 321.8g South America; Argentina; Santa Cruz Province, 85 km W Rio Gallegos, Los Horquetas Estancia, 513500S;0703100W 1977-11-07	Mini	Leopold et al. (2010)
<i>Larus maculipennis</i>	ROM 158353		Peck, M.K. Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 270g South America; Chile; Magal- lanes y de la Antartica Chilena, near Punta Arenas (Rio Colorado) 531000S;0705600W 1995-02-13	Mini	
<i>Larus marinus</i>	FMNH 338219		Female North America, USA, New Jersey, Ocean Co, Beach Haven 1958- 11-30	Zeiss 75	Good (2020)
<i>Larus marinus</i>	ROM 91533		Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 2401g North America; Canada; Ontario; Niagara RM 430600N; 0790400W 2003-07-26	Mini	
<i>Larus melancephalus</i>	LACM 120526	14 estimated		Mini	Poot (2003)
<i>Larus minutus</i>	ROM 124006		Andrle, R.F. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 115.3g North America; USA; New York; Erie County, Buffalo, Times Beach, 425311N;0785243W 1974-09-11	Mini	Ewins and Weseloh (2020)
<i>Larus modestus</i>	LACM 110084	14 estimated	Campbell, K.E. Male South Amer- ica, Peru, Arequipa Dept., Mollendo 1971-09-21	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus modestus</i>	ROM 158372	1 mirrored	Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 340g South America; Chile, Valparaiso, Santo Domingo Beaches 333800S;0713900W 1995-02-24	Mini	
<i>Larus novaehollandiae</i>	FMNH 390848		Australasia, New Zealand, South Id: Kaikoura Peninsula 1990-12-16	Zeiss 75	Auman et al. (2011)
<i>Larus novaehollandiae</i>	ROM 0140609		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 380g Oceania, Australia; Western Australia, Penguin Island 321824S;1154121E 1990-11-24	Mini	
<i>Larus occidentalis</i>	FMNH 105459		Female Captive 1937-10	Zeiss 250	Pierotti and Annett (2001)
<i>Larus occidentalis</i>	LACM 101099	2 mirrored	DandD Disposal Male 1005g North America, US, California, Los Angeles 34 00 31 N, 118 29 54 W 16 December 1982	Mini	
<i>Larus pacificus</i>	ROM 136309	8 estimated	Baker, A.J. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 1300g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Greens Beach, -41.083052, 146.743408 1979-03-23	Mini	Leitch et al. (2014)
<i>Larus pacificus</i>	FMNH 338158	58 mirrored	Australasia, Australia, Victoria: Fort Melbourne 1961-05-11	Zeiss 75	
<i>Larus philadelphia</i>	FMNH 376261		North America, USA, Florida, Dade Co: Miami city limits, N, 25.8406854, -80.2098083 1961-01-12	Zeiss 75	Burger and Gochfeld (2020a)



Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus philadelphia</i>	ROM 137169		Dick. J.A., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 208.3g North America; Canada; Ontario; Kenora District, Aquatuk Lake, extreme N end, S of Beaver dam (U), 541700N;0833100W 1980-06-11	Mini	
<i>Larus pipixcan</i>	FMNH 470337		Female North America, USA, North Dakota, McHenry Co: J Clark Salyer National Wildlife Refuge, 48.6149806, -100.6989669 1982-07-21	Zeiss 75	Burger and Gochfeld (2020b)
<i>Larus pipixcan</i>	USNM 622198		Male B. Barber North America, United States, Kansas, Jefferson, Perry Lake Dam, 1.5 mi S 39 06 – N, 095 25 – W 1999-10-10	Mini	
<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	LACM 120522	7 mirrored		Mini	
<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	LACM 120523			Mini	
<i>Larus schistagus</i>	USNM 500777	1 mirrored	H. Morioka Male Asia, Japan, Hokkaido, Hokkaido Prefecture, Notsuke Peninsula, Shibetsu, Near, Nemuro District 7 Sep 1976	Mini	Zelenskaya (2014)
<i>Larus serranus</i>	USNM 645298		Female South America, Argentina, Tucuman Province, Tafi del Valle, 5 km S, Embalse la Angostura, 26 54S, 65 42W 1996-11-25	Mini	
<i>Larus serranus</i>	LACM 110060	14 estimated	Campbell, K.E. Male South America, Peru, Puno Dept, L Titicaca 1971-09- 13	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Larus thayeri</i>	USNM 347252		Duvall and Handley Female North America, Canada, Northwest Territories, Resolute Bay, Cornwallis Island 1947-09-12	Mini	
<i>Larus thayeri</i>	ROM 119860		Macpherson, A H, georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 850g North America; Canada; Nunavut; Kitikmeot Region, near Pelly Bay, Simpson Peninsula, Camp Colonies 85300N; 0900500W 1956-06-21	Mini	
<i>Lymnocyptes minimus</i>	LACM 89975	47 mirrored, 68 estimated	Marinkelle, C.J. Male Europe, The Netherlands, Friesland Prov, Dokkum, 53 20 N, 005 59E 12 April 1955	Mini	Michael Linklater (2016)*
<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>	LACM 109401		Garrett, K.L. Male 85g North America, US, California, Los Angeles, Lancaster, 10 Km NNE, Pitue Ponds 34.6980419, -118.1367378 11 Sep 1996	Mini	Jehl Jr. et al. (2020)
<i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i>	USNM 630671			Mini	Mrnolmts (2014)*
<i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i>	LACM 117431		USFWS Male North America, US, California, Imperial Co, Salton Sea, Natl Wildlife Refuge 06 Jan 1974	Mini	
<i>Limosa fedoa</i>	FMNH 23510		North America, USA, Florida, 27.8703803, -82.8549806	Zeiss 250	Sask Birder (2013)*
<i>Limosa fedoa</i>	USNM 557584	1 estimated	Female North America, United States, California, Humboldt, Spencer Creek, N End 22 Aug 1982	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Limosa haemastica</i>	USNM 489609		R. Zusi and Bindford and Mumford Female North America, Canada, Manitoba, Fort Churchill, 1 mi E 1967-07-19	Mini	Rogeruzun (2019)*
<i>Limosa haemastica</i>	ROM 79406		Exchanged to National Museum of Rhodesia Male 133.4g North Amer- ica; Canada; Ontario; Halton RM, Royal Botanical Gardens, from Fish- way (near mouth of Grindstone Creek?) 431723N;0795312W	Mini	
<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	LACM 87092	1 estimated	Brower, C.D. North America, United States, Alaska 71 17 24 N, 156 47 32 W 20 June 1934	Mini	Birdfun (2016)*
<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	USNM 555156	2 mirrored	W. Van Den Hoven Female Europe, Netherlands, Zuid-Holland, Oost- voorne 26 April 1979	Mini	
<i>Limosa limosa</i>	USNM 320129	7 mirrored	Male 1932-04-10	Mini	John L UK (2019)*
<i>Limosa limosa</i>	ROM 157287		Peck, M.K. and Baker, A.J., georef- erenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 220g Europe, Iceland, Vodmulas- tadir, 633200N; 0210500W 1992-07-18	Mini	
<i>Metopidius indicus</i>	USNM 343995	5 mirrored	H. Deignan Male Asia, Thailand, Chiang Mai 1936-12-14	Mini	Mitesh Patel (2020)*
<i>Microparra capensis</i>	ROM 117587	1 mirrored	Archer, A.L., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen 29g Africa, Botswana, North-West, Namasseri, 183800S;0220900E 1971-09-06	Mini	AviFauna Naturresor (2016)*
<i>Numenius americanus</i>	FMNH 106289	3 mirrored	Female Captive 1949-07	Zeiss 250	American Bird Conservancy (2016)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Numenius americanus</i>	ROM 146877	1 mirrored	Strauch, J.G., Jr. , georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female North America; USA; Nebraska; Garden County, 10 mi N Crescent Lake National Wildlife Refuge, 414337N;0964807W 1980-04-26	Mini	
<i>Numenius arquata</i>	USNM 553828		W. Van Den Hoven Male Europe, Netherlands, Friesland, Ameland, West Frisian Islands 2 Oct 1978	Mini	Adrian Gopal (2015)*
<i>Numenius arquata</i>	FMNH 363888		Female Europe, The Netherlands, Zuid-Holland: Krammerse Slikken	Zeiss 250	
<i>Numenius madagascariensis</i>	USNM 500255		Male Asia, Russia, Khabarovskiy Kray, River Inn, Country Aur May 2 1975	Mini	Adrian Walsh (2014)*
<i>Numenius madagascariensis</i>	ROM 127514	4 mirrored, 5 estimated	Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 523g Oceania; New Zealand; Auckland, Ninety Mile Beach, 343448S;1724724E 1976-12-16	Mini	
<i>Numenius minutus</i>	USNM 347648		H. Deignan Female Australia, Australia, Northern Territory, Oenpelli 28 Oct 1948	Mini	Sjaak Schilperoort (2019)
<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	FMNH 385840		North America, USA, Florida, Monroe Co: Windley Key, 24.9452004, -80.5962825 1995-09-14	Zeiss 250	Michael Linklater (2017)*
<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	USNM 638835			Mini	
<i>Numenius tahitensis</i>	USNM 289233		Wetmore, A. Male North Pacific Ocean, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands, Laysan Island, Honolulu County 30 April 1923	Mini	Shoko TANOI (2018)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Numenius tahitensis</i>	LACM 103118	14 estimated	Garrett, K.L. Female 465g Oceania, Marshall Islands, Bikini Atoll, Bikini Islet, 11 35 N, 165 20 E 25 May 1986	Mini	
<i>Rostratula semicollaris</i>	USNM 612032		H. Alvarenga Female South America, Brazil, Rio De Janeiro, Marica 1987-07-30	Mini	Pablo Eguia (2016)*
<i>Oreopholus (Charadrius) ruficollis</i>	FMNH 104122		South America, Chile, Magallanes: Rio Ciaiike 1940-01-27	Zeiss 75	Mario Figueroa, (2018)*
<i>Pagophilia eburnea</i>	ROM 127323		Stepney, P.H.R., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female North America; Canada; Nunavut; Qikiqtaaluk Region, Allen Bay, Cornwallis Island 744700N;0951800W 1976-09-07	Mini	Mallory et al. (2020)
<i>Pagophilia eburnea</i>	ROM 147098		Bradstreet, M.S.W., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male North America; Canada; Nunavut; Qikiqtaaluk Region, Poind Inlet, Baffin Island 724800N; 0770600W 1979-06-15	Mini	
<i>Peltohyas australis</i>	USNM 553593	2 mirrored	C. Austin Australia, Australia, South Australia, Woomera, 10 mi W 17 May 1967	Mini	A053141 (2010)*
<i>Phaetusa simplex</i>	USNM 345828		Daveron, A. Female South America, Brazil, Mato Grosso, Between Barra Do Bugres, Concepcion, Rio Paraguay 1940-10-04	Mini	
<i>Phaetusa simplex</i>	FMNH 105560	2 estimated	South America, Guyana, E Demerara-W Coast Berbice: Buxton 1937-05-26	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Phalaropus fulicarius</i>	LACM 100444	47 mirrored, 1 estimated	Garrett, K.L. Male, emaciated, found dead 28.5g North America, US, California, Los Angeles County, Malibu Lagoon, 34 02 00 N, 118 39 W 11 Nov 1982	Mini	Scott Carpenter (2011)*
<i>Phalaropus fulicarius</i>	LACM 113112	30 mirrored, 29 estimated	Guthrie, D.A. North America, US, California, Ventura, Pt. Mugu, 34 07 12 N, 119 04 58 W Jan 1975	Mini	
<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>	FMNH 317852		North America, USA, Alaska: Koolak River 1951-07-15	Zeiss 75	Birds of Thane and Raigad District (2018)*
<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>	FMNH 106365		Female Captive 1950-04	Zeiss 75	
<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	FMNH 104299	2 mirrored	Male Captive 1942-02	Zeiss 75	Julian Bell (2017)*
<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	FMNH 104265	2 mirrored	Male Captive 1941-10-01	Zeiss 75	
<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>	ROM 158379		Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 177g Europe; Finland; Utsjoki, 7 km NE Karigasniemi, 692400N;0255000E 1995-06-26	Mini	Whittingham et al. (2000)
<i>Pluvialis dominica</i>	FMNH 105252	25 mirrored	Male North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co, Chicago: Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1936-09-16	Zeiss 75	Chrisopher Boswell (2017)*
<i>Pluvialis dominica</i>	ROM 155330	95 estimated	Peck, M.K., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male North America; Canada; Nunavut, Qikiqtaaluk Region, Pond Inlet, Baffin Island 724800N;0770600W 1989-07-17	Mini	
<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>	USNM 632112	46 mirrored	United States Fish and Wildlife Service Female North Pacific Ocean, Johnston Atoll, Johnston Island 2001-10-15	Mini	Bruce Carlson (2013)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	FMNH 376148		Male North America, USA, North Carolina, Carteret Co: Portsmouth 35.0648491, -76.0607529 1917-11-05	Zeiss 75	Michael Linklater (2016)*
<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	LACM 87074		North America, US, California, Los Angeles County, Marina Del Ray , 33 58 00N, 118 26 00W 00 Dec 1923	Mini	
<i>Pluvianus aegyptius</i>	FMNH 379122		Male 1968-10-24	Zeiss 75	Bert Haamberg (2017)*
<i>Pluvianus aegyptius</i>	FMNH 378793		Male 1968-10-24	Zeiss 75	
<i>Procelsterna albivitta</i>	ROM 123070		Baker, A.J. , Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Oceania; New Zealand; Auckland, Great Exhibition Bay 343112S; 1731480E 1974-07-18	Mini	
<i>Procelsterna cerulea</i>	USNM 498057		Pacific Project and P. Woodward Male South Pacific Ocean, Phoenix Islands, Mckean Atoll, Phoenix Islands, Mckean Island 21 Oct 1964	Mini	
<i>Procelsterna cerulea</i>	USNM 614226	4 mirrored	L. Spear Male South Pacific Ocean, Station # 12, 05—S, 140—W 9 May 1991	Mini	
<i>Ptychoramphus aleuticus</i>	FMNH 364729		Male North America, USA, California, San Francisco Co: Farallon Is	Zeiss 75	
<i>Ptychoramphus aleuticus</i>	LACM 117815		Warter, S.L. Male North America, US, California, Los Angeles County, San Pedro Channel , halfway to santa barabara from Long Beach 1968-11-22	Mini	
<i>Recurvirostra americana</i>	FMNH 364175		Female North America, USA, Utah 39.5014154, - 111.5475081 1986-08-31	Zeiss 75	My Backyard Birding (2017)*
<i>Recurvirostra americana</i>	FMNH 364177		Female North America, USA, Utah 39.5014154, -111.547081 1986-08-26	Zeiss 250	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Recurvirostra andina</i>	ROM 159573		Gonzalez, J. Sr., and Sallaberry, M. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 370g South America; Chile; Arica and Parinacota, Lagunas de Cotacotani, 181300S,0693500W 1995- 07-26	Mini	ArGilst (2013)*
<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	FMNH 338433		Asia, Israel: Hulla Valley	Zeiss 250	Eastern Cape Birding, (2014)*
<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	USNM 429088		C. Handley Africa, Namibia, Gaucha 1952-10-31	Mini	
<i>Rhinoptilus africanus</i>	USNM 431520	1 mirrored	R. Smithers Male Africa, Botswana, Sekhuma Pan 1961-02-18	Mini	
<i>Rhinoptilus africanus</i>	LACM 117298		National Museum Bloemfontein Fe- male Africa, South Africa, Free State, Bloemfontein, Meriba 24 Sep 1987	Mini	
<i>Rhinoptilus chalcopterus</i>	USNM 321515		Shedley Africa, Tanzania, Zanzibar Island 1863	Mini	Shellie Brown (2011)*
<i>Rhinoptilus chalcopterus</i>	ROM 114357	14 estimated	Dick, J.A., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 156g Africa; Zim- babwe, Matabeleland North, Hu- mani Ranch, Sabi River 203100S; 0321600E 1972-05-29	Mini	
<i>Rhinoptilus cinctus</i>	ROM 114395		Dick, J.A., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 143.3 Africa, Zim- babwe, Matabeleland North, Hu- mani Ranch, Sabi River 203100S; 0321600E 1972-05-30	Mini	



Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Rhinoptilus cinctus</i>	ROM 114393	47 mirrored	Dick, J.A, georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 131.8g Africa, Zimbabwe, Matabeleland North, Humani Ranch, Sabi River 203100S;0321600E 1972-05-30	Mini	
<i>Rhodostethia rosea</i>	USNM 491608		G. Watson and G. Divoky Female Arctic Ocean, Chukchi Sea, near Alaska, 7100—N, 15909—W 1970-09-24	Mini	Burger et al. (2020)
<i>Rhodostethia rosea</i>	USNM 491609		G. Watson and G. Divoky Male Arctic Ocean, Chukchi Sea, near Alaska, 7023—N, 16224—W 1970-10-02	Mini	
<i>Rissa brevirostris</i>	USNM 643045			Mini	Kokubun et al. (2015)
<i>Rissa brevirostris</i>	ROM 150523		Troy, D.M., Georeferenced by Christine Coltellaro (UWBM) Male 407.4g North America, USA, Alaska, Aleutians West St George Island, Pribilof Islands, 572400N;1693803W 1984-07-28	Mini	
<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>	FMNH 105263		Male North America, Greenland, Liverpool Land, Rathbone's Id. 1936-08-06	Zeiss 75	Hatch et al. (2020b)
<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>	ROM 150453		Troy, D.M., Georeferenced by Christine Coltellaro (UWBM) 453g North America, USA, Alaska, Aleutians West St George Island, Pribilof Islands, 572400N;1693803W 1984-07-30	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	FMNH 393178		Female Africa, Madagascar, Toamosina: Station Forestiere de Tampolo 1997-04-03	Zeiss 250	SunDestinations (2016)*
<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	USNM 613014		C. Ross et al Female Asia, Philip- pines, Luzon, Cagayan, Lasam Cen- tro 26 April 1989	Mini	
<i>Rynchops flavirostris</i>	FMNH 368889		Female Africa, Kenya, Rift Valley; Lake Naivasha 1959-01-25	Zeiss 75	Nicholas Acheson (2014)*
<i>Rynchops flavirostris</i>	FMNH 313056		Female Africa, Gabon 1952	Zeiss 75	
<i>Rynchops niger</i>	FMNH 398882		Male North America, USA, Florida, Hillsborough Co; Tampa 27.9773979, -82.4564133 1984-03-18	Zeiss 250	Duncantakeru (2011)*
<i>Rynchops niger</i>	ROM 153490		Peck, M.K. and Baker, A.J., georef- erenced by Wyatt Lundy (UMMZ) Female 231g North America, USA, Florida; Collier County, Marco Is- land 255627N;0814307W 1988-03-11	Mini	
<i>Scolopax minor</i>	FMNH 438027		Female North America, USA, Illi- nois, Cook Co, Chicago: McCormick Place 41.8528118, -87.611721 2003-04- 15	Zeiss 250	Fyn Kynd (2014)*
<i>Scolopax minor</i>	LACM 113134		Guthrie, D.A. North America, United States, Monroe, Hamlin Martin Rd May 1982	Mini	
<i>Scolopax rochussenii</i>	USNM 558308		Y. Momou and R. Tatu Female Asia; Indonesia, Obi Islands, Maluku Galala, Obi Island 2 Sep 1982	Mini	
<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	USNM 292760		D. Graham Female Asia, China, Sichuan, Yachow 16 Feb 1929	Mini	Israel Wildlife Channel (2016)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	LACM 120516	5 estimated		Mini	
<i>Steganopus tricolor</i>	FMNH 106235		Female Captive 1948-08	Zeiss 75	Stoil Ivanov (2010)*
<i>Steganopus tricolor</i>	FMNH 106234		Female Captive 1948-08	Zeiss 75	
<i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i>	FMNH 105259		Female North America, Greenland, Hudsonland, Muskox Fjord: Ymers Id 1936-08-03	Zeiss 75	Wiley and Lee (2020)
<i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i>	FMNH 105258	3 mirrored	Female North America, Greenland, Hudsonland, Muskox Fjord 1936-07-31	Zeiss 75	
<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>	LACM 87186		Willett, G.W. Male North America, United States, California, Los Angeles Co., San Pedro vic, offshore, 33 45 N, 118 19 00 W 01 Oct 1931	Mini	
<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>	LACM 117483		Female 375.3g North America, United States, Alaska, Point Barrow 1976-09-27	Mini	
<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>	LACM 117477		Kemp, M.H. Male Dead on Pacific Coast Hwy, North America, United States, California, Orange County, Bolsa Chica State Beach 27 Jan 1972	Mini	
<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>	FMNH 360238		Female North America, USA, Florida, 27.8703803, -82.8549806	Zeiss 75	
<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	FMNH 443603		Female North America, USA, Alabama, Baldwin Co: Spoil Id, NW of Perdido Key 1995-07-05	Zeiss 75	Catry et al. (2006)
<i>Sterna aleutica</i>	USNM 561252		Lgl Alaska Research Associates Female North America, United States, Alaska, Aleutians East Division, Port Moller Area, Bering Sea 24 May 1985	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Sterna anaethetus</i>	FMNH 360250		North America, USA, Florida, Pinellas Co; Indian Shores 27.8646131, 82.8259983 1985-09-02	Zeiss 75	
<i>Sterna anaethetus</i>	ROM 118653		Barlow, J.C., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 136g Caribbean; Guadeloupe, Tete a l'Anglais Rock 162300N; 0614600W 1973-05-31	Mini	
<i>Sterna antillarum</i>	FMNH 376281	1 mirrored	Male North America, USA, Florida, Collier Co: Marco Id 26.1601353, -81.3607445 1959-04-10	Zeiss 75	Thompson et al. (2020)
<i>Sterna antillarum</i>	LACM 117649	6 mirrored	Collins, C.T. Female North America, US, California, San Diego Co, South San Diego Bay, Salt Works 31 May 1980	Mini	
<i>Sterna bengalensis</i>	USNM 488347		F. Gill Female Asia, Indonesia, Sumatra, Batu Islands, Bai Island, 00 01 – S, 098 31 –E 1936-11-26	Mini	
<i>Sterna bergii</i>	USNM 558526		Male Africa, South Africa, Cape Province, Vondeling Island 8 April 1983	Mini	Gaglio et al. (2018)
<i>Sterna bergii</i>	USNM 559819		F. Sheldon and J. Kennard Female Asia, Malaysia, Borneo, Sabah, Gaya Bay, South China Sea 06 05 N, 116 05 E 18 May 1983	Mini	
<i>Sterna caspia</i>	FMNH 368884		Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, Allia Bay 1958-12-05	Zeiss 250	Cuthbert and Wires (2020)
<i>Sterna caspia</i>	FMNH 360641		Female North America, USA, Minnesota, 46.4438614, -93.3633655 1992-08-25	Zeiss 250	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Sterna dougallii</i>	LACM 92016	14 estimated	Given, P for D. E Riska Female North America, US; Florida, Monroe Co. Dry Tortugas, Garden Key, Main Dock, 24 38 37 N, 082, 52 37 W 1979- 06-26	Mini	Gochfeld and Burger (2020)
<i>Sterna dougallii</i>	FMNH 360247		Male North America, USA, Florida, Monroe Co: Boca Chica, islet W, 24.6669864,-81.2713623 1987-07-17	Zeiss 75	
<i>Sterna elegans</i>	USNM 612541	6 mirrored	C. Collins and Schew North Amer- ica, United States, California, San Diego, San Diego Bay, South, Salt Works 8 Jun 1987	Mini	
<i>Sterna elegans</i>	LACM 110168		Garrett, K.L. North America, US, California, Orange Co., Bolsa Chica Reserve, 33 41 54 N, 118 02 36 W 05 Jul 1997	Mini	Burness et al. (2020)
<i>Sterna forsteri</i>	LACM 117642		LB Dog and Cat Hospital Fe- male North America, US, California, Southern California 1994	Mini	
<i>Sterna fuscata</i>	FMNH 364607	1 mirrored	North America; USA; Florida; Mon- roe Co: Dry Tortugas 24.6436291, - 82.877037 1993-07-28	Zeiss 75	Erwin and Congdon (2007)
<i>Sterna fuscata</i>	FMNH 376277		Male North America, USA, Florida, Monroe Co, Indian Key, US Hwy 1 24.8827494, -80.6890866 1958-05-24	Zeiss 75	
<i>Sterna hirundinacea</i>	ROM 129623	14 estimated	Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 163g South America; Argentina; Chubut Province, Faro Punta Ninfas, 425600S;0642000W 1977-11-14	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Sterna hirundinacea</i>	LACM 117621		South America, Argentine, Tierra Del Fuego, Argentina, Rio Grande, 10 Mi N 13 Feb 1977	Mini	
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	FMNH 432821		Male North America, USA, Wisconsin, Calumet Co: Chilton 44.0288649, -88.1584167 2000-10-15	Zeiss 75	Arnold et al. (2020)
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	LACM 117627		Collins, C.T. North America, United States, New York, Suffolk Co, Great Gull Is.and 1968-06-24	Mini	
<i>Sterna lunata</i>	FMNH 338042		Male Polynesia, Midway Island; Eastern Id	Zeiss 75	Mostello et al. (2000)
<i>Sterna lunata</i>	LACM 104037		Spear, L. Male South Pacific, South Pacific Ocean, 02 30 S, 150 00 W 1987-06-12	Mini	
<i>Sterna maxima</i>	FMNH 376285		Female North America, USA, Florida, Broward Co: Dania Beach 26.0462959, -80.1394272 1975-02-11	Zeiss 75	Buckley and Buckley (2020)
<i>Sterna maxima</i>	FMNH 379033	22 mirrored	Female North America, USA, Florida, St. Lucie Co, Fort Pierce 27.4464685, -80.3263082 1976-09-09	Zeiss 250	
<i>Sterna nilotica</i>	FMNH 368882	6 mirrored	Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1959-01-10	Zeiss 75	Molina et al. (2020)
<i>Sterna nilotica</i>	FMNH 368883	6 mirrored	Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf, El Molo Bay 1958-11-10	Zeiss 75	
<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	FMNH 317854	23 mirrored	Male North America, USA, Alaska: Point Barrow, 7.5 mi S, 7 mi W, 71 (latitude) -158.8166667 1952-09-06	Zeiss 75	Hatch et al. (2020a)
<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	LACM 100318	1 mirrored	Pitman, R.L. Male 110g North Pacific, North Pacific Ocean, 00 02 N, 110 21 W 16 April 1982	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Sterna repressa</i>	USNM 555610	1 mirrored	J. Ash Africa, Somalia Gezira, 15 km SW, Mogadishu 22 Dec 1979	Mini	
<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>	FMNH 313439		Male North America, USA, North Carolina, Dare Co: Hatteras Inlet, 35.1906446, -75.7603454 1982-07-31	Zeiss 250	Shealer et al. (2020)
<i>Thalasseus (Sterna) sandvichensis</i>	LACM 117725		Woolfenden, G.E. Female North America, Unites States, Florida, Pinellas Co., Redington Shores 06 Feb 1982	Mini	
<i>Sterna striata</i>	USNM 15428		Australia, New Zealand 1882	Mini	Mrlems1 (2013)*
<i>Sterna striata</i>	ROM 125713		Bell, B.D. georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Oceania; Chatham Islands; New Zealand, Mangere Island, Chatham Islands, 365800S;1744700E 1975-02	Mini	
<i>Sterna sumatrana</i>	FMNH 104716		Female Australasia, Micronesia, Marshall Is, Rongerik 1946-07-19	Zeiss 75	
<i>Sterna sumatrana</i>	FMNH 346071		Male Australasia, Micronesia, Marshall Is, Enewetak Atoll: Lidilbut 1988-07-25	Zeiss 75	
<i>Sterna superciliaris</i>	USNM 345825		Daveron, A. Female South America, Brazil, Mato Grosso, Between Barra Do Bugres, Concepcion, Rio Paraguay 7 Oct 1940	Mini	
<i>Sterna superciliaris</i>	USNM 345826		Daveron, A Male South America, Brazil, Mato Grosso, Between Barra Do Bugres, Concepcion, Rio Paraguay 7 Oct 1940	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Sterna trudeaui</i>	USNM 614631		J. Angle and L. Chiappe Female South America, Argentina, Buenos Aires, Laguna Del Monte,, Eastern End 23 Feb 1992	Mini	García and Mariano-Jelicich (2005)
<i>Sterna trudeaui</i>	ROM 159579		Gonzalez, J., Sr. and Sallaberry, M. , georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 165g South America; Chile; Valparaiso, Santo Domingo beaches, 333800S;0713900W 1995-08-09	Mini	
<i>Sterna vittata</i>	ROM 129621	14 estimated	Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen South America; Argentina; Chubut Province, Faro Punta Ninfas 425600S; 0642000W 1977-11-13	Mini	
<i>Stiltia isabella</i>	ROM 149448		Bavid, R.F., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 85.5g Oceania; Australia; South Aus- tralia, Skeleton Bore, Frome Downs 295500S; 1395500E 1982-09-17	Mini	
<i>Synthliboramphus craveri</i>	LACM 87297	3 mirrored	Garth, J.S. Male North America, Mexico, Baja California, Partida Is- land, Offshore, 28 53 01 N, 113 02 02 W 09 Mar 1936	Mini	
<i>Synthliboramphus craveri</i>	LACM 87296	7 mirrored	Willett, G.W. Female North America, US, California, Los Angeles, San Pe- dro Vic, Offshore, 33 45 N, 118 19 00 W 1932-08-20	Mini	
<i>Synthliboramphus antiquus</i>	FMNH 364725		North America ,USA	Zeiss 75	
<i>Synthliboramphus antiquus</i>	USNM 561925		Female North Pacific Ocean, 5358—N, 17243—E 1983-07-17	Mini	



Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Synthliboramphus hypoleucos</i>	USNM 291879	7 mirrored	L. Huey Male North America, Mexico, Baja California Norte, Coronados Islands 1928-05-30	Mini	Hamilton et al. (2005)
<i>Synthliboramphus hypoleucos</i>	LACM 87299	28 mirrored	Willett, G.W. Female North America, US. California, Los Angeles County, San Pedro Vic, Offshore, 33 45 N, 118 19 00 W 1932-09-06	Mini	
<i>Thinocorus orbignyianus</i>	USNM 637907		Willett, G.W. Female North America, US, California, Los Angeles County, San Pedro Vic, Offshore, 33 45 N, 118 19 00 W 1932-09-06	Mini	Pantanal BirdClub, (2013)*
<i>Thinocorus orbignyianus</i>	USNM 645613		Female South America, Argentina, Tucuman Province, Tafi del Valle, 14 km N, 6 km W 22 44 S, 65 46 W, bunch grass steppe 1996-12-02	Mini	
<i>Thinocorus rumicivorous</i>	ROM 128899		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 68g South America; Argentina; Santa Cruz Province, 85 km W Rio Gallegos, Los Horquetas Estancia, 513500S;0703100W 1977-11-05	Mini	
<i>Thinocorus rumicivorous</i>	ROM 128902		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 74.8g South America; Argentina; Santa Cruz Province, 85 km W Rio Gallegos, Los Horquetas Estancia, 513500S;0703100W 1977-11-04	Mini	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Thinornis rubricollis</i>	ROM 122636		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 88g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Adventure Bay, Bruny Island, 432137S;1471920E 1974-07-30	Mini	Werrong Lane, (2019)*
<i>Thinornis rubricollis</i>	ROM 122635		Baker, A.J., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Female 97g Oceania; Australia; Tasmania, Adventure Bay, Bruny Island, 432137S;1471920E 1974-07-30	Mini	
<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	FMNH 290820		North America, USA, Illinois, Cook Co, Chicago, Lake Calumet 41.6804352, -87.5826492 1980-08-06	Zeiss 75	MyBackyardBirding (2017)*
<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	FMNH 376180	1 mirrored	Male North America, USA, Florida, Collier Co: Ochopee, 2.3 mi W, US Hwy 41, 25.9009762, -81.3374395 1956-04-20	Zeiss 75	
<i>Tringa glareola</i>	FMNH 368854		Male Africa, Kenya; Eastern; Loiyangalani 1959-01-09	Zeiss 75	Michael Linklater, (2018)*
<i>Tringa glareola</i>	FMNH 368852	23 mirrored, 2 estimated	Female Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Lake Rudolf; El Molo Bay 1958-10-16	Zeiss 75	
<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	FMNH 464505		Male North America, USA, Wisconsin, 44.8986169, -89.5674821 2007-07-13	Zeiss 75	JustNature (2018)*
<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	FMNH 379041		Male North America, USA, Florida, Monroe Co: Plantation Key 24.9741077, -80.5548859 1976-04-28	Zeiss 75	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	USNM 620113		Cederholm, I., and Ericson, P. Male Europe, Sweden, Norrbotten, Lap- pland, Paksuniemi, 12 Km NE of 1994-07-03	Mini	Michael Linklater (2017)*
<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	ROM 156936		Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K. , geo- referenced by Bradley G. Millen Fe- male 180g Africa; Namibia, Erongo, Walvis Bay 225900S;0143100E 1991- 12-09	Mini	
<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	USNM 343515	70 mirrored	H. Deignan Female Asia, Thailand, Chiang Mai 21 Mar 1936	Mini	Michael Linklater (2018)*
<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	FMNH 368850		Male Africa; Kenya; Eastern: Loiyangalani 1958-10-28	Zeiss 75	
<i>Tringa solitaria</i>	FMNH 395650		North America, USA, Wisconsin, Door Co; Longtail Id 44.6022017, - 87.9893303	Zeiss 75	Babyleon (2013)*
<i>Tringa solitaria</i>	FMNH 363458	1 mirrored, 1 estimated	Female North America, USA, Wis- consin, Brown Co 44.4671112, - 88.0032349 1993-08-13	Zeiss 75	
<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	ROM 156883	48 mirrored	Baker, A.J. and Peck, M.K., georefer- enced by Bradley G. Millen Male 95g Africa; South Africa; Western Cape, Velddrif 324700S; 0181000E 1991-11- 29	Mini	Mark Andrews (2013)*
<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	FMNH 106354	5 mirrored, 2 estimated	Captive Female 1950-01	Zeiss 75	
<i>Tringa totanus</i>	USNM 623276		G. Oskarsson Male North Atlantic Ocean, Iceland, US Naval Base at Ke- flavik Naval Air Station, Iceland 63 56 11.0 N, 22 40 39.9W 2001-08-08	Mini	Michael Linklater (2018)*

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Tringa totanus</i>	ROM 157255	46 mirrored	Peck, M.K. and Baker, A.J. Male 140g Europe; Iceland; Stokkseyri, 635000N; 0213500W 1992-07-15	Mini	
<i>Tryngites subruficollis</i>	ROM 151467	95 estimated	Strauch, J. G., Jr., georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male 104g North America; USA; Nebraska; York County, 4 mi NW York, 405225N;0973548W 1985-05-14	Mini	WWT (2011)*
<i>Tryngites subruficollis</i>	ROM 122461	95 estimated	Rising, J.D., georeferenced by Yu- miko Uchiro (UAM) Female 67.5g North America; USA; Alaska: North Slope, Cape Simpson 705921N;1543421W 1974-07-03	Mini	
<i>Turnix nigricollis</i>	FMNH 345612		Female Africa, Madagascar, Toliara, Fivondronana de Tolagnaro: Man- dena Forest, 8 km NE Tolagnaro (Fort Dauphin) 1989-09-17	Zeiss 75	Gardner et al. (2012)
<i>Turnix nigricollis</i>	FMNH 436497	7 mirrored	Female Africa, Madagascar, Ma- hajanga: RNI de Namoroka, 32 km N Andranomavo -16.6666667, 45.33333333 2002-10-16	Zeiss 75	
<i>Turnix ocellata</i>	FMNH 478740		Male Asia, Philippines, Luzon, Ca- gayan: Penablanca Municipality, 19.4 km N, 9 km E Penablanca 17.80175, 121.86803 2011-06-22	Zeiss 75	
<i>Turnix susciator</i>	FMNH 515266		Female Asia, Philippines, Mindoro, Occidental Mindoro: Magsaysay Municipality, .02 km S, .02 km W Sta Teresa Hill, minimum elevation=90 2017-01-14	Zeiss 75	Naruangsri and Tiansawat (2016)

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Turnix sylvaticus</i>	FMNH 289566		Captive	Zeiss 75	
<i>Turnix sylvaticus</i>	FMNH 291238	2 mirrored		Zeiss 75	
<i>Turnix varia</i>	FMNH 338535		Male Australasia, Australia 1963	Zeiss 75	
<i>Uria aalge</i>	FMNH 337986		Male North America; USA: California, Orange Co; Bolsa Chica 1982-12-01	Zeiss 250	
<i>Uria aalge</i>	LACM 100702		D and D Disposal Female 445g North America; United States; California; Los Angeles Co; Hermosa Beach 33 50 00 N, 118 28 00 W 21 Dec 1982	Mini	
<i>Uria lomvia</i>	USNM 488674		C. Hunter Male North America, United States, Alaska, Little Tanaya Island, 10 mi S, 51 37 – N, 176 – – W 1863-08-20	Mini	
<i>Uria lomvia</i>	FMNH 105266		Male North America; Greenland, Liverpool Land, Rathbone's Id 1936-08-06	Zeiss 75	
<i>Vanellus albiceps</i>	FMNH 313288		Africa, Gabon 1952	Zeiss 250	NatureFootage (2019)*
<i>Vanellus albiceps</i>	FMNH 313055	7 mirrored	Female Africa, Gabon 1952	Zeiss 75	
<i>Vanellus armatus</i>	FMNH 503731		Female Africa, Gabon 1952	Zeiss 75	Djuma Private Game Reserve, (2018)*
<i>Vanellus armatus</i>	ROM 156886		Africa, South Africa, Mpumalanga: Chrissie's Place 2005-10-03	Mini	
<i>Vanellus cayanus</i>	FMNH 291736		South America, Peru, Madre de Dios; Alto Rio Madre de Dios	Zeiss 75	Vidoz et al. (2010)
<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	LACM 117310		Collins, C.T. South America, Venezuela, Barinas, 15 km E of Barinas 1981-01-15	Mini	Petreslesli (2015)*
<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	FMNH 106242	1 mirrored	Male Captive specimen 1948-09	Zeiss 75	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>	FMNH 368825		Male Africa, Kenya, Eastern: Uraubuli Luggar, 30 mi N Loiyangalani 1959-02-06	Zeiss 75	
<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>	LACM 117308	23 mirrored	Male Africa, South Africa, Free State, Bloemfontein, Meriba 24 Sep 1987	Mini	
<i>Vanellus crassirostris</i>	USNM 291429		W. Brown Female Africa, Sudan, Al Buhayrat Shambe 1928-03-07	Mini	
<i>Vanellus duvaucelli</i>	USNM 429213		H. Deignan Male Asia, Thailand, Kanchanaburi, Hin Laem 1952-11-15	Mini	Escapes into the Wild (2017)*
<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	USNM 645821			Mini	Amar-Singh HSS (2019)*
<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	USNM 645981	25 mirrored		Mini	
<i>Vanellus leucurus</i>	USNM 645956		C. Vogelwede Female US Military Base: Asia, Iraq, Muhafazat Salah ad Din, Joint Base Balad 33 56.41 N, 44 21 69 E 2010-08-23	Mini	
<i>Vanellus miles</i>	FMNH 106376		Male Captive 1950-07	Zeiss 250	Lovelyjubbly2000 (2009)*
<i>Vanellus miles</i>	FMNH 105363		Male Captive 1937-05	Zeiss 75	
<i>Vanellus resplendens</i>	USNM 645378			Mini	Sarmiento (2010)
<i>Vanellus resplendus</i>	USNM 620756		J. Gerwin Male South America, Argentina, Tucuman, San Miguel De Tucuman, 5 km N, 50 km W 26 45 00 S, 065 44 18 W 9 Oct 1995	Mini	
<i>Vanellus senegallus</i>	USNM 430408		R. Smithers Male Africa, Zimbabwe, Matabeleland North, Nyamandhlovu 1957-09-11	Mini	Gerlass et al. (2014)
<i>Vanellus spinosus</i>	FMNH 93433		Male Africa, Mali, Bamako: Sotuba, 7 km E 1934-03-31	Zeiss 75	YANG Edwin (2017)*
<i>Vanellus spinosus</i>	FMNH 368832	1 mirrored	Female Africa, Ethiopia, Gamo Gofa; Omo River, N of Delta in Lake Rudolf 1959-01-21	Zeiss 75	

Species Name	Specimen Number	Modification	Specimen Information	Scanner	Foraging Ref.
<i>Vanellus tectus</i>	FMNH 104512	8 mirrored	Female Captive 1943-09-15	Zeiss 75	Nachi (2010)*
<i>Vanellus tricolor</i>	USNM 490657		1966 Captive	Mini	Adrian Walsh (2014)*
<i>Vanellus tricolor</i>	ROM 111951		Male 208.6g 1971	Mini	
<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	LACM 117304	14 estimated	From Polish Academy of Science Male Europe, Poland, South Poland, Nowy Tara 00 May 1987	Mini	Xnissy (2010)*
<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	FMNH 105495		Female Captive 1937-11	Zeiss 75	
<i>Xema sabini</i>	LACM 87248	1 mirrored	Willet, G.W. Female North America, US, California, Los Angeles, San Pe- dro, 33 45 N, 118 19 00 W 1928-10-14	Mini	Day and Nigro (2000)
<i>Xema sabini</i>	USNM 553905	2 mirrored, 2 estimated	D. Noble Female Arctic Ocean, Chukchi Sea 7115 – N, 15857 – W 1974-08-12	Mini	
<i>Xenus cinereus</i>	USNM 633448		P. Windler et al., Female US Military Base: Asia, Korea, Jeollabuk, Kunsan Air Base, 35 53 N, 126 38 W 2004-10- 12	Mini	Tugumi (2006)*
<i>Xenus cinereus</i>	ROM 0159633	95 estimated	Baker, A.J., Georeferenced by Bradley G. Millen Male Ocea- nia; Australia; Western Australia, Broome Bird Observatory, Fish Heads Beach 175800S; 1222000E 1996-03-23	Mini	

## Landmarks used in this study

Descriptions of landmarks used throughout Chapter 2 and 3 are available below. The number refers to position in the landmark spreadsheets. Also provided is a description of the placement of that landmark, whether it was assigned to the beak (Bk) or braincase (Br) analysis (see main text) and the source from which we based the landmark. A value of NA under source denotes original landmarks included in this study.

Table 2: Landmarks Used in this Study.

Number	Description	Beak/Braincase	Source
1	Most anterior point on basisphenoid along the midline	Br	Olsen (2016)
2	Most posterior point on basisphenoid along the midline	Bk	Olsen (2016)
3	Medial point along occipital crest	Bk	Olsen (2016)
4	Most posterior point on foramen magnum along the midline	Br	Olsen (2016)
5	Point where jugal meets quadrate, left side	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
6	Point where jugal meets quadrate, right side	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
7	Point where jugal meets upper beak, right side	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
8	Point where jugal meets upper beak, left side	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
9	Left quadrate: lateral mandibular condyle	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)



Number	Description	Beak/Braincase	Source
10	Right quadrate: lateral mandibular condyle	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
11	Right quadrate: medial mandibular condyle	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
12	Left quadrate: medial mandibular condyle	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
13	Left quadrate; lateral condyle of otic process	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
14	Right quadrate: lateral condyle of otic process	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
15	Right quadrate: medial condyle of otic process	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
16	Left quadrate: medial condyle of otic process	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
17	Center of occipital condyle at anterior opening of foramen magnum	Br	Olsen (2016)
18	Left quadrate: most dorsal part of the orbital process	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
19	Right quadrate: most dorsal part of the orbital process	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
20	Most posterior point along left opisthotic process (aka paraoccipital process), in groove	Br	Olsen (2016)
21	Most posterior point along right opisthotic process (aka paraoccipital process), in groove	Br	Olsen (2016)

Number	Description	Beak/Braincase	Source
22	Left palatine: anterior most point on the lateral crest of the palatine	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
23	Right palatine: anterior most point on the lateral crest of the palatine	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
24	Right palatine: posterior most point on the lateral crest of the palatine	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
25	Left palatine: posterior most point on the lateral crest of the palatine	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
26	Left palatine; anterior most point on the medial palatine crest	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
27	Right palatine; anterior most point on the medial palatine crest	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
28	Right palatine; posterior most point on the medial palatine crest	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
29	Left palatine; posterior most point on the medial palatine crest	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
30	Left side: where palatine meets pterygoid	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
31	Right side; where palatine meets pterygoid	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
32	Most dorsal point on left orbit	Br	NA
33	Most dorsal point on left orbit	Br	NA
34	Most posterior point on right orbit	Br	NA
35	Most posterior point on left orbit	Br	NA

Number	Description	Beak/Braincase	Source
36	Point where palatine meets pterygoid, left side	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
37	Point where palatine meets pterygoid, right side	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
38	Most distal point on the beak	Bk	Olsen and Westneat (2016)
39	Left side, point where beak joins braincase on frontal bones	Br	NA
40	Right side, point where beak joins braincase on frontal bones	Br	NA
41	Right side, most rostral point along frontal or prefrontal bones in front of orbit	Br	NA
42	Left side, most rostral point along frontal or prefrontal bones in front of orbit	Br	NA
43-70	Semilandmarks running along the sagittal plane from the frontal-nasal hinge to the medial point on the occipital crest	Br	Olsen (2016)
71-92	Semilandmarks running along proximal curve on the left palatine	Bk	Olsen (2016)
93-114	Semilandmarks running along proximal curve on the right palatine	Bk	Olsen (2016)
115-163	Semilandmarks running along top of the beak	Bk	Olsen (2016)

Number	Description	Beak/Braincase	Source
164-209	Semilandmarks running along the right side of the beak	Bk	Olsen (2016)
210-255	Semilandmarks running along the left side of the beak	Bk	Olsen (2016)

## The Use of Coarsely-defined Foraging Guild Classifications

Foraging ecology is inherently complex, making it a challenging life history variable to quantify or classify for comparative analysis. To examine the impact of using more coarsely defined guilds in macroevolutionary analyses of shape evolution, we collapsed the 36 refined guilds used in Chapter 2 into one of 10 more coarse guilds (summarized in table 3.1 in the main text) and re-ran our phylogenetic ANOVAs using these more broadly defined foraging guilds. These coarse guilds did not consider seasonality and were defined to delimit species that forage in generally similar ways (e.g., birds that dive, irrespective of dive depth or foraging technique). When we used our coarse guild categories, the amount of skull, beak, and braincase shape variation attributable to foraging ecology was substantially lower at  $\sim 25\%$ ,  $\sim 29\%$ , and  $\sim 22\%$ , respectively, relative to the analyses using more refined categories that are presented in the main text. Full results using these coarse foraging guilds can be found in supplementary table 3.

## Foraging Guild Classification Categories

Following the classification scheme of DeGraaf et al. (1985), we classified ecological niche by defining the mechanism of foraging and substrate in which foraging occurs for both the breeding and the non-breeding season of each species. We combined these classifications to place each species into a foraging guild for each season. The example species listed for each category below are not meant to be exhaustive but meant to give some representative examples of the species

Table 3: The results presented above are from a series of ANOVAs assessing the impact of coarsely-defined foraging ecology, body mass, and the interaction between the two on whole skull, beak, and braincase shape. The beak includes structures (the palatines, pterygoids, quadrates) that are biomechanically associated with the beak

Structure	Coarse Ecology	Body Mass	Interaction
Whole skull	$R^2 = 0.26$ , $F_{9,242} = 10.80$ , $Z = 7.25$ , P = 0.001	$R^2 = 0.03$ , $F_{1,242} = 12.92$ , $Z = 3.79$ , P = 0.001	$R^2 = 0.04$ , $F_{9,242} = 1.73$ , $Z = 2.32$ , P = 0.007
Beak	$R^2 = 0.29$ , $F_{9,242} = 12.39$ , $Z = 7.90$ , P = 0.001	$R^2 = 0.017$ , $F_{1,242} = 6.61$ , $Z = 3.02$ , P = 0.002	$R^2 = 0.04$ , $F_{9,242} = 1.85$ , $Z = 2.51$ , P = 0.003
Braincase	$R^2 = 0.22$ , $F_{9,242} = 9.38$ , $Z = 7.59$ , P = 0.001	$R^2 = 0.07$ , $F_{1,242} = 27.52$ , $Z = 4.50$ , P = 0.001	$R^2 = 0.04$ , $F_{9,242} = 1.58$ , $Z = 1.76$ , P = 0.040

included in each category. The specific category each species was assigned to in both the breeding and non-breeding season are available in Dryad at: <https://doi.org/10.5061/dryad.pc866t1p0>

## *Techniques*

*Facultative Prober:* Species noted to spend the majority of time probing (up to half, when quantified) in soft sediments, but also noted to peck or perform other behaviors such as ‘jabbing’. Attempts to capture importance of tactile feeding method. E.g. many sandpipers.

*Facultative Ground Forager:* Noted to be predominantly a pecking/ground foraging species, but will also perform other behaviors infrequently like probing. This class excludes species that forage on the ground and will also hawk. Additionally this excludes birds that peck at plant material. E.g. many sandpipers, plovers, lapwings, some gulls.

*Ground Forager:* Species noted to predominantly peck at prey. Note that this is independent of what the ‘ground’ is. ‘Gleaning’ is collapsed into this category. Species that foot tremble frequently are also included here, as the foot trembling behavior suggests a reliance on visual foraging techniques that this category is meant to encapsulate. E.g. many plovers, jacanas.

*Predator:* Species noted to feed by picking prey items from the ground, meant to encapsulate

the difference between species that peck and those included here who pick prey items from various surfaces. E.g. skuas.

*Prober*: Species noted to predominantly forage via probing into soft sediments. Species that occasionally peck or pick items off of the ground are still included, as long as probing is the predominant mechanism. E.g. woodcocks, snipes.

*Grazer*: Species feeds predominantly on grasses or seeds, species that also take a proportion of insects among vegetation are included in this category. E.g. seedsnipes, buttonquails.

*Pursuit Diver*: Species performs extended dives from the surface of the water, using wings to propel forward, body fully submerged while foraging. E.g. alcids.

*Dipper*: Species performs hover or contact dipping where the body is not submerged but diving from air to surface of water where prey is 'picked' from surface. E.g. many species of terns, gulls.

*Plunge Diver*: Species uses mixtures of surface plunging or plunge diving species. E.g. many gulls, terns.

*Facultative Scyther*: Species that feed often by moving bill through water (scything) while wading, but are also noted to do a mix of other behaviors such as probing and taking prey from water's surface. E.g. avocets, stilts.

*Facultative Terrestrial Forager*: Species that do a mix of ground foraging and hawking. E.g. pratincoles.

*Surface Plunger*: Species that plunge from the air to the surface of the water, submerging only part of their body to remove food items. E.g. many terns, gulls.

*Hawker*: Species feed while flying in the air. E.g. coursers, pratincoles.

*Aquatic Scavenger*: Species widely regarded to feed in various mechanisms including hawking, eating hard shelled prey, diving, scavenging etc. . . Category restricted to species that scavenge in one way or another; this includes pirating behaviors as well as consumption of trash or other human food sources. E.g. many gulls.

*Facultative Diver*: Species performs a variety of diving behaviors, notably a mix of dipping

and plunging behaviors. If species are also noted to swim and take prey from surface either while swimming or skimming, this is included. Meant to encapsulate species that feed in aquatic environments in a variety of ways. E.g. many species of gull and terns.

*Skimmer*: Species forages by flying low over surface of water and dragging beak through water. E.g. skimmers.

## *Sediments*

*Air*: Food item taken in the air. E.g. some coursers.

*Arid Ground*: Species feeds on the surface of dry, arid ground as such as in deserts. E.g. some thick-knee species, some pratincoles.

*Lower canopy*: Species feeds on leaves, twigs, and branches of shrubs, saplings, and lower crowns of trees, typical of tundra or desert environments (as opposed to grassland). E.g. seed-snipes, buttonquails.

*Marsh*: Foraging is done in fresh, brackish, or saltwater marshes (on mud, shallow water, or on marsh plants) as well as bogs and swamps. These are wetlands that are dominated by herbaceous vegetation and are wet often with standing water available. Species feeds among marsh vegetation/ in shallow water or down into sediment such as mud or peat. E.g. many sandpipers and relatives.

*Meadow*: Species forages on landscapes that are open with mostly low vegetation, such as grasslands or savannas. Also includes farms and ranches characterized by low amounts of trees with birds feeding in low, relatively dense vegetation. Environment is not characterised by being wet or aquatic even if there may be micro-fluctuations in moisture levels. E.g. many plovers, lapwings.

*Pelagic*: Foraging occurs in open waters, feeding entirely underwater, whole body is submerged within water. E.g. alcids.

*Rocky Shores*: Feeding occurs along shorelines, but explicitly noted to occur among rocky shores characterized by larger rocks as opposed to sand. E.g. many oystercatchers, some sand-

pipers.

*Semi-aquatic generalist*: Refers to those that feed in a mix of shorelines and marshes, foraging not specific to sandy beaches or marsh habitats. E.g. many sandpipers and relatives.

*Shallow water*: Species feeds while wading and submerging bill and or whole head, water is reachable to bird from wading position. E.g. avocets, stilts.

*Wet and Dry meadow*: Foraging occurs in a mix of marsh and meadow, species noted to feed a mixture of dry and wet vegetation. E.g. many plovers, lapwings.

*Water*: Species that feed both on surface of water and deeper underwater such that the whole body would be submerged. E.g. many gulls, terns.

*Water surface*: Foraging occurs on the surface of fresh-, brackish, or saltwater habitats. Includes dipping or surface plunging behaviors as well as skimming. Meant to encapsulate lack of body submergence. E.g. skimmers, many gulls, terns.

*Generalist*: Found in disparate habitat types that do not fit one of the categories above, this classification is used restrictively for aquatic scavengers. E.g. many gulls.

## **Additional Information on Body Mass and Centroid Size**

In Chapter 2, we chose to use body mass data (transformed due to the volumetric nature of this measurement) taken from previous literature as opposed to centroid size from our landmark data. This was based on distinct scaling relationships between body mass and centroid size - when taken from either the whole skull (figure 1) or from a subset of data that excluded the beak (figures 2, 3) - seen in various subsets of Charadriiformes. The graphs below demonstrate these relationships. All centroid size data was abnormally distributed and therefore was log transformed for these exploratory analyses.



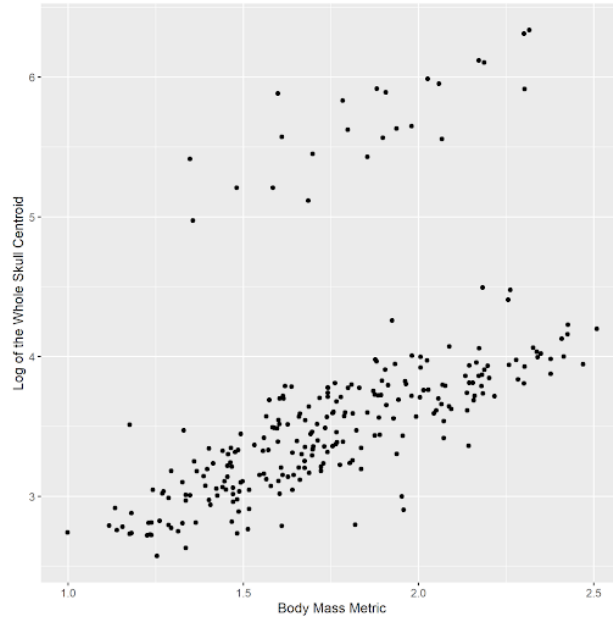


Figure 1: Log of the cube root of the body mass for each species against log of the centroid size taken from all 255 landmarks used ('whole skull' centroid size). Note the population of points with large centroid size relative to body mass.

## Chapter 2 Results Using Breeding-Season Specific Foraging Data

As stated in the methods of Chapter 2, we ran all analyses twice. One iteration used the non-breeding season specific foraging guild and the other, the breeding season specific foraging guild. The results we recovered were largely similar in both iterations, so we report just the non-breeding season specific data in our main text. Here, we report the results using our breeding season specific foraging data. The sections follow the same sections in the main text Chapter 2 and, both here and in our main text, we make particular note of where results differed. We only re-ran portions of our analysis that required foraging data (e.g. Question 2 "Has allometry evolved in Charadriiformes?" was not re-run).

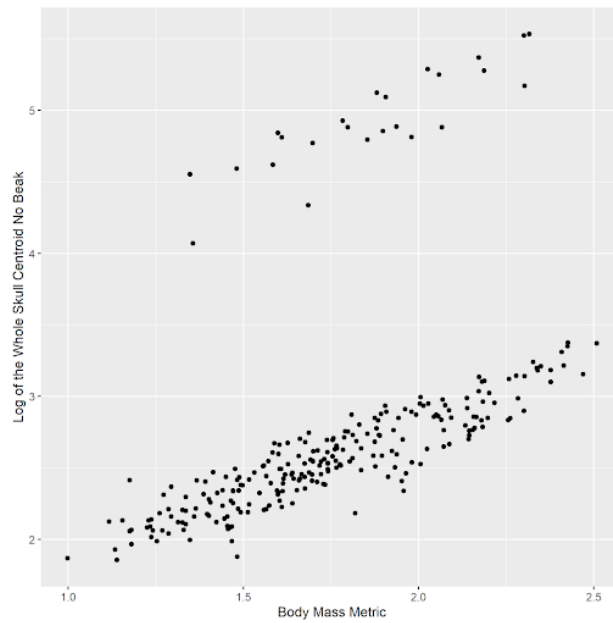


Figure 2: Log of the cube root of the body mass against log of the centroid size based on braincase landmarks only (see table 2). Note the population of points with large braincase centroid size relative to body mass.

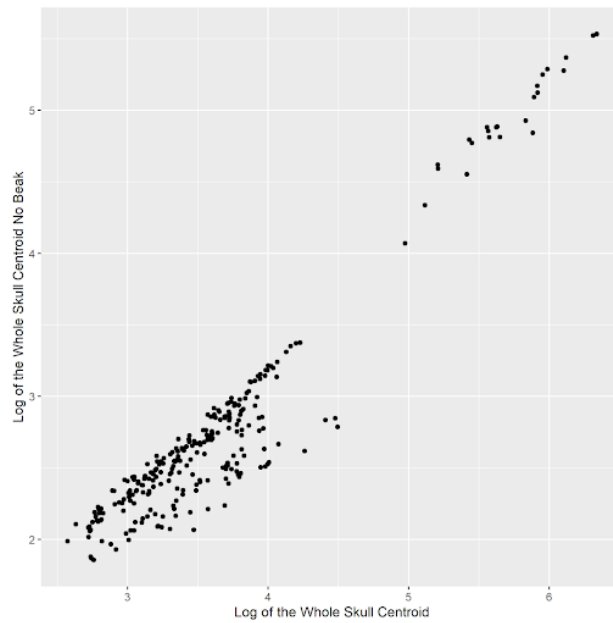


Figure 3: Log of the centroid size of the whole skull against log of the centroid size based on braincase landmarks only (see table 2). Note the relationship observed in figure 2 has disappeared, suggesting braincase allometry drives whole skull centroid size.

Table 4: Procrustes ANOVAs using breeding season specific foraging ecology.

Structure	Ecology	Body mass	Interaction
Whole Skull	$R^2 = 0.70$ , $F_{33,186} = 23.24$ , $Z = 16.16$ , $P = 0.001$	$R^2 = 0.02$ , $F_{1,186} = 17.32$ , $Z = 3.48$ , $P = 0.001$	$R^2 = 0.07$ , $F_{33,186} = 2.29$ , $Z = 5.58$ , $P = 0.001$
Beak	$R^2 = 0.73$ , $F_{33,186} = 24.05$ , $Z = 16.66$ , $P = 0.001$	$R^2 = 0.01$ , $F_{1,186} = 6.23$ , $Z = 2.72$ , $P = 0.002$	$R^2 = 0.07$ , $F_{33,186} = 2.23$ , $Z = 5.38$ , $P = 0.001$
Braincase	$R^2 = 0.44$ , $F_{33,186} = 8.16$ , $Z = 11.90$ , $P = 0.001$	$R^2 = 0.07$ , $F_{1,186} = 41.12$ , $Z = 4.65$ , $P = 0.001$	$R^2 = 0.11$ , $F_{33,186} = 2.00$ , $Z = 4.40$ , $P = 0.001$

NOTE.- The results presented above result from a series of ANOVAs assessing the impact of body mass, breeding season foraging ecology, and the interaction between the two on whole skull, beak, and braincase shape.

*Question 1: How Well Do Body Mass and Foraging Ecology Predict Charadriiform Skull Shape?*

When we assessed the amount of variance in shape of the whole skull, beak, and braincase explained by breeding-season specific foraging guild, body mass, and the interaction between the two, we found results broadly similar to that using the non-breeding season specific foraging guild (table 4). All predictor variables (foraging ecology, body mass, and the interaction between the two) were significant predictors of shape ( $P < 0.05$ ) in the whole skull, beak, and braincase analysis, and (consistent with the results reported in the main text), foraging ecology consistently explained a larger portion of shape variation than body mass. Foraging ecology explained  $\sim 70\%$  of whole skull shape,  $\sim 73\%$  of beak shape, and  $\sim 44\%$  of braincase shape. Body mass explained  $\sim 2\%$  of whole skull shape,  $\sim 0.5\%$  of beak shape, and  $\sim 7\%$  of braincase shape. The interaction between foraging ecology and body mass explained  $\sim 7\%$  of whole skull shape and beak shape, and  $\sim 11\%$  of braincase shape.

### *Question 3: Is Allometry of Variable Importance in Charadriiform Families?*

With the use of breeding-season specific foraging ecology data, we also recovered variable relationships between foraging ecology, body mass, and skull shape across distinct charadriiform families (figure 5). These results differed slightly than when our non-breeding season foraging guild was used. For the family Scolopacidae (sandpipers and relatives), foraging ecology explained  $\sim 32\%$  of skull shape variation, body mass  $\sim 16\%$ , and the interaction between foraging ecology and body mass was not significant. For the Charadriidae (plovers, lapwings, and relatives), foraging ecology did not significantly relate to skull shape which contrasts with our results using non-breeding season specific data where foraging ecology explained  $\sim 19\%$  of skull shape variation. In this family, body mass did explain a significant portion of skull shape (at  $\sim 10\%$ ), as did the interaction between body mass and foraging ecology (at  $\sim 23\%$ ). For the Laridae (gulls, terns, and relatives), foraging ecology explained  $\sim 19\%$  of skull shape variation (lower than the  $\sim 23\%$  explained when non-breeding season foraging guilds were used), body mass explained  $\sim 8\%$ , and the interaction between these two factors explained  $\sim 9\%$ . Because our Alcidae analysis did not test for the explanatory power of foraging ecology (since all alcids share one foraging mode), these results were identical to that reported in the main manuscript Chapter 2.

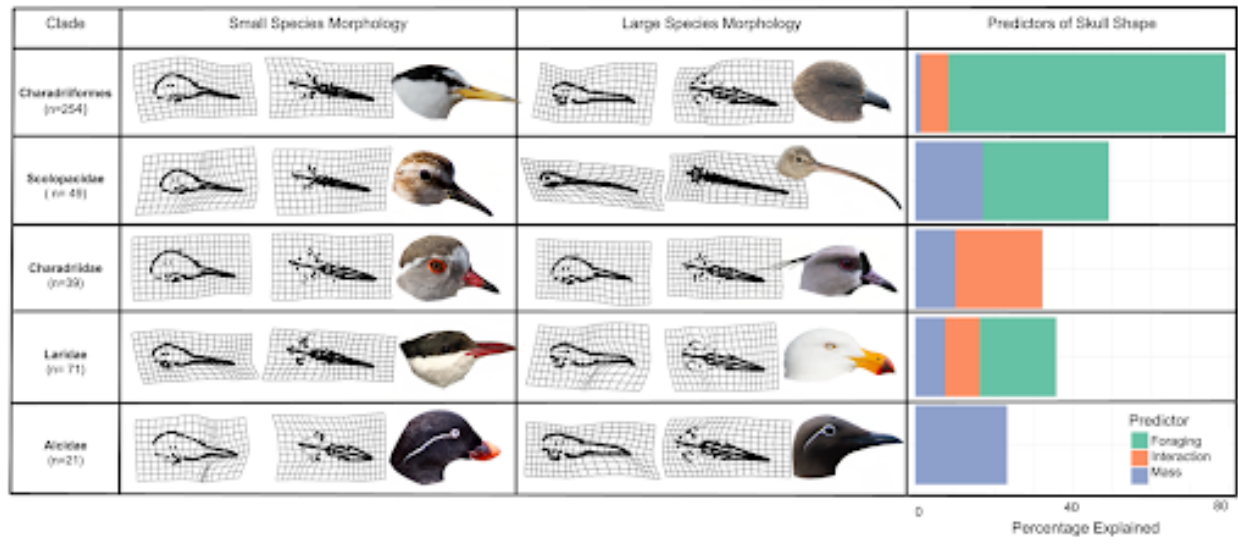


Figure 4: This figure is identical to figure 2.4 in the main text, except that the results here are based on the foraging guilds for the breeding season.

### Image Licensing Information

Below is the full information on the image licensing from figure 2.4 in the main text.

Table 5: Credits and licensing information for images in Figure 2.4 of the main text and Figures 4 and 5. Supplementary figure 5 the corresponding image numbers labeled.

Image	Species	Owner	License	Link
1	Little tern	Agustín Povedano	CC BY-2.0	<a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Charrancito_Sternula_albifrons_1.jpg">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Charrancito_Sternula_albifrons_1.jpg</a>
2	Brown skua	Zakhar V. Akulov	CC BY-SA 3.0	<a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Catharacta-antarctica-9223.JPG">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Catharacta-antarctica-9223.JPG</a>
3	Least Sandpiper	Fernando Flores	CC BY-SA 2.0	<a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Least_Sandpiper_-_Playerito_Menudo_(Cali_dris_minutilla)_\_(10294690986).jpg">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Least_Sandpiper_-_Playerito_Menudo_(Cali_dris_minutilla)_\_(10294690986).jpg</a>
4	Far Eastern Curlew	John Harrison	CC BY-SA 4.0	<a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Numenius_madagascariensis_2_-_Stockton_Sandspit.jpg">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Numenius_madagascariensis_2_-_Stockton_Sandspit.jpg</a>
5	Three banded plover	Charles J. Sharp	CC BY- SA 4.0	<a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Three-banded_plover_(Charadrius_tricollaris).jpg">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Three-banded_plover_(Charadrius_tricollaris).jpg</a>
6	Southern Lapwing	mdf	CC BY-S.A. 3.0- migrated	<a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Vanellus-chilensis-001.jpg">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Vanellus-chilensis-001.jpg</a>
7	Whiskered Tern	Derek Keats	CC BY 2.0	<a href="https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/0a/Whiskered_Tern%2C_Chlidonias_hybridus_at_Marievale_Nature_Reserve%2C_Gauteng%2C_South_Africa_%2831846158234%29.jpg">https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/0a/Whiskered_Tern%2C_Chlidonias_hybridus_at_Marievale_Nature_Reserve%2C_Gauteng%2C_South_Africa_%2831846158234%29.jpg</a>
8	Pacific Gull	JJ Harrison	CC BY-SA 3.0	<a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Larus_pacificus_-_Derwent_River_Estuary.jpg">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Larus_pacificus_-_Derwent_River_Estuary.jpg</a>
8	Parakeet Auklet	Dave Govoni	CC BY-NC-SA 2.0	<a href="https://live.staticflickr.com/4256/35189010870_29f12af183_o_d.jpg">https://live.staticflickr.com/4256/35189010870_29f12af183_o_d.jpg</a>
9	Common Murre	thelastweasel' on flickr	CC BY-SA 2.0	<a href="https://www.flickr.com/photos/120694055@N06/28841683258/in/photolist-KWdaB1-2gtYWiC-27y7vZt-Wq6Sf5-jbVz9-W5tWrX-akB9bY-nhRjKM-2gA4JRe-7kLNk-4pxEwR-puvKEY-6s6ARJ-2gPZh7f-2giQdHj-6s21aa-6s21hr-b3EFea-K7n3bx-KejDvP-2hd4AQs-LNohWG-9Y7JZE-2gTjthX-2hh2j3K-K7n7h8-c9r3GA-9P93Dh-9esJC6-2h5bCMH-JhUMWr-JhUKL4-JhUNZD-K59kB3-JMRUw9-Jzw3Py-38uHBV-5t6vdz-VfW9h5-dzJ6CK-KqRabm-eMTKto-2h4TwDu-nzoLbs-b1WH6-eMTK5y-Lk85PT-f5Qnv3-mKPLP-UBzcRB">https://www.flickr.com/photos/120694055@N06/28841683258/in/photolist-KWdaB1-2gtYWiC-27y7vZt-Wq6Sf5-jbVz9-W5tWrX-akB9bY-nhRjKM-2gA4JRe-7kLNk-4pxEwR-puvKEY-6s6ARJ-2gPZh7f-2giQdHj-6s21aa-6s21hr-b3EFea-K7n3bx-KejDvP-2hd4AQs-LNohWG-9Y7JZE-2gTjthX-2hh2j3K-K7n7h8-c9r3GA-9P93Dh-9esJC6-2h5bCMH-JhUMWr-JhUKL4-JhUNZD-K59kB3-JMRUw9-Jzw3Py-38uHBV-5t6vdz-VfW9h5-dzJ6CK-KqRabm-eMTKto-2h4TwDu-nzoLbs-b1WH6-eMTK5y-Lk85PT-f5Qnv3-mKPLP-UBzcRB</a>

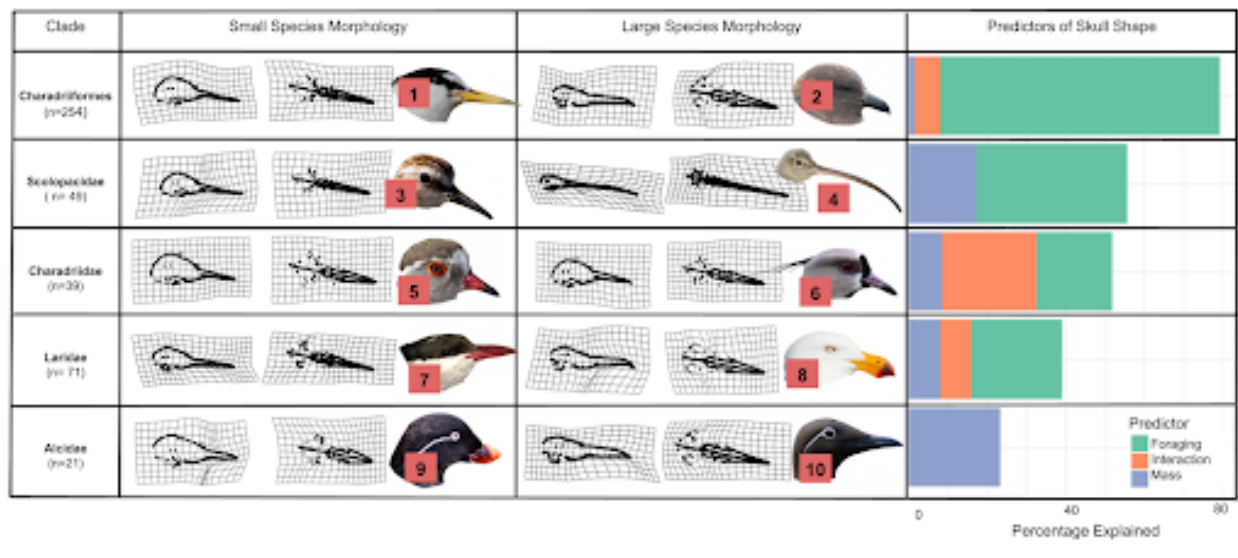


Figure 5: This figure is identical to figure 3 in the main text. Listed above in supplementary table 5 are the sources of each image used.



## Written descriptions of modularity hypotheses tested

Table 6: Descriptions of each of the 11 modularity hypothesis compared. The abbreviation used for each hypotheses is given in the lefthand column with the number inside the parenthesis following each name denoting the number of modules in that hypothesis. These descriptions refer to the beak and braincase hypothesis 1 (BKBR1) and beak and braincase hypothesis 2 (BKBR2) and the FeliceGoswami (FG) hypothesis and it's 8 variations (FG1, FG2 etc...).The righthand column includes hypothesized modules, separated by brackets, with the anatomical elements included in each hypothesized module given by distinct letter codes. The abbreviations for each anatomical element are: F (frontal), O (orbit), Po (post-orbit), Fm (foramen magnum), B (basisphenoid), Pl (palatine), Pt (pyergoid), Q (quadrate), J (jugal) and Pm (premaxilla).

Hypothesis	Modules
FG (7)	[F,O,Po][Fm][B][Pl][Pt][Q][J,Pm]
FG1 (7)	[F(part),O,Po][Fm][B][Pl][Pt][Q][F(part),J,Pm]
FG2 (8)	[F(part),O,Po][Fm][B][Pl][Pt][Q][F(part)][J,Pm]
FG3 (5)	[F,O,Po,Fm,J,Pm][B][Pl][Pt][Q]
FG4 (4)	[F,O,Po,Fm,B,J,Pm][Pl][Pt][Q]
FG5 (5)	[F,O,Po,B,J,Pm][Fm][Pl][Pt][Q]
FG6 (5)	[F,O,Po][Fm,B,J,Pm][Pl][Pt][Q]
FG7 (8)	[F,O][Po][Fm][B][Pl][Pt][Q][J,Pm]
FG8 (9)	[F,O][Po][Fm][B][Pl][Pt][Q][J][Pm]
BKBR1 (2)	[F,O,Po,Fm,B][Pl,Pt,Q,J,Pm]
BKBR2 (2)	[F,O,Po,Fm,B,Pl,Pt,Q,J][Pm]

## Subgroup Assignments for Chapter 3

Table 7: Subgroup assignments for species studied in Chapter 3 of this dissertation.

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Actitis macularia</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Aethia cristatella</i>	Lari
<i>Aethia psittacula</i>	Lari
<i>Aethia pusilla</i>	Lari
<i>Aethia pygmaea</i>	Lari
<i>Alca torda</i>	Lari
<i>Alle alle</i>	Lari
<i>Anarhynchus frontalis</i>	Charadrii
<i>Anous minutus</i>	Lari
<i>Anous stolidus</i>	Lari
<i>Aphriza virgata</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Arenaria melanocephala</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Attagis gayi</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Attagis malouinus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Bartramia longicauda</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Brachyramphus brevirostris</i>	Lari
<i>Brachyramphus marmoratus</i>	Lari

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Burhinus bistriatus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Burhinus capensis</i>	Charadrii
<i>Burhinus oediconemus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Burhinus senegalensis</i>	Charadrii
<i>Burhinus superciliaris</i>	Charadrii
<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Calidris acuminata</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris alba</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris bairdii</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris canutus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris fuscicollis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris himantopus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris maritima</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris mauri</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris melanotos</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris minuta</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris minutilla</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris ptilocnemis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris pusilla</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Calidris tenuirostris</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Catharacta antarctica</i>	Lari
<i>Catharacta maccormicki</i>	Lari

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Catharacta skua</i>	Lari
<i>Catoptrophorus semipalmatus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Cepphus carbo</i>	Lari
<i>Cepphus columba</i>	Lari
<i>Cepphus grylle</i>	Lari
<i>Cerorhinca monocerata</i>	Lari
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius asiaticus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius australis</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius bicinctus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius collaris</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius falklandicus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius marginatus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius melodus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius modestus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius montanus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius palidus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius pecuarius</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius ruficapillus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius tricollaris</i>	Charadrii
<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	Charadrii

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Charadrius wilsonia</i>	Charadrii
<i>Chionis albus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	Lari
<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>	Lari
<i>Chlidonias nigra</i>	Lari
<i>Creagrus furcatus</i>	Lari
<i>Cursorius cursor</i>	Lari
<i>Cursorius temminckii</i>	Lari
<i>Dromas ardeola</i>	Lari
<i>Elseyornis melanops</i>	Charadrii
<i>Esacus magnirostris</i>	Charadrii
<i>Eudromias morinellus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Fratercula arctica</i>	Lari
<i>Fratercula cirrhata</i>	Lari
<i>Fratercula corniculata</i>	Lari
<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Gallinago hardwickii</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Gallinago media</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Gallinago megala</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Gallinago nigripennis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Gallinago paraguaiae</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Gallinago stenura</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Glareola maldivarum</i>	Lari
<i>Glareola nordmanni</i>	Lari
<i>Glareola nuchalis</i>	Lari

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	Lari
<i>Gygis alba</i>	Lari
<i>Haematopus ater</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus bachmani</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus finschi</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus fuliginosus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus leucopodus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus moquini</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus palliatus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Haematopus unicolor</i>	Charadrii
<i>Heteroscelus brevipes</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Heteroscelus incanus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Himantopus melanurus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Ibidorhyncha struthersii</i>	Charadrii
<i>Irediparra gallinacea</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Jacana jacana</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Jacana spinosa</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Larosterna inca</i>	Lari
<i>Larus argentatus</i>	Lari
<i>Larus atlanticus</i>	Lari
<i>Larus atricilla</i>	Lari

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Species Name	Suborder
Larus audouinii	Lari
Larus bulleri	Lari
Larus cachinnans	Lari
Larus californicus	Lari
Larus canus	Lari
Larus cirrocephalus	Lari
Larus crassirostris	Lari
Larus delawarensis	Lari
Larus dominicanus	Lari
Larus fuliginosus	Lari
Larus fuscus	Lari
Larus genei	Lari
Larus glaucescens	Lari
Larus glaucoides	Lari
Larus hartlaubii	Lari
Larus heermanni	Lari
Larus hyperboreus	Lari
Larus ichthyaetus	Lari
Larus livens	Lari
Larus maculipennis	Lari
Larus marinus	Lari
Larus melanocephalus	Lari
Larus minutus	Lari
Larus modestus	Lari
Larus novaehollandiae	Lari

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Larus occidentalis</i>	Lari
<i>Larus pacificus</i>	Lari
<i>Larus philadelphia</i>	Lari
<i>Larus pipixcan</i>	Lari
<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	Lari
<i>Larus schistisagus</i>	Lari
<i>Larus serranus</i>	Lari
<i>Larus thayeri</i>	Lari
<i>Leucophaeus scoresbii</i>	Lari
<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Limosa fedoa</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Limosa haemastica</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Limosa limosa</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Lymnocyptes minimus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Metopidius indicus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Microparra capensis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Numenius americanus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Numenius arquata</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Numenius madagascariensis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Numenius minutus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Numenius tahitiensis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Oreopholus ruficollis</i>	Charadrii



Species Name	Suborder
<i>Pagophila eburnea</i>	Lari
<i>Phaetusa simplex</i>	Lari
<i>Phalaropus fulicarius</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Pluvialis dominica</i>	Charadrii
<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	Charadrii
<i>Pluvianus aegyptius</i>	Charadrii
<i>Ptychoramphus aleuticus</i>	Lari
<i>Recurvirostra americana</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Recurvirostra andina</i>	Charadrii
<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Rhinoptilus africanus</i>	Lari
<i>Rhinoptilus chalcopterus</i>	Lari
<i>Rhinoptilus cinctus</i>	Lari
<i>Rhodostethia rosea</i>	Lari
<i>Rissa brevirostris</i>	Lari
<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>	Lari
<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Rostratula semicollaris</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Rynchops flavirostris</i>	Lari
<i>Rynchops niger</i>	Lari
<i>Scolopax minor</i>	Scolopaci

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Steganopus tricolor</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i>	Lari
<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>	Lari
<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna aleutica</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna anaethetus</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna antillarum</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna bengalensis</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna bergii</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna caspia</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna dougallii</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna elegans</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna forsteri</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna fuscata</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna hirundinacea</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna lunata</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna maxima</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna nilotica</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna striata</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna sumatrana</i>	Lari

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Sterna superciliaris</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna trudeaui</i>	Lari
<i>Sterna vittata</i>	Lari
<i>Stiltia isabella</i>	Lari
<i>Synthliboramphus antiquus</i>	Lari
<i>Synthliboramphus craveri</i>	Lari
<i>Synthliboramphus hypoleucus</i>	Lari
<i>Thinocorus orbignyianus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Thinocorus rumicivorus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Thinornis rubricollis</i>	Charadrii
<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tringa glareola</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tringa nebularius</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tringa solitaria</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tringa totanus</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Tryngites subruficollis</i>	Scolopaci
<i>Turnix suscitator</i>	Lari
<i>Turnix sylvaticus</i>	Lari
<i>Turnix varius</i>	Lari
<i>Uria aalge</i>	Lari
<i>Uria lomvia</i>	Lari
<i>Vanellus albiceps</i>	Charadrii

Species Name	Suborder
<i>Vanellus armatus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus cayanus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus crassirostris</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus duvaucelii</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus leucurus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus miles</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus resplendens</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus senegallus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus spinosus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus tectus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus tricolor</i>	Charadrii
<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	Charadrii
<i>Xema sabini</i>	Lari
<i>Xenus cinereus</i>	Scolopaci

### **Details on the Reduced Density Landmarking Scheme Used in Portions of Chapter 3**

As mentioned, to ensure that the number of landmarks exceeded the number of specimens for the modularity analyses in Chapter 3, we used a reduced density landmark dataset. Four type 1 landmarks (table 2; landmark numbers 3, 22, 23, and 38) were removed and the density of semi-landmarks was reduced. Figure 6 provides a visual depiction of this landmarking scheme.

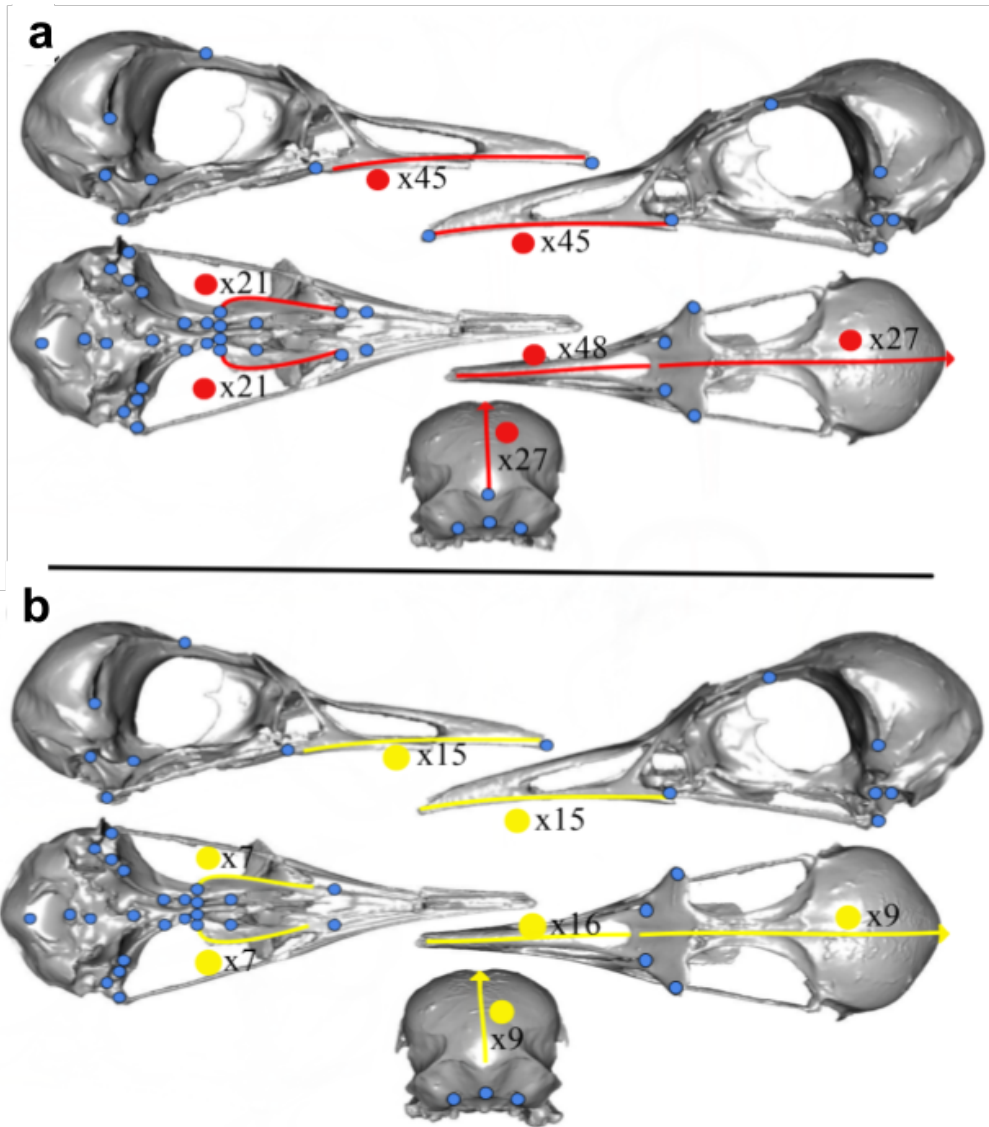


Figure 6: The reduced density landmarking scheme used in the modularity analyses of Chapter 3 (b) relative to the original density landmarking scheme used in all other analyses throughout Chapters 2 and 3 (a).

## Specimens which linear measurements were collected from in Chapter

### 4

Below is a table with information on the specimens from which linear measurements were collected to be used in Chapter 4. Included is the species name, the specimen number (FMNH= Field Museum of Natural History; ROM= Royal Ontario Museum; USNM = Smithsonian Museum of Natural History; LACM= Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County).

Table 8: Specimens used in Chapter 4 analyses.

Species Name	Specimens
<i>Actitis macularius</i>	FMNH 452109, FMNH 105162, USNM 492836
<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	USNM 631457, USNM 622548, USNM 498031
<i>Bartramia longicauda</i>	FMNH 317850, FMNH 376174, USNM 610844
<i>Calidris acuminata</i>	USNM 638728
<i>Calidris alba</i>	FMNH 93243, FMNH 106696, USNM 489543
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	FMNH 376250, FMNH 376248, USNM 489583
<i>Calidris bairdii</i>	FMNH 106694, LACM 117465, USNM 5555308
<i>Calidris canutus</i>	FMNH 376221, USNM 622554
<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	USNM 488340
<i>Calidris fuscicollis</i>	USNM 61614
<i>Calidris himantopus</i>	LACM 114330, USNM 500671
<i>Calidris maritime</i>	USNM 623283
<i>Calidris mauri</i>	FMNH 360225, FMNH 342545, USNM 491083
<i>Calidris melanotos</i>	FMNH 376243, USNM 499353
<i>Calidris minutilla</i>	FMNH 105219, FMNH 376239, USNM 641265

Species Name	Specimens
<i>Calidris pugnax</i>	USNM 557536
<i>Calidris pusilla</i>	FMNH 493833, USNM 289682
<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	USNM 500796
<i>Calidris subruficollis</i>	LACM 87182, USNM 630312
<i>Calidris virgata</i>	FMNH 334729, LACM 11348, USNM 489303
<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	FMNH 368835, FMNH 363885, FMNH 368836
<i>Charadrius melodus</i>	FMNH 525459
<i>Charadrius nivosus</i>	FMNH 338418
<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>	FMNH 106701, FMNH 106699, USNM 489575
<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	FMNH 356995, FMNH 475312, FMNH 510396
<i>Charadrius wilsonia</i>	LACM 110086, USNM 556652, USNM 613820
<i>Chlidonias niger</i>	LACM 113188, LACM 87257
<i>Chroicocephalus philadelphia</i>	FMNH 382230, FMNH 83283, FMNH 338261
<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	FMNH 338256
<i>Gallinago delicata</i>	FMNH 462130
<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	LACM 107801, LACM 120453, LACM 107573
<i>Haematopus palliatus</i>	USNM 622740
<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	USNM 556903
<i>Hydrocoloeus minutus</i>	ROM 124006
<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>	LACM 117616, LACM 117677, LACM 110333
<i>Larus argentatus</i>	FMNH 314510, FMNH 291337, FMNH 291264
<i>Larus californicus</i>	FMNH 364181, LACM 100221, LACM 117527
<i>Larus canus</i>	LACM 117509, USNM 638922, USNM 622481
<i>Larus crassirostris</i>	USNM 633464, USNM 500780

Species Name	Specimens
<i>Larus delawarensis</i>	USNM 557574, USNM 557592
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	USNM 631721
<i>Larus glaucescens</i>	LACM 117554, LACM 100742, USNM 561231
<i>Larus glaucooides</i>	USNM 637972
<i>Larus heermanni</i>	LACM 87199, LACM 117493, LACM 100671
<i>Larus hyperboreus</i>	USNM 7364, USNM 17324
<i>Larus marinus</i>	FMNH 338219, LACM 117553, USNM 638692
<i>Larus schistisagus</i>	USNM 500781
<i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i>	FMNH 376259, FMNH 360243, FMNH 338231
<i>Leucophaeus pipixcan</i>	LACM 107638, USNM 19921, USNM 648284
<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>	LACM 113131, USNM 489576
<i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i>	LACM 117432, LACM 87165, LACM 117431
<i>Limosa fedoa</i>	LACM 87096, USNM 225670, USNM 499319
<i>Limosa haemastica</i>	USNM 614609, USNM 489609, USNM 489608
<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	LACM 87092, USNM 555156, USNM 499267
<i>Limosa limosa</i>	FMNH 368848, FMNH 104480, USNM 320129
<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	USNM 638770, USNM 638773, USNM 639075
<i>Pagophila eburnea</i>	USNM 344738
<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>	USNM 492690, USNM 638829, USNM 18837
<i>Phalaropus tricolor</i>	LACM 117375, LACM 105163, USNM 499457
<i>Pluvialis dominica</i>	FMNH 334931, FMNH 105253
<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>	LACM 106883, USNM 622612
<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	FMNH 106702, FMNH 338400
<i>Recurvirostra americana</i>	LACM 117281
<i>Rhodostethia rosea</i>	USNM 491611, USNM 491609, USNM 491608



Species Name	Specimens
<i>Rynchops niger</i>	FMNH 342624, LACM 120034
<i>Scolopax minor</i>	LACM 113134
<i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i>	LACM 117484, LACM 117485
<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>	LACM 87186, LACM 87184, LACM 117483
<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>	LACM 117479
<i>Sterna dougallii</i>	FMNH 360247
<i>Sterna forsteri</i>	LACM 87266
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	FMNH 432821
<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	LACM 87265, LACM 100318, LACM 87264
<i>Sternula antillarum</i>	LACM 117670, LACM 117659, LACM 117669
<i>Thalasseus elegans</i>	LACM 117721, LACM 117719, USNM 612541
<i>Thalasseus maximus</i>	FMNH 360522, LACM 87277
<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>	FMNH 363902
<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	FMNH 85721, FMNH 105222, FMNH 105222
<i>Tringa glareola</i>	FMNH 368853, USNM 642844
<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	FMNH 290819, FMNH 88433, USNM 630692
<i>Tringa semipalmata</i>	LACM 117365, LACM 117353, USNM 499449
<i>Tringa solitaria</i>	FMNH 428931, FMNH 438471, FMNH 376186
<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	FMNH 106822, FMNH 105288, FMNH 376146
<i>Xema sabini</i>	LACM 87251, LACM 104292, USNM 557605
<i>Xenus cinereus</i>	USNM 488337, USNM 633449, USNM 633444

## **Dietary Information**

Fuzzy encoded dietary data for each of the 85 species analyzed in Chapter 4. The species and the proportion of the diet composed of 7 different dietary item categories (AInv= aquatic invertebrates, Plt= plants, Tvert= terrestrial vertebrates, Fish, Egg = eggs, Crr= carrion, and Tinv= Terrestrial Invertebrates) is given along with an explanation "Expl" of how values were assigned based on information in the Handbook of the Birds of the World (del Hoyo et al., 1996).

Table 9: Summary of dietary ecology of each species in Chapter 4.

Species	AInv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
<i>Actitis macularius</i>	0.475	0	0	0.05	0	0	0.475	Mainly aquatic and terrestrial insects =0.95 (divided by two); "even small fish" noted = 0.05
<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	0.35	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.35	"some vegetable matter taken early in season"= 0.1; carrion; small fish; dead mammals; and eggs both noted to be used seasonally= 0.05 each ; diet noted to predominantly be invertebrates; with an even mix of terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates.
<i>Bartramia longicauda</i>	0	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.95	"chiefly consists of terrestrial insect"= 0.95 some seeds also noted =0.05
<i>Calidris acuminata</i>	0.33	0.33	0	0	0	0	0.33	Diet noted to be "highly variable" with both aquatic and terrestrial insects mentioned as well as seeds- no quantities given so split evenly between the three
<i>Calidris alba</i>	0.375	0.05	0	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.375	Fish and carrion noted occasionally (0.05); eggs noted to be used heavily in certain locations (=0.1); vegetable matter "also" noted (=0.05); otherwise a mixture of terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates noted to be main food source; depending on season
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	0.45	0.05	0	0.05	0	0	0.45	"occasionally" small fish and plant matter =0.05 each; otherwise noted to consume a variety of terrestrial and aquatic vertebrates (remaining portion of 0.9 divided by two; 0.45 each)
<i>Calidris bairdii</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Only terrestrial invertebrates and their larvae noted
<i>Calidris canutus</i>	0.4	0.05	0.05	0	0.1	0	0.4	Mostly aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates noted (0.8 split evenly between two). Eggs noted to be important in certain locations =0.1; fish and seeds rarely noted (=0.05 each)

Species	Alnv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
Calidris ferruginea	0.475	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.475	Seeds noted occasionally (=0.05); but otherwise, only aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates noted (0.95 split between two categories)
Calidris fuscicollis	0.45	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.45	"Some" seeds noted but otherwise listed food items are terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates so split 50/50 between these
Calidris himantopus	0.475	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.475	Seeds noted to be included (0.05) but otherwise main dietary items listed are aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates so split evenly between these two
Calidris maritima	0.425	0.15	0	0	0	0	0.425	Plant material (including berries and algae) noted = 0.1; otherwise numerous aquatic and terrestrial vertebrates noted so split rest evenly between these two categories
Calidris mauri	0.475	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.475	Seeds noted occasionally (=0.05); otherwise mixtures of aquatic and terrestrial vertebrates noted
Calidris melanotos	0.45	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.45	Algae and seeds noted in a certain time period (=0.1); variety of aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates otherwise noted so split evenly between these two
Calidris minutilla	0.45	0	0	0	0.1	0	0.45	Eggs noted (=0.1); otherwise aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates noted; so split evenly between these two categories (=0.45 each)
Calidris pugnax	0.4	0.15	0	0.05	0	0	0.4	Frogs and small fish noted in certain times and places (=0.05); plant matter including seeds is also noted in certain places (=0.05); otherwise noted to eat terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates so remaining portion split evenly between these two (=0.425 each).
Calidris pusilla	0.45	0.05	0	0	0.05	0	0.45	Eggs again noted in certain times and places (=0.05); seeds included in listed items (=0.05). Otherwise again noted to consume a variety of aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates so remainder split evenly between these two

Species	AInv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	0.45	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.45	Seeds noted in both breeding and non-breeding season (=0.1); otherwise aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates noted so remainder split between these two categories.
<i>Calidris subruficollis</i>	0.15	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.8	Seeds noted in list (=0.05); otherwise predominantly terrestrial vertebrates noted; with some crustaceans mentioned.
<i>Calidris virgata</i>	0.475	0	0	0	0.05	0	0.475	Eggs noted in certain places/times; otherwise terrestrial and aquatic vertebrates noted so split remained between these two categories
<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	Only terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates mentioned.
<i>Charadrius melodus</i>	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	Aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates noted to both be the main food source
<i>Charadrius nivosus</i>	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	Noted only to eat various aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates with no quantities given; so split evenly between two categories
<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>	0.95	0	0	0	0	0	0.05	Primarily aquatic worms noted; but small amounts of terrestrial insects such as ants/beetles also noted
<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	0.475	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.475	Some seeds noted (=0.05); but otherwise terrestrial insects and crustaceans noted so split evenly between these two categories (=0.475 each).
<i>Charadrius wilsonia</i>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Only aquatic invertebrates noted
<i>Chlidonias niger</i>	0.4	0	0	0.2	0	0	0.4	Fish and frogs noted to be about 20 percent of diet (=0.2); otherwise aquatic and terrestrial insects noted; depending on the season to be the main dietary items; so split remainder evenly between these two categories (=0.4 each).

Species	AInv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
<i>Chroicocephalus philadelphia</i>	0.4	0	0	0.2	0	0	0.4	Fish and krill noted to be the main food sources; with varying importance- fish not noted to be particularly critical at any point hence =0.2; otherwise divided evenly among terrestrial and aquatic inverts since both are noted to be critical at certain times and places.
<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	0.45	0.05	0	0.05	0	0	0.45	Fish and grains noted to be included but of much less importance (=0.05 each); otherwise noted to rely "heavily" on aquatic and terrestrial insects/invertebrates so remaining portion split between these two (=0.45 each)
<i>Gallinago delicata</i>	0.2	0.05	0.025	0.025	0	0	0.7	Plant materials and small vertebrates (both fish and terrestrial vertebrates) are all noted to be small contributions to diets; so 0.05 to plant material and 0.025 to both aquatic and terrestrial vertebrates. Otherwise noted to predominantly feed on terrestrial invertebrates with a smaller amount of aquatic invertebrates.
<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	0.175	0	0.15	0.175	0	0	0.5	"Rarely" noted to take voles and birds ; otherwise diet noted to be varied; with certain areas having heavy usage of insects (0.5 for terrestrial invertebrates) and others relying on vertebrates (=0.15 for terrestrial verts); fish and aquatic invertebrates also noted so split remainder between two. Noted to be opportunistic; more insectivorous than most other terns; prey including mainly grasshoppers; dragonflies; moths and grubs; also takes spiders; earthworms; small reptiles and frogs; small fish (mainly 6-9cm) and aquatic inverts; rarely voles and small birds. More varied diet and larger items in N Europe than in S. Europe. In Italy; 67% of food items were reptiles in one study; mostly insects in another. In Russian steppes; 80% Orthoptera

Species	Alnv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
Haematopus pal- liatus	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	No other prey items described but aquatic invertebrates noted to form 97% of diet in certain places.
Himantopus mex- icanus	0.475	0.05	0	0.475	0	0	0	Seeds and vegetation noted as tiny part of diet (=0.05); otherwise aquatic vertebrates and inverts noted to be dominant food source; so remaining portion divided by two.
Hydrocoloeus minutus	0.1	0	0	0.1	0	0	0.8	Fish noted to be small but significant portion of diet. Otherwise; insects noted to be important- mostly terrestrial insects mentioned.
Hydroprogne caspia	0	0	0	0.9	0.05	0.05	0	Carrion and eggs noted occasionally (so 0.05 each); otherwise noted to be mainly fish.
Larus argentatus	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.14	Diet noted to be extremely variable. Insects; birds/rodents; eggs;carrion; berries; fish; crabs and other aquatic invertebrates such as worms all noted with certain flocks often specializing. So importance is equally divided equally among 7 elements for the most part; slightly larger portion given to aquatic vertebrates (fish) and aquatic invertebrates since these are noted to be particularly important.
Larus californicus	0.166	0.166	0.166	0	0.166	0.166	0.17	Similar to L. argentatus- extremely opportunistic. Noted to feed extensively on insects; plant material ("Can be a serious pest at cherry and strawberry farms"); bird eggs; rodents/young birds; crabs; and carrion. Fish not mentioned- so remaining six categories all given equal weight
Larus canus	0.3	0.05	0.05	0.3	0	0	0.3	Noted to occasionally take terrestrial vertebrates (birds and small mammals- so 0.05). Otherwise; noted to take predominantly terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates and fish; with grain being important seasonally

Species	Alnv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
<i>Larus crassirostris</i>	0.25	0	0	0.25	0	0.25	0.25	Diet noted to vary by space and time. Fish; aquatic invertebrates; insects and carrion noted to be most important
<i>Larus delawarensis</i>	0.166	0.166	0.166	0.166	0	0.166	0.17	Diet is highly varied. Fish; aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates; terrestrial vertebrates (rodents and birds); offal; plant material (dates) all noted. No eggs noted with the exception of fish eggs.
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	0.166	0.166	0.166	0.166	0.166	0.17	0	Variable diet; fish; aquatic invertebrates; bird eggs; carrion and offal; rodents; and berries/plant material all noted to be important with variation again by location and season. No terrestrial invertebrates mentioned- portions otherwise divided equally among categories.
<i>Larus glaucescens</i>	0.2	0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0	Varied diet including fish; aquatic invertebrates; carrion/offal; bird eggs (particularly important in certain locations); small mammals. No terrestrial invertebrates or plant material mentioned; so portions divided between remaining categories.
<i>Larus glaucooides</i>	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0	0	Seeds and fruits sometimes important (=0.1); otherwise fish noted to be most important (=0.5); with eggs; bird chicks; and marine invertebrates noted to be secondary importance (0.2 to marine invertebrates with 0.1 given to eggs and to terrestrial vertebrates to capture important of chicks).
<i>Larus heermanni</i>	0	0	0.05	0.95	0	0	0.05	Fish mainly noted but only in breeding season= 0.90. Lizards and invertebrates also noted so 0.05 given to both terrestrial vertebrates and invertebrates



Species		AInv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
Larus hyperboreus		0.14	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.14	Highly variable diet. Fish; marine invertebrates; terrestrial vertebrates (rodents; birds; bird young); eggs; terrestrial invertebrates; plant material (berries); and carrion/offal all noted. So divided equally among these seven categories.
Larus marinus		0.14	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.14	Also highly variable. Noted to eat fish; terrestrial vertebrates (mammals; adult and young birds); eggs; fruit and berries; marine invertebrates; insects; carrion/offal all noted too. Divided evenly between all categories
Larus schistisagus		0.425	0	0.025	0.425	0.05	0.05	0.025	Mainly fish and aquatic invertebrates noted so 0.425 to each carrion/offal; bird eggs(0.05 to each); and occasional mammals and insects noted (0.025 to each).
Leucophaeus atricilla		0.3	0	0	0.3	0.05	0.05	0.3	Both terrestrial (0.3)and aquatic invertebrates (0.3) noted to be important as well as fish (0.3)and carrion/offal/refuse in particular seasons (0.05). Eggs particularly important at certain sites (0.05)
Leucophaeus pipixcan		0.225	0.025	0.025	0.025	0	0	0.7	Small rodents and fish as well as plant material (grain or seeds) noted to be used very occasionally (0.025 to each). Otherwise noted to be predominantly terrestrial invertebrates with a smaller portion of aquatic invertebrates.
Limnodromus griseus		0.45	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.45	Plant material noted sometimes (=0.1); noted to feed on a mix of aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates with terrestrial being more important on breeding grounds; coastal times/places involve more aquatic invertebrates (0.45 to each).
Limnodromus scolopaceus		0.35	0.3	0	0	0	0	0.35	Terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates (0.35 each) and seeds all noted with plant material (0.3)noted to be less frequent.

Species	AInv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
<i>Limosa fedoa</i>	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	Noted to be mainly insects (0.6) as well as aquatic invertebrates (0.4) such as crustaceans and leeches
<i>Limosa haemastica</i>	0.4	0.2	0	0	0	0	0.4	Plant material (tubers and seeds) noted in smaller quantities (0.2); but mainly terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates (0.4 to each)
<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	0.6	0.05	0	0.05	0	0	0.3	Occasionally seeds/berries/fruits (=0.05); small fish noted (=0.05); otherwise mainly aquatic invertebrates (=0.6) with a relatively fewer insects (=0.3) listed
<i>Limosa limosa</i>	0.35	0.3	0	0	0	0	0.35	Plant material noted to be particularly important in certain places and times (up to 100% of diet in some places). Otherwise terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates noted to be the main portion of diet.
<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	0.425	0.1	0.025	0.025	0	0	0.425	Rarely fish and terrestrial vertebrates noted (=0.025 each). Berries; seeds; and leaves noted at particular timepoints (=0.01). Otherwise, diet noted to vary by coast/inland with inland individuals eating more terrestrial inverts and coastal individuals eating aquatic invertebrates.
<i>Pagophila eburnea</i>	0.25	0.25	0	0.25	0	0.25	0	Fish; aquatic invertebrates (shrimp); plant material (algae) and carrion/offal all noted in no particular abundances so divided equally among these 4.
<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>	0.45	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.45	Some seeds noted (=0.1); otherwise list of aquatic and terrestrial vertebrates noted with variation in importance depending on time and place (0.45 to each).
<i>Phalaropus tricolor</i>	0.6	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.3	Some seeds noted (=0.1); but otherwise list of terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates such as flies and shrimp noted. Specific note that this is mostly aquatic invertebrates so slightly larger portion given to aquatic vs. terrestrial.

Species		AInv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
Pluvialis minica	do-	0.475	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.475	Occasionally seeds and leaves are noted (=0.05); otherwise terrestrial and aquatic inverts are main food source listed; split equally between these two.
Pluvialis fulva		0.45	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.45	Vegetation and berries noted to be important to a small extent (=0.05); otherwise predominantly terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates; so split remaining portion evenly between these two categories.
Pluvialis squatarola		0.475	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.475	Noted to occasionally take grass and seeds (=0.05); otherwise noted to feed on both aquatic and terrestrial invertebrates; depending on season/location.
Recurvirostra americana		0.7	0.15	0	0	0	0	0.15	Noted to mainly feed on aquatic invertebrates (=0.7) but that diet will be extended in some areas to include seeds/vegetation (0.15) as well as terrestrial insects (0.15).
Rhodostethia rosea		0.33	0	0	0.33	0	0	0.34	Noted to have little info. Noted to be insectivorous during breeding but in migration to eat marine invertebrates and small fish. To account for seasonal differences; dividing portion amongst these three.
Rynchops niger		0.05	0	0	0.95	0	0	0	Noted to be mainly fish (=0.95) with a small amount of crustaceans (=0.05).
Scolopax minor		0	0.05	0	0	0	0	0.95	Noted to eat almost entirely terrestrial invertebrates; with a small amount of plant material "rarely" eaten with importance changing if conditions are poor.
Stercorarius longicaudus		0.05	0.05	0.75	0.05	0	0.05	0.05	Large portion (particularly in summer) known to be mammals; chicks/small birds. Other items noted when food is scarce and speculated to be included in winter diet- includes marine insects (0.05); fish, insects, scavenge, and berries.

Species	Alnv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>	0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.1	0	0.1	Diet is variable and relies on kleptoparasitism. Fish are noted to be particular key with terrestrial vertebrates less important relative to other species; although do note consumption of birds/chicks. Noted to also eat eggs (0.1); insects (0.1) and berries (0.1). When nesting close to other seabird colonies; will obtain most or all of food by kleptoparasitism; especially stealing fish from Arctic Terns; Black-legged kittiwake; Atlantic puffins; and black guillemots. In tundra habitats; microtine rodents are often not a major prey item; in contrast with <i>S. pomarinus</i> and <i>S. longicaudus</i> ; adult and fledgling passerines; wader chicks; birds eggs; insects and berries are all exploited. Present species appears to be less able to catch insects or to pounce onto lemmings than <i>S. pomarinus</i> . In winter and on migration; present species often associates with aggregations of terns or small gulls and feeds mainly by kleptoparasitism
<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>	0	0	0.8	0.67	0.66	0.66	0	Noted to be heavy consumers of terrestrial vertebrates; mostly lemmings and other birds (0.8)- also noted to take eggs; some carrion; and fish so remaining portion divided into these three categories.
<i>Sterna dougallii</i>	0.05	0	0	0.9	0	0	0.05	Noted to "rarely" eat insects and marine invertebrates so 0.05 given to both categories; with most of diet coming from fish (=0.9).
<i>Sterna forsteri</i>	0.1	0	0	0.9	0	0	0	Mainly noted to be fish (=0.9) with a smaller portion of aquatic insects/crustaceans (=0.1).

Species	Alnv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	0.067	0	0	0.8	0	0.066	0.067	Noted to mainly eat fish (=0.8); iwth some variation depending on time and place. Other food sources include aquatic invertebrates; terrestrial invertebrates; and of-fal.
<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	0.25	0.05	0	0.6	0	0	0.1	Diverse diet. Small fish are key (=0.6); with other items less important but including aquatic invertebrates (=0.25); occasional berries (=0.05); and terrestrial insects when inland (=0.1).
<i>Sternula antillarum</i>	0.475	0	0	0.475	0	0	0.05	Fish and aquatic invertebrates are the main food sources; with terrestrial/flying insects noted to be taken "occasionally" (=0.05). Small fish fry on breeding grounds. Also shrimps; marine worms; and occasionally flying ants and other insects
<i>Thalasseus elegans</i>	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	Only fish noted.
<i>Thalasseus maximus</i>	0.2	0	0	0.8	0	0	0	"Mainly" noted to take fish (0.8); with aquatic invertebrates (0.2) also included in list but of less importance.
<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>	0.05	0	0	0.95	0	0	0	"Almost entirely" noted to be fish; with shrimp taken "occasionally".
<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	0.475	0	0	0.05	0	0	0.475	Small fish included in list as one of many elements (=0.05); otherwise takes predominantly terrestrial and aquatic insects (remaining portion divided between two categories).
<i>Tringa glareola</i>	0.6	0.1	0.05	0.05	0	0	0.2	Plant matter noted sometimes (=0.1); and occasional frogs (=0.05 for terrestrial vertebrates). Otherwise noted to chiefly take aquatic invertebrates especially in certain times and locations; with small fish (=0.05) and terrestrial insects noted in other locations (=0.2).

Species	Alnv	Plt	Tvert	Fish	Egg	Crr	Tinv	Expl
Tringa melanoleuca	0.34	0	0	0.33	0	0	0.33	Terrestrial invertebrates; aquatic invertebrates; and fish all noted in no particular quantities so divided portion between these three categories. Small crustaceans; fish ; worms; aquatic insects and their larvae; also terrestrial insects; such as small grasshoppers; ants and flies
Tringa semipalmata	0.75	0	0	0.25	0	0	0	Noted to take predominantly aquatic invertebrates (=0.75) with fish of lesser importance/limited to outside of breeding season.
Tringa solitaria	0.5	0	0	0.025	0	0	0.475	Small frogs noted occasionally (=0.025); otherwise aquatic and terrestrial and terrestrial insects noted to be main food sources; so remaining portion divided almost equally between these two categories; with a slightly greater importance of aquatic invertebrates.
Vanellus vanellus	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Nothing noted but terrestrial invertebrates.
Xema sabini	0.3	0.05	0.025	0.275	0.025	0.025	0.3	Eggs; small birds; and carrion noted in smaller quantities (=0.025 each). Otherwise noted to take smaller amounts of plant matter (=0.05); but predominantly terrestrial and aquatic invertebrates and small fish.
Xenus cinereus	0.34	0.33	0	0	0	0	0.33	Seeds; terrestrial invertebrates; and aquatic invertebrates all noted to be main food items with no particular importance mentioned; so portion divided evenly amongst three categories.

# Summary of Charadriiform species estimated in the Midwest and East Coast

Below is information on the charadriiform species seen within the area analyzed, as based on aggregation of eBird status and trends abundances maps (Fink et al. 2021; see <https://ebird.org/science/status-and-trends>). The species, the maximum abundance seen in any grid cell within one four week window ('Maximum Abundance'), and the percentage of grid cells in which that species was seen in at any time point ('Percent Area Seen In') are given.

Table 10: 85 charadriiform species seen across the Midwest and the East Coast of North America

Species	Maximum Abundance	Percent Area Seen In
<i>Actitis macularius</i>	1.316580415	98.22585187
<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	16.2467846	33.2863982
<i>Bartramia longicauda</i>	0.543699861	35.34215714
<i>Calidris acuminata</i>	0.002722888	1.154604337
<i>Calidris alba</i>	32.2518692	30.75190087
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	30.21470094	50.57730217
<i>Calidris bairdii</i>	1.263557136	45.62095184
<i>Calidris canutus</i>	9.458807707	17.68515911
<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	0.000785613	0.366094058
<i>Calidris fuscicollis</i>	7.535565615	49.70430865
<i>Calidris himantopus</i>	2.351915926	41.0025345
<i>Calidris maritima</i>	9.534837246	9.687411997
<i>Calidris mauri</i>	0.182380859	3.85806815
<i>Calidris melanotos</i>	11.7942121	60.23655308
<i>Calidris minutilla</i>	7.079209208	62.48943959
<i>Calidris pugnax</i>	0.004791448	3.801745987
<i>Calidris pusilla</i>	175.6827488	55.95606871
<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	5.65E-05	0.056322163
<i>Calidris subruficollis</i>	0.332338311	32.526049
<i>Calidris virgata</i>	0.000405998	0.028161081
<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	0.000970432	1.295409744
<i>Charadrius melodus</i>	0.8064612	12.36271473
<i>Charadrius nivosus</i>	0.046127661	0.337932977
<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>	23.91216826	56.29400169
<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	17.49752021	82.5964517

Species	Maximum Abundance	Percent Area Seen In
<i>Charadrius wilsonia</i>	0.00367434	0.394255139
<i>Chlidonias niger</i>	1.804823697	42.77668262
<i>Chroicocephalus philadelphia</i>	150.2515869	57.73021684
<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	0.325924322	2.140242185
<i>Gallinago delicata</i>	0.833263457	95.57871022
<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	0.062731262	0.901154604
<i>Haematopus palliatus</i>	3.935701132	2.478175162
<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	0.809868664	11.29259364
<i>Hydrocoloeus minutus</i>	0.15404295	6.70233737
<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>	26.32411146	31.96282737
<i>Larus argentatus</i>	235.085907	64.65784286
<i>Larus californicus</i>	0.008591222	1.126443255
<i>Larus canus</i>	0.001445965	0.337932977
<i>Larus crassirostris</i>	8.64E-05	0.19712757
<i>Larus delawarensis</i>	302.226738	78.3722895
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	1.699484825	23.68346945
<i>Larus glaucescens</i>	0.000394493	0.028161081
<i>Larus glaucoides</i>	6.084546566	19.71275697
<i>Larus heermanni</i>	0.000165353	0.028161081
<i>Larus hyperboreus</i>	2.826425076	19.45930724
<i>Larus marinus</i>	67.53624916	14.53111799
<i>Larus schistisagus</i>	0.008845784	3.548296255
<i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i>	91.64442635	6.167276823
<i>Leucophaeus pipixcan</i>	38.78853393	16.95297099
<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>	36.30611324	44.66347508
<i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i>	2.884081081	33.68065334
<i>Limosa fedoa</i>	0.695881426	16.92480991
<i>Limosa haemastica</i>	0.393891476	24.19036891
<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	8.21E-05	0.19712757
<i>Limosa limosa</i>	0.000497637	0.535060546
<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	2.788505256	15.85468882
<i>Pagophila eburnea</i>	0.001000179	0.112644326
<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>	13.83479261	34.52548578
<i>Phalaropus tricolor</i>	1.40204601	33.37088144
<i>Pluvialis dominica</i>	31.51812553	55.05491411
<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>	0.004752611	0.19712757
<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	16.12001872	45.31117995
<i>Recurvirostra americana</i>	1.015233107	17.34722613
<i>Rhodostethia rosea</i>	0.004496066	0.506899465



Species	Maximum Abundance	Percent Area Seen In
<i>Rynchops niger</i>	3.959173679	1.492537313
<i>Scolopax minor</i>	0.762936339	98.90171783
<i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i>	0.014843466	1.323570825
<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>	0.635363802	12.92593636
<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>	0.188990196	6.336243312
<i>Sterna dougallii</i>	14.29290223	2.590819487
<i>Sterna forsteri</i>	3.59155786	20.61391157
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	195.0851822	37.48239932
<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	22.83648014	6.364404393
<i>Sternula antillarum</i>	13.76483774	4.646578429
<i>Thalasseus elegans</i>	3.36E-05	0.056322163
<i>Thalasseus maximus</i>	1.152461901	1.126443255
<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>	0.001280522	0.225288651
<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	6.935514629	64.88313151
<i>Tringa glareola</i>	0.000336967	0.056322163
<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	2.394188344	80.73782033
<i>Tringa semipalmata</i>	3.889367342	19.17769642
<i>Tringa solitaria</i>	0.407473348	97.74711349
<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	0.004840602	0.140805407
<i>Xema sabini</i>	0.055361058	4.196001126
<i>Xenus cinereus</i>	1.72E-05	0.028161081

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